[Second Reprint] ASSEMBLY, No. 500 STATE OF NEW JERSEY 213th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED MARCH 13, 2008

Sponsored by: Assemblyman JOSEPH J. ROBERTS, JR. District 5 (Camden and Gloucester) Assemblywoman BONNIE WATSON COLEMAN District 15 (Mercer) Assemblyman JERRY GREEN District 22 (Middlesex, Somerset and Union) Assemblyman THOMAS P. GIBLIN District 34 (Essex and Passaic) Assemblyman ALBERT COUTINHO District 29 (Essex and Union) Assemblywoman MILA M. JASEY District 27 (Essex)

SYNOPSIS

Revises laws concerning the provision of affordable housing.

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

As reported by the Assembly Appropriations Committee on June 5, 2008, with amendments.

(Sponsorship Updated As Of: 5/6/2008)

1 AN ACT concerning affordable housing, revising and supplementing 2 various parts of the statutory law. 3 4 **BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State 5 of New Jersey: 6 7 1. Section 3 of P.L.1992, c.79 (C.40A:12A-3) is amended to 8 read as follows: 9 3. As used in this act: 10 "Bonds" means any bonds, notes, interim certificates, debentures or other obligations issued by a municipality, county, 11 12 redevelopment entity, or housing authority pursuant to [this act] 13 P.L.1992, c.79 (C.40A:12A-1 et seq.). 14 "Comparable, affordable replacement housing" means ¹newly-15 constructed or substantially rehabilitated¹ housing ¹to be¹ offered to households being displaced as a result of a redevelopment 16 17 project, that is affordable to that household based on its income 18 under the guidelines established by the Council on Affordable 19 Housing in the Department of Community Affairs for maximum 20 affordable sales prices or maximum fair market rents, and that is comparable to the household's dwelling in the redevelopment area 21 22 with respect to the size and amenities of the dwelling unit, the 23 quality of the neighborhood, and the level of public services and 24 facilities offered by the municipality in which the redevelopment 25 area is located. 26 "Development" means the division of a parcel of land into two or parcels, the construction, reconstruction, conversion, 27 more 28 structural alteration, relocation, or enlargement of any building or 29 other structure, or of any mining, excavation or landfill, and any use 30 or change in the use of any building or other structure, or land or 31 extension of use of land, for which permission may be required 32 pursuant to the "Municipal Land Use Law," P.L.1975, c.291 33 (C.40:55D-1 et seq.). "Governing body" means the body exercising general legislative 34 35 powers in a county or municipality according to the terms and 36 procedural requirements set forth in the form of government 37 adopted by the county or municipality. 38 "Housing authority" means a housing authority created or 39 continued pursuant to this act. 40 "Housing project" means a project, or distinct portion of a 41 project, which is designed and intended to provide decent, safe and 42 sanitary dwellings, apartments or other living accommodations for 43 persons of low and moderate income; such work or undertaking

Matter underlined <u>thus</u> is new matter.

¹Assembly AHO committee amendments adopted May 22, 2008.

EXPLANATION – Matter enclosed in **bold-faced brackets** [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter enclosed in superscript numerals has been adopted as follows:

²Assembly AAP committee amendments adopted June 5, 2008.

1 may include buildings, land, equipment, facilities and other real or 2 personal property for necessary, convenient or desirable 3 appurtenances, streets, sewers, water service, parks, site 4 preparation, gardening, administrative, community, health, 5 recreational, educational, welfare or other purposes. The term "housing project" also may be applied to the planning of the 6 buildings and improvements, the acquisition of property, the 7 8 demolition of existing structures, the construction, reconstruction, 9 alteration and repair of the improvements and all other work in 10 connection therewith.

11 "Persons of low and moderate income" means persons or 12 families who are, in the case of State assisted projects or programs, 13 so defined by the Council on Affordable Housing in the Department 14 of Community Affairs, or in the case of federally assisted projects 15 or programs, defined as of "low and very low income" by the 16 United States Department of Housing and Urban Development.

17 "Public body" means the State or any county, municipality,18 school district, authority or other political subdivision of the State.

"Public housing" means any housing for persons of low and
moderate income owned by a municipality, county, the State or the
federal government, or any agency or instrumentality thereof.

"Publicly assisted housing" means privately owned housing 22 23 which receives public assistance or subsidy, which may be grants or 24 loans for construction, reconstruction, conservation, or 25 rehabilitation of the housing, or receives operational or maintenance 26 subsidies either directly or through rental subsidies to tenants, from 27 a federal, State or local government agency or instrumentality.

28 "Real property" means all lands, including improvements and 29 fixtures thereon, and property of any nature appurtenant thereto or 30 used in connection therewith, and every estate, interest and right, 31 legal or equitable, therein, including terms for years and liens by 32 way of judgment, mortgage or otherwise, and indebtedness secured 33 by such liens.

34 "Redeveloper" means any person, firm, corporation or public 35 body that shall enter into or propose to enter into a contract with a 36 municipality or other redevelopment entity for the redevelopment or 37 rehabilitation of an area in need of redevelopment, or an area in 38 need of rehabilitation, or any part thereof, under the provisions of 39 this act, or for any construction or other work forming part of a 40 redevelopment or rehabilitation project.

41 "Redevelopment" means clearance, replanning, development and 42 redevelopment; the conservation and rehabilitation of any structure 43 or improvement, the construction and provision for construction of 44 residential, commercial, industrial, public or other structures and 45 the grant or dedication of spaces as may be appropriate or necessary 46 in the interest of the general welfare for streets, parks, playgrounds, 47 or other public purposes, including recreational and other facilities 1 incidental or appurtenant thereto, in accordance with a 2 redevelopment plan.

3 "Redevelopment agency" means a redevelopment agency created 4 pursuant to subsection a. of section 11 of P.L.1992, c.79 5 (C.40A:12A-11) or established heretofore pursuant to the 6 "Redevelopment Agencies Law," P.L.1949, c.306 (C.40:55C-1 et 7 seq.), repealed by this act, which has been permitted in accordance 8 with the provisions of this act to continue to exercise its 9 redevelopment functions and powers.

10 "Redevelopment area" or "area in need of redevelopment" means 11 an area determined to be in need of redevelopment pursuant to 12 sections 5 and 6 of P.L.1992, c.79 (C.40A:12A-5 and 40A:12A-6) 13 or determined heretofore to be a "blighted area" pursuant to 14 P.L.1949, c.187 (C.40:55-21.1 et seq.) repealed by this act, both 15 determinations as made pursuant to the authority of Article VIII, 16 Section III, paragraph 1 of the Constitution. A redevelopment area 17 may include lands, buildings, or improvements which of themselves 18 are not detrimental to the public health, safety or welfare, but the 19 inclusion of which is found necessary, with or without change in 20 their condition, for the effective redevelopment of the area of which 21 they are a part.

"Redevelopment entity" means a municipality or an entity authorized by the governing body of a municipality pursuant to subsection c. of section 4 of P.L.1992, c.79 (C.40A:12A-4) to implement redevelopment plans and carry out redevelopment projects in an area in need of redevelopment, or in an area in need of rehabilitation, or in both.

"Redevelopment plan" means a plan adopted by the governing 28 29 body of a municipality for the redevelopment or rehabilitation of all 30 or any part of a redevelopment area, or an area in need of 31 rehabilitation, which plan shall be sufficiently complete to indicate 32 its relationship to definite municipal objectives as to appropriate 33 land uses, public transportation and utilities, recreational and 34 municipal facilities, and other public improvements; and to indicate 35 proposed land uses and building requirements in the redevelopment 36 area or area in need of rehabilitation, or both.

37 "Redevelopment project" means any work or undertaking 38 pursuant to a redevelopment plan; such undertaking may include 39 any buildings, land, including demolition, clearance or removal of 40 buildings from land, equipment, facilities, or other real or personal 41 properties which are necessary, convenient, or desirable 42 appurtenances, such as but not limited to streets, sewers, utilities, 43 parks, site preparation, landscaping, and administrative, community, 44 health, recreational, educational, and welfare facilities.

45 "Rehabilitation" means an undertaking, by means of extensive
46 repair, reconstruction or renovation of existing structures, with or
47 without the introduction of new construction or the enlargement of
48 existing structures, in any area that has been determined to be in

need of rehabilitation or redevelopment, to eliminate substandard

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2 structural or housing conditions and arrest the deterioration of that 3 area. "Rehabilitation area" or "area in need of rehabilitation" means 4 5 any area determined to be in need of rehabilitation pursuant to 6 section 14 of P.L.1992, c.79 (C.40A:12A-14). 7 (cf: P.L.1992, c.79, s.3) 8 9 2. Section 7 of P.L.1992, c.79 (C.40A:12A-7) is amended to 10 read as follows: 11 7. a. No redevelopment project shall be undertaken or carried 12 out except in accordance with a redevelopment plan adopted by ordinance of the municipal governing body, upon its finding that the 13 14 specifically delineated project area is located in an area in need of 15 redevelopment or in an area in need of rehabilitation, or in both, 16 according to criteria set forth in section 5 or section 14 of P.L.1992, 17 c.79 (C.40A:12A-5 or 40A:12A-14), as appropriate. 18 The redevelopment plan shall include an outline for the planning, 19 development, redevelopment, or rehabilitation of the project area 20 sufficient to indicate: 21 (1) Its relationship to definite local objectives as to appropriate 22 land uses, density of population, and improved traffic and public 23 transportation, public utilities, recreational and community facilities 24 and other public improvements. 25 (2) Proposed land uses and building requirements in the project 26 area. 27 (3) Adequate provision for the temporary and permanent 28 relocation, as necessary, of residents in the project area, including 29 an estimate of the extent to which decent, safe and sanitary dwelling 30 units affordable to displaced residents will be available to them in 31 the existing local housing market. 32 (4) An identification of any property within the redevelopment 33 area which is proposed to be acquired in accordance with the 34 redevelopment plan. 35 (5) Any significant relationship of the redevelopment plan to (a) 36 the master plans of contiguous municipalities, (b) the master plan of 37 the county in which the municipality is located, and (c) the State Development and Redevelopment Plan adopted pursuant to the 38 39 "State Planning Act," P.L.1985, c.398 (C.52:18A-196 et al.). 40 (6) As of the date of the adoption of the resolution finding the 41 area to be in need of redevelopment, an inventory of all housing 42 units affordable to low and moderate income households, as defined 43 pursuant to section 4 of P.L.1985, c.222 (C.52:27D-304), that are to 44 be removed as a result of implementation of the redevelopment 45 plan, whether as a result of subsidies or market conditions, listed by 46 affordability level, number of bedrooms, and tenure. (7) A plan for the provision, through new construction or 47 48 substantial rehabilitation of one comparable, affordable replacement

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²that has been 1 housing unit for each affordable housing unit 2 occupied at any time within the last 18 months,² ¹that is subject to affordability controls and¹ that is identified as to be removed as a 3 4 result of implementation of the redevelopment plan. Displaced 5 residents of housing units provided under any State or federal 6 housing subsidy program, or pursuant to the "Fair Housing Act," P.L.1985, c.222 (C.52:27D-301 et al.), provided they are deemed to 7 8 be eligible, shall have first priority for those replacement units 9 provided under the plan; provided that any such replacement unit 10 shall not be ²[counted toward the] credited against a prospective² 11 municipal obligation under the "Fair Housing Act," P.L.1985, c.222 (C.52:27D-301 et al.), if the housing unit which is removed had 12 13 previously been credited toward satisfying the municipal fair share 14 obligation. To the extent reasonably feasible, replacement housing 15 shall be provided within or in close proximity to the redevelopment 16 area. A municipality shall report annually to the Department of 17 Community Affairs on its progress in implementing the plan for 18 provision of comparable, affordable replacement housing required 19 pursuant to this section. 20 b. A redevelopment plan may include the provision of 21 affordable housing in accordance with the "Fair Housing Act," 22 P.L.1985, c.222 (C.52:27D-301 et al.) and the housing element of 23 the municipal master plan. 24 The redevelopment plan shall describe its relationship to c. 25 pertinent municipal development regulations as defined in the 26 "Municipal Land Use Law," P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-1 et seq.). 27 The redevelopment plan shall supersede applicable provisions of the development regulations of the municipality or constitute an 28

29 overlay zoning district within the redevelopment area. When the 30 redevelopment plan supersedes any provision of the development 31 regulations, the ordinance adopting the redevelopment plan shall 32 contain an explicit amendment to the zoning district map included 33 in the zoning ordinance. The zoning district map as amended shall 34 indicate the redevelopment area to which the redevelopment plan 35 applies. Notwithstanding the provisions of the "Municipal Land 36 Use Law," P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-1 et seq.) or of other law, no 37 notice beyond that required for adoption of ordinances by the 38 municipality shall be required for the hearing on or adoption of the 39 redevelopment plan or subsequent amendments thereof.

d. All provisions of the redevelopment plan shall be either
substantially consistent with the municipal master plan or designed
to effectuate the master plan; but the municipal governing body may
adopt a redevelopment plan which is inconsistent with or not
designed to effectuate the master plan by affirmative vote of a
majority of its full authorized membership with the reasons for so
acting set forth in the redevelopment plan.

e. Prior to the adoption of a redevelopment plan, or revision oramendment thereto, the planning board shall transmit to the

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1 governing body, within 45 days after referral, a report containing its 2 recommendation concerning the redevelopment plan. This report 3 shall include an identification of any provisions in the proposed 4 redevelopment plan which are inconsistent with the master plan and 5 recommendations concerning these inconsistencies and any other 6 matters as the board deems appropriate. The governing body, when 7 considering the adoption of a redevelopment plan or revision or 8 amendment thereof, shall review the report of the planning board 9 and may approve or disapprove or change any recommendation by a 10 vote of a majority of its full authorized membership and shall 11 record in its minutes the reasons for not following the 12 recommendations. Failure of the planning board to transmit its 13 report within the required 45 days shall relieve the governing body 14 from the requirements of this subsection with regard to the pertinent proposed redevelopment plan or revision or amendment thereof. 15 16 Nothing in this subsection shall diminish the applicability of the 17 provisions of subsection d. of this section with respect to any 18 redevelopment plan or revision or amendment thereof.

19 The governing body of a municipality may direct the f. 20 planning board to prepare a redevelopment plan or an amendment 21 or revision to a redevelopment plan for a designated redevelopment 22 area. After completing the redevelopment plan, the planning board 23 shall transmit the proposed plan to the governing body for its 24 adoption. The governing body, when considering the proposed 25 plan, may amend or revise any portion of the proposed 26 redevelopment plan by an affirmative vote of the majority of its full 27 authorized membership and shall record in its minutes the reasons 28 for each amendment or revision. When a redevelopment plan or 29 amendment to a redevelopment plan is referred to the governing 30 body by the planning board under this subsection, the governing 31 body shall be relieved of the referral requirements of subsection e. 32 of this section.

33 (cf: P.L.1992, c.79, s.7)

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35 3. Section 4 of P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-4) is amended to 36 read as follows:

4. (a) Prior to the adoption, amendment, or repeal of any rule,except as may be otherwise provided, the agency shall:

39 (1) Give at least 30 days' notice of its intended action. The 40 notice shall include a statement of either the terms or substance of 41 the intended action or a description of the subjects and issues 42 involved, and the time when, the place where, and the manner in 43 which interested persons may present their views thereon. The 44 notice shall be mailed to all persons who have made timely requests 45 of the agency for advance notice of its rule-making proceedings and 46 in addition to other public notice required by law shall be published 47 in the New Jersey Register. Notice shall also be distributed to the 48 news media maintaining a press office to cover the State House

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1 Complex, and made available electronically through the largest 2 nonproprietary cooperative public computer network. Each agency 3 shall additionally publicize the intended action and shall adopt rules 4 to prescribe the manner in which it will do so, and inform those 5 persons most likely to be affected by or interested in the intended 6 action. Methods that may be employed include publication of the 7 notice in newspapers of general circulation or in trade, industry, 8 governmental or professional publications, distribution of press 9 releases to the news media and posting of notices in appropriate 10 locations. The rules shall prescribe the circumstances under which 11 each additional method shall be employed;

12 (2) Prepare for public distribution at the time the notice appears 13 in the Register a statement setting forth a summary of the proposed 14 rule, a clear and concise explanation of the purpose and effect of the 15 rule, the specific legal authority under which its adoption is 16 authorized, a description of the expected socio-economic impact of 17 the rule, a regulatory flexibility analysis, or the statement of finding 18 that a regulatory flexibility analysis is not required, as provided in 19 section 4 of P.L.1986, c.169 (C.52:14B-19), a jobs impact statement 20 which shall include an assessment of the number of jobs to be 21 generated or lost if the proposed rule takes effect, [and] an 22 agriculture industry impact statement as provided in section 7 of 23 P.L.1998, c.48 (C.4:1C-10.3), and a housing affordability impact 24 statement and a smart growth development impact statement, as provided in section 2 [32] 31 2 of P.L. , c. (C.) 25 (pending before the Legislature as this bill); and 26

27 (3) Afford all interested persons reasonable opportunity to 28 submit data, views, or arguments, orally or in writing. The agency shall consider fully all written and oral submissions respecting the 29 30 proposed rule. If within 30 days of the publication of the proposed 31 rule sufficient public interest is demonstrated in an extension of the 32 time for submissions, the agency shall provide an additional 30 day 33 period for the receipt of submissions by interested parties. The 34 agency shall not adopt the proposed rule until after the end of that 35 30 day extension.

