SENATE, No. 757

STATE OF NEW JERSEY 213th LEGISLATURE

PRE-FILED FOR INTRODUCTION IN THE 2008 SESSION

Sponsored by: Senator RONALD L. RICE District 28 (Essex)

SYNOPSIS

Revises procedures for the use of eminent domain in municipal redevelopment programs.

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

As introduced.



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AN ACT concerning redevelopment and eminent domain, amending 1 2 and supplementing various parts of the statutory law. 3 4 WHEREAS, Article VIII, Section III, paragraph 1 of the New Jersey 5 Constitution empowers the Legislature to authorize 6 municipalities to clear, replan, develop, and redevelop blighted 7 areas; and 8 WHEREAS, the Legislature has authorized municipalities to 9 undertake programs to redevelop blighted areas; and 10 WHEREAS, municipalities have used these programs to arrest and reverse blighted conditions to promote sound planning, 11 12 revitalize tax bases, and improve the public safety, health, and 13 welfare of their communities; and 14 WHEREAS, in exercising their responsibilities and implementing 15 redevelopment programs municipalities have exercised the power of eminent domain; and 16 17 WHEREAS, the increase in redevelopment activity throughout the 18 State, including the use of eminent domain, together with the 19 2005 United States Supreme Court decision in Kelo v. City of 20 New London, Connecticut, 545 U.S. 469 (2005), have heightened 21 the public concern with municipal redevelopment activities; and 22 WHEREAS, the Legislature has undertaken a comprehensive review 23 of the redevelopment laws and has convened public meetings and 24 received testimony and correspondence from groups and 25 individuals interested in redevelopment programs, including 26 municipal officials, property owners, developers, and members 27 of the general public; and 28 WHEREAS, following this comprehensive review, the Legislature 29 now declares that redevelopment remains a valid and important 30 public purpose and that the implementation of redevelopment 31 programs continues to be a vital tool for municipal officials that 32 must be maintained to allow them to continue to meet their governmental responsibilities to prevent, arrest, and reverse 33 34 deleterious property conditions within their municipal borders; 35 and that the power of eminent domain remains necessary in 36 certain cases to effectively implement such redevelopment 37 responsibilities and powers; and WHEREAS, following this comprehensive review, the Legislature 38 39 also declares that changes to the existing law are necessary: to 40 ensure that affected property owners and the general public are 41 provided adequate notice of a municipality's interest in 42 developing a redevelopment program; to revise the definition of 43 blight so that it is more specific, more objective, and 44 incorporates terms that have well-established or historical 45 meanings, are capable of third party review, or limit the

EXPLANATION – Matter enclosed in **bold-faced** brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter underlined <u>thus</u> is new matter.

1 possibility of very broad and expansive interpretation; to afford 2 stakeholders the opportunity to be heard during the process 3 undertaken to develop redevelopment programs; to add 4 transparency to the exercise of a legitimate governmental 5 function; to create certainty that redevelopment programs are 6 authorized and undertaken in a deliberative and open process; to 7 ensure that the social and economic impacts of redevelopment 8 are adequately addressed, including affordable housing and 9 comparable replacement housing for households displaced by redevelopment; to provide that such programs, once properly 10 11 adopted, are implemented in a fair and certain manner, including a public process, where appropriate, for the selection of 12 13 redevelopers seeking the assistance of municipal officials in 14 constructing a redevelopment project on municipally owned or 15 acquired property; to ensure that the use of eminent domain for 16 redevelopment is an absolute last resort, used only after other 17 options have been fully explored and deemed insufficient to 18 reasonably achieve the goals of the redevelopment plan; to 19 provide a just measure of compensation to property owners who 20 are subject to eminent domain; and to afford protection and 21 finality to such redevelopment programs properly created under 22 these heightened standards for enactment. These changes will 23 restore public confidence in local redevelopment programs by 24 assuring that interested parties are provided access into a fair, 25 open, and deliberative process; and

WHEREAS, the sole reliance by municipal planning boards on 26 27 criteria in subsection e. of section 5 of P.L.1992, c.79 (C.40A:12A-5), concerning the blighting of property because it 28 29 is deemed to be "not fully productive," has been refuted by the 30 New Jersey Supreme Court in Gallenthin Realty Development, 31 Inc. v. Borough of Paulsboro, 191 N.J. 344 (2007), which is 32 consistent with the intent of the Legislature to limit the 33 circumstances under which eminent domain can be used; and

WHEREAS, the Legislature also declares that the use of the
redevelopment process and the taking of property by eminent
domain would be reduced, especially in urban areas, if
municipalities could provide owners and developers greater
incentives for making improvements through the use of longterm property tax incentives in redevelopment areas where the
use of eminent domain is not contemplated; now, therefore:

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42 **BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State
43 of New Jersey:

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45 1. Section 2 of P.L.1971, c.361 (C.20:3-2) is amended to read as
46 follows:

1 2. When used in this act P.L.1971, c.361 (C.20:3-1 et seq.), 2 unless the context or subject matter otherwise requires, the 3 following words shall have the meanings ascribed to them under 4 this section: 5 (a) "Condemn" means to take private property for a public 6 purpose under the power of eminent domain; 7 (b) "Condemnor" or "taking agency" means the entity, public or 8 private, including the State of New Jersey, which is condemning or 9 has the power to condemn private property for a public purpose 10 under the power of eminent domain; 11 (c) "Condemnee" or "prospective condemnee" means the owner 12 of an interest in the private property [being condemned] subject to 13 potential or actual condemnation for a public purpose under the 14 power of eminent domain; 15 (d) "Property" means land, or any interest in land, and (1) any 16 building, structure or other improvement imbedded or affixed to 17 land, and any article so affixed or attached to such building, 18 structure or improvement as to be an essential and integral part 19 thereof, (2) any article affixed or attached to such property in such 20 manner that it cannot be removed without material injury to itself 21 or to the property, (3) any article so designed, constructed, or 22 specially adapted to the purpose for which such property is used 23 that (a) it is an essential accessory or part of such property; (b) it is 24 not capable of use elsewhere; and (c) would lose substantially all 25 its value if removed from such property; (e) "Court" means Superior Court of New Jersey; 26 27 (f) "Rules" means the applicable rules governing the courts of 28 the State of New Jersey as promulgated from time to time by the 29 Supreme Court of New Jersey; 30 (g) "Action" means the legal proceeding in which 31 (1) property is being condemned or required to be condemned; 32 (2) the amount of compensation to be paid for such 33 condemnation is being fixed; 34 (3) the persons entitled to such compensation and their interests 35 therein are being determined; and 36 (4) all other matters incidental to or arising therefrom are being 37 adjudicated. 38 (h) "Compensation" means the just compensation which the 39 condemnor is required to pay and the condemnee is entitled to 40 receive according to law as the result of the condemnation of 41 property; 42 (i) "Award" means the award of compensation made by the 43 commissioners provided for herein; 44 (j) "Judgment" means the adjudication by the court of any issue 45 of fact or law, or both, arising under this act. The adjudication of 46 the right to condemn shall be a final judgment. All other judgments

1 shall be interlocutory or final, according to law, or as may be 2 prescribed by the rules; 3 (k) "Recording office" means the county office of each county 4 in which the property being condemned, or any part thereof, is 5 located, in which office conveyances of real property may be 6 recorded: 7 (l) "Days" means calendar days, calculated in accordance with 8 the rules of court; 9 (m) "Public utility" means and includes every public utility, as 10 the same are enumerated in Revised Statutes 48:2-13, and every 11 natural gas pipeline utility as defined in P.L.1952, chapter 166 12 (C.48:10-2 et seq.) vested with the power of eminent domain and 13 subject to regulation under State or Federal law. 14 (n) Words used in the singular shall include the plural and vice 15 versa. Words used in the neuter gender shall include masculine and 16 feminine gender, as the case may be. 17 (cf: P.L.1971, c.361, s.2) 18 19 2. Section 6 of P.L.1971, c.361 (C.20:3-6) is amended to read as 20 follows: 21 6. <u>a.</u> Whenever any condemnor shall have determined to acquire 22 property pursuant to law, including public property already devoted 23 to public purpose, but cannot acquire title thereto or possession 24 thereof by agreement with a prospective condemnee, whether by 25 reason of disagreement concerning the compensation to be paid or 26 for any other cause, the condemnation of such property and the 27 compensation to be paid therefor, and to whom payable, and all 28 matters incidental thereto and arising therefrom shall be governed, 29 ascertained and paid by and in the manner provided by this act; 30 provided, however, that no action to condemn shall be instituted 31 unless the condemnor is unable to acquire such title or possession 32 through bona fide negotiations with the prospective condemnee, 33 which negotiations shall include an offer in writing by the 34 condemnor to the prospective condemnee holding the title of record 35 to the property being condemned, setting forth the property and 36 interest therein to be acquired, the compensation offered to be paid 37 and a reasonable disclosure of the manner in which the amount of 38 such offered compensation has been calculated] a copy of the 39 appraisal upon which the offer has been based and which was 40 approved by the condemnor, and such other matters as may be 41 required by the rules. 42 Prior to such offer the taking agency shall appraise said b. 43 property and the owner, his agents and consultants shall be given an 44 opportunity to accompany the appraiser and any other non-real 45 estate expert or consultant hired by the condemnor or redeveloper during inspection of the property. [Such offer] The owner, his 46