36 The agency shall conduct a public hearing on the proposed rule 37 at the request of a committee of the Legislature, or a governmental 38 agency or subdivision, or if sufficient public interest is shown, 39 provided such request is made to the agency within 30 days 40 following publication of the proposed rule in the Register. The 41 agency shall provide at least 15 days' notice of such hearing, which 42 shall be conducted in accordance with the provisions of subsection 43 (g) of this section.

The head of each agency shall adopt as part of its rules of practice adopted pursuant to section 3 of P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-3) definite standards of what constitutes sufficient public interest for conducting a public hearing and for granting an extension pursuant to this paragraph. 1 (4) Prepare for public distribution a report listing all parties 2 offering written or oral submissions concerning the rule, 3 summarizing the content of the submissions and providing the 4 agency's response to the data, views and arguments contained in the 5 submissions.

6 (b) A rule prescribing the organization of an agency may be 7 adopted at any time without prior notice or hearing. Such rules 8 shall be effective upon filing in accordance with section 5 of [this 9 act] P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-5) or upon any later date specified 10 by the agency.

11 (c) If an agency finds that an imminent peril to the public 12 health, safety, or welfare requires adoption of a rule upon fewer 13 than 30 days' notice and states in writing its reasons for that finding, 14 and the Governor concurs in writing that an imminent peril exists, it 15 may proceed without prior notice or hearing, or upon any 16 abbreviated notice and hearing that it finds practicable, to adopt the 17 rule. The rule shall be effective for a period of not more than 60 18 days unless each house of the Legislature passes a resolution 19 concurring in its extension for a period of not more than 60 20 additional days. The rule shall not be effective for more than 120 21 days unless repromulgated in accordance with normal rule-making 22 procedures.

(d) No rule hereafter adopted is valid unless adopted in
substantial compliance with [this act] <u>P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1</u>
<u>et seq.</u>). A proceeding to contest any rule on the ground of
noncompliance with the procedural requirements of [this act]
<u>P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.</u>) shall be commenced within
one year from the effective date of the rule.

29 (e) An agency may file a notice of intent with respect to a 30 proposed rule-making proceeding with the Office of Administrative 31 Law, for publication in the New Jersey Register at any time prior to 32 the formal notice of action required in subsection (a) of this section. 33 The notice shall be for the purpose of eliciting the views of 34 interested parties on an action prior to the filing of a formal rule 35 An agency may use informal conferences and proposal. consultations as means of obtaining the viewpoints and advice of 36 37 interested persons with respect to contemplated rule-making. An 38 agency may also appoint committees of experts or interested 39 persons or representatives of the general public to advise it with 40 respect to any contemplated rule-making.

(f) An interested person may petition an agency to adopt a new
rule, or amend or repeal any existing rule. Each agency shall
prescribe by rule the form for the petition and the procedure for the
submission, consideration and disposition of the petition. The
petition shall state clearly and concisely:

46 (1) The substance or nature of the rule-making which is47 requested;

1 (2) The reasons for the request and the petitioner's interest in the 2 request;

3 (3) References to the authority of the agency to take the 4 requested action.

5 The petitioner may provide the text of the proposed new rule, 6 amended rule or repealed rule.

7 Within 60 days following receipt of any such petition, the agency 8 shall either; (i) deny the petition, giving a written statement of its 9 reasons; (ii) grant the petition and initiate a rule-making proceeding 10 within 90 days of granting the petition ; or (iii) refer the matter for 11 further deliberations which shall be concluded within 90 days of 12 referring the matter for further deliberations . Upon conclusion of 13 such further deliberations, the agency shall either deny the petition 14 and provide a written statement of its reasons or grant the petition 15 and initiate a rule-making proceeding within 90 days. Upon the 16 receipt of the petition, the agency shall file a notice stating the name 17 of the petitioner and the nature of the request with the Office of 18 Administrative Law for publication in the New Jersey Register. 19 Notice of formal agency action on such petition shall also be filed 20 with the Office of Administrative Law for publication in the 21 Register.

22 If an agency fails to act in accordance with the time frame set 23 forth in the preceding paragraph, upon written request by the 24 petitioner, the Director of the Office of Administrative Law shall 25 order a public hearing on the rule-making petition and shall provide 26 the agency with a notice of the director's intent to hold the public 27 hearing if the agency does not. If the agency does not provide 28 notice of a hearing within 15 days of the director's notice, the 29 director shall schedule and provide the public with a notice of that 30 hearing at least 15 days prior thereto. If the public hearing is held 31 by the Office of Administrative Law, it shall be conducted by an 32 administrative law judge, a person on assignment from another 33 agency, a person from the Office of Administrative Law assigned 34 pursuant to subsection o. of section 5 of P.L.1978, c.67 (C.52:14F-35 5), or an independent contractor assigned by the director. The petitioner and the agency shall participate in the public hearing and 36 37 shall present a summary of their positions on the petition, a 38 summary of the factual information on which their positions on the 39 petition are based and shall respond to questions posed by any 40 The hearing procedure shall otherwise be interested party. 41 consistent with the requirements for the conduct of a public hearing 42 as prescribed in subsection (g) of section 4 of P.L.1968, c.410 43 (C.52:14B-4), except that the person assigned to conduct the 44 hearing shall make a report summarizing the factual record 45 presented and the arguments for and against proceeding with a rule 46 proposal based upon the petition. This report shall be filed with the 47 agency and delivered or mailed to the petitioner. A copy of the

report shall be filed with the Legislature along with the petition for
 rule-making.

3 (g) All public hearings shall be conducted by a hearing officer, 4 who may be an official of the agency, a member of its staff, a 5 person on assignment from another agency, a person from the 6 Office of Administrative Law assigned pursuant to subsection o. of 7 section 5 of P.L.1978, c.67 (C.52:14F-5) or an independent 8 contractor. The hearing officer shall have the responsibility to 9 make recommendations to the agency regarding the adoption, 10 amendment or repeal of a rule. These recommendations shall be 11 made public. At the beginning of each hearing, or series of 12 hearings, the agency, if it has made a proposal, shall present a 13 summary of the factual information on which its proposal is based, 14 and shall respond to questions posed by any interested party. 15 Hearings shall be conducted at such times and in locations which 16 shall afford interested parties the opportunity to attend. A verbatim 17 record of each hearing shall be maintained, and copies of the record 18 shall be available to the public at no more than the actual cost, 19 which shall be that of the agency where the petition for rule-making 20 originated.

21 (cf: P.L.2001, c.5, s.2)

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4. Section 2 of P.L.1985, c.222 (C.52:27D-302) is amended to read as follows:

25 2. The Legislature finds that:

26 The New Jersey Supreme Court, through its rulings in South a. 27 Burlington County NAACP v. Mount Laurel, 67 N.J.151 (1975) and South Burlington County NAACP v. Mount Laurel, 92 N.J.158 28 29 (1983), has determined that every municipality in a growth area has 30 a constitutional obligation to provide through its land use 31 regulations a realistic opportunity for a fair share of its region's 32 present and prospective needs for housing for low and moderate income families. 33

b. In the second Mount Laurel ruling, the Supreme Court stated that the determination of the methods for satisfying this constitutional obligation "is better left to the Legislature," that the court has "always preferred legislative to judicial action in their field," and that the judicial role in upholding the Mount Laurel doctrine "could decrease as a result of legislative and executive action."

c. The interest of all citizens, including low and moderate
income families in need of affordable housing, and the needs of the
workforce, would be best served by a comprehensive planning and
implementation response to this constitutional obligation.

d. There are a number of essential ingredients to a
comprehensive planning and implementation response, including
the establishment of reasonable fair share housing guidelines and
standards, the initial determination of fair share by officials at the

1 municipal level and the preparation of a municipal housing 2 element, State review of the local fair share study and housing 3 element, and continuous State funding for low and moderate income 4 housing to replace the federal housing subsidy programs which 5 have been almost completely eliminated.

6 e. The State can maximize the number of low and moderate 7 income units provided in New Jersey by allowing its municipalities 8 to adopt appropriate phasing schedules for meeting their fair share, 9 so long as the municipalities permit a timely achievement of an 10 appropriate fair share of the regional need for low and moderate 11 income housing as required by the Mt. Laurel I and II opinions <u>and</u> 12 <u>other relevant court decisions</u>.

The State can also maximize the number of low and 13 f. moderate income units ²by creating new affordable housing and² by 14 15 rehabilitating existing, but substandard, housing in the State, and, 16 in order to achieve this end, it is appropriate to permit the transfer 17 of a limited portion of the fair share obligations among 18 municipalities in a housing region, so long as the transfer occurs on 19 the basis of sound, comprehensive planning, with regard to an 20 adequate housing financing plan, and in relation to the access of 21 low moderate income households and to employment 22 opportunities]. Because the Legislature has determined, pursuant 23 to P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this 24 bill), that it is no longer appropriate or in harmony with the Mount 25 Laurel doctrine to permit the transfer of the fair share obligations 26 among municipalities within a housing region, it is necessary and appropriate to create a new program ²to create new affordable 27 housing and² to foster the rehabilitation of existing, but 28 29 substandard, housing.

g. Since the urban areas are vitally important to the State,
construction, conversion and rehabilitation of housing in our urban
centers should be encouraged. However, the provision of housing
in urban areas must be balanced with the need to provide housing
throughout the State for the free mobility of citizens.

35 The Supreme Court of New Jersey in its Mount Laurel h. 36 decisions demands that municipal land use regulations affirmatively 37 afford a reasonable opportunity for a variety and choice of housing 38 including low and moderate cost housing, to meet the needs of 39 people desiring to live there. While provision for the actual 40 construction of that housing by municipalities is not required, they 41 are encouraged but not mandated to expend their own resources to 42 help provide low and moderate income housing.

i. Certain amendments to the enabling act of the Council on
 Affordable Housing are necessary to provide guidance to the
 council to ensure consistency with the Legislative intent, while at
 the same time clarifying the limitations of the council in its
 rulemaking. Although the court has remarked in several decisions

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1 that the Legislature has granted the council considerable deference 2 in its rulemaking, the Legislature retains its power and obligation to 3 clarify and amend the enabling act from which the council derives 4 its rulemaking power, from time to time, in order to better guide the 5 council. 6 j. The Legislature finds that the use of regional contribution 7 agreements, which permits municipalities to transfer a certain 8 portion of their fair share housing obligation outside of the 9 municipal borders, should no longer be utilized as a ² tool under the_methodology adopted] mechanism for the creation of 10 affordable housing² by the council. 11 12 (cf: P.L.1985, c.222, s.2) 13 14 5. Section 4 of P.L.1985, c.222 (C.52:27D-304) is amended to 15 read as follows: 16 4. As used in this act: 17 "Council" means the Council on Affordable Housing a. 18 established in this act, which shall have primary jurisdiction for the 19 administration of housing obligations in accordance with sound 20 regional planning considerations in this State. 21 "Housing region" means a geographic area of not less than b. 22 two nor more than four contiguous, whole counties which exhibit 23 significant social, economic and income similarities, and which 24 constitute to the greatest extent practicable the primary metropolitan 25 statistical areas as last defined by the United States Census Bureau 26 prior to the effective date of [this act] P.L.1985, c.222 (C.52:27D-27 301 et al.). "Low income housing" means housing affordable according 28 c. 29 to federal Department of Housing and Urban Development or other 30 recognized standards for home ownership and rental costs and 31 occupied or reserved for occupancy by households with a gross 32 household income equal to 50% or less of the median gross 33 household income for households of the same size within the 34 housing region in which the housing is located. 35 d. "Moderate income housing" means housing affordable 36 according to federal Department of Housing and Urban 37 Development or other recognized standards for home ownership 38 and rental costs and occupied or reserved for occupancy by 39 households with a gross household income equal to more than 50% 40 but less than 80% of the median gross household income for 41 households of the same size within the housing region in which the 42 housing is located. 43 "Resolution of participation" means a resolution adopted by e. 44 a municipality in which the municipality chooses to prepare a fair 45 share plan and housing element in accordance with this act. 46 f. "Inclusionary development" means a residential housing 47 development in which a substantial percentage of the housing units

are provided for a reasonable income range of low and moderate
 income households.

g. "Conversion" means the conversion of existing commercial,
industrial, or residential structures for low and moderate ¹[, or
<u>middle</u>]¹ income housing purposes where a substantial percentage
of the housing units are provided for a reasonable income range of
low and moderate ¹[, or middle]¹ income households.

h. "Development" means any development for which
permission may be required pursuant to the "Municipal Land Use
Law," P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-1 et seq.).

i. "Agency" means the New Jersey Mortgage and Housing
Finance Agency established by P.L.1983, c.530 (C.55:14K-1 et
seq.).

14 j. "Prospective need" means a projection of housing needs 15 based on development and growth which is reasonably likely to occur in a region or a municipality, as the case may be, as a result 16 17 of actual determination of public and private entities. In 18 determining prospective need, consideration shall be given to 19 approvals of development applications, real property transfers and 20 economic projections prepared by the State Planning Commission 21 established by sections 1 through 12 of P.L.1985, c.398 (C.52:18A-22 196 et seq.).

23 k. "Disabled person" means a person with a physical disability, 24 infirmity, malformation or disfigurement which is caused by bodily 25 injury, birth defect, aging or illness including epilepsy and other 26 seizure disorders, and which shall include, but not be limited to, any degree of paralysis, amputation, lack of physical coordination, 27 28 blindness or visual impediment, deafness or hearing impediment, 29 muteness or speech impediment or physical reliance on a service or 30 guide dog, wheelchair, or other remedial appliance or device.

1. "Adaptable" means constructed in compliance with the technical design standards of the barrier free subcode adopted by the Commissioner of Community Affairs pursuant to the "State Uniform Construction Code Act," P.L.1975, c.217 (C.52:27D-119 et seq.) and in accordance with the provisions of section 5 of P.L.2005, c.350 (C.52:27D-123.15).

37 m. ¹["Middle income housing" means housing affordable 38 according to federal Department of Housing and Urban 39 Development or other recognized standards for home ownership 40 and rental costs and occupied or reserved for occupancy by households with a gross household income equal to or more than 41 42 80% but less than 110% of the median gross household income for 43 households of the same size within the housing region in which the 44 housing is located.