47 agents and consultants may provide to the taking agency's appraiser,

6

1 other expert or consultant, information or data, or otherwise raise 2 issues of concern, including information concerning outstanding 3 balances on bona fide mortgages that were valid liens encumbering 4 the property at least 180 days prior to the initiation of negotiations 5 for the acquisition of that property, and otherwise raise issues 6 relating to the valuation of the property and damages to the 7 remainder arising from the proposed acquisition. 8 c. (1) The appraiser, redeveloper, and any other non-real estate 9 experts or consultants hired by the redeveloper or taking agency shall transmit to the taking agency, in written form signed by the 10 property owner, all information and issues of concern provided to 11 12 those persons by the owner and his agents and consultants. 13 (2) The approved appraisal shall include any such information in 14 the determination of the estimate of fair market value to the extent 15 that it has an effect, if any, upon fair market value as permitted by 16 law. 17 (3) If the owner declines to sign the written information and 18 issues of concern, the appraiser, redeveloper, or other non-real 19 estate experts or consultants, as appropriate, shall send a confirming 20 letter to that effect to the taking agency, with a copy to the property 21 owner by certified mail, return receipt requested. The confirming 22 letter shall satisfy the requirements of this section. 23 d. The value of a location premium that will be lost due to 24 dislocation shall be paid pursuant to the requirements of subsection 25 d. of section 4 of P.L.1971, c.362 (C.20:4-4), if it was not included 26 in the approved appraisal or compensation offer to acquire a 27 property pursuant to a redevelopment plan. For the purposes of this 28 subsection, "location premium" means the benefits that accrue to a 29 business as a result of favorable pedestrian, mass transportation, or 30 vehicular traffic peculiar to its location. 31 e. The written offer made by a condemnor to a prospective 32 condemnee holding record title to the property shall be served by 33 certified mail, return receipt requested, by a private courier or in 34 person along with a copy of the approved appraisal. In no event 35 shall such offer be less than the taking agency's approved appraisal 36 of the fair market value of such property; provided, however, that 37 when the condemnation is authorized under the "Local 38 Redevelopment and Housing Law," P.L.1992, c.79 (C.40A:12A-1 et 39 al.), if the amount of the approved appraisal is less than the amount 40 of one or more bona fide mortgages, which were valid liens 41 encumbering the property for not less than 180 days prior to the 42 initiation of negotiations for the acquisition of such property, the 43 amount of the written offer shall be no less than the payoff amount 44 for those mortgage liens, calculated in accordance with the 45 provision in section 5 of P.L.1971, c.362 (C.20:4-5). A rejection 46 of said offer or failure to accept the same within the period fixed in

1 written offer, which shall in no case be less than 14 days from the 2 mailing of the offer, shall 3 f. (1) The prospective condemnee shall be afforded 45 calendar 4 days from receipt of the written offer to review the offer and the 5 approved appraisal upon which the offer was based, to seek 6 clarification thereof as well as any other relevant information, to 7 allow an opportunity to negotiate the compensation to be paid, and 8 to request an opportunity to discuss the offer and the basis thereof 9 with a representative of the condemnor in person. 10 (2) Prior to the expiration of this 45-day period, the prospective 11 condemnee may request, in writing, an extension of this 45-day 12 period for a period not exceeding an additional 25 days, for a total of 70 calendar days, which shall not be denied except for good 13 14 cause shown by the condemnor. During this period, as it may be 15 extended, the prospective condemnee may seek additional relevant 16 information regarding the offer or regarding the project. (3) Within the time period, as may be extended, the condemnor 17 shall provide reasonable and timely responses to requests for 18 19 information and for explanations and shall afford an opportunity for the condemnee to meet in person on at least one occasion with a 20 21 representative of the condemnor to discuss the offer and the basis 22 thereof. 23 (4) The prospective condemnee may also obtain its own appraisal 24 and share it with the prospective condemnor and seek a review 25 thereof by the prospective condemnor. 26 (5) If the prospective condemnee rejects the written offer of the 27 condemnor or otherwise does not affirmatively respond to the offer, 28 the condemnor may then send in writing by certified mail, private 29 courier, or in person, a letter setting forth an intent to commence 30 condemnation proceedings in the Superior Court. Such letter, upon 31 receipt, shall conclude bona fide negotiations between the 32 prospective condemnor and condemnee. 33 (6) A disagreement over the amount of the offer, how the offer 34 was calculated, or the method or manner in which the property was 35 appraised shall not constitute grounds to continue negotiations or 36 prevent the condemnor from successfully acquiring the property 37 through the commencement of a condemnation proceeding and the 38 appointment of condemnation commissioners. 39 g. Nothing in this section shall be construed as requiring a 40 condemnor to increase the amount of an offer during the review and 41 negotiation period. 42 h. A condemnor may file a complaint for condemnation in the 43 manner provided by the Rules of Court anytime after expiration of 44 the initial review and negotiation period, including any extension 45 thereof, all as provided for in this section, without the consent of 46 the prospective condemnee, provided the condemnor is otherwise

8

1 empowered to exercise the power of eminent domain and the 2 condemnor has complied with the provisions of this section. 3 i. Proof of the delivery of a written offer and a copy of the 4 approved appraisal and the delivery of a letter of intent at the 5 expiration of the negotiation period as set forth above, shall be 6 deemed to be conclusive proof of the that bona fide negotiations 7 were, in fact, conducted by the condemnor with the prospective 8 condemnee and that there was an inability on the part of the 9 condemnor and prospective condemnee to agree to the 10 compensation to [acquire the property or possession thereof 11 through negotiations <u>obtain title and possession to the property</u> 12 sought to be acquired other than by filing an action in 13 condemnation. 14 j. When the holder of the title is unknown, resides out of the 15 State, or for other good cause, the court, upon application as a 16 notice of motion as provided by the Rules of Court, may dispense 17 with the necessity of such negotiations. 18 k. Neither the offer or the amount thereof, nor the refusal thereof 19 by the prospective condemnee shall be evidential in the 20 determination of compensation. 21 <u>1. A complaint on the authority to use eminent domain to acquire</u> 22 a specific property or properties for redevelopment purposes 23 pursuant to P.L.1992, c.79 (C.40A:12A-1 et al.) shall be heard on a 24 priority basis with the goal of expediting the proceedings to the 25 greatest extent possible. 26 (cf: P.L.1971, c. 361, s. 6) 27 28 3. Section 3 of P.L.1971, c.362 (C.20:4-3) is amended to read as 29 follows: 30 3. As used in this act the term: 31 "Taking agency" means the entity, public or private, a. 32 including the State of New Jersey, which is condemning or has the 33 power to condemn private property for a public purpose under the 34 power of eminent domain. 35 b. "Person" means any individual, partnership, corporation, or 36 association. 37 c. "Displaced person" means any person who, on or after the 38 effective date of this act, moves from real property, or moves his 39 personal property from real property, as a result of the acquisition 40 of such real property, in whole or in part, or as the result of the 41 written order of the acquiring agency to vacate real property, for a 42 program or project undertaken by a taking agency; and solely for 43 the purposes of sections 4 a. and b. and section 7 of this act, as a 44 result of the acquisition of or as the result of the written order of the 45 acquiring agency to vacate other real property, on which such 46 person conducts a business or farm operation, for such program or 47 project.

"Business" means any lawful activity, excepting a farm 1 d 2 operation, conducted primarily: 3 (1) for the purchase, sale, lease and rental of personal and real 4 property, and for the manufacture, processing, or marketing of 5 products, commodities, or any other personal property; (2) for the sale of services to the public; 6 7 (3) by a nonprofit organization; or 8 (4) solely for the purposes of section 4 a. of this act for assisting 9 in the purchase, sale, resale, manufacture, processing, or marketing 10 of products, commodities, personal property, or services by the erection and maintenance of an outdoor advertising display or 11 12 displays, whether or not such display or displays are located on the 13 premises on which any of the above activities are conducted. 14 e. "Farm operation" means any activity conducted solely or 15 primarily for the production of one or more agricultural products or commodities, including timber, for sale or home use, and 16 17 customarily producing such products or commodities in sufficient 18 quantity to be capable of contributing materially to the operator's 19 support. 20 f. The term "commissioner" [shall mean] means the 21 Commissioner of [the Department of] Community Affairs. 22 (cf: P.L.1971, c.362, s.3) 23 24 4. Section 4 of P.L.1971, c.362 (C.20:4-4) is amended to read as 25 follows. 26 4. a. If a taking agency acquires real property for public use, it 27 shall make fair and reasonable relocation payments to displaced 28 persons and businesses as required by this act, for: 29 (1) actual reasonable expenses in moving himself, his family, 30 business, farm operation, or other personal property; 31 (2) actual direct losses of tangible personal property as a result of 32 moving or discontinuing a business or farm operation, but not to 33 exceed an amount equal to the reasonable expenses that would have 34 been required to relocate such property, as determined by the taking 35 agency; [and] 36 (3) actual reasonable expenses in searching for a replacement 37 business or farm ; and 38 (4) actual direct losses of fixtures and capital improvements 39 made by a lessee or tenant of a property that are not subject to 40 reimbursement by the lessor. 41 b. Any displaced person eligible for payments under subsection 42 a. of this section who is displaced from a dwelling and who elects to 43 accept the payments authorized by this subsection in lieu of the 44 payments authorized by subsection a. of this section may receive a 45 moving expense allowance, determined according to a schedule 46 established by the taking agency, not to exceed [\$300.00] \$450, 47 provided that on the first day of the 12th month next following