45 <u>n.]</u>¹ <u>"Very low income housing" means housing affordable</u>
46 <u>according to federal Department of Housing and Urban</u>
47 <u>Development or other recognized standards for home ownership</u>
48 <u>and rental costs and occupied or reserved for occupancy by</u>

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1 households with a gross household income equal to 30% or less of 2 the median gross household income for households of the same size 3 within the housing region in which the housing is located. 4 (cf: P.L.2005, c.350, s.2) 5 6 6. Section 7 of P.L.1985, c.222 (C.52:27D-307) is amended to 7 read as follows: 8 7. It shall be the duty of the council, seven months after the 9 confirmation of the last member initially appointed to the council, 10 or January 1, 1986, whichever is earlier, and from time to time 11 thereafter, to: 12 a. Determine housing regions of the State; 13 Estimate the present and prospective need for low and b. 14 moderate income housing at the State and regional levels ¹[. The 15 present and prospective need for moderate income households with a gross household income of less than 80% of the median gross 16 17 household income shall be calculated separately from the present 18 and prospective need for middle income households with a gross 19 household income of between 80% and 110% of the median gross 20 household income]¹; 21 c. Adopt criteria and guidelines for: 22 (1) Municipal determination of its present and prospective fair 23 share of the housing need in a given region which shall be 24 computed for a 10-year period. 25 Municipal fair share shall be determined after crediting on a one-26 to-one basis each current unit of low and moderate income ¹[and middle income]¹ housing of adequate standard, including any such 27 28 housing constructed or acquired as part of a housing program 29 specifically intended to provide housing for low and moderate 30 income 'and middle income 'households. Notwithstanding any 31 other law to the contrary, a municipality shall be entitled to a credit 32 for a unit if it demonstrates that (a) the municipality issued a 33 certificate of occupancy for the unit, which was either newly 34 constructed or rehabilitated between April 1, 1980 and December 35 15, 1986; (b) a construction code official certifies, based upon a 36 visual exterior survey, that the unit is in compliance with pertinent 37 construction code standards with respect to structural elements, 38 roofing, siding, doors and windows; (c) the household occupying 39 the unit certifies in writing, under penalty of perjury, that it receives 40 no greater income than that established pursuant to section 4 of P.L.1985, c.222 (C.52:27D-304) to qualify for moderate ¹[or 41 <u>middle</u>]¹ income housing; and (d) the unit for which credit is 42 sought is affordable to low and moderate income households under 43 44 the standards established by the council at the time of filing of the 45 petition for substantive certification. It shall be sufficient if the 46 certification required in subparagraph (c) is signed by one member 47 of the household. A certification submitted pursuant to this

paragraph shall be reviewable only by the council or its staff and
 shall not be a public record;

3 ¹<u>In order to avoid dilution of the constitutional obligation to</u> 4 provide housing affordable to households with a gross household 5 income less than 80% of the median gross household income, under 6 no circumstance, including but not limited to credits for housing 7 constructed or rehabilitated between April 1, 1980 and December 8 15, 1986 and secondary sources such as filtering, shall the Council 9 credit housing affordable to households with a gross household 10 income equal to more than 80% but less than 110% of the median gross household income for households of the same size within the 11 12 housing region in which the housing is located against the present 13 and prospective fair share of the housing need in a given region 14 calculated based on households with a gross household income less 15 than 80% of the median gross household income for households of the same size within the housing region in which the housing is 16 located;]¹ 17

18 Nothing in P.L.1995, c.81 shall affect the validity of substantive 19 certification granted by the council prior to November 21, 1994, or 20 to a judgment of compliance entered by any court of competent 21 jurisdiction prior to that date. Additionally, any municipality that 22 received substantive certification or a judgment of compliance prior 23 to November 21, 1994 and filed a motion prior to November 21, 24 1994 to amend substantive certification or a judgment of 25 compliance for the purpose of obtaining credits, shall be entitled to 26 a determination of its right to credits pursuant to the standards 27 established by the Legislature prior to P.L.1995, c.81. Any municipality that filed a motion prior to November 21, 1994 for the 28 29 purpose of obtaining credits, which motion was supported by the 30 results of a completed survey performed pursuant to council rules, 31 shall be entitled to a determination of its right to credits pursuant to 32 the standards established by the Legislature prior to P.L.1995, c.81;

33 (2) Municipal adjustment of the present and prospective fair
34 share based upon available vacant and developable land,
35 infrastructure considerations or environmental or historic
36 preservation factors and adjustments shall be made whenever:

37 (a) The preservation of historically or important architecture and
38 sites and their environs or environmentally sensitive lands may be
39 jeopardized,

40 (b) The established pattern of development in the community41 would be drastically altered,

42 (c) Adequate land for recreational, conservation or agricultural43 and farmland preservation purposes would not be provided,

44 (d) Adequate open space would not be provided,

(e) The pattern of development is contrary to the planning
designations in the State Development and Redevelopment Plan
prepared pursuant to sections 1 through 12 of P.L.1985, c.398
(C.52:18A-196 et seq.),

1 (f) Vacant and developable land is not available in the 2 municipality, and

3 (g) Adequate public facilities and infrastructure capacities are 4 not available, or would result in costs prohibitive to the public if 5 provided; and

6 (3) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1993, c.31).

7 d. Provide population and household projections for the State8 and housing regions;

9 e. In its discretion, place a limit, based on a percentage of 10 existing housing stock in a municipality and any other criteria 11 including employment opportunities which the council deems 12 appropriate, upon the aggregate number of units which may be allocated to a municipality as its fair share of the region's present 13 14 and prospective need for low and moderate '[and middle income]' 15 income housing. No municipality shall be required to address a fair 16 share of housing units affordable to households with a gross 17 household income of less than 80% of the median gross household 18 income beyond 1,000 units within ten years from the grant of 19 substantive certification, unless it is demonstrated, following 20 objection by an interested party and an evidentiary hearing, based 21 upon the facts and circumstances of the affected municipality that it 22 is likely that the municipality through its zoning powers could 23 create a realistic opportunity for more than 1,000 [low and 24 moderate] ¹[housing units affordable to households with a gross 25 household income of less than 80% of the median gross household low and moderate¹ income units within that ten-year period. For 26 27 the purposes of this section, the facts and circumstances which shall 28 determine whether a municipality's fair share shall exceed 1,000 29 units, as provided above, shall be a finding that the municipality has 30 issued more than 5,000 certificates of occupancy for residential 31 units in the ten-year period preceding the petition for substantive 32 certification in connection with which the objection was filed.

33 For the purpose of crediting low and moderate income housing 34 units in order to arrive at a determination of present and prospective 35 fair share, as set forth in paragraph (1) of subsection c. of this section, housing units comprised in a community residence for the 36 37 developmentally disabled, as defined in section 2 of P.L.1977, 38 c.448 (C.30:11B-2), shall be fully credited pursuant to rules 39 promulgated or to be promulgated by the council, to the extent that 40 the units are affordable to persons of low and moderate income and 41 are available to the general public.

42 <u>The council, with respect to any municipality seeking substantive</u> 43 <u>certification, shall require that a minimum</u> ²[number] percentage² 44 <u>of housing units</u> ²[be reserved for occupancy by low and 45 <u>moderate]²</u> ¹[and middle income]¹ ²[households, or such 46 <u>percentage as may be consistent with the rules of the council</u> 47 <u>regarding the percentage to be reserved relative to the density of</u>

development, for] in² any residential development resulting from a 1 2 zoning change made to a ²previously² non-residentially-zoned property ²[changing it from or to residential use within the 12-3 4 month period preceding or succeeding the filing of the application 5 for residential development. , where the change in zoning 6 precedes or follows the application for residential development by

7 no more than 24 months, be reserved for occupancy by low or 8 moderate income households, which percentage shall be determined 9 by the council based on economic feasibility with consideration for the proposed density of development.² 10

11 In carrying out the above duties, including, but not limited to, 12 present and prospective need estimations the council shall give 13 appropriate weight to pertinent research studies, government 14 reports, decisions of other branches of government, implementation 15 of the State Development and Redevelopment Plan prepared pursuant to sections 1 through 12 of P.L.1985, c.398 (C.52:18A-196 16 17 et seq.) and public comment. To assist the council, the State 18 Planning Commission established under that act shall provide the 19 council annually with economic growth, development and decline 20 projections for each housing region for the next ten years. The 21 council shall develop procedures for periodically adjusting regional 22 need based upon the low and moderate income housing that is 23 provided in the region through any federal, State, municipal or 24 private housing program.

25 No housing unit subject to the provisions of section 5 of 26 P.L.2005, c.350 (C.52:27D-123.15) and to the provisions of the 27 barrier free subcode adopted by the Commissioner of Community 28 Affairs pursuant to the "State Uniform Construction Code Act," 29 P.L.1975, c.217 (C.52:27D-119 et seq.) shall be eligible for 30 inclusion in the municipal fair share plan certified by the council 31 unless the unit complies with the requirements set forth thereunder.

32 ¹[The requirements of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before 33 the Legislature as this bill) for the calculation and crediting of 34 affordable housing needs for middle income households shall be 35 phased in proportionally over a five-year period, such that on the 36 first day of the 61st month next following enactment of P.L. 37 c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill), the 38 housing needs of middle income households will be fully addressed 39 under the "Fair Housing Act," P.L.1985, c.222 (C.52:27D-301 et 40 al.). Affordability controls for middle income housing shall not 41 extend beyond a ten-year period, and any rules of the council

42 requiring a percentage of resale profit return to the municipality 43 upon resale of a housing unit after the expiration of any

44 affordability controls shall not be applied to housing reserved for

middle income households. 45

(cf: P.L.2005, c.350, s.4) 46

1 7. (New section) The council shall coordinate and review the 2 housing elements as filed pursuant to section 11 of P.L.1985, c.222, 3 (C.52:27D-311), and the housing activities under section 20 of P.L.1985, c.222 (C.52:27D-320), at least once every three years, to 4 ensure that at least 2 [25] $\underline{13}^{2}$ percent of the housing units made 5 available for occupancy by low-income ¹[,]¹ and moderate income 6 ¹[and middle income]¹ households will be reserved for occupancy 7 by very low income households, as that term is defined pursuant to 8 9 section 4 of P.L.1985, c.222, (C.52:27D-304). Nothing in this 10 section shall require that a specific percentage of the units in any 11 specific '[municipality] project' be reserved as very low income housing; provided, however, that a municipality shall not receive 12 13 bonus credits for the provision of housing units reserved for 14 occupancy by very low income households unless the 2 [25] 13² 15 percent target has been exceeded within that municipality. The council shall coordinate all efforts to meet the goal of this section in 16 17 a manner that will result in a balanced number of housing units 18 being reserved for very low income households throughout all 19 ¹For the purposes of this section, housing housing regions. 20 activities under section 20 of P.L.1985, c.222 (C.52:27D-320) shall 21 include any project-based assistance provided from the "New Jersey Affordable Housing Trust Fund" pursuant to P.L.2004, c.140 22 (C.52:27D-287.1 et seq.)², regardless of whether the housing 23 24 activity is counted toward the municipal obligation under the "Fair Housing Act," P.L.1985, c.222(C.52:27D-301 et al².¹ 25

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27 8. (New section) a. The council may authorize a municipality 28 that has '[been granted] <u>petitioned for</u>¹ substantive certification, or that has been so authorized by a court of competent jurisdiction $\frac{1}{2}$ 29 and which has adopted a municipal development fee ordinance¹ to 30 31 impose and collect development fees from developers of residential 32 property, in accordance with rules promulgated by the council. 33 Each amount collected shall be deposited and shall be accounted for 34 separately, by payer and date of deposit.

¹<u>A municipality may not spend or commit to spend any</u> 35 affordable housing development fees, including Statewide non-36 37 residential fees collected and deposited into the municipal 38 affordable housing trust fund, without first obtaining the council's 39 approval of the expenditure. The council shall promulgate 40 regulations regarding the establishment, administration and 41 enforcement of the expenditure of affordable housing development fees by municipalities. The council shall have exclusive 42 43 jurisdiction regarding the enforcement of these regulations, 44 provided that any municipality which is not in compliance with the 45 regulations adopted by the council may be subject to forfeiture of 46 any or all funds remaining within its municipal trust fund. Any 47 funds so forfeited shall be deposited into the "New Jersey

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1 Affordable Housing Trust Fund" established pursuant to section 20 2 of P.L.1985, c.222 (C.52:27D-320).1 3 b. A municipality shall deposit all fees collected ¹, whether or not such collections were derived from fees imposed upon non-4 residential or residential construction¹ into a trust fund dedicated to 5 those purposes as required under this section, and such additional 6 7 purposes as may be approved by the council. ¹[A municipality 8 collecting at least \$1,000 per year in development fees shall deposit 9 the funds collected in accordance with its cash management plan in 10 the manner required pursuant to N.J.S.40A:5-14.]¹ 11 (1) A municipality may only spend development fees for an с. 12 activity approved by the council to address the municipal fair share 13 obligation. 14 (2) Municipal development trust funds shall not be expended to 15 reimburse municipalities for activities which occurred prior to the 16 authorization of a municipality to collect development fees. 17 (3) A municipality shall set aside a portion of its development 18 fee trust fund for the purpose of providing affordability assistance 19 to low and moderate income households in affordable units 20 included in a municipal fair share plan, in accordance with rules of 21 the council. 22 (a) Affordability assistance programs may include down 23 payment assistance, security deposit assistance, low interest loans, 24 common maintenance expenses for units located in condominiums, 25 rental assistance, and any other program authorized by the council. 26 (b) Affordability assistance to households earning 30 percent or 27 less of median income may include buying down the cost of low 28 income units in a municipal fair share plan to make them affordable 29 to households earning 30 percent or less than median income. The 30 use of development fees in this manner shall not entitle a 31 municipality to bonus credits except as may be provided by the 32 rules of the council. 33 (4) Municipalities may contract with a private or public entity to 34 administer any part of its housing element and fair share plan, 35 including the requirement for affordability assistance, or any 36 program or activity for which the municipality expends 37 development fee proceeds, in accordance with rules of the council. 38 (5) Not more than 20 percent of the revenues collected from ¹[each year]¹ 39 development fees shall be expended on 40 administration, in accordance with rules of the council. d. The council shall establish a time by which all development 41 42 fees collected within a calendar year shall be expended; provided, however, that all fees shall be '[required to be expended] 43 committed for expenditure¹ within four years from the date of 44 collection. A municipality that fails to ²commit to² expend the 45 balance required in the development fee trust fund by the time set 46 47 forth in this section shall be required by the council to transfer the

1 remaining unspent balance at the end of the four-year period to the 2 ¹"New Jersey Affordable Housing Trust Fund, ¹" established pursuant to section 20 of P.L.1985, c.222 (C.52:27D-320), as 3 4 amended by P.L.) (pending before the , c. (C. 5 Legislature as this bill), to be used in the housing region of the 6 transferring municipality for the authorized purposes of that fund. 7 e. Notwithstanding any provision of this section, or regulations 8 of the council, a municipality shall not collect a development fee 9 from a developer whenever that developer is providing for the 10 construction of affordable units, either on-site or elsewhere within 11 the municipality. This section shall not apply to the collection of a Statewide 12 development fee imposed upon non-residential development 13 pursuant to sections ¹[33 through 39] <u>32 through 38</u>¹ of P.L. 14 15 (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill) ¹by the c. State Treasurer, when such collection is not authorized to be 16 17 retained by a municipality¹. 19 9. (New section) a. The council may authorize a municipality 20 that has '[been granted] <u>petitioned for</u>' substantive certification to impose and collect payments-in-lieu of constructing affordable units 21 22 on site ¹<u>upon the construction of residential development</u>, ¹which payments may be imposed and collected ¹[whenever a developer of 23 24 residential housing is unable to provide all of the affordable housing 25 units required under the fair share housing methodology,]¹ as 26 provided pursuant to the rules of the council. Payment-in-lieu fees shall be deposited into a trust fund, and accounted for separately 27 28 from any other fees collected by a municipality. ¹[Payments-in-29 lieu shall be expended solely to construct new units or to substantially rehabilitate existing substandard housing units.]¹ 30 Whenever a payment-in-lieu is charged by a municipality ¹[,]¹ 31 pursuant to this subsection $\frac{1}{1}$ a development fee authorized 32 pursuant to section 8 of P.L., c. (C. 33) (pending before the 34 Legislature as this bill) shall not be charged in connection with the 35 same development. [Collected] <u>A municipality shall commit to expend</u> 36 b. collections¹ from payments-in-lieu imposed pursuant to subsection 37 a. of this section ¹[shall be expended]¹ within four years of the date 38 of collection. The council may extend this deadline if the 39 municipality submits sufficient proof of building or other permits, 40 41 or other efforts concerning land acquisition or project development. 42 The council shall provide such administrative assistance as may be

required to aid in the construction of affordable housing units. 44 ¹[Payment-in-lieu-of revenue collected pursuant to subsection a. of 45 this section shall be spent solely on the construction of new 46 affordable housing or substantial rehabilitation of existing housing

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for conversion to affordable housing.]¹ A municipality that ¹[is 1 2 unable to construct new affordable housing because of a lack of 3 available land resources, or that does not have available substandard 4 housing to rehabilitate, fails to commit to expend the amounts 5 collected pursuant to this section within the timeframes established¹ shall be required to transfer any unexpended revenue collected 6 7 pursuant to subsection a. of this section to the ¹<u>"</u>¹New Jersey Affordable Housing Trust Fund,^{1"1} established pursuant to section 8 20 of P.L.1985, c.222 (C.52:27D-320), to be used within the same 9 10 housing region for the authorized purposes of that fund, in 11 accordance with regulations promulgated by the council.