10

enactment of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature 1 2 as this bill), the moving expense allowance shall be increased to an 3 amount not to exceed \$900, and further increased on the first day of 4 the 24th month next following enactment of P.L., c. (C.) 5 (pending before the Legislature as this bill), to an amount not to 6 exceed \$1,350, and a dislocation allowance of [\$200.00] \$300. 7 provided that on the first day of the 12th month next following 8 enactment of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature 9 as this bill), the dislocation allowance shall be \$600, and on the first 10 day of the 24th month next following enactment of P.L. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill), that 11 c. 12 allowance shall be \$900 provided, however, such amounts shall be 13 adjusted annually in accordance with section 7 of P.L. 14 c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill). 15 c. Any displaced person eligible for payments under subsection 16 a. of this section who is displaced from his place of business or 17 from his farm operation and who elects to accept the payment 18 authorized by this subsection in lieu of the payment authorized by 19 subsection a. of this section, may receive a fixed payment in an 20 amount equal to the average annual net earnings of the business or 21 farm operation, except that such payment shall not be less than 22 [\$2,500.00] <u>\$3,750</u>, provided that on the first day of the 12th 23 month next following enactment of P.L., c. (C.) (pending 24 before the Legislature as this bill), the payment shall not be less 25 than \$7,500, and on the first day of the 24th month next following 26 enactment of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature 27 as this bill), the payment shall not be less than \$11,250 nor more 28 than [\$10,000.00] \$15,000, provided on the first day of the 12th 29 month next following enactment of P.L., c. (C.) (pending 30 before the Legislature as this bill), the payment shall not be more 31 than \$22,500, and on the first day of the 24th month next following 32 enactment of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature 33 as this bill), the payment shall not be more than \$45,000 provided, 34 however, such amounts shall be adjusted annually in accordance with section 7 of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the 35 36 Legislature as this bill). In the case of a business no payment shall 37 be made under this subsection unless the taking agency is satisfied 38 that the business (1) cannot be relocated without a substantial loss 39 of its existing patronage, and (2) is not a part of a commercial 40 enterprise having at least one other establishment not being 41 acquired by the taking agency, which is engaged in the same or 42 similar business. The business owner shall have the right to appeal 43 this decision in court. For purposes of this subsection, the term 44 "average annual net earnings," means 1/2 of any net earnings of the 45 business or farm operation, before Federal, State, and local income 46 taxes, during the 2 taxable years immediately preceding the taxable 47 year in which such business or farm operation moves from the real

11

property acquired or leased for such project, or during such other 1 2 period as such agency determines to be more equitable for 3 establishing such earnings, and includes any compensation paid by 4 the business or farm operation to the owner, his spouse, or his 5 dependents during such period. 6 d. Whenever the value of a location premium that will be lost to 7 an owner of a business due to dislocation is not included in the 8 approved appraisal or compensation offer to acquire a property, the 9 taking agency shall be responsible for making an additional 10 payment to that owner for the value of that location premium that will be lost due to dislocation. The Commissioner of Community 11 12 Affairs shall promulgate rules and regulations setting forth 13 reasonable qualifications and limits for the payment of location 14 premiums; provided, however, in no case shall the value of a 15 location premium exceed the loss of profit to the business over a 16 five-year period from the date of its relocation. For the purposes of 17 this subsection, "location premium" means the benefits that accrue 18 to a business as a result of favorable pedestrian, mass 19 transportation, or vehicular traffic peculiar to its location. 20 (cf: P.L.1971, c.362, s.4) 21 22 5. Section 5 of P.L.1971, c.362 (C.20:4-5) is amended to read as 23 follows: 24 5. a. In addition to payments otherwise authorized by [this act] 25 P.L.1971, c.362 (C.20:4-1 et seq.), the taking agency shall make an additional payment not in excess of [\$15,000.00] \$22,500, 26 27 provided that on the first day of the 12th month next following 28 enactment of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature 29 as this bill), the additional payment shall not be in excess of 30 \$45,000, and on the first day of the 24th month next following 31 enactment of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature 32 as this bill), the additional payment shall not be in excess of 33 <u>\$67,500</u>, to any displaced person who is displaced from a dwelling 34 actually owned and occupied by such displaced person for not less 35 than 180 days prior to the initiation of negotiations for the 36 acquisition of the property: provided, however, such amounts shall 37 be adjusted annually in accordance with section 7 of P.L. 38 c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill). Such 39 additional payment shall include the following elements: (1) The amount, if any, which when added to the acquisition cost 40 41 of the dwelling acquired, equals the reasonable cost of a comparable 42 replacement dwelling which is a decent, safe, and sanitary dwelling 43 adequate to accommodate such displaced person, reasonably 44 accessible to public services and places of employment and 45 available on the private market. All determinations required to 46 carry out this subparagraph shall be determined by regulations

issued pursuant to section 10 of [this act] P.L.1971, c.362 (C.20:4 10).

3 (2) The amount, if any, which will compensate such displaced 4 person for any increased interest costs which such person is 5 required to pay for financing the acquisition of any such 6 comparable replacement dwelling. Such amount shall be paid only 7 if the dwelling acquired was encumbered by a bona fide mortgage 8 which was a valid lien on such dwelling for not less than 180 days 9 prior to the initiation of negotiations for the acquisition of such 10 dwelling. Such amount shall be equal to the excess in the aggregate interest and other debt service costs of that amount of the 11 12 principal of the mortgage on the replacement dwelling which is 13 equal to the unpaid balance of the mortgage on the acquired 14 dwelling, over the remainder term of the mortgage on the acquired 15 dwelling, reduced to discounted present value. The discount rate 16 shall be determined by regulations issued pursuant to section 10 of 17 [this act] P.L.1971, c.362 (C.20:4-10).

(3) Reasonable expenses incurred by such displaced person for
evidence of title, recording fees, and other closing costs incident to
the purchase of the replacement dwelling, but not including prepaid
expenses.

(4) Penalty costs for prepayment of any mortgage entered into in
good faith encumbering such real property if such mortgage is on
record or has been filed for record as provided by law on the date of
approval by taking agency of the location of such project.

(5) The pro rata portion of real property taxes payable during the
calendar year in which the property was acquired which are
allocable to the period of the year subsequent to the date of vesting
of title in the taking agency, or the effective date of the possession
of such real property by the taking agency, whichever is earlier.

b. The additional payment authorized by this section shall be made only to such a displaced person who purchases and occupies a replacement dwelling which is decent, safe, and sanitary not later than the end of the one year period beginning on the date on which he receives final payment of all costs of the acquired dwelling, or on the date on which he moves from the acquired dwelling, whichever is the later date.

38 (cf: P.L.1971, c.362, s.5)

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40 6. Section 6 of P.L.1971, c.362 (C.20:4-6) is amended to read as 41 follows:

6. In addition to amounts otherwise authorized by [this act]
P.L.1971, c.362 (C.20:4-1 et seq.), a taking agency shall make a
payment to or for any displaced person displaced from any dwelling
not eligible to receive a payment under section 5 which dwelling
was actually and lawfully occupied by such displaced person for not
less than 90 days prior to the initiation of negotiations for

1 acquisition of such dwelling. Such payment shall be either:

2 a. the amount necessary [to enable], that when added to the 3 amount the displaced person pays to rent the dwelling he is being 4 displaced from, would enable such displaced person to lease or rent 5 for a period not to exceed [4] five years, a decent, safe, and 6 sanitary dwelling of standards adequate to accommodate such 7 person in areas not generally less desirable in regard to public 8 utilities and public and commercial facilities, and reasonably 9 accessible to his place of employment [, but not to exceed \$4,000.00]; or 10

11 b. the amount necessary to enable such person to make a 12 downpayment (including incidental expenses described in section 5 13 a. (3) of P.L.1971, c.362 (C.20:4-5)) on the purchase of a decent, 14 safe, and sanitary dwelling of standards adequate to accommodate 15 such persons in areas not generally less desirable in regard to public utilities and public and commercial facilities, [but not to exceed 16 \$4,000.00] up to \$6,000. On the first day of the 12th month next 17 18 following enactment of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the 19 Legislature as this bill), the maximum permitted amount shall be 20 \$12,000. On the first day of the 24th month next following 21 enactment of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature 22 as this bill), the maximum permitted amount shall be \$18,000. Of 23 those phased-in maximum amounts, the first [\$2,000.00] \$3,000. 24 \$6,000, and \$9,000 respectively, [of which is to] shall be paid 25 without contribution from the displaced person, but thereafter such 26 payments will only be made on a matching dollar-for-dollar basis 27 with the displaced person provided, however, all such amounts in 28 this section shall be adjusted annually in accordance with section 7 29 of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this 30 bill).

31 (cf: P.L.1971, c.362, s.6)

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33 7. (New section) Beginning on the first day of the 36th month 34 next following enactment of P.L. , c. (pending before the 35 Legislature as this bill) all payment amounts set forth in sections 4 36 through 6 of P.L.1971, c.362 (C.20:4-4 through 20:4-6), shall be 37 annually automatically adjusted on the basis of the Consumer Price 38 Index for All Urban Consumers (CPI-U), U. S. City Average, 39 published by the United States Department of Labor, Bureau of 40 Labor Statistics, using the last published index figure as of the date 41 of displacement as the numerator and the index figure for the month 42 in which P.L. , c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as 43 this bill) becomes effective as the denominator.