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13 10. (New section) The council shall maintain on its website, and 14 also publish on a regular basis, an up-to-date municipal status report 15 concerning the petitions for substantive certification of each 16 municipality that has submitted to the council's jurisdiction, and 17 shall collect and publish information concerning the number of 18 housing units actually constructed, construction starts, certificates 19 of occupancy granted, rental units maintained, and the number of 20 housing units transferred or sold within the previous 12 month period. With respect to units actually constructed, the information 21 22 shall specify the characteristics of the housing, including housing 23 type, tenure, affordability level, number of bedrooms, and whether 24 occupancy is reserved for families, senior citizens, or other special 25 [In addition] No later than 60 months after the populations. effective date of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the 26 Legislature as this bill)¹, the council shall require each 27 28 municipality, as a condition of substantive certification, to provide, 29 in a standardized electronic media format as determined by the 30 council, the details of the fair share plan as adopted by the 31 municipality and approved by the council. The council shall 32 publish and maintain such approved plans on its website. 33

11. (New section) Sections 11 through 14 of P.L. ,
c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill) shall be
known and may be cited as the "Housing Rehabilitation and
Assistance Program Act."

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12. (New section) The Legislature finds and declares that:

a. The transfer of a portion of the fair share obligations among
municipalities has proven to not be a viable method of ensuring that
an adequate supply and variety of housing choices are provided in
municipalities experiencing growth. Therefore, the use of a
regional contribution agreement shall no longer be permitted under
P.L.1985, c.222 (C.52:27D-301 et al.).

46 b. Although the elimination of the regional contribution47 agreement as a tool for the production of affordable housing

1 pursuant to P.L.1985, c.222 (C.52:27D-301 et al.), will impact on 2 some proposed agreements awaiting approval, it is for a public 3 purpose and for the public good that such contracts be declared void 4 for the current and future housing obligation rounds. 5 c. There is a need to assist municipalities in the rehabilitation 6 of housing for occupancy by low and moderate income households. 7 To this end, a specific program for housing rehabilitation by 8 municipalities would best serve this need. It is the intent of the 9 Legislature that this program, as well as funds earmarked for the 10 purposes of the program, will be utilized especially in urban areas, 11 which were the main recipients of regional contribution agreements, 12 to continue to upgrade housing stock in order to provide a wide variety and choice of housing for persons living in those areas. 13 14 d. There is also a need to provide funding to municipalities to 15 create additional incentives and assistance for the production of 16 safe, decent, and affordable rental and other housing. 17 18 13. (New section) a. There is established within the Department of Community Affairs ²[a] <u>an Urban</u>² Housing ²<u>Assistance</u>² 19 ¹[Rehabilitation]¹ Program for the purposes of assisting certain 20 21 municipalities in the provision of housing through the rehabilitation 22 of existing buildings ¹, or the construction of affordable housing¹. 23 b. Within the program there shall be established a trust fund to be known as the '["Housing Rehabilitation] "Urban Housing' 24 25 Assistance Fund," into which may be deposited: 26 (1) monies which may be available to the fund from any other 27 programs established for the purposes of housing rehabilitation¹, other than monies from the "New Jersey Affordable Housing Trust 28 29 Fund," established pursuant to section 20 of P.L.1985, c.222 30 (C.52:27D-320)¹; 31 (2) monies appropriated by the Legislature to the fund; and 32 (3) any other funds made available through State or federal 33 housing programs for the purposes of producing affordable housing¹, other than monies from the "New Jersey Affordable 34 35 Housing Trust Fund," established pursuant to section 20 of 36 <u>P.L.1985, c.222 (C.52:27D-320)</u>¹. 37 The Commissioner of Community Affairs shall develop a c. strategic five-year plan for the program aimed at 2 [: 38 (1) identifying and estimating the number of substandard 39 housing units within the State; and 40 41 (2)]² developing strategies to assist municipalities in creating 42 rehabilitation programs ¹and other programs to produce safe, decent 43 housing within the municipality¹. 44 d. The commissioner may award a housing '[rehabilitation]' 45 grant to a municipality that qualifies for aid pursuant to P.L.1978, c.14 (C.52:27D-178 et seq.) and that has submitted a ²[copy of its 46

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housing plan to the department, including]² ¹[a survey] ²[an 1 2 <u>assessment</u>¹ of the]² [number] ²[<u>extent</u>¹ of housing units in need of rehabilitation ¹or in need of construction¹ within the 3 municipality]² a ²valid application to the Department of 4 5 Community Affairs which details the manner in which the 6 municipality will utilize funding in order to meet the municipality's 7 <u>need to rehabilitate or create safe, decent, and affordable housing²</u>. 8 The commissioner shall promulgate rules and regulations, e. 9 pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 10 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.), to effectuate the purposes of P.L. 11 c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill); provided 12 that the regulations shall permit a municipality broad discretion in 13 shaping its housing rehabilitation ¹and construction¹ program ¹, but 14 shall not permit a municipality to provide assistance to any household having an income greater than 120% of median 15 household income for the housing region¹. The department may 16 17 require a return of a grant upon its determination that a municipality is not [rehabilitating housing] ²performing² in accordance with its 18 ²[plan] grant² or with the regulations. 19 20 21 14. (New section) a. There shall be appropriated annually from 22 the amounts ¹[required to be set aside from the collections of the 23 realty transfer fees pursuant to section 4 of P.L.1968, c.49 (C.46:15-24 8) collected by the State Treasurer from the imposition of Statewide non-residential development fees and retained by the 25 26 State pursuant to P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill)¹, the sum of \$20,000,000 for deposit into 27 the ¹["Housing Rehabilitation] <u>"Urban Housing</u>¹ Assistance Fund," 28 29 established pursuant to section 13 of P.L. , c. (C.) 30 (pending before the Legislature as this bill), to be used for the purposes authorized under that section. ¹<u>Any surplus amounts</u> 31 32 remaining after crediting the "Urban Housing Assistance Fund," in 33 the amount required under this section from the collection of 34 Statewide non-residential development fees, shall be annually 35 appropriated to the "New Jersey Affordable Housing Trust Fund," 36 established pursuant to section 20 of P.L.1985, c.222 (C.52:27D-320).¹ 37 38 b. In the event the full amount required to be transferred 39 pursuant to subsection a. of this section is not transferred in any fiscal year, the Legislature shall subsequently appropriate in the 40 41 same fiscal year from the General Fund an amount equal to the 42 difference between the amount actually transferred and the amount 43 required to be transferred pursuant to subsection a. of this section, so that the total funds made available to the "["Housing 44

45 Rehabilitation] <u>"Urban Housing</u>¹ Assistance Fund" annually shall

be equal to the amount established pursuant to subsection a. of this
 section.

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4 '[15. Section 4 of P.L.1968, c.49 (C.46:15-8) is amended to 5 read as follows:

4. a. The proceeds of the fees collected by the county recording
officer, as authorized by P.L.1968, c.49 (C.46:15-5 et seq.), shall be
accounted for and remitted to the county treasurer.

b. (1) The county portion of the basic fee collected pursuant to
paragraph (1) of subsection a. of section 3 of P.L.1968, c.49
(C.46:15-7) shall be retained by the county treasurer for the use of
the county.

13 (2) The State portion of the basic fee, the additional fee, and the 14 general purpose fee shall be paid to the State Treasurer for the use 15 of the State, provided that the portion of the fees collected pursuant 16 to paragraph (2) of subsection a. of section 3 of P.L.1968, c.49 17 (C.46:15-7) shall be accounted for separately and remitted by 18 separate transmittal to the State Treasurer. Payments shall be made 19 to the State Treasurer on the tenth day of each month following the 20 month of collection.

c. (1) Amounts, not in excess of \$25,000,000, paid during the
State fiscal year to the State Treasurer from the payment of the
State portion of the basic fee shall be credited to the "Shore
Protection Fund" created pursuant to section 1 of P.L.1992, c.148
(C.13:19-16.1), in the manner established under that section.

26 (2) In addition to the amounts credited to the "Shore Protection 27 Fund" pursuant to paragraph (1) of this subsection, amounts equal 28 to \$12,000,000 in each of the first 10 years after the date of 29 enactment of the "Highlands Water Protection and Planning Act," 30 P.L.2004, c.120 (C.13:20-1 et al.) and to \$5,000,000 in each year 31 thereafter, paid during the State fiscal year to the State Treasurer 32 from the payment of fees collected by the county recording officer 33 other than the additional fee of \$0.75 for each \$500.00 of 34 consideration or fractional part thereof recited in the deed in excess of \$150,000.00 shall be credited to the "Highlands Protection Fund" 35 created pursuant to section 21 of P.L.2004, c.120 (C.13:20-19), in 36 37 the manner established under that section. No monies shall be 38 credited to the "Highlands Protection Fund" pursuant to this 39 paragraph until and unless the full amount of \$25,000,000 has first 40 been credited to the "Shore Protection Fund" pursuant to paragraph 41 (1) of this subsection.

(3) In addition to the amounts credited to the "Shore Protection
Fund" pursuant to paragraph (1) of this subsection, amounts equal
to \$20,000,000 annually paid during the State fiscal year to the
State Treasurer from the payment of fees collected by the county
recording officer, other than the additional fee of \$0.75 for each
\$500.00 of consideration or fractional part thereof recited in the
deed in excess of \$150,000.00, shall be credited to the "Housing

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1 Rehabilitation Assistance Fund" established pursuant to section 13 2 of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this 3 bill), in the manner established under that section. No monies shall be credited to the "Housing Rehabilitation Assistance Fund" 4 5 pursuant to this paragraph until and unless the full amount of 6 \$25,000,000 has first been credited to the "Shore Protection Fund" 7 pursuant to paragraph (1) of this subsection. 8 d. All amounts paid to the State Treasurer by separate 9 transmittal from the payment of the additional fee shall be credited to the [Neighborhood Preservation Nonlapsing Revolving Fund] 10 New Jersey Affordable Housing Trust Fund established pursuant to 11 12 P.L.1985, c.222 (C.52:27D-301 et al.), in the manner established under section 20 thereof (C.52:27D-320). 13 (cf: P.L.2004, c.120, s.61)]¹ 14 15 ¹[16.] <u>15.</u>¹ Section 11 of P.L.1985, c.222 (C.52:27D-311) is 16 17 amended to read as follows: 18 11. a. In adopting its housing element, the municipality may 19 provide for its fair share of low and moderate ¹[and middle]¹ 20 income housing by means of any technique or combination of techniques which provide a realistic opportunity for the provision of 21 22 the fair share. The housing element shall contain an analysis 23 demonstrating that it will provide such a realistic opportunity, and 24 the municipality shall establish that its land use and other relevant 25 ordinances have been revised to incorporate the provisions for low and moderate '[and middle]' income housing. In preparing the 26 27 housing element, the municipality shall consider the following techniques for providing low and moderate ¹[and middle]¹ income 28 29 housing within the municipality, as well as such other techniques as 30 may be published by the council or proposed by the municipality: 31 (1) Rezoning for densities necessary to assure the economic 32 viability of any inclusionary developments, either through 33 mandatory set-asides or density bonuses, as may be necessary to 34 meet all or part of the municipality's fair share in accordance with 35 the regulations of the council and the provision of subsection h. of 36 this section; 37 (2) Determination of the total residential zoning necessary to 38 assure that the municipality's fair share is achieved; 39 (3) Determination of measures that the municipality will take to assure that low and moderate ¹[and middle]¹ income units remain 40 affordable to low and moderate '[and middle]' income households 41 42 for an appropriate period of not less than six years; 43 (4) A plan for infrastructure expansion and rehabilitation if 44 necessary to assure the achievement of the municipality's fair share 45 of low and moderate income housing;

1 (5) Donation or use of municipally owned land or land 2 condemned by the municipality for purposes of providing low and 3 moderate income housing;

4 (6) Tax abatements for purposes of providing low and moderate 5 income housing;

6 (7) Utilization of funds obtained from any State or federal
7 subsidy toward the construction of low and moderate income
8 housing;

9 (8) Utilization of municipally generated funds toward the 10 construction of low and moderate '[and middle]' income housing; 11 and

(9) The purchase of privately owned real property used for
residential purposes at the value of all liens secured by the property;
excluding any tax liens, notwithstanding that the total amount of
debt secured by liens exceeds the appraised value of the property,
pursuant to regulations promulgated by the Commissioner of
Community Affairs pursuant to subsection b. of section 41 of
P.L.2001, c.126 (C.52:27D-311.2).

b. The municipality may provide for a phasing schedule for the
achievement of its fair share of low and moderate ¹[and middle]¹
income housing.

22 c. The municipality may propose that a portion of its fair 23 share be met through a regional contribution agreement. The 24 housing element shall demonstrate, however, the manner in which 25 that portion will be provided within the municipality if the regional 26 contribution agreement is not entered into. The municipality shall 27 provide a statement of its reasons for the proposal.] (Deleted by amendment, P.L. , c. .) (pending before the Legislature as 28 29 this bill)

d. Nothing in P.L.1985, c.222 (C.52:27D-301 et al.)shall
require a municipality to raise or expend municipal revenues in
order to provide low and moderate ¹[and middle]¹ income housing.

When a municipality's housing element includes the 33 e. 34 provision of rental housing units in a community residence for the 35 developmentally disabled, as defined in section 2 of P.L.1977, 36 c.448 (C.30:11B-2), which will be affordable to persons of low and 37 moderate income, and for which adequate measures to retain such 38 affordability pursuant to paragraph (3) of subsection a. of this 39 section are included in the housing element, those housing units 40 shall be fully credited as permitted under the rules of the council 41 towards the fulfillment of the municipality's fair share of low and 42 moderate income housing.

f. It having been determined by the Legislature that the
provision of housing under [this act] P.L.1985, c.222 (C.52:27D<u>301 et al.</u>) is a public purpose, a municipality or municipalities may
utilize public monies to make donations, grants or loans of public
funds for the rehabilitation of deficient housing units and the

provision of new or substantially rehabilitated housing for low and
 moderate '[and middle]' persons, providing that any private
 advantage is incidental.
 g. A municipality which has received substantive certification

g. A municipality which has received substantive certification
from the council, and which has actually effected the construction
of the affordable housing units it is obligated to provide, may
amend its affordable housing element or zoning ordinances without
the approval of the council.

<u>h.</u> Whenever affordable housing units are proposed to be
provided through an inclusionary development, a municipality shall
provide, through its zoning powers, incentives to the developer,
<u>which</u> '[may] shall¹ include increased densities and reduced costs,
in accordance with the regulations of the council and this
subsection.