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45 8. Section 22 of P.L.1971, c.362 (C.20:4-22) is amended to read 46 as follows:

The provisions of this act shall not apply to the State 1 22. 2 Department of Transportation or the New Jersey Transit 3 Corporation; provided, however, that the State Department of 4 Transportation and the New Jersey Transit Corporation shall 5 supplement its existing relocation assistance program designed to minimize the hardships of persons and business concerns displaced 6 7 as a result of the acquisition by said State Department of 8 Transportation and the New Jersey Transit Corporation of any real 9 property for a public use, by July 1, 1972. Said supplemented 10 program shall be in compliance with the rules and regulations of the 11 Federal Highway Administration and the Federal Transit 12 Administration relating to relocation assistance so as to fully qualify the Department of Transportation and the New Jersey 13 14 Transit Corporation for Federal aid reimbursement and to equal or 15 exceed the requirements of this statute. For purposes of 16 coordinating and formulating uniform relocation programs of the 17 State, the Commissioner of Transportation shall consult with the 18 Commissioner of the Department of Community Affairs in order 19 that said relocation assistance program will be in general 20 conformity with any rules and regulations promulgated by the 21 Commissioner of the Department of Community Affairs pursuant to 22 P.L. 91-646, the Uniform Relocation Assistance and Real Property 23 Acquisition Policies Act of 1970, and amendments thereto. 24 The Commissioner of Transportation shall have the right and 25 authority to promulgate regulations appropriate for the relocation 26 programs of both the State Department of Transportation and the

27 <u>New Jersey Transit Corporation</u>. The Department of Transportation

28 <u>shall act as the lead entity with regard to relocation appeals.</u>

29 (cf: P.L.1971, c.362, s.22)

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31 9. Section 19 of P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-28) is amended to 32 read as follows:

19. [Preparation; contents; modification.] a. The planning
board may prepare and, after public hearing, adopt or amend a
master plan or component parts thereof, to guide the use of lands
within the municipality in a manner which protects public health
and safety and promotes the general welfare.

b. The master plan shall generally comprise a report or
statement and land use and development proposals, with maps,
diagrams and text, presenting, at least the following elements (1)
and (2) and, where appropriate, the following elements (3) through
([15] 16):

43 (1) A statement of objectives, principles, assumptions, policies
44 and standards upon which the constituent proposals for the physical,
45 economic and social development of the municipality are based;

46 (2) A land use plan element (a) taking into account and stating its47 relationship to the statement provided for in paragraph (1) hereof,

1 and other master plan elements provided for in paragraphs (3) 2 through ([14] 16) hereof and natural conditions, including, but not 3 necessarily limited to, topography, soil conditions, water supply, drainage, flood plain areas, marshes, and woodlands; (b) showing 4 5 the existing and proposed location, extent and intensity of 6 development of land to be used in the future for varying types of 7 residential, commercial, industrial, agricultural, recreational, 8 educational and other public and private purposes or combination of 9 purposes; and stating the relationship thereof to the existing and any 10 proposed zone plan and zoning ordinance; and (c) showing the 11 existing and proposed location of any airports and the boundaries of 12 any airport safety zones delineated pursuant to the "Air Safety and 13 Zoning Act of 1983," P.L.1983, c.260 (C.6:1-80 et seq.); and (d) 14 including a statement of the standards of population density and 15 development intensity recommended for the municipality;

(3) A housing plan element pursuant to section 10 of P.L.1985,
c.222 (C.52:27D-310), including, but not limited to, residential
standards and proposals for the construction and improvement of
housing;

20 (4) A circulation plan element showing the location and types of 21 facilities for all modes of transportation required for the efficient 22 movement of people and goods into, about, and through the 23 municipality, taking into account the functional highway 24 classification system of the Federal Highway Administration and 25 the types, locations, conditions and availability of existing and 26 proposed transportation facilities, including air, water, road and rail; 27 (5) A utility service plan element analyzing the need for and 28 showing the future general location of water supply and distribution 29 facilities, drainage and flood control facilities, sewerage and waste 30 treatment, solid waste disposal and provision for other related 31 utilities, and including any storm water management plan required 32 pursuant to the provisions of P.L.1981, c.32 (C.40:55D-93 et al.). If

a municipality prepares a utility service plan element as a condition
for adopting a development transfer ordinance pursuant to
subsection c. of section 4 of P.L.2004, c.2 (C.40:55D-140), the plan
element shall address the provision of utilities in the receiving zone
as provided thereunder;

(6) A community facilities plan element showing the existing
and proposed location and type of educational or cultural facilities,
historic sites, libraries, hospitals, firehouses, police stations and
other related facilities, including their relation to the surrounding
areas;

43 (7) A recreation plan element showing a comprehensive system44 of areas and public sites for recreation;

(8) A conservation plan element providing for the preservation,
conservation, and utilization of natural resources, including, to the
extent appropriate, energy, open space, water supply, forests, soil,

1 marshes, wetlands, harbors, rivers and other waters, fisheries, 2 endangered or threatened species wildlife and other resources, and 3 which systemically analyzes the impact of each other component 4 and element of the master plan on the present and future 5 preservation, conservation and utilization of those resources;

6 (9) An economic plan element considering all aspects of 7 economic development and sustained economic vitality, including 8 (a) a comparison of the types of employment expected to be 9 provided by the economic development to be promoted with the 10 characteristics of the labor pool resident in the municipality and 11 nearby areas and (b) an analysis of the stability and diversity of the 12 economic development to be promoted;

13 (10) An historic preservation plan element: (a) indicating the 14 location and significance of historic sites and historic districts; (b) 15 identifying the standards used to assess worthiness for historic site or district identification; and (c) analyzing the impact of each 16 17 component and element of the master plan on the preservation of 18 historic sites and districts;

19 (11) Appendices or separate reports containing the technical 20 foundation for the master plan and its constituent elements;

21 (12) A recycling plan element which incorporates the State 22 Recycling Plan goals, including provisions for the collection, 23 disposition and recycling of recyclable materials designated in the 24 municipal recycling ordinance, and for the collection, disposition 25 and recycling of recyclable materials within any development 26 proposal for the construction of 50 or more units of single-family 27 residential housing or 25 or more units of multi-family residential 28 housing and any commercial or industrial development proposal for 29 the utilization of 1,000 square feet or more of land;

30 (13) A farmland preservation plan element, which shall include: 31 an inventory of farm properties and a map illustrating significant 32 areas of agricultural land; a statement showing that municipal 33 ordinances support and promote agriculture as a business; and a 34 plan for preserving as much farmland as possible in the short term 35 by leveraging moneys made available by P.L.1999, c.152 (C.13:8C-36 1 et al.) through a variety of mechanisms including, but not limited 37 utilizing option agreements, installment purchases, to, and 38 encouraging donations of permanent development easements;

39 (14) A development transfer plan element which sets forth the 40 public purposes, the locations of sending and receiving zones and 41 the technical details of a development transfer program based on the 42 provisions of section 5 of P.L.2004, c.2 (C.40:55D-141); [and]

43 (15) An educational facilities plan element which incorporates 44 the purposes and goals of the "long-range facilities plan" required to 45 be submitted to the Commissioner of Education by a school district pursuant to section 4 of P.L.2000, c.72 (C.18A:7G-4); and 46

1 (16) A redevelopment plan element identifying all areas that 2 have been designated redevelopment areas, or areas in need of 3 rehabilitation in the municipality, as well as additional areas that 4 may be so designated in the future, the goals and objectives of 5 projected redevelopment activities in those areas during the time 6 period covered by the master plan, the manner in which those 7 activities further the social, economic, and physical improvement of 8 the municipality, and the manner in which redevelopment activities 9 are linked to other activities being carried out by the municipality 10 pursuant to the municipal master plan, including improvements to 11 infrastructure, transportation improvements, and the construction of 12 public and community facilities. 13 c. The master plan and its plan elements may be divided into 14 subplans and subplan elements projected according to periods of 15 time or staging sequences. 16 d. The master plan shall include a specific policy statement 17 indicating the relationship of the proposed development of the 18 municipality, as developed in the master plan to (1) the master plans 19 of contiguous municipalities, (2) the master plan of the county in 20 which the municipality is located, (3) the State Development and 21 Redevelopment Plan adopted pursuant to the "State Planning Act," 22 sections 1 through 12 of P.L.1985, c.398 (C.52:18A-196 et seq.) 23 and (4) the district solid waste management plan required pursuant 24 to the provisions of the "Solid Waste Management Act," P.L.1970, 25 c.39 (C.13:1E-1 et seq.) of the county in which the municipality is 26 located. 27 In the case of a municipality situated within the Highlands Region, as defined in section 3 of P.L.2004, c.120 (C.13:20-3), the 28 29 master plan shall include a specific policy statement indicating the 30 relationship of the proposed development of the municipality, as 31 developed in the master plan, to the Highlands regional master plan 32 adopted pursuant to section 8 of P.L.2004, c.120 (C.13:20-8). 33 (cf: P.L.2007, c.137, s.59) 34 35 10. Section 3 of P.L.1992, c.79 (C.40A:12A-3) is amended to 36 read as follows: 37 3. As used in this act: 38 "Bonds" means any bonds, notes, interim certificates, debentures 39 other obligations issued by a municipality, county, 40 redevelopment entity, or housing authority pursuant to this act. 41 "Comparable affordable replacement housing" means housing 42 offered to households being displaced as a result of a 43 redevelopment project, that is affordable to that household as 44 defined by the Council on Affordable Housing in the Department of 45 Community Affairs, and that is comparable to the household's 46 dwelling in the redevelopment area with respect to the size and