²i. The council, upon the application of a municipality and a
 developer, may approve reduced affordable housing set-asides or
 increased densities to ensure the economic feasibility of an
 inclusionary development.²

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19 (cf: P.L.2001, c.441, s.1)
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21 **[**17.] <u>16.</u>¹ Section 12 of P.L.1985, c.222 (52:27D-312) is 22 amended to read as follows:

23 12. a. [A] Except as prohibited under P.L., c. (C.) 24 (pending before the Legislature as this bill), a municipality may 25 propose the transfer of up to 50% of its fair share to another 26 municipality within its housing region by means of a contractual 27 agreement into which two municipalities voluntarily enter. Α 28 municipality may also propose a transfer by contracting with the 29 agency or another governmental entity designated by the council if 30 the council determines that the municipality has exhausted all 31 possibilities within its housing region. A municipality proposing to 32 transfer to another municipality, whether directly or by means of a 33 contract with the agency or another governmental entity designated 34 by the council, shall provide the council with the housing element and statement required under subsection c. of section 11 of 35 36 P.L.1985, c.222 (C.52:27D-311), and shall request the council to 37 determine a match with a municipality filing a statement of intent 38 pursuant to subsection e. of this section. Except as provided in 39 subsection b. of this section, the agreement may be entered into 40 upon obtaining substantive certification under section 14 of 41 P.L.1985, c.222 (C.52:27D-314), or anytime thereafter. The 42 regional contribution agreement entered into shall specify how the 43 housing shall be provided by the second municipality, hereinafter 44 the receiving municipality, and the amount of contributions to be 45 made by the first municipality, hereinafter the sending municipality. 46 b. A municipality which is a defendant in an exclusionary 47 zoning suit and which has not obtained substantive certification

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1 pursuant to P.L.1985, c.222 may request the court to be permitted to 2 fulfill a portion of its fair share by entering into a regional 3 contribution agreement. If the court believes the request to be 4 reasonable, the court shall request the council to review the 5 proposed agreement and to determine a match with a receiving 6 municipality or municipalities pursuant to this section. The court 7 may establish time limitations for the council's review, and shall 8 retain jurisdiction over the matter during the period of council 9 review. If the court determines that the agreement provides a 10 realistic opportunity for the provision of low and moderate income 11 housing within the housing region, it shall provide the sending 12 municipality a credit against its fair share for housing to be 13 provided through the agreement in the manner provided in this 14 section. The agreement shall be entered into prior to the entry of a 15 final judgment in the litigation. In cases in which a final judgment 16 was entered prior to the date P.L.1985, c.222 takes effect and in 17 which an appeal is pending, a municipality may request 18 consideration of a regional contribution agreement; provided that it 19 is entered into within 120 days after P.L.1985, c.222 takes effect. 20 In a case in which a final judgment has been entered, the court shall 21 consider whether or not the agreement constitutes an expeditious 22 means of providing part of the fair share. Notwithstanding this 23 subsection, no consideration shall be given to any regional 24 contribution agreement of which the council did not complete its 25 review and formally approve a recommendation to the court prior to 26 ¹[June 1, 2006] the effective date of P.L., c. (C.) 27 (pending before the Legislature as this bill)¹.

[Regional] Except as prohibited under P.L., c. (C.) 28 с. 29 (pending before the Legislature as this bill), regional contribution 30 agreements shall be approved by the council, after review by the 31 county planning board or agency of the county in which the 32 receiving municipality is located. The council shall determine 33 whether or not the agreement provides a realistic opportunity for the 34 provision of low and moderate income housing within convenient 35 access to employment opportunities. The council shall refer the 36 agreement to the county planning board or agency which shall 37 review whether or not the transfer agreement is in accordance with 38 sound, comprehensive regional planning. In its review, the county 39 planning board or agency shall consider the master plan and zoning 40 ordinance of the sending and receiving municipalities, its own 41 county master plan, and the State development and redevelopment 42 plan. In the event that there is no county planning board or agency in the county in which the receiving municipality is located, the 43 44 council shall also determine whether or not the agreement is in 45 accordance with sound, comprehensive regional planning. After it 46 has been determined that the agreement provides a realistic 47 opportunity for low and moderate income housing within convenient access to employment opportunities, and that the 48

agreement is consistent with sound, comprehensive regional planning, the council shall approve the regional contribution agreement by resolution. All determinations of a county planning board or agency shall be in writing and shall be made within such time limits as the council may prescribe, beyond which the council shall make those determinations and no fee shall be paid to the county planning board or agency pursuant to this subsection.

8 d. In approving a regional contribution agreement, the council 9 shall set forth in its resolution a schedule of the contributions to be 10 appropriated annually by the sending municipality. A copy of the 11 adopted resolution shall be filed promptly with the Director of the 12 Division of Local Government Services in the Department of Community Affairs, and the director shall thereafter not approve an 13 14 annual budget of a sending municipality if it does not include 15 appropriations necessary to meet the terms of the resolution. 16 Amounts appropriated by a sending municipality for a regional 17 contribution agreement pursuant to this section are exempt from the 18 limitations or increases in final appropriations imposed under 19 P.L.1976, c.68 (C.40A:4-45.1 et seq.).

20 e. The council shall maintain current lists of municipalities 21 which have stated an intent to enter into regional contribution 22 agreements as receiving municipalities, and shall establish 23 procedures for filing statements of intent with the council. No 24 receiving municipality shall be required to accept a greater number 25 of low and moderate income units through an agreement than it has 26 expressed a willingness to accept in its statement, but the number 27 stated shall not be less than a reasonable minimum number of units, 28 not to exceed 100, as established by the council. The council shall 29 require a project plan from a receiving municipality prior to the 30 entering into of the agreement, and shall submit the project plan to 31 the agency for its review as to the feasibility of the plan prior to the 32 council's approval of the agreement. The agency may recommend 33 and the council may approve as part of the project plan a provision 34 that the time limitations for contractual guarantees or resale controls 35 for low and moderate income units included in the project shall be 36 less than 30 years, if it is determined that modification is necessary 37 to assure the economic viability of the project.

38 The council shall establish guidelines for the duration and f. 39 amount of contributions in regional contribution agreements. In 40 doing so, the council shall give substantial consideration to the 41 average of: (1) the median amount required to rehabilitate a low and 42 moderate income unit up to code enforcement standards; (2) the 43 average internal subsidization required for a developer to provide a 44 low income housing unit in an inclusionary development; (3) the 45 average internal subsidization required for a developer to provide a 46 moderate income housing unit in an inclusionary development. 47 Contributions may be prorated in municipal appropriations 48 occurring over a period not to exceed ten years and may include an

1 amount agreed upon to compensate or partially compensate the 2 receiving municipality for infrastructure or other costs generated to 3 the receiving municipality by the development. Appropriations 4 shall be made and paid directly to the receiving municipality or 5 municipalities or to the agency or other governmental entity 6 designated by the council, as the case may be. 7 g. The council shall require receiving municipalities to file 8 annual reports with the agency setting forth the progress in 9 implementing a project funded under a regional contribution 10 agreement, and the agency shall provide the council with its 11 evaluation of each report. The council shall take such actions as 12 may be necessary to enforce a regional contribution agreement with 13 respect to the timely implementation of the project by the receiving 14 municipality.

15 ²<u>No regional contribution agreement entered into by a</u> 16 municipality, or approved by the council or the court, subsequent to]² ¹[June 1, 2006] ²No consideration shall be given to any 17 18 regional contribution agreement of which the council did not complete its review and approve prior to² the effective date of 19 P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill)¹ 20 ²[shall generate credit against a municipality's fair share 21 <u>obligation</u>]². On or after the effective date of P.L., c. (C.) 22 (pending before the Legislature as this bill), no regional 23 24 contribution agreement shall be entered into by a municipality, or

- 25 approved by the council or the court.
- 26 (cf: P.L.2001, c.435, s.4)
- 27

¹[18.] <u>17.</u>¹ Section 20 of P.L.1985, c.222 (C.52:27D-320) is
amended to read as follows:

20. The Neighborhood Preservation Program within the 30 Department of Community Affairs' Division of Housing and 31 32 Development, established pursuant to the Commissioner of 33 Community Affairs' authority under section 8 of P.L.1975, c.248 34 (C.52:27D-149), shall establish a separate Neighborhood 35 Preservation Nonlapsing Revolving Fund for monies appropriated 36 by section 33 of P.L.1985, c.222, or other monies as may be 37 appropriated by the Legislature for the purposes of the fund.

There is established in the Department of Community Affairs a 38 39 separate trust fund, to be used for the exclusive purposes as 40 provided in this section, and which shall be known as the "New Jersey Affordable Housing Trust Fund." The fund shall be a non-41 42 lapsing, revolving trust fund, and all monies deposited or received 43 for purposes of the fund shall be accounted for separately, by source 44 and amount, and remain in the fund until appropriated for such 45 purposes. The fund shall be the repository of all State funds 46 appropriated for affordable housing purposes, including the 47 proceeds from the receipts of the additional fee collected pursuant

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1 to paragraph (2) of subsection a. of section 3 of P.L.1968, c.49 2 (C.46:15-7), proceeds from available receipts of the Statewide non-3 residential development fees collected pursuant to section ¹[36] <u>35</u>¹ of P.L. , c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as 4 5 this bill), monies lapsing or reverting from municipal development 6 trust funds, or other monies as may be dedicated, earmarked, or 7 appropriated by the Legislature for the purposes of the fund. All 8 references in any law, order, rule, regulation, contract, loan, 9 document, or otherwise, to the "Neighborhood Preservation 10 Nonlapsing Revolving Fund" shall mean the "New Jersey ²The department shall be Affordable Housing Trust Fund." 11 12 permitted to utilize annually up to 7.5 percent of the monies 13 available in the fund for the payment of any necessary 14 administrative costs related to the administration of the "Fair Housing Act," P.L.1985, c.222. (C.52:27D-301 et al, the State 15 16 Housing Commission, or any costs related to administration of 17 P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill).² 18 a. Except as permitted pursuant to subsection g. of this section, 19 the commissioner shall award grants or loans from this fund for 20 housing projects and programs in municipalities whose housing 21 elements have received substantive certification from the council, in 22 municipalities receiving State aid pursuant to P.L.1978, c.14 23 (C.52:27D-178 et seq.), in municipalities subject to builder's 24 remedy as defined in section 28 of P.L.1985, c.222 (C.52:27D-328) 25 or in receiving municipalities in cases where the council has 26 approved a regional contribution agreement and a project plan 27 developed by the receiving municipality. 28 ²Of those monies deposited into the "New Jersey Affordable 29 Housing Trust Fund" that are derived from municipal development 30 fee trust funds, or from available collections of Statewide non-31 residential development fees, a priority for funding shall be 32 established for projects in municipalities that have petitioned the 33 <u>council for substantive certification.</u>² 34 Programs and projects in any municipality shall be funded only 35 after receipt by the commissioner of a written statement in support 36 of the program or project from the municipal governing body. 37 b. The commissioner shall establish rules and regulations 38 governing the qualifications of applicants, the application 39 procedures, and the criteria for awarding grants and loans and the 40 standards for establishing the amount, terms and conditions of each 41 grant or loan. 42 c. [During the first 12 months from the effective date of 43 P.L.1985, c.222 (C.52:27D-301 et al.) and for For any 44 [additional] period which the council may approve, the 45 commissioner may assist affordable housing programs which are 46 not located in municipalities whose housing elements have been 47 granted substantive certification or which are not in furtherance of a

regional contribution agreement; provided that the affordable
 housing program will meet all or part of a municipal low and
 moderate income housing obligation.

d. Amounts deposited in the [Neighborhood Preservation]
¹<u>"</u>¹<u>New Jersey Affordable Housing Trust</u> Fund¹<u>"</u>¹ shall be targeted
to regions based on the region's percentage of the State's low and
moderate income housing need as determined by the council.
Amounts in the fund shall be applied for the following purposes in
designated neighborhoods;

10 (1) Rehabilitation of substandard housing units occupied or to11 be occupied by low and moderate income households;

(2) Creation of accessory apartments to be occupied by low andmoderate income households;

(3) Conversion of non-residential space to residential purposes;
provided a substantial percentage of the resulting housing units are
to be occupied by low and moderate income households;

(4) Acquisition of real property, demolition and removal of
buildings, or construction of new housing that will be occupied by
low and moderate income households, or any combination thereof;

(5) Grants of assistance to eligible municipalities for costs of
necessary studies, surveys, plans and permits; engineering,
architectural and other technical services; costs of land acquisition
and any buildings thereon; and costs of site preparation, demolition
and infrastructure development for projects undertaken pursuant to
an approved regional contribution agreement;

26 (6) Assistance to a local housing authority, nonprofit or limited 27 dividend housing corporation or association or a qualified entity 28 acting as a receiver under P.L.2003, c.295 (C.2A:42-114 et al.) for 29 rehabilitation or restoration of housing units which it administers 30 which: (a) are unusable or in a serious state of disrepair; (b) can be 31 restored in an economically feasible and sound manner; and (c) can 32 be retained in a safe, decent and sanitary manner, upon completion of rehabilitation or restoration; and 33

34 (7) Other housing programs for low and moderate income 35 housing, including, without limitation, (a) infrastructure projects 36 directly facilitating the construction of low and moderate income 37 housing not to exceed a reasonable percentage of the construction 38 costs of the low and moderate income housing to be provided and 39 (b) alteration of dwelling units occupied or to be occupied by 40 households of low or moderate income and the common areas of the 41 premises in which they are located in order to make them accessible 42 to handicapped persons.

e. Any grant or loan agreement entered into pursuant to this
section shall incorporate contractual guarantees and procedures by
which the division will ensure that any unit of housing provided for
low and moderate income households shall continue to be occupied
by low and moderate income households for at least 20 years
following the award of the loan or grant, except that the division

1 may approve a guarantee for a period of less than 20 years where2 necessary to ensure project feasibility.

3 Notwithstanding the provisions of any other law, rule or f. 4 regulation to the contrary, in making grants or loans under this 5 section, the department shall not require that tenants be certified as 6 low or moderate income or that contractual guarantees or deed 7 restrictions be in place to ensure continued low and moderate 8 income occupancy as a condition of providing housing assistance 9 from any program administered by the department, when that 10 assistance is provided for a project of moderate rehabilitation if the 11 project (1) contains 30 or fewer rental units and (2) is located in a 12 census tract in which the median household income is 60 percent or 13 less of the median income for the housing region in which the 14 census tract is located, as determined for a three person household 15 by the council in accordance with the latest federal decennial 16 census. A list of eligible census tracts shall be maintained by the 17 department and shall be adjusted upon publication of median 18 income figures by census tract after each federal decennial census.

19 g. In addition to other grants or loans awarded pursuant to this 20 section, and without regard to any limitations on such grants or 21 loans for any other purposes herein imposed, the commissioner 22 shall annually allocate such amounts as may be necessary in the 23 commissioner's discretion, and in accordance with section 3 of 24 P.L.2004, c.140 (C.52:27D-287.3), to fund rental assistance grants 25 under the program created pursuant to P.L.2004, c.140 (C.52:27D-26 287.1 et al.). Such rental assistance grants shall be deemed 27 necessary and authorized pursuant to P.L.1985, c.222 (C.52:27D-28 301 et al.), in order to meet the housing needs of certain low income 29 households who may not be eligible to occupy other housing 30 produced pursuant to P.L.1985, c.222 (C.52:27D-301 et al.).

h. The department and ¹the State¹ Treasurer shall submit the 31 32 ¹[fund] <u>"New Jersey Affordable Housing Trust Fund"</u>¹ for an audit annually by the State Auditor or State Comptroller, at the discretion 33 34 of the Treasurer. In addition, the department shall prepare an 35 annual report for each fiscal year, and submit it by November 30th 36 of each year to the Governor and the Legislature, and the Joint 37 Committee on Housing Affordability, or its successor, and post the 38 information to its web site, of all activity of the fund, including 39 details of the grants and loans by number of units, number and 40 income ranges of recipients of grants or loans, location of the 41 housing renovated or constructed using monies from the fund, the 42 number of units upon which affordability controls were placed, and 43 the length of those controls. The report shall also list the activity of 44 the funds set-aside for use for the State rental assistance program from the fund, pursuant to P.L.2004, c.140 ¹ (C.52:27D-187.1 et 45 al.)] (C.52:27D-287.1 et al.)¹ and subsection g. of this section. 46

47 (cf: P.L.2004, c.140, s.4)

1 ¹[19.] <u>18.</u>¹ (New section) a. Notwithstanding any rules of the 2 council to the contrary, for developments consisting of newly-3 constructed residential units located, or to be located, within the 4 jurisdiction of any regional planning entity required to adopt a 5 master plan or comprehensive management plan pursuant to 6 statutory law, including the New Jersey Meadowlands Commission 7 pursuant to subsection (i) of section 6 of P.L.1968, c.404 (C.13:17-8 6), the Pinelands Commission pursuant to section 7 of the "Pinelands Protection Act," P.L.1979, c.111 (C.13:18A-8)¹, the 9 10 Fort Monmouth Economic Revitalization Planning Authority 11 pursuant to section 5 of P.L.2006, c.16 (C.52:27I-5), or its successor¹, and the Highlands Water Protection and Planning 12 Council pursuant to section 11 of P.L.2004, c.120 (C.13:20-11), 13 14 other than joint planning boards formed pursuant to section 64 of P.L.1965, c.291 (C.40:55D-77), there shall be required to be 15 reserved for occupancy by low or moderate ²[or middle]² income 16 households at least 20 percent of the residential units constructed 2 , 17 to the extent this is economically feasible². 18

19 b. A developer of a project consisting of newly constructed 20 residential units being financed in whole or in part with State funds, 21 including but not limited to, transit villages, units constructed on 22 State-owned property, and urban transit hub centers as defined 23 pursuant to section 2 of P.L.2007, c.346 (C.34:1B-208), shall be 24 required to reserve at least 20 percent of the residential units constructed for occupancy by low ¹[,]¹ or moderate ¹[, or middle]¹ 25 income households, as those terms are defined in section 4 of 26 27 P.L.1985, c.222 (C.52:27D-304) with affordability controls as 28 required under the rules of the council, unless the municipality in 29 which the property is located has received substantive certification 30 from the council and such a reservation is not required under the 31 approved affordable housing plan, or the municipality has been 32 given a judgment of repose or a judgment of compliance by the 33 court, and such a reservation is not required under the approved 34 affordable housing plan.

²c. (1) The Legislature recognizes that regional planning entities 35 36 are appropriately positioned to take a broader role in the planning and provision of affordable housing based on regional planning 37 38 considerations. In recognition of the value of sound regional 39 planning, including the desire to foster economic growth, create a 40 variety and choice of housing near public transportation, protect 41 critical environmental resources, including farmland and open space 42 preservation, and maximize the use of existing infrastructure, there 43 is created a new program to foster regional planning entities. 44 (2) The regional planning entities identified in subsection a. of

45 this section shall identify and coordinate regional affordable
46 housing opportunities in cooperation with municipalities in areas
47 with convenient access to infrastructure, employment opportunities,

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1 and public transportation. Coordination of affordable housing 2 opportunities may include methods to regionally provide housing in 3 line with regional concerns, such as transit needs or opportunities, 4 environmental concerns, or such other factors as the council may 5 permit; provided, however, that such provision by such a regional 6 entity may not result in more than a 50 percent change in the fair 7 share obligation of any municipality; provided that this limitation 8 shall not apply to affordable housing units directly attributable to 9 development by the New Jersey Sports and Exposition Authority 10 within the New Jersey Meadowlands District. 11 (3) In addition to the entities identified in subsection a. of this 12 section, the Casino Reinvestment Development Authority, in conjunction with the Atlantic County Planning Board, shall identify 13 14 and coordinate regional affordable housing opportunities directly 15 attributable to Atlantic City casino development, which may be 16 provided anywhere within Atlantic County, subject to the 17 restrictions of subparagraph (4) of this subsection. 18 (4) The coordination of affordable housing opportunities by 19 regional entities as identified in this section shall not include 20 activities which would provide housing units to be located in those municipalities that are eligible to receive aid under the "Special 21 Municipal Aid Act," P.L.1987, c. 75 (C.52:27D-118.24 et seq.), or 22 23 are coextensive with a school district which qualified for 24 designation as a "special needs district" pursuant to the "Quality 25 Education Act of 1990," P.L.1990, c. 52 (C.18A:7D-1 et seq.), or at 26 any time in the last ten years has been qualified to receive 27 assistance under P.L.1978, c. 14 (C.52:27D-178 et seq.) and that fall within the jurisdiction of any of the regional entities specified 28 in subsection a. of this section². 29 30

31 ¹[20.] <u>19.</u>¹ (New section) Notwithstanding any rules of the 32 New Jersey Housing and Mortgage Finance Agency to the contrary, 33 the allocation of low income tax credits shall be made by the 34 agency to the full extent such credits are permitted to be allocated 35 under federal law, ¹including allocations of 4 percent or 9 percent federal low income tax credits, and¹ including allocations allowable 36 37 for partial credits. The affordable portion of any mixed income or 38 mixed use development that is part of a fair share housing plan 39 approved by the council, or a court-approved judgment of repose or 40 compliance, including, but not limited to, a development that has 41 received a density bonus, shall be permitted to receive allocations 42 of low income tax credits, provided that the applicant can 43 conclusively demonstrate that the market rate residential or 44 commercial units are unable to internally subsidize the affordable 45 units, and the affordable units are developed contemporaneously with the commercial or market rate residential units. 46

1 ¹[21.] <u>20.</u>¹ (New section) The New Jersey Housing and 2 Mortgage Finance Agency shall maintain on its website and publish 3 annually a report concerning its activities during the year in 4 promotion of affordable housing, including any activity pursuant to 5 section 21 of P.L.1985, c.222 (C.52:27D-321). The report shall 6 detail the number and amounts of grants, loans, the average loan amount made, the amounts of low income tax credits allocated by 7 8 the agency, by location, and the number of proposed units, and any 9 additional information which the agency deems informative to the 10 public.

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12 ¹[22.] $21.^{1}$ (New section) Sections ¹[22 through 31] 2113 <u>through 30^1 of P.L.</u>, c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill) shall be known and may be cited as the "Strategic 14 15 Housing Plan Act."

16 17

¹[23.] <u>22.</u>¹ (New section) The Legislature finds that:

18 ล High housing prices, escalating property taxes, increasing 19 municipal fees, rising energy costs, and the costs to implement 20 various State rules and regulations have put housing out of the 21 reach of many citizens;

22 b. The State of New Jersey suffers from a serious lack of housing affordable to its low and moderate ¹[and middle]¹ income 23 24 households, reflected in the large number of households living in 25 overcrowded and substandard housing conditions, or burdened by 26 unreasonable and excessive housing costs;

27 c. As housing costs have increased in many parts of the State, 28 and the process of urban revitalization has taken hold in many of 29 the State's cities, these problems have become more severe and 30 have come to affect a wide range of households at many income 31 levels:

32 d. While new housing affordable to households at all income 33 levels is urgently needed, the need to preserve existing housing owned or rented by low and moderate income ¹[and middle 34 income]¹ households, much of which is at risk of loss, is also 35 36 urgent;

37 e. The production of new housing and the preservation of the 38 existing housing stock, including but not limited to subsidized 39 affordable housing, has a significant positive impact on the health 40 and well-being of the State as a whole, in particular its older cities 41 and their neighborhoods, and should be encouraged as a matter of 42 public policy by the State government;

43 f. Although the State has devoted substantial public resources 44 for many years towards alleviating the housing needs of lower 45 income households, the effective use of those resources and their 46 impact on urban revitalization has been limited by inadequate

1 strategic planning in the allocation of public resources, as well as 2 inadequate coordination with and leveraging of private resources; 3 The development of a strategic housing plan that will g. establish priorities to effectively targeted State resources should 4 5 significantly enhance the impact of those resources in meeting the 6 State's housing needs and fostering urban revitalization; 7 h. A strategic housing plan should provide for a means of 8 coordinating the activities of the many State departments and 9 agencies whose activities affect the ability of the State to meet its 10 housing needs; 11 i. The active involvement of individuals outside State 12 government with knowledge and experience in all phases of housing 13 preservation, development, and management, as well as planning and urban revitalization, in the preparation and adoption of the plan, 14 15 and the monitoring of State activities pursuant to the plan, should 16 significantly enhance the value and effectiveness of the plan in 17 increasing the State's ability to meet its housing needs and foster 18 urban revitalization. 19 ¹[24.] <u>23.</u>¹ (New section) As used in sections ¹[22 through 31] 20 21 <u>21 through 30^1 of P.L.</u> , c. (C.) (pending before the 22 Legislature as this bill): 23 "Agency" means the New Jersey Housing and Mortgage Finance 24 Agency. 25 "Commission" means the State Housing Commission established pursuant to section ¹[25] 24¹ of P.L. 26 , c. (C.) (pending 27 before the Legislature as this bill). "Council" means the New Jersey Council on Affordable 28 29 Housing. 30 "Department" means the Department of Community Affairs. 31 ¹"Middle income housing" means housing affordable according 32 to federal Department of Housing and Urban Development or other recognized standards for home ownership and rental costs and 33 34 occupied or reserved for occupancy by households with a gross 35 household income equal to or more than 80% but less than 120% of 36 the median gross household income for households of the same size 37 within the housing region in which the housing is located.¹ "Plan" means the Annual Strategic Housing Plan prepared 38 pursuant to section 1 [28] 27^{1} of P.L. 39 , c. (C.) (pending 40 before the Legislature as this bill). "Report" means the Annual Housing Performance Report 41 42 required to be prepared pursuant to section $1[30] \underline{29}^1$ of P.L. 43) (pending before the Legislature as this bill). c. (C. 44 "Senior Deputy Commissioner for Housing" means the position 45 established within the department which is charged with overseeing 46 all housing programs.

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"Working group" means the interdepartmental working group
 created pursuant to section '[27] <u>26</u>¹ of P.L. , c. (C.)
 (pending before the Legislature as this bill).

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5 ¹[25.] 24.¹ (New section) a. The State Housing Commission is 6 created and established in the Executive Branch of the State 7 Government. For the purposes of complying with the provisions of 8 Article V, Section IV, paragraph 1 of the New Jersey Constitution, 9 the commission is allocated within the Department of Community 10 Affairs, but notwithstanding this allocation, the commission shall be 11 independent of any supervision or control by the department except 12 as expressly authorized under P.L. , c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill). The commission shall consist of 13 14 ¹[13] <u>15</u>¹ public members and shall also include the Commissioner of Community Affairs, the Commissioner of Environmental 15 Commissioner 16 Protection, the of Human Services, the 17 Commissioner of Transportation, the Commissioner of Education, 18 the Chairman of the State Planning Commission, and the State 19 Treasurer, who shall be nonvoting, ex-officio members of the 20 commission. The non-public members may each designate a 21 qualified employee to serve in their stead.

22 ¹[Eleven] <u>Thirteen</u>¹ of the public members shall be appointed by 23 the Governor with the advice and consent of the Senate as follows: 24 four members shall be individuals qualified by expertise in housing 25 preservation, development, and management and who do not hold 26 public office or public employment, and one of the four shall have 27 particular experience in addressing the needs of the homeless; two 28 ¹<u>of the four</u>¹ members shall be individuals qualified by expertise in 29 urban revitalization and redevelopment and who do not hold public office ¹, one of whom shall be a nonprofit builder, and another 30 <u>member of the four shall be a for-profit developer¹</u>; two members 31 32 shall be elected local officials at the time of initial appointment, one 33 of whom shall be an elected official in a municipality having a 34 population greater than 50,000; two members shall be individuals 35 who do not hold public office and are qualified by their position and 36 experience to represent the interests of low and moderate income and middle income families and individuals; ¹[and]¹ one member 37 shall be an individual who does not hold public office and who is 38 qualified by expertise in planning and land use ¹, one member who 39 does not hold public office shall be a licensed real estate broker or a 40 41 licensed real estate salesperson, and one member who shall be an executive director of a public housing authority within the State¹. 42 43 Two additional public members who do not hold public office or 44 public employment shall be appointed as follows: one member by 45 the Speaker of the General Assembly and one member by the 46 President of the Senate. The public members of the commission 47 shall reflect the diversity of housing sector professionals.

1 The Governor shall nominate '[the 11] <u>13</u>' public members b. 2 of the commission, within 90 days following the effective date of 3) (pending before the Legislature as this bill), P.L. , c. (C. 4 and shall designate a public member to preside over the commission 5 until a chair and vice-chair are elected by the members of the 6 commission. The Speaker of the General Assembly and the President of the Senate shall each appoint a member, respectively, 7 8 within 90 days following the effective date of P.L., c. (C.) 9 (pending before the Legislature as this bill).

10 c. Each public member of the commission shall serve for a 11 term of three years, except that of the initial members so appointed: 12 three members appointed by the Governor shall serve for terms of 13 one year; one member appointed by the President of the Senate, one 14 member appointed by the Speaker of the General Assembly and five 15 members appointed by the Governor shall serve for terms of two 16 years; and the remaining appointees shall serve for terms of three 17 years. Public members shall be eligible for reappointment. They 18 shall serve until their successors are appointed and qualified, and 19 the term of the successor of any incumbent shall be calculated from 20 the expiration of the term of that incumbent. A vacancy occurring 21 other than by expiration of term shall be filled in the same manner 22 as the original appointment, but for the unexpired term only.

The members of the commission shall serve without
compensation, but shall be entitled to reimbursement for all
necessary expenses incurred in the performance of their duties.
Each member of the commission may be removed from office by
the Governor, for cause, upon notice and opportunity to be heard.

d. The commission shall elect annually a chair and vice-chair
from among the public members of the commission, who shall serve
for one year and until a successor is elected.

31 e. The executive secretary of the commission shall be the 32 Senior Deputy Commissioner for Housing. In the event the 33 commissioner designates the Senior Deputy Commissioner for 34 Housing to serve in his or her stead as a member of the commission, 35 the Senior Deputy Commissioner for Housing shall designate a qualified employee of the department to serve as executive 36 secretary of the commission. ²[Seven] Eight of the voting² 37 38 members of the commission shall constitute a quorum and a vote of 39 the majority of the members present shall be necessary for any 40 action taken by the commission.

f. The duties of the commission shall be as follows:

42 (1) To provide guidance and direction with respect to the
43 policies and strategies to be pursued by State agencies with respect
44 to housing which are incorporated into the plan.

45 (2) To prepare and adopt the Annual Strategic Housing Plan as
46 set forth in section '[29] <u>28</u>' of P.L. , c. (C.) (pending
47 before the Legislature as this bill).

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1 (3) To hold such public hearings and other activities as may be 2 desirable to ensure adequate public input into the preparation of the 3 plan and increase public awareness of the strategies and activities 4 contained in the plan.

5 (4) To gather and disseminate such information on housing 6 needs and strategies as may be useful for the work of the 7 commission and informative to the public.

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9 ¹[26.] <u>25.</u>¹ (New section) The department shall provide such 10 staff services as may be needed for the commission to carry out its 11 responsibilities, including assembly of necessary information and 12 statistics, preparation of draft reports and analyses, and preparation 13 of the draft plan for review by the members of the commission, 14 acting under the supervision of the Senior Deputy Commissioner 15 for Housing.

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¹[27.] <u>26.</u>¹ (New section) a. An interdepartmental working
group is established for the purpose of supporting the activities of
the commission and its preparation of the draft plan.

20 b. The membership of the working group shall consist of the 21 commissioners or executive directors of the following departments 22 or agencies of State government: the Department of Community 23 Affairs, the Council on Affordable Housing, the New Jersey 24 Housing and Mortgage Finance Agency, the Department of Human 25 Services, the Department of Children and Families, the Department 26 of Health and Senior Services, the Public Advocate, the Department 27 of Education, the Department of Environmental Protection, the Department of Transportation, the Office of Smart Growth, the 28 29 Department of the Treasury, the Highlands Council, the Pinelands 30 Commission, and the New Jersey Meadowlands Commission.

c. The Commissioner of Community Affairs may appoint the
Senior Deputy Commissioner for Housing as his or her
representative to serve on the working group.

d. Each other commissioner or executive director may appoint
a representative to serve on the working group, who shall be a
senior employee of the department or agency with substantial
background, experience, or training relevant to the mission of the
working group.

e. The working group shall be chaired by the Commissioner of
Community Affairs or by the Senior Deputy Commissioner for
Housing as the commissioner's designee, if so appointed.

f. Meetings of the working group shall be called by the chair as
needed during the course of preparation of the plan or the annual
performance report.

g. Each department or agency constituting the working group
shall make available such personnel and information as may be
necessary to enable the working group to perform its
responsibilities.