47 amenities of the dwelling unit, the quality of the neighborhood, and

18

the level of public services and facilities offered by the municipality 1 2 in which the redevelopment area is located. 3 "Condemnation redevelopment area" means an area subject to a 4 declaration of blight, pursuant to the criteria listed in subsection k. 5 of section 5 of P.L.1992, c.79 (C.40A:12A-5), to permit the use of eminent domain authorized under Article VIII, Section III, 6 7 paragraph 1 of the New Jersey Constitution, as well as the granting 8 of tax exemptions. "Contamination" means any discharged hazardous substance as 9 defined pursuant to section 3 of P.L.1976, c.141 (C.58:10-23.11b), 10 hazardous waste as defined pursuant to section 1 of P.L.1976, c.99 11 12 (C.13:1E-38), or pollutant as defined pursuant to section 3 of 13 P.L.1977, c.74 (C.58:10A-3). 14 "Detrimental to the safety, health, or welfare of the community" 15 means objective evidence of detriment, consisting of or similar to: 16 substantial building or health code violations; a repeated need for 17 police intervention over an extended period of time; or a lack of 18 structural integrity. For commercial and industrial properties, the 19 objective evidence of detriment also may include a lack of proper 20 utilization of the land or structures resulting in conditions that are 21 stagnant and not fully productive under zoning ordinances in effect 22 at the time that the planning board performs its investigation 23 pursuant to section 6 of P.L.1992, c.79 (C.40A:12A-6). 24 "Development" means the division of a parcel of land into two or 25 more parcels, the construction, reconstruction, conversion, 26 structural alteration, relocation, or enlargement of any building or 27 other structure, or of any mining, excavation or landfill, and any use 28 or change in the use of any building or other structure, or land or 29 extension of use of land, for which permission may be required 30 pursuant to the "Municipal Land Use Law," P.L.1975, c.291 31 (C.40:55D-1 et seq.). 32 "Governing body" means the body exercising general legislative 33 powers in a county or municipality according to the terms and procedural requirements set forth in the form of government 34 35 adopted by the county or municipality. 36 "Housing authority" means a housing authority created or 37 continued pursuant to this act. 38 "Housing project" means a project, or distinct portion of a 39 project, which is designed and intended to provide decent, safe and 40 sanitary dwellings, apartments or other living accommodations for 41 persons of low and moderate income; such work or undertaking 42 may include buildings, land, equipment, facilities and other real or 43 personal property for necessary, convenient or desirable 44 streets, sewers, water appurtenances, service, parks, site 45 gardening, administrative, community, preparation, health, 46 recreational, educational, welfare or other purposes. The term 47 "housing project" also may be applied to the planning of the

19

buildings and improvements, the acquisition of property, the 1 2 demolition of existing structures, the construction, reconstruction, 3 alteration and repair of the improvements and all other work in 4 connection therewith. 5 "Major amendment" means a change in a redevelopment plan 6 that (1) increases the number of properties that are subject to 7 condemnation through eminent domain; (2) increases the residential 8 density by 20 percent or more; (3) increases the non-residential 9 square footage by 20 percent or more; or (4) increases the area 10 subject to the redevelopment plan. 11 "Minor amendment" means a change in a redevelopment plan that does not (1) increase the number of properties subject to 12 13 condemnation through eminent domain; (2) increase the residential 14 density by 20 percent or more; or (3) increase the non-residential 15 square footage by 20 percent or more. 16 "Oversight document" means "oversight document" as defined in 17 section 4 of P.L.2006, c.65 (C.58:10B-24.4). "Persons of low and moderate income" means persons or 18 19 families who are, in the case of State assisted projects or programs, 20 so defined by the Council on Affordable Housing in the Department 21 of Community Affairs, or in the case of federally assisted projects 22 or programs, defined as of "low and very low income" by the 23 United States Department of Housing and Urban Development. 24 "Public body" means the State or any county, municipality, 25 school district, authority or other political subdivision of the State. 26 "Public housing" means any housing for persons of low and 27 moderate income owned by a municipality, county, the State or the 28 federal government, or any agency or instrumentality thereof. 29 "Publicly assisted housing" means privately owned housing 30 which receives public assistance or subsidy, which may be grants or 31 loans for construction, reconstruction, conservation, or 32 rehabilitation of the housing, or receives operational or maintenance 33 subsidies either directly or through rental subsidies to tenants, from 34 a federal, State or local government agency or instrumentality. "Real property" means all lands, including improvements and 35 36 fixtures thereon, and property of any nature appurtenant thereto or 37 used in connection therewith, and every estate, interest and right, 38 legal or equitable, therein, including terms for years and liens by 39 way of judgment, mortgage or otherwise, and indebtedness secured 40 by such liens. 41 "Redeveloper" means any person, firm, corporation or public body that shall enter into or propose to enter into a contract with a 42 43 municipality or other redevelopment entity for the redevelopment or 44 rehabilitation of an area in need of redevelopment, or an area in 45 need of rehabilitation, or any part thereof, under the provisions of 46 this act, or for any construction or other work forming part of a 47 redevelopment or rehabilitation project.

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1 "Redevelopment" means clearance, replanning, development and 2 redevelopment; the conservation and rehabilitation of any structure 3 or improvement, the construction and provision for construction of 4 residential, commercial, industrial, public or other structures and 5 the grant or dedication of spaces as may be appropriate or necessary in the interest of the general welfare for streets, parks, playgrounds, 6 7 or other public purposes, including recreational and other facilities 8 incidental or appurtenant thereto, in accordance with a 9 redevelopment plan.

10 "Redevelopment agency" means a redevelopment agency created 11 pursuant to subsection a. of section 11 of P.L.1992, c.79 12 (C.40A:12A-11) or established heretofore pursuant to the 13 "Redevelopment Agencies Law," P.L.1949, c.306 (C.40:55C-1 et 14 seq.), repealed by this act, which has been permitted in accordance 15 with the provisions of this act to continue to exercise its 16 redevelopment functions and powers.

17 "Redevelopment area" or "area in need of redevelopment" means 18 an area determined to be in need of redevelopment, whether for 19 condemnation purposes or tax exemption purposes, as appropriate, 20 pursuant to sections 5 and 6 of P.L.1992, c.79 (C.40A:12A-5 and 21 40A:12A-6) or determined heretofore to be a "blighted area" 22 pursuant to P.L.1949, c.187 (C.40:55-21.1 et seq.) repealed by this 23 act, both determinations as made pursuant to the authority of Article 24 VIII, Section III, paragraph 1 of the Constitution. Α 25 redevelopment area may include lands, buildings, or improvements 26 which of themselves are not detrimental to the public health, safety 27 or welfare, but the inclusion of which is found necessary, with or 28 without change in their condition, for the effective redevelopment 29 of the area of which they are a part.

30 "Redevelopment area for tax exemption purposes" means an area
 31 subject to a declaration of blight, pursuant to the criteria listed in
 32 subsection i. of section 5 of P.L.1992, c.79 (C.40A:12A-5), to
 33 permit tax exemptions authorized under Article VIII, Section III,
 34 paragraph 1 of the New Jersey Constitution.

35 "Redevelopment entity" means a municipality or an entity 36 authorized by the governing body of a municipality pursuant to 37 subsection c. of section 4 of P.L.1992, c.79 (C.40A:12A-4) to 38 implement redevelopment plans and carry out redevelopment 39 projects in an area in need of redevelopment, or in an area in need 40 of rehabilitation, or in both.

41 "Redevelopment plan" means a plan adopted by the governing 42 body of a municipality for the redevelopment or rehabilitation of all 43 or any part of a redevelopment area, or an area in need of 44 rehabilitation, which plan shall be sufficiently complete to indicate 45 its relationship to definite municipal objectives as to appropriate 46 land uses, public transportation and utilities, recreational and 47 municipal facilities, and other public improvements; and to indicate

proposed land uses and building requirements in the redevelopment 1 2 area or area in need of rehabilitation, or both. 3 "Redevelopment project" means any work or undertaking 4 pursuant to a redevelopment plan; such undertaking may include 5 any buildings, land, including demolition, clearance or removal of buildings from land, equipment, facilities, or other real or personal 6 7 are necessary, convenient, or desirable properties which 8 appurtenances, such as but not limited to streets, sewers, utilities, 9 parks, site preparation, landscaping, and administrative, community, 10 health, recreational, educational, and welfare facilities. 11 "Rehabilitation" means an undertaking, by means of extensive 12 repair, reconstruction or renovation of existing structures, with or 13 without the introduction of new construction or the enlargement of 14 existing structures, in any area that has been determined to be in 15 need of rehabilitation or redevelopment, to eliminate substandard 16 structural or housing conditions and arrest the deterioration of that 17 area "Rehabilitation area" or "area in need of rehabilitation" means 18 19 any area determined to be in need of rehabilitation pursuant to 20 section 14 of P.L.1992, c.79 (C.40A:12A-14). 21 (cf: P.L.1992, c.79, s.3) 22 23 11. Section 4 of P.L.1992, c.79 (C.40A:12A-4) is amended to 24 read as follows: 25 4. In exercising the redevelopment and rehabilitation functions 26 provided for in this act: 27 a. A municipal governing body shall have the power to: 28 (1) Cause a preliminary investigation to be made pursuant to 29 subsection a. of section 6 of P.L.1992, c.79 (C.40A:12A-6) as to 30 whether an area is in need of redevelopment; 31 (2) Determine pursuant to subsection b. or subsection f. of 32 section 6 of P.L.1992, c.79 (C.40A:12A-6) that an area is in need of 33 redevelopment; 34 (3) Adopt a redevelopment plan pursuant to section 7 of 35 P.L.1992, c.79 (C.40A:12A-7); 36 (4) Determine pursuant to section 14 of P.L.1992, c.79 37 (C.40A:12A-14) that an area is in need of rehabilitation. 38 b. A municipal planning board shall have the power to: 39 (1) Conduct, when authorized by the municipal governing body, 40 preliminary investigation and hearing and a make а 41 recommendation pursuant to subsection b. or subsection f. of 42 section 6 of P.L.1992, c.79 (C.40A:12A-6) as to whether an area is 43 in need of redevelopment; 44 (2) Make recommendations concerning a redevelopment plan 45 pursuant to subsection e. of section 7 of P.L.1992, c.79 46 (C.40A:12A-7), or prepare a redevelopment plan pursuant to 47 subsection f. of that section.

(3) Make recommendations concerning the determination of an
 area in need of rehabilitation pursuant to section 14 of P.L.1992,
 c.79 (C.40A:12A-14).

4 c. The municipality shall be responsible for implementing 5 redevelopment plans and carrying out redevelopment projects pursuant to section 8 of P.L.1992, c.79 (C.40A:12A-8). 6 The 7 municipality may execute these responsibilities directly, or in 8 addition thereto or in lieu thereof, [through] may designate by 9 ordinance either a municipal redevelopment agency, or a municipal 10 housing authority authorized to exercise redevelopment powers 11 pursuant to section 21 of P.L.1992, c.79 (C.40A:12A-21), but there 12 shall be only one redevelopment entity responsible for each 13 redevelopment project. A county improvement authority authorized 14 to undertake redevelopment projects pursuant to the "county 15 improvement authorities law," P.L.1960, c.183 (C.40:37A-44 et 16 seq.) may also act as a redevelopment entity pursuant to this act. 17 The redevelopment entity, so authorized, may contract with any 18 other public body, in accordance with the provisions of section 8 of 19 P.L.1992, c.79 (C.40A:12A-8), for the carrying out of a 20 redevelopment project or any part thereof under its jurisdiction. 21 Notwithstanding the above, the governing body of the municipality 22 may, by ordinance, change or rescind the designation of the 23 redevelopment [entity responsible for implementing] agency or 24 housing authority designated to implement a redevelopment plan 25 and [carrying] <u>carry</u> out a redevelopment project and may <u>have the</u> 26 municipality assume this responsibility [itself, but] ; provided, 27 however, that only the redevelopment entity authorized to undertake 28 a particular redevelopment project shall remain authorized to 29 complete it, unless the redevelopment entity and redeveloper agree 30 otherwise, or unless no obligations have been entered into by the 31 redevelopment entity with parties other than the municipality. This 32 shall not diminish the power of the municipality to dissolve a 33 redevelopment entity pursuant to section 24 of P.L.1992, c.79 34 (C.40A:12A-24), and section 20 of the "Local Authorities Fiscal 35 Control Law," P.L.1983, c.313 (C.40A:5A-20). For each 36 redevelopment project, the New Jersey Redevelopment Authority, 37 established pursuant to section 4 of P.L.1996, c.62 (C.55:19-23), 38 shall have the authority to act as a redevelopment entity in order to 39 expedite the project. 40 d. (1) No municipality shall exercise the power of eminent 41 domain in a condemnation redevelopment area for the acquisition of 42 land subject to the protections provided under section 12 of 43 P.L.1983, c.32 (C.4:1C-19) or for the acquisition of

44 environmentally contaminated property subject to a bona fide

45 oversight document with the Department of Environmental

46 <u>Protection for the remediation of that property.</u>

1 (2) (a) A municipality, either for itself or on behalf of a 2 redevelopment entity or redeveloper, may request the compliance 3 status of a property located within the municipality with regard to a 4 Department of Environment Protection oversight document. 5 (b) The Department of Environmental Protection shall provide to the clerk of a municipality requesting information under 6 7 subparagraph (a) of this paragraph, information as to whether the 8 property in question is in compliance with an oversight document, 9 including whether a notice of violation concerning the failure of the 10 person responsible for the remediation of that property has been 11 issued. 12 e. A municipal governing body, a municipal planning board, or a 13 redevelopment entity may exercise any power and carry out any 14 responsibility under P.L.1992, c.79 (40A:12A-1 et seq.), 15 notwithstanding that the municipality's master plan does not contain 16 a redevelopment plan element as set forth in paragraph (15) of 17 subsection b. of section 19 of P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-28) 18 (pending before the Legislature as section 9 of this bill). 19 (cf: P.L.1992, c.79, s.4) 20 21 12. Section 5 of P.L.1992, c.79 (C.40A:12A-5) is amended to 22 read as follows: 23 5. A delineated area may be determined to be in need of 24 redevelopment if, after investigation, notice and hearing as provided 25 in section 6 of P.L.1992, c.79 (C.40A:12A-6), the governing body 26 of the municipality by resolution concludes that within the 27 delineated area any of the following conditions is found: 28 The generality of buildings are substandard, unsafe, a. 29 unsanitary, dilapidated, or obsolescent, or possess any of such 30 characteristics, or are so lacking in light, air, or space, as to be 31 conducive to unwholesome living or working conditions.] (Deleted 32 by amendment, P.L., c. .) (pending before the Legislature as this 33 bill) 34 b. The discontinuance of the use of buildings previously used 35 for commercial, manufacturing, or industrial purposes; the 36 abandonment of such buildings; or the same being allowed to fall 37 into so great a state of disrepair as to be untenantable. (Deleted by 38 amendment, P.L., c. .) (pending before the Legislature as this 39 bill) 40 c. Land that is owned by the municipality, the county, a local housing authority, redevelopment agency or redevelopment entity, 41 42 or unimproved vacant land that has remained so for a period of ten 43 years prior to adoption of the resolution, and that by reason of its 44 location, remoteness, lack of means of access to developed sections 45 or portions of the municipality, or topography, or nature of the soil, 46 is not likely to be developed through the instrumentality of private

24

capital.] (Deleted by amendment, P.L., c. .) (pending before the
 Legislature as this bill)
 d. [Areas with buildings or improvements which, by reason of
 dilapidation, obsolescence, overcrowding, faulty arrangement or

design, lack of ventilation, light and sanitary facilities, excessive
land coverage, deleterious land use or obsolete layout, or any
combination of these or other factors, are detrimental to the safety,
health, morals, or welfare of the community.] (Deleted by
amendment, P.L., c. .) (pending before the Legislature as this
bill)

e. [A growing lack or total lack of proper utilization of areas caused by the condition of the title, diverse ownership of the real property therein or other conditions, resulting in a stagnant or not fully productive condition of land potentially useful and valuable for contributing to and serving the public health, safety and welfare.] (Deleted by amendment, P.L. , c. .) (pending before the Legislature as this bill)

18 f. [Areas, in excess of five contiguous acres, whereon buildings 19 or improvements have been destroyed, consumed by fire, 20 demolished or altered by the action of storm, fire, cyclone, tornado, 21 earthquake or other casualty in such a way that the aggregate 22 assessed value of the area has been materially depreciated.] 23 (Deleted by amendment, P.L. , c. .) (pending before the 24 Legislature as this bill)

25 g. [In any municipality in which an enterprise zone has been designated pursuant to the "New Jersey Urban Enterprise Zones 26 Act," P.L.1983, c.303 (C.52:27H-60 et seq.) the execution of the 27 28 actions prescribed in that act for the adoption by the municipality 29 and approval by the New Jersey Urban Enterprise Zone Authority 30 of the zone development plan for the area of the enterprise zone 31 shall be considered sufficient for the determination that the area is 32 in need of redevelopment pursuant to sections 5 and 6 of P.L.1992, 33 c.79 (C.40A:12A-5 and 40A:12A-6) for the purpose of granting tax 34 exemptions within the enterprise zone district pursuant to the 35 provisions of P.L.1991, c.431 (C.40A:20-1 et seq.) or the adoption 36 of a tax abatement and exemption ordinance pursuant to the 37 provisions of P.L.1991, c.441 (C.40A:21-1 et seq.). The 38 municipality shall not utilize any other redevelopment powers 39 within the urban enterprise zone unless the municipal governing 40 body and planning board have also taken the actions and fulfilled 41 the requirements prescribed in P.L.1992, c.79 (C.40A:12A-1 et al.) 42 for determining that the area is in need of redevelopment or an area 43 in need of rehabilitation and the municipal governing body has 44 adopted a redevelopment plan ordinance including the area of the 45 enterprise zone.] (Deleted by amendment, P.L., c. .) (pending before the Legislature as this bill) 46

h. The designation of the delineated area is consistent with 1 2 smart growth planning principles adopted pursuant to law or regulation.] (Deleted by amendment, P.L., c. .) (pending before 3 4 the Legislature as this bill) 5 i. A delineated area may be determined to be in need of 6 redevelopment for tax exemption purposes if, after investigation, 7 notice and hearing as provided in subsection a. of section 6 of 8 P.L.1992, c.79 (C.40A:12A-6), the governing body of the 9 municipality, by resolution, concludes that within the delineated 10 area any of the following conditions is found: 11 (1) The generality of buildings are substandard, unsafe, unsanitary, dilapidated, or obsolescent, or possess any of such 12 13 characteristics, or are so lacking in light, air, or space, as to be 14 conducive to unwholesome living or working conditions. 15 (2) The discontinuance of the use of buildings previously used for commercial, manufacturing, or industrial purposes; the 16 17 abandonment of such buildings; or the same being allowed to fall 18 into so great a state of disrepair as to be untenantable. 19 (3) Land that is owned by the municipality, the county, a local 20 housing authority, redevelopment agency or redevelopment entity, 21 or unimproved vacant land that has remained so for a period of five 22 years prior to adoption of the resolution, and that by reason of its 23 location, remoteness, lack of means of access to developed sections 24 or portions of the municipality, or topography, or nature of the soil, 25 is not likely to be developed through the instrumentality of private 26 capital. 27 (4) Areas with buildings or improvements which, by reason of 28 dilapidation, obsolescence, overcrowding, faulty arrangement or 29 design, lack of ventilation, light and sanitary facilities, excessive 30 land coverage, deleterious land use or obsolete layout, or any 31 combination of these or other factors, do not serve the safety, 32 health, morals, or welfare of the community. 33 (5) A growing lack or total lack of proper utilization of areas 34 caused by the condition of the title, diverse ownership of the real property therein or other similar conditions, resulting in a stagnant 35 36 or not fully productive condition of land potentially useful and 37 valuable for contributing to and serving the public health, safety 38 and welfare. 39 (6) Areas, in excess of five contiguous acres, whereon buildings 40 or improvements have been destroyed, consumed by fire, 41 demolished or altered by the action of storm, fire, cyclone, tornado, 42 earthquake or other casualty in such a way that the aggregate 43 assessed value of the area has been materially depreciated. 44 (7) An area which has been designated an enterprise zone 45 pursuant to the "New Jersey Urban Enterprise Zones Act," 46 P.L.1983, c.303 (C.52:27H-60 et seq.).