1 ¹[28.] $27.^{1}$ (New section) a. It shall be the duty of the 2 commission annually to prepare and adopt an Annual Strategic 3 Housing Plan as set forth in this section. 4 The objectives of the plan shall be as follows: 5 (1) To ensure that quality housing for people of all income 6 levels is made available throughout the State of New Jersey. (2) To overcome the shortage of housing affordable to low, 7 8 moderate, and middle income households, in order to ensure the 9 viability of New Jersey's communities and maintain the State's 10 economic strength. 11 (3) To meet the need for safe and accessible affordable housing and supportive services for people with disabilities. 12 13 (4) To foster a full range of quality housing choices for people 14 of diverse incomes through mixed income development in urban 15 areas and in locations appropriate for growth, including transit hubs 16 and corridors, and areas of job concentration. 17 (5) To address the needs of communities that have been 18 historically underserved and segregated due to barriers and trends in 19 the housing market, and frame strategies to address the needs of 20 those communities. 21 (6) To facilitate the preservation of existing affordable rental 22 housing, including both subsidized and private market rental 23 housing. 24 (7) To further the preservation of low and moderate income and 25 middle income homeownership, including strategies to protect 26 lower income homeowners from the loss of their homes through 27 foreclosure. 28 b. In addressing these objectives, the plan shall explicitly take 29 into consideration the needs of the following distinct populations: 30 (1) Households earning below 50% of the area median income, 31 with particular emphasis on households earning less than 30% of 32 the area median income; 33 (2) Low income senior citizens of 62 years of age or older; 34 (3) Low income persons with disabilities, including but not limited to physical disability, developmental disability, mental 35 illness, co-occurring mental illness and substance abuse disorder, 36 37 and HIV/AIDS; 38 (4) Homeless persons and families, and persons deemed at high 39 risk of homelessness; 40 (5) Low and moderate income and middle income households 41 unable to find housing near work or transportation; 42 (6) Low and moderate income and middle income persons and 43 families in existing affordable housing that is at risk of becoming 44 unaffordable or being lost for any reason; 45 (7) Any other part of the population that the commission finds 46 to have significant housing needs, either Statewide or in particular

47 areas of the State.

c. The plan shall include, but not be limited to, the following:

2 (1) The identification of all funds which any agency or 3 department of the State controls and uses for housing construction, 4 rehabilitation, preservation, operating or rental subsides and 5 supportive services, including bond proceeds, the allocation of 6 federal Low Income Housing Tax Credits, and the use of 7 administrative funds by the agency or the department;

8 (2) Goals for the number and type of housing units to be 9 constructed, rehabilitated, or preserved each year for the 10 underserved populations identified in subsection b. of this section, 11 taking into account realistic assessments of financial resources and delivery capacity survey ², and shall include an assessment aimed at 12 identifying and estimating the number of substandard housing units 13 within the State²; 14

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15 (3) Specific recommendations for the manner in which all funds 16 identified in paragraph (1) of this subsection should be prioritized 17 and used, either through new construction, rehabilitation, preservation, rental subsidies, or other activities, to address the 18 19 needs of the underserved populations set forth in subsection b. of 20 this section;

21 (4) Specific actions needed to ensure the integrated use of State 22 government resources that can be used to create or preserve 23 affordable housing, provide supportive services, facilitate the use of 24 housing for urban revitalization, and prevent homelessness, 25 including an identification of the specific agencies and programs 26 responsible for each action;

(5) An assessment of the State's performance during the 27 28 preceding year;

29 (6) Recommendations for changes to any program or use of 30 funds which the State controls available for land use planning, 31 housing construction, rehabilitation, preservation, operating or 32 rental subsides and supportive services, including both procedural 33 and substantive changes, and the specific agencies responsible for 34 each change;

35 (7) Recommendations for State and local actions to promote the 36 creation and preservation of subsidized affordable and market-rate 37 housing by private sector, non-profit, and government agencies, 38 with particular reference to changes to programs, regulations, and 39 other activities that impede such activities;

40 (8) Recommendations for State and local actions for programs 41 and strategies through which the provision of affordable and mixedincome housing can better further citywide and neighborhood 42 43 revitalization in the State's urban areas; and

44 (9) Identification of strategies that local government can take to 45 create or preserve affordable housing, including specific 46 recommendations for the use of monies collected through developer 47 fees in local housing development trust funds.

1 d. The plan shall provide for both annual and long-term targets 2 and priorities.

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4 ¹[29.] <u>28.</u>¹ (New section) a. The commission shall complete a draft plan on or before October 1 of each year. The commission 5 shall adopt the plan by a vote of a majority of its members and 6 7 transmit the plan to the Governor and the Joint Committee on 8 Housing Affordability, or its successor, on or before the next 9 January 1. The plan shall cover the fiscal year from July 1 to June 10 30th, beginning with July 1 of the preceding year, except that the 11 first annual plan shall be transmitted on the first January 1 that falls 12 after the annual anniversary of the effective date of P.L. 13 (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill). c.

14 b. With respect to the plans for the second through fourth years 15 following the initial plan, the commission may adopt and submit either a plan de novo or an update to, or revision of, the initial 16 17 year's plan, based on its judgment as to the extent of housing needs, 18 funding resources, or other conditions that have or have not 19 changed since the initial plan was prepared. In the fifth year 20 following the initial plan, and every five years thereafter, the 21 commission shall adopt and submit a complete plan de novo.

22 The plan and all supporting documentation thereof shall be c. 23 made available both in printed form by the department and in 24 downloadable form on the department's web site.

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26 ¹[30.] <u>29.</u>¹ (New section) a. On or before January 1 of each year, beginning with the first January 1 that falls after the annual 27 anniversary of the effective date of P.L. 28 , c. (C.) (pending 29 before the Legislature as this bill), the department, in consultation 30 with the commission and the working group, shall prepare and 31 submit to the Governor and the Joint Committee on Housing 32 Affordability, or its successor, an Annual Housing Performance 33 Report. Within 30 days following receipt of the Annual Housing 34 Performance Report, a hearing shall be held by the Joint Committee 35 on Housing Affordability, or its successor, to provide an opportunity for public comment and discussion. 36

37 b. The report shall include, but shall not be limited to, the following information: 38

39 (1) All housing units constructed, rehabilitated, or preserved in 40 which funds controlled by any agency of the State were utilized, 41 including the number of units by:

42 (a) Location;

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(b) Affordability and income ranges of occupants;

44 (c) Target population; i.e., small family, large family, senior 45 citizens, people with disabilities;

46 (d) Type of housing, including ownership, rental, and other 47 forms of tenure; physical type such as single family or multifamily;

and whether the unit was newly constructed, rehabilitated, or
 preserved; and

3 (e) The amount and source of all State-controlled funds used.

4 (2) All bond issuance activity by the agency, including interest 5 rates and the use of bond proceeds.

6 (3) All other activities, including financial support, technical
7 assistance, or other support conducted by the State to further
8 affordable housing.

9 (4) Municipal performance pursuant to the "Fair Housing Act," 10 P.L.1985, c.222 (C.52:27D-301 et al.), including the number of 11 units listed for the distinct populations as enumerated in subsection 12 b. of section ¹[28] <u>27</u>¹ of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the 13 Legislature as this bill), and the monies collected and the use of all 14 developer fee proceeds deposited into municipal housing trust 15 funds.

(5) For every report issued subsequent to the end of the first
year for which a plan has been prepared pursuant to sections ¹[28
and 29] <u>27 and 28¹ of P.L.</u>, c. (C.) (pending before the
Legislature as this bill):

(a) A comparison between the goals, strategies, and priorities
set forth in the plan and the outcomes of programs and strategies
carried out by the State during the year, and a statement of the
reasons for any differences between the plan and the State's
programs and strategies; and

(b) A description of the manner in which the State has addressed
the recommendations, if any, for procedural or substantive changes
to any State program or activity set forth in the plan.

(6) Statistical appendices providing information on individualprojects and funding allocations.

c. The report, appendices, and all supporting documentation
thereof shall be made available both in printed form from the
department and in downloadable form on the department's web site.

¹[31.] <u>30.</u>¹ (New section) a. The position of Senior Deputy Commissioner for Housing is established within the department, which position shall be filled by an individual with recognized and extensive experience in housing policy, planning, and development with particular emphasis on the planning and development of housing affordable to low, moderate, and middle income households.

b. The Senior Deputy Commissioner for Housing shall exercise
oversight over the housing programs of the department, including,
but not limited to, programs of the agency and the council.

c. The commissioner may appoint the Senior Deputy
Commissioner for Housing as his or her designee to chair the
agency, the commission, or the council, in which capacity or
capacities the Senior Deputy Commissioner for Housing will have
all of the powers vested in those positions by law.

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¹[32.] <u>31.</u>¹ (New section) a. In proposing a rule for adoption, the agency involved shall issue a housing affordability impact analysis regarding the rule, which shall be included in the notice of a proposed rule as required by subsection (a) of section 4 of P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-4). Each housing affordability impact analysis shall contain:

7 (1) A description of the types and an estimate of the number of8 housing units to which the proposed rule will apply; and

9 (2) A description of the estimated increase or decrease in the 10 average cost of housing which will be affected by the regulation.

11 This subsection shall not apply to any proposed rule which the 12 agency finds would impose an insignificant impact, either because 13 the scope of the regulation is minimal, or there is an extreme 14 unlikelihood that the regulation would evoke a change in the 15 average costs associated with housing. The agency's finding and an 16 indication of the basis for its finding shall be included in the notice 17 of a proposed rule as required by subsection (a) of section 4 of P.L. 18 1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-4).

b. In proposing a rule for adoption, the agency involved shall
issue a smart growth development impact analysis regarding the
rule, which shall be included in the notice of a proposed rule as
required by subsection (a) of section 4 of P.L.1968, c.410
(C.52:14B-4). Each smart growth development impact analysis
shall contain:

(1) A description of the types and an estimate of the number ofhousing units to which the proposed rule will apply;

(2) A description of the estimated increase or decrease in the
availability of affordable housing which will be affected by the
regulation; and

30 (3) A description as to whether the proposed rule will affect in
31 any manner new construction within Planning areas 1 or 2, or
32 within designated centers, under the State Development and
33 Redevelopment Plan.

34 This subsection shall not apply to any proposed rule which the agency finds would impose an insignificant impact, either because 35 the scope of the regulation is minimal, or there is an extreme 36 37 unlikelihood that the regulation would evoke a change in the 38 housing production within Planning areas 1 or 2, or within 39 designated centers, under the State Development and 40 Redevelopment Plan. The agency's finding and an indication of the 41 basis for its finding shall be included in the notice of a proposed 42 rule as required by subsection (a) of section 4 of P.L.1968, c.410 43 (C.52:14B-4).

For the purposes of complying with this subsection, and in order
to avoid duplicative action, an agency may consider a series of
closely related rules as one rule.

47 c. For the purposes of this section, "types" means housing48 groups distinguished by the following categories: housing reserved

1 for occupancy by very low, low and moderate and middle income 2 households, respectively; single family, two-family, and multi-3 family housing; rental housing and for-sale housing.

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5 1[33.] 32.1 (New section) Sections ¹[33 through 39] <u>32</u> through 38¹ of P.L. 6 , c.) (pending before the (C. Legislature as this bill) shall be known and may be cited as the 7 "Statewide Non-residential Development Fee Act." 8

9 10

¹[34.] <u>33.</u>¹ (New section) The Legislature finds and declares:

The collection of development fees from builders of 11 a. 12 residential and non-residential properties has been authorized by the 13 court through the powers delegated to the Council on Affordable 14 Housing established pursuant to the "Fair Housing Act," P.L.1985, 15 c.222 (C.52:27D-301 et al.).

b. New Jersey's land resources are becoming more scarce, 16 17 while its redevelopment needs are increasing. In order to balance 18 the needs of developing and redeveloping communities, a 19 reasonable method of providing for the housing needs of low and 20 moderate income and middle income households, without 21 mandating the inclusion of housing in every non-residential project, 22 must be established.

23 c. A Statewide non-residential development fee program which 24 permits municipalities under the council's jurisdiction to retain these fees for use in the municipality will provide a fair and 25 26 balanced funding method to address the State's affordable housing 27 needs, while providing an incentive to all municipalities to seek substantive certification from the 2 [council's] <u>council</u>². 28

²d. Whereas pursuant to P.L.1977, c.110 (C.5:12-1 et seq.), 29 30 organizations are directed to invest in the Casino Reinvestment Development Authority to ensure that the development of housing 31 32 for families of low and moderate income shall be provided. The 33 Casino Reinvestment Development Authority, in consultation with 34 the council, shall work to effectuate the purpose and intent of P.L. <u>1985, c. 222 (C. 52:27D-301 et al.).</u>² 35

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37 ¹[35.] <u>34.</u>¹ (New section) As used in ¹[(section 33 through 39] sections 32 through 38¹ of P.L., c. (C. 38) (pending before the legislature as this bill). 39

40 "Construction" means new construction and additions, but does 41 not include alterations, reconstruction, renovations, and repairs as 42 those terms are defined under the State Uniform Construction Code 43 promulgated pursuant to the "State Uniform Construction Code 44 Act," P.L.1975, c.217 (C.52:27D-119 et seq.).

45 "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of Community 46 Affairs.

"Council" means the Council on Affordable Housing, established
 pursuant to P.L.1985, c.222 (C.52:27D-301 et al.).

3 "Developer" means the legal or beneficial owner or owners of a 4 lot or of any land proposed to be included in a proposed 5 development, including the holder of an option or contract to 6 purchase, or other person having an enforceable proprietary interest 7 in such land.

8 "Equalized assessed value" means the assessed value of a 9 property divided by the current average ratio of assessed to true 10 value for the municipality in which the property is situated, as 11 determined in accordance with sections 1, 5, and 6 of P.L.1973, 12 c.123 (C.54:1-35a through C.54:1-35c).

"Mixed ¹[Use Development"] <u>use development</u>"¹ means any 13 development which includes both a non-residential development 14 15 component and a residential development component, and shall 16 include developments for which (1) there is a common developer 17 for both the residential development component and the non-18 residential development component, provided that for purposes of 19 this definition, multiple persons and entities may be considered a 20 common developer if there is a contractual relationship among them 21 obligating each entity to develop at least a portion of the residential 22 or non-residential development, or both, or otherwise to contribute 23 resources to the development; and (2) the residential and non-24 residential developments are located on the same lot or adjoining 25 lots, including but not limited to lots separated by a street, a river, 26 or another geographical feature.

"Non-residential development" means: (1) any building or 27 structure, or portion thereof, including but not limited to any 28 29 appurtenant improvements, which is designated to a use group other than a residential use group according to the State Uniform 30 31 Construction Code promulgated to effectuate the "State Uniform 32 Construction Code Act," P.L.1975, c.217 (C.52:27D-119 et seq.), 33 including any subsequent amendments or revisions thereto; ²[and]² 34 (2) hotels, motels, vacation timeshares, and child-care facilities 2 35 and (3) the entirety of all continuing care facilities within a 36 continuing care retirement community which is subject to the 37 "Continuing Care Retirement Community Regulation and Financial Disclosure Act," P.L.1986, c.103 (C.52:27D-330 et seq.)². 38

39 "Non-residential development fee" means the fee authorized to
40 be imposed pursuant to sections ¹[33 through 39] <u>32 through 38</u>¹ of
41 P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill).

42 "Relating to the provision of housing" shall be liberally
43 construed to include the construction, maintenance, or operations of
44 housing, including but not limited to the provision of services to
45 such housing and the funding of any of the above.

46 "Spending plan" means a method of allocating funds collected47 and to be collected pursuant to an approved municipal development

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fee ordinance, or pursuant to P.L., c. (C) (pending
before the Legislature as this bill) for the purpose of meeting the
housing needs of low '[,]' and moderate '[, and middle]' income
individuals.

"Treasurer" means the Treasurer of the State of New Jersey.

5 6

¹[36.] <u>35.</u>¹ (New section) a. Beginning on the effective date of
P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill), a
fee is imposed on all ¹[applications for development for]
<u>construction resulting in</u>¹ non-residential development, ¹[and for
construction permits affecting non-residential property,]¹ as
follows:

(1) A fee equal to two and one-half percent of the equalized
assessed value of the land and improvements, for all new nonresidential construction on an unimproved lot or lots; or

(2) A fee equal to two and one-half percent of the increase in
equalized assessed value, of the '[reconstruction of or]' additions
to existing structures to be used for non-residential purposes.

19 b. All non-residential construction of buildings or structures on property used by churches, synagogues, mosques, and other houses 20 21 of worship, and property used for educational purposes, which is 22 tax-exempt pursuant to R.S.54:4-3.6, shall be exempt from the 23 imposition of a non-residential development fee pursuant to this 24 section, provided that the property continues to maintain its tax 25 exempt status under that statute for a period of at least three years 26 from the date of issuance of the certificate of occupancy. In 27 addition, the following shall be exempt from the imposition of a 28 non-residential development fee: parking lots and parking 29 structures, regardless of whether the parking lot or parking structure 30 is constructed in conjunction with a non-residential development, 31 such as an office building, or whether the parking lot is developed 32 as an independent non-residential development; and any non-33 residential development which is an amenity to be made available to 34 the public, including, but not limited to, recreational facilities, 35 community centers, and senior centers, which are developed in conjunction with or funded by a non-residential developer. ^{2}In 36 37 addition, non-residential construction resulting from a relocation of 38 or an on-site improvement to a nonprofit hospital or a nursing home 39 facility shall be exempt from the fees authorized to be imposed 40 under this section.²

A developer of a non-residential development exempted from the non-residential development fee pursuant to this section shall be subject to it at such time the basis for the exemption set forth in this subsection no longer applies, and shall make the payment of the non-residential development fee, in that event, within three years after that event or after the issuance of the final certificate of occupancy of the non-residential development whichever is later..