26

(8) Property either that is vacant, including undeveloped 1 2 property, or that has been substantially underutilized for a period of 3 24 consecutive months due to environmental contamination. 4 j. An area in need of redevelopment for tax exemption purposes 5 may include parcels containing lands, buildings, or improvements 6 which do not meet any of the criteria set forth in this section, but 7 the inclusion of which is found necessary, with or without change in 8 their condition, for the effective redevelopment of the area of which 9 they are a part; provided, however, that when such parcels, in the 10 aggregate, shall comprise in excess of 20% of the land mass of the 11 designated redevelopment area for tax exemption purposes, the 12 planning board shall be required to hold an additional public 13 hearing on the matter. 14 k. A delineated area may be determined to be a condemnation 15 redevelopment area for both the exercise of the power of 16 condemnation and tax exemption purposes if, after investigation, 17 notice and hearing as provided in subsection e. of section 6 of 18 P.L.1992, c.79 (C.40A:12A-6), the governing body of the 19 municipality, by ordinance, concludes that within the delineated 20 area, and with respect to every lot therein, any of the following 21 conditions is found: 22 (1) At least one or more buildings or structures on an improved 23 lot are substandard, unsafe, unsanitary, dilapidated, or obsolescent, 24 or are so lacking in light, air, or space, as to be conducive to 25 unwholesome living or working conditions. 26 (2) The discontinuance of the use of buildings previously used 27 for commercial, manufacturing, or industrial purposes; the 28 abandonment of such buildings; or the same being allowed to fall 29 into so great a state of disrepair as to be untenantable. 30 (3) Unimproved vacant private land that has remained so for a 31 period of at least 10 years prior to the investigation by the planning 32 board, and that by reason of its location, remoteness, lack of means 33 of access to developed sections or portions of the municipality, or 34 topography or nature of the soil, (a) is not likely to be developed 35 through the instrumentality of private capital during the period of 36 the implementation of the redevelopment plan, or (b) is determined 37 to be detrimental to the safety, health, or welfare of the community. 38 (4) Areas with buildings or improvements which, by reason of 39 dilapidation, obsolescence, overcrowding, faulty arrangement or 40 design, lack of ventilation, light and sanitary facilities, excessive 41 land coverage, deleterious land use or obsolete layout, or any 42 combination of these or other factors, do not serve the safety, 43 health, morals, or welfare of the community. 44 (5) Areas, in excess of five contiguous acres, whereon buildings 45 or improvements have been destroyed, consumed by fire, 46 demolished or altered by the action of storm, fire, cyclone, tornado,

27

1 earthquake or other casualty in such a way that the aggregate 2 assessed value of the area has been materially depreciated. 3 (6) Property either that is vacant, including undeveloped 4 property, or that has been substantially underutilized due to 5 environmental contamination, unless the entire property is the 6 subject of an oversight document with the Department of 7 Environmental Protection for the remediation of the property. 8 1. Notwithstanding subsection k. of this section, a condemnation 9 redevelopment area may include non-blighted parcels, being those 10 parcels containing lands, buildings, or improvements which do not 11 meet the criteria of a condemnation redevelopment area under this 12 section, the inclusion of which are found necessary, with or without 13 change in their condition, for the effective redevelopment of the 14 area of which they are a part; provided, however, that when such 15 parcels, in the aggregate, shall comprise more than 10% of the land 16 mass of the designated condemnation redevelopment area, the 17 municipality shall be required to adopt a separate ordinance 18 authorizing the inclusion of the extra non-blighted parcels. 19 Environmentally contaminated property that is subject to an 20 oversight document with the Department of Environmental 21 Protection, or lands subject to the protections provided under 22 section 12 of P.L.1983, c.32 (C.4:1C-19), shall not be included as 23 "non-blighted parcels necessary to the effective redevelopment of 24 the area" without the express written consent of the property owner. 25 An additional hearing by the planning board shall be required for 26 the inclusion of non-blighted parcels within the condemnation 27 redevelopment area, with notice provided to the owners and 28 interested parties as provided in subparagraph (b) of paragraph (3) 29 of subsection f. of section 6 of P.L.1992, c.79 (C.40A:12A-6). 30 (cf: P.L.2003, c.125, s.3) 31 32 13. Section 6 of P.L.1992, c.79 (C.40A:12A-6) is amended to 33 read as follows: 34 6. a. No area of a municipality shall be determined a 35 redevelopment area for tax exemption purposes unless the 36 governing body of the municipality shall, by resolution, authorize 37 the planning board to undertake a preliminary investigation to 38 determine whether the proposed area is a redevelopment area for tax 39 exemption purposes according to the criteria set forth in subsection 40 i. of section 5 of P.L.1992, c.79 (C.40A:12A-5) (pending before the 41 Legislature as section 12 of this bill). Such determination shall be 42 made after public notice and public hearing as provided in 43 subsection b. of this section. The governing body of a municipality 44 shall assign the conduct of the investigation and hearing to the 45 planning board of the municipality. 46 b. (1) Before proceeding to a public hearing on the matter, the 47 planning board shall prepare a map showing the boundaries of the

28

1 proposed redevelopment area and the location of the various parcels 2 of property included therein. There shall be appended to the map a 3 statement setting forth the basis for the investigation. 4 (2) The planning board shall specify a date for and give notice of 5 a hearing for the purpose of hearing persons who are interested in or 6 would be affected by a determination that the delineated area is a 7 redevelopment area. 8 (3) (a) The hearing notice shall set forth the general boundaries 9 of the area to be investigated and state that a map has been prepared 10 and can be inspected at the office of the municipal clerk. The notice shall identify the office in which the public may inspect 11 12 documents relevant to the determination that an area is in need of redevelopment for tax exemption purposes. The notice shall be 13 14 written in simple, clear, understandable, and easily readable 15 language. The notice shall include the following statement in bold 16 typeface: 17 18 THE GOVERNING BODY OF IS 19 CONSIDERING DESIGNATING PART OF THE 20 MUNICIPALITY AS A "REDEVELOPMENT AREA FOR TAX EXEMPTION PURPOSES." 21 THIS DOES NOT ALLOW PRIVATE PROPERTIES LOCATED WITHIN 22 23 THAT REDEVELOPMENT AREA TO BE TAKEN BY 24 **CONDEMNATION. NO PRIVATE PROPERTY WILL BE** 25 TAKEN BY CONDEMNATION UNLESS IT IS LOCATED IN AN AREA DESIGNATED AS A "CONDEMNATION 26 27 **REDEVELOPMENT AREA'' AND THE OWNER IS** 28 PROVIDED WITH SPECIFIC NOTICE. 29 30 (b) A copy of the notice shall be published in a newspaper of 31 general circulation in the municipality once each week for two 32 consecutive weeks, and the last publication shall be not less than ten 33 days prior to the date set for the hearing. If the municipality has an 34 Internet web site, the notice shall be posted thereon. A copy of the 35 notice also shall be posted in such other places within or proximate 36 to the proposed redevelopment area for tax exemption purposes as 37 may be available and appropriate. A copy of the notice shall be 38 mailed at least ten days prior to the date set for the hearing to the 39 last owner, if any, of each parcel of property within the area 40 according to the assessment records of the municipality. A notice 41 shall also be sent to all persons at their last known address, if any, 42 whose names are noted on the assessment records as claimants of an 43 interest in any such parcel. The assessor of the municipality shall 44 make a notation upon the records when requested to do so by any 45 person claiming to have an interest in any parcel of property in the 46 municipality. The notice shall be published and mailed by the 47 municipal clerk, or by such clerk or official as the planning board

29

shall otherwise designate. Failure to mail any such notice shall not 1 2 invalidate the investigation or determination thereon] be governed 3 by the provisions of section 22 of P.L., c. (C.) (pending 4 before the Legislature as this bill). 5 (c) Prior to the hearing, a copy of all documents relevant to the determination that an area is in need of redevelopment for tax 6 7 exemption purposes shall be available for public inspection during 8 regular business hours at a location set forth in the notice, and if the 9 municipality has an Internet web site, they shall be posted thereon. 10 (4) At the hearing, which may be adjourned from time to time, the planning board shall hear all persons who are interested in or 11 12 would be affected by a determination that the delineated area is a 13 redevelopment area for tax exemption purposes. All objections to 14 such a determination and evidence in support of those objections, 15 given orally or in writing, shall be received and considered and 16 made part of the public record. 17 (5) After completing its hearing on this matter, the planning board shall recommend that the delineated area, or any part thereof, 18 19 be determined, or not be determined, by the municipal governing 20 body to be a redevelopment area for tax exemption purposes. After 21 receiving the recommendation of the planning board, the municipal 22 governing body may adopt a resolution determining that the 23 delineated area, or any part thereof, is a redevelopment area for tax 24 exemption purposes. Upon the adoption of a resolution, the clerk of 25 the municipality shall, forthwith, transmit a copy of the resolution 26 to the Commissioner of Community Affairs for review. If the area 27 in need of redevelopment for tax exemption purposes is not situated 28 in an area in which development or redevelopment is to be 29 encouraged pursuant to any State law or regulation promulgated 30 pursuant thereto, the determination shall not take effect without first 31 receiving the review and the approval of the commissioner. If the 32 commissioner does not issue an approval or disapproval within 30 33 calendar days of transmittal by the clerk, the determination shall be deemed to be approved. If the area in need of redevelopment is 34 35 situated in an area in which development or redevelopment is to be 36 encouraged pursuant to any State law or regulation promulgated 37 pursuant thereto, then the determination shall take effect after the 38 clerk has transmitted a copy of the resolution to the commissioner. 39 The determination, if supported by substantial evidence and, if 40 required, approved by the commissioner, shall be binding and 41 conclusive upon all persons affected by the determination. Notice 42 of the determination shall be served, within 10 days after the 43 determination, upon each person who filed a written objection 44 thereto and stated, in or upon the written submission, an address to 45 which notice of determination may be sent. 46 (6) If written objections were filed in connection with the

46 (6) If written objections were filed in connection with the 47 hearing, the municipality shall, for 45 days next following its

determination to which the objections were filed, take no further
 action to [acquire any property by condemnation] grant tax
 <u>exemptions</u> within the redevelopment area for tax exemption
 <u>purposes</u>.