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1 For purposes of this subsection, "recreational facilities and 2 community center" means any indoor or outdoor buildings, spaces, 3 structures, or improvements intended for active or passive 4 recreation, including but not limited to ball fields, meeting halls, 5 and classrooms, accommodating either organized or informal activity; and "senior center" means any recreational facility or 6 7 community center with activities and services oriented towards 8 serving senior citizens.

9 If a property which was exempted from the collection of a non-10 residential development fee thereafter ceases to be exempt from 11 property taxation, the owner of the property shall remit the fees 12 required pursuant to this section within 45 days of the termination 13 of the property tax exemption. Unpaid non-residential development 14 fees under these circumstances may be enforceable by the 15 municipality as a lien against the real property of the owner.

c. 16 (1) Developers <u>Unless authorized to pay directly to the</u> 17 municipality in which the non-residential construction is occurring 18 in accordance with paragraph (2) of this subsection, developers¹ 19 shall pay non-residential development fees imposed pursuant to 20 P.L., c.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill) (C. to the '[Commissioner of Community Affairs to be held for deposit 21 22 into the New Jersey Affordable Housing Trust Fund established pursuant to section 20 of P.L.1985, c.222 (C.52:27D-320),] 23 Treasurer, in accordance with subsection h. of this section¹ in a 24 manner and on such forms as required by the '[commissioner] 25 Treasurer¹, provided that a certified proof concerning the payment 26 shall be furnished by the '[commissioner] <u>Treasurer</u>¹, to the 27 28 municipality.

29 (2) ¹[The commissioner shall forward to a municipality, within 30 15 days of the collection thereof, the non-residential development fees collected pursuant to P.L., c. (C. 31) (pending before the Legislature as this bill) if that The council shall maintain on its 32 website a list of each¹ municipality ¹that is authorized to use the 33 34 development fees collected pursuant to this section and¹ that has a 35 confirmed status of compliance with the "Fair Housing Act," P.L.1985, c.222 (C.52:27D-301 et al.), which compliance shall 36 37 include a spending plan authorized by the council for all '[other]' 38 development fees collected.

d. The payment of non-residential development fees required 39 40 pursuant to sections '[33 through 39] <u>32 through 38</u> of P.L. 41) (pending before the Legislature as this bill) shall be c. (C. 42 made prior to the issuance of a certificate of occupancy ¹for such development. A final certificate of occupancy shall not be issued 43 44 for any non-residential development until such time as the fee 45 imposed pursuant to this section has been paid by the developer. A 46 non-residential developer may deposit with the appropriate entity

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the development fees as calculated by the municipality under protest, and the local code enforcement official shall thereafter issue the certificate of occupancy provided that the construction is

4 <u>otherwise eligible for a certificate of occupancy.</u>¹

The construction official responsible for the issuance of a 5 e. 6 building permit shall notify the local tax assessor of the issuance of 7 the first building permit for a development which may be subject to 8 a non-residential development fee. Within 90 days of receipt of that 9 notice, the municipal tax assessor, based on the plans filed, shall 10 provide an estimate of the equalized assessed value of the nonresidential development. The construction official responsible for 11 12 the issuance of a final certificate of occupancy shall notify the local 13 assessor of any and all requests for the scheduling of a final 14 inspection on property which may be subject to a non-residential 15 development fee. Within 10 business days of a request for the scheduling of a final inspection, the municipal assessor shall 16 17 confirm or modify the previously estimated equalized assessed 18 value of the improvements of the non-residential development in 19 accordance with the regulations adopted by the Treasurer pursuant 20 to P.L.1971, c.424 (C.54:1-35.35); calculate the non-residential 21 development fee pursuant to sections ¹[33 through 39] <u>32 through</u> 22 38¹ of P.L. , c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill); and thereafter notify the developer of the amount of the 23 24 non-residential development fee. Should the municipality fail to 25 determine or notify the developer of the amount of the non-26 residential development fee within 10 business days of the request 27 for final inspection, the developer may estimate the amount due and 28 pay that estimated amount consistent with the dispute process set forth in subsection b. of section $1[38] \underline{37}^1$ of P.L., c. 29 (C.) 30 (pending before the Legislature as this bill). Upon tender of the 31 estimated non-residential development fee, provided the developer 32 is in full compliance with all other applicable laws, the municipality 33 shall issue a final certificate of occupancy for the subject property. 34 Failure of the municipality to comply with the timeframes or 35 procedures set forth in this subsection may subject it to penalties to 36 be imposed by the commissioner; any penalties so imposed shall be deposited into the ¹¹_"New Jersey Affordable Housing Trust Fund¹["]_" 37 established pursuant to section 20 of P.L.1985, c.222 (C.52:27D-38 39 320). 40 A developer of a mixed use development shall be required to

41 pay the Statewide non-residential development fee relating to the 42 non-residential development component of a mixed use 43 development subject to the provisions of P.L. , c. (C) 44 (now before the Legislature as this bill).¹

²Non-residential construction which is connected with the
 relocation of the facilities of a for-profit hospital shall be subject to
 the fee authorized to be imposed under this section to the extent of

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1 the increase in equalized assessed valuation in accordance with 2 regulations to be promulgated by the Director of the Division of 3 Taxation, Department of the Treasury.² 4 Any municipality that is not in compliance with the f. 5 requirements established pursuant to sections ¹[33 through 39] <u>32</u> through 38¹ of P.L. , c. (C. 6) (pending before the 7 Legislature as this bill), or regulations of the council adopted 8 thereto, may be subject to forfeiture of any or all funds remaining 9 within its municipal development trust fund. Any funds so forfeited shall be deposited into the 1^{11}_{-} New Jersey Affordable Housing Trust 10 Fund¹,^{"1} established pursuant to section 20 of P.L.1985, c.222 11 (C.52:27D-320). 12 13 ¹[Notwithstanding any provision of P.L., c. (C. g.) 14 (pending before the Legislature as this bill), or rules of the council to the contrary, a municipality that qualifies for State aid pursuant 15 16 to P.L.1978, c.14 (C.52:27D-178 et seq.) may impose, collect, or 17 spend development and non-residential development fees by filing a 18 development fee ordinance and spending plan, and requesting 19 approval by the council. Such municipalities shall be permitted to 20 develop separate spending plans, which plans may provide for 21 housing rehabilitation, new construction of housing or schools, 22 repair or enhancement of infrastructure, grants to redevelopment 23 projects, job training, construction of day care centers, or any 24 activity which the governing body of the municipality believes will 25 provide economic stability and sustainable neighborhoods.] The Treasurer shall credit to the "Urban Housing Assistance Fund," 26 27 established pursuant to section 13 of P.L., c. (C.) (pending 28 before the Legislature as this bill) annually from the receipts of the 29 fees authorized to be imposed pursuant to this section an amount 30 equal to \$20 million; all receipts in excess of this amount, except 31 for amounts necessary for administrative purposes which shall not 32 exceed five percent annually, shall be deposited into the "New 33 Jersey Affordable Housing Trust Fund," established pursuant to 34 section 20 of P.L.1985, c.222 (C.52:27D-320), to be used for the purposes of that fund.¹ 35 ²The Treasurer shall adopt such regulations as necessary to 36 37 effectuate sections 32 through 38 of P.L., c. (C.) (pending 38 before the Legislature as this bill), in accordance with the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et 39 <u>seq.).²</u> 40 41 ¹[37.] <u>36.</u>¹ (New section) a. The commissioner, in consultation 42 with the council, shall promulgate, in accordance with the 43 44 provisions of the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 45 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.), such regulations as are necessary for the 46 prompt and effective implementation of the provisions and purposes

47 of P.L. , c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill)

1 ², including, but not limited to, provisions for the payment of any 2 necessary administrative costs related to the assessment of 3 properties and collection of any development fees by a 4 <u>municipality</u>². 5 b. Notwithstanding the authority granted to the commissioner 6 herein, the council shall adopt and promulgate, in accordance with 7 the provisions of the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, 8 c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.), such regulations as are necessary for the 9 , c. effectuation of P.L. (C.) (pending before the 10 Legislature as this bill), including but not limited to, regulations 11 necessary for the establishment, implementation, review, 12 monitoring, and enforcement of a municipal affordable housing 13 trust fund and spending plan. 14 15 ¹[38.] <u>37.</u>¹ (New section) a. The provisions of sections ¹[33 through 39 <u>32 through 38</u>¹ of P.L. , c. 16 (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill) shall not apply to: 17 18 (1) ²[A development application which has]² ¹[been deemed complete pursuant to section 5 of P.L.1984, c.20 (C.40:55D-10.3)] 19 20 ²[received preliminary or final approval pursuant to section 37 or <u>38 of P.L.1975, c.22 (C.40:55D-49 or C.40:55D-50)</u>¹ prior to the 21 22 effective date of P.L. . c. (C.) (pending before the 23 Legislature as this bill); or (2) Non-residential] Non-residential² property for which a 24 ²[construction permit] <u>certificate of occupancy</u>² has been issued 25 26 prior to the effective date of P.L. , c. (C.) (pending before 27 the Legislature as this bill)²: or (2) A non-residential planned development which has received 28 29 approval of a general development plan pursuant to section 5 of 30 P.L.1987, c.129 (C.40:55D-45.3) or nonresidential development for 31 which the developer has entered into a developer's agreement 32 pursuant to a development approval granted pursuant to P.L.1975, 33 c.291 (C.40:55D-1 et seq.) or the redeveloper has entered into a 34 redevelopment agreement pursuant to P.L 1992, c.79 (C.40A:12A-1 35 et seq.) prior to the effective date of P.L. , c. (C.) (pending 36 before the Legislature as this bill), provided however, that the 37 general development plan, developer's agreement, redevelopment 38 agreement or any development agreement pursuant to the 39 "Municipal Land Use Law," P.L.1975, c.291 (C. 40:55D-1 et seq.) 40 provide that the developer or redeveloper pay a fee for affordable 41 housing of at least one percent of the equalized assessed value of 42 the improvements which are the subject of the development plan, 43 developer's agreement or redevelopment agreement². b. A developer may challenge non-residential development fees 44 45 imposed pursuant to P.L. , c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill) by filing a challenge with the 46 47 ¹[Commissioner of Community Affairs] Director of the Division of

1 Taxation¹. Pending a review and determination by the 2 ¹[commissioner] <u>director</u>¹, which shall be made within 45 days of receipt of the challenge '[,];' collected fees shall be placed in an 3 interest bearing escrow account by the municipality or by the State, 4 5 as the case may be. Appeals from a determination of the ¹[commissioner] <u>director</u>¹ may be made to the ¹[Office of 6 7 Administrative Law, within 45 days of the commissioner's 8 determination] to the tax court in accordance with the provisions of 9 the State Tax Uniform Procedure Law, R.S.54:48-1 et seq., within 10 <u>90 days after the date of such determination</u>¹. Interest earned on 11 amounts escrowed shall be credited to the prevailing party.

12 c. Whenever non-residential development is situated on real 13 property that has been previously developed with a building, 14 structure, or other improvement, the non-residential development 15 fee shall be equal to two and a half (2.5) percent of the equalized 16 assessed value of the land and improvements on the property where 17 the non-residential development is situated at the time the final 18 certificate of occupancy is issued less, the equalized assessed value 19 of the land and improvements on the property where the non-20 residential development is situated, as determined by the tax 21 assessor of the municipality at the time the developer or owner $\frac{1}{2}$ including any previous owners,¹ first sought approval for a 22 construction permit ¹, including, but not limited to, demolition 23 24 permits,¹ pursuant to the State Uniform Construction Code, or 25 approval under the "Municipal Land Use Law," P.L.1975, c.291 26 (C.40:55D-1 et seq.). If the calculation required under this section 27 results in a negative number, the non-residential development fee 28 shall be zero.

29 Whenever a developer of non-residential development has made 30 or committed itself to make a financial or other contribution relating to the provision of housing affordable to low and moderate income 31 ¹[and middle income]¹ households prior to the enactment of 32) (pending before the Legislature as this bill), 33 P.L. , c. (C. 34 the non-residential development fee shall be reduced by the amount 35 of the financial contribution and the fair market value of any other 36 contribution made by or committed to be made by the developer. 37 For purposes of this section, a developer is considered to have made 38 or committed itself to make a financial or other contribution, if and 39 only if: (1) the contribution has been transferred, including but not 40 limited to when the funds have already been received by the 41 municipality; (2) the developer has obligated itself to make a 42 contribution as set forth in a written agreement with the 43 municipality, such as a developer's agreement; or (3) the 44 developer's obligation to make a contribution is set forth as a 45 condition in a land use approval issued by a municipal land use 46 agency pursuant to the "Municipal Land Use Law," P.L.1975, c.291 47 (C.40:55D-1 et seq.)

d. Unless otherwise provided for by law, no municipality shall 1 2 be required to return a financial or any other contribution made by 3 or committed to be made by a developer of a non-residential 4 development prior to the enactment of P.L. , c. (C.) 5 (pending before the Legislature as this bill) relating to the provision of housing affordable to low and moderate income ¹[and middle 6 income]¹ households, provided that the developer does not obtain 7 8 an amended, modified, or new municipal land use approval with a 9 substantial change in the non-residential development. If the 10 developer obtains an amended, modified, or new land use approval 11 for non-residential development, the municipality, person, or entity 12 shall be required to return to the developer any funds or other 13 contribution provided by the developer for the provision of housing 14 affordable to low and moderate income ¹[and middle income]¹ 15 households and the developer shall not be entitled to a reduction in the affordable housing development fee based upon that 16 17 contribution.

The provisions of sections $1[33] \underline{32}^1$ through $1[39] \underline{38}^1$ of 18 e.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill) 19 P.L. , c. (C. 20 shall not be construed in any manner as affecting the method or timing of assessing real property for property taxation purposes. 21 22 The payment of a non-residential development fee shall not increase 23 the equalized assessed value of any property.

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25 ¹[39.] <u>38.</u> a.¹ (New section) Except as expressly provided in 26 , c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill) P.L. 27 ¹including subsection b. of this section¹, any provision of a local 28 ordinance which imposes a fee for the development of affordable 29 housing upon a developer of non-residential property, including any 30 and all development fee ordinances adopted in accordance with ¹[N.J.A.C.5:93-8.1 et seq., or N.J.A.C.5:94-6.1 et seq.] <u>any</u> 31 regulations of the Council on Affordable Housing,¹ or any 32 33 provision of an ordinance which imposes an obligation relating to 34 the provision of housing affordable to low and moderate income 35 households, or payment in-lieu of building as a condition of non-36 residential development, shall be void and of no effect. A provision 37 of an ordinance which imposes a development fee which is not prohibited by any provision of P.L., c. (C. 38) (pending before 39 the Legislature as this bill) shall not be invalidated by this section.

¹b. No affordable housing obligation shall be imposed
concerning a mixed use development that would result in an
affordable housing obligation greater than that which would have
been imposed if the residential portion of the mixed use
development had been developed independently of the nonresidential portion of the mixed use development.¹

46 ²c. Whenever a developer of non-residential development
47 regulated under P.L.1977, c.110 (C.5:12-1 et seq.) has made or

committed itself to make a financial or other contribution relating to 1 2 the provision of housing affordable to low and moderate income households, the non-residential development fee authorized 3 4 pursuant to P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill) shall be satisfied through the investment obligations 5 made pursuant to P.L.1977, c.110 (C.5:12-1 et seq.).² 6 7 ¹[40.] <u>39.</u>¹ (New section) Sections 1 through 37 of P.L.1949, 8 9 c.303 (C.55:14H-1 et seq.) and P.L.1950, c.108 ¹[(C.55:14H-9.1)are] (C.55:14H-9.1) are¹ repealed. 10 11 ¹[41.] <u>40.</u>¹ This act shall take effect immediately. 12