5 (7) If a person who filed a written objection to a determination 6 by the municipality pursuant to this subsection shall, within 45 days 7 after the adoption by the municipality of the determination to which 8 the person objected, apply to the Superior Court, the court may 9 grant further review of the determination by procedure in lieu of 10 prerogative writ; and in any such action the court may make any 11 incidental order that it deems proper.

12 c. An area determined to be in need of redevelopment for tax 13 exemption purposes pursuant to subsections a. and b. of this section 14 shall be deemed to be a "blighted area" for all of the purposes of 15 Article VIII, Section III, paragraph 1 of the Constitution except for 16 the purpose of acquiring property through the exercise of the power 17 of eminent domain. If an area is determined to be a redevelopment 18 area for tax exemption purposes and a redevelopment plan is 19 adopted for that area in accordance with the provisions of this act, 20 the municipality is authorized to utilize all those powers provided in 21 section 8 of P.L.1992, c.79 (C.40A:12A-8), except that the power of 22 condemnation shall be exercised only in an area declared to be a 23 condemnation redevelopment area pursuant to subsection e. of this 24 section.

25 d. Designation of an area as a redevelopment area shall lapse 10 26 years following: (1) the adoption of the resolution or ordinance, as 27 appropriate, making the determination if the municipality has not 28 adopted a redevelopment plan for that redevelopment area and made 29 substantial progress on implementing the plan, or (2) the final 30 adoption of the original redevelopment plan if no projects have 31 been commenced pursuant to the redevelopment plan, or one or 32 more projects have been commenced but substantial progress is not 33 being made towards implementing the plan. For the purposes of 34 this subsection, a bona fide agreement for project financing shall 35 constitute commencement of a project or substantial progress on 36 implementing the plan.

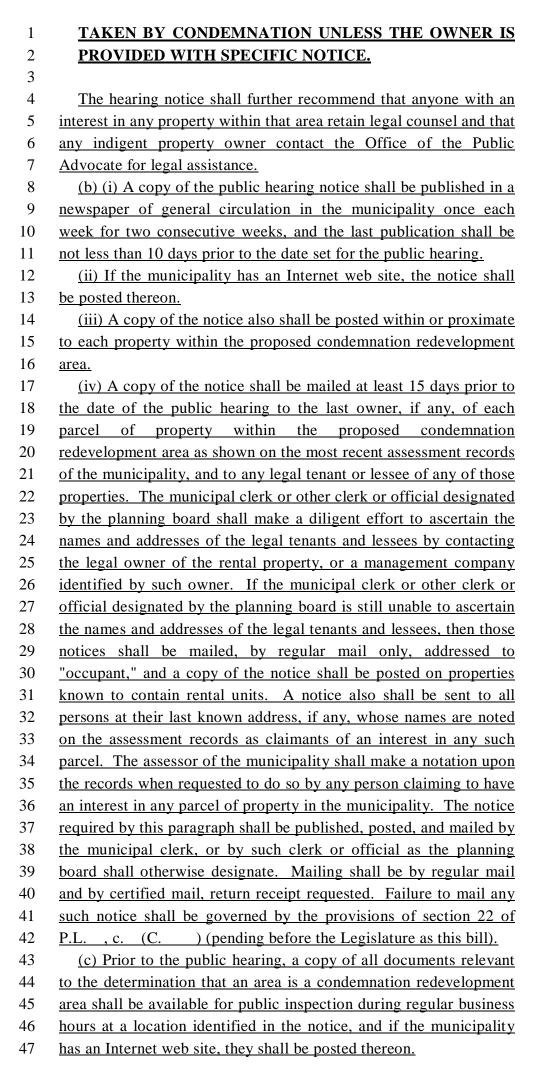
37 e. (1) No area of a municipality shall be determined a 38 condemnation redevelopment area unless the governing body of the 39 municipality shall, by ordinance, authorize the planning board to 40 undertake a preliminary investigation to determine whether the 41 proposed area is a condemnation redevelopment area according to 42 the criteria set forth in subsection k. of section 5 of P.L.1992, c.79 43 (C.40A:12A-5). The determination shall be made after public 44 notice and public hearing as provided in subsection f. of this 45 section. The notice required under R.S.40:49-2 for final passage of 46 the ordinance shall clearly state that final passage of the ordinance

1 will begin the process through which private property may be taken 2 by condemnation. 3 (2) (a) The governing body of a municipality shall assign the 4 conduct of the investigation and hearing required by this subsection 5 to the planning board of the municipality. 6 (b) In the case of any proposed condemnation redevelopment 7 area of a municipality that is more than 10 acres in area, or that 8 contains more than 100 occupied dwelling units or more than 50 9 operating business premises, the governing body shall hold a public 10 informational meeting prior to adoption of the ordinance 11 authorizing the planning board to undertake a preliminary 12 investigation as set forth in this subsection. Notice of the public 13 informational meeting shall be as in subparagraph (b) of paragraph 14 (3) of subsection f. of this section, except that notice to individual 15 property owners and tenants shall not be required. 16 (3) A redeveloper shall not conduct or fund any part of the 17 investigation unless that fact has been clearly disclosed in the 18 authorizing ordinance adopted pursuant to this subsection, or any 19 amendment thereto. A redeveloper in violation of this paragraph is 20 disqualified from entering into a redevelopment agreement pursuant 21 to section 20 of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the 22 Legislature as this bill). 23 f. (1) Before proceeding to a public hearing on the matter, the 24 planning board shall prepare a map showing the boundaries of the 25 proposed condemnation redevelopment area and the location, by block, lot, and street address, of the various parcels of property 26 27 included therein. There shall be appended to the map a report 28 setting forth the factual and legal basis for the investigation. 29 (2) The planning board shall specify a date for, and give notice 30 of, a public hearing for the purpose of hearing persons who are 31 interested in, or would be affected by, a determination that the 32 delineated area is a condemnation redevelopment area. 33 (3) (a) The public hearing notice shall be written in simple, clear, 34 understandable, and easily readable language. It shall set forth the 35 general boundaries of the area to be investigated and state that a 36 map and report have been prepared and can be inspected during 37 regular business hours at a location identified in the notice. The 38 hearing notice also shall include the following statement in bold 39 typeface: 40 41 THE GOVERNING BODY OF IS 42 CONSIDERING DESIGNATING PART OF THE "CONDEMNATION 43 MUNICIPALITY AS Α **REDEVELOPMENT AREA.**" THIS WOULD ALLOW 44 45 PRIVATE PROPERTIES LOCATED WITHIN THE 46 CONDEMNATION AREA TO BE TAKEN BY

CONDEMNATION. NO PRIVATE PROPERTY WILL BE

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1 (4) At the public hearing, which may be adjourned from time to 2 time, the planning board shall hear all persons who are interested in, 3 or would be affected by, a determination that the delineated area is 4 a condemnation redevelopment area. All objections to such a 5 determination and evidence in support of those objections, given 6 orally or in writing, shall be received and considered, and made part 7 of the public record. 8 (5) (a) After completing its hearing on this matter, the planning 9 board shall recommend that the delineated area, or any part thereof, 10 be determined, or not be determined, by the municipal governing 11 body to be a condemnation redevelopment area. 12 (b) After receiving the recommendation of the planning board, 13 the municipal governing body may adopt an ordinance determining 14 that the delineated area, or any part thereof, is a condemnation 15 redevelopment area. Prior to final adoption of the ordinance the 16 clerk of the municipality shall forthwith transmit a copy of the 17 ordinance to the Commissioner of Community Affairs and to the 18 Office of the Public Advocate for informational purposes only. No 19 parcel shall be included in the condemnation redevelopment area 20 that was not recommended for inclusion by the planning board. 21 (6) (a) Notice of final adoption of an ordinance making a 22 determination that an area is a condemnation redevelopment area 23 shall be served, within 10 days after the final adoption of the 24 ordinance making the determination, upon each person who 25 received notice of the public hearing in accordance with paragraph 26 (3) of this subsection in the same manner as provided therein. 27 Additionally, notice of final adoption of an ordinance making a 28 determination of a condemnation redevelopment area shall be 29 published in the official newspaper of the municipality, together 30 with the date of the first publication of such notice and also a 31 statement that any action or proceeding of any kind or nature in any 32 court questioning the validity of the adoption of the ordinance or 33 the determination contained therein, shall be commenced within 60 34 days after the first publication of such notice. 35 (b) In any action or proceeding before the court questioning the 36 validity of the determination of a property to be within a 37 condemnation redevelopment area, the municipality, redevelopment 38 entity, or redeveloper shall have the burden of going forward to 39 prove, by substantial evidence, that at least one of the conditions 40 listed in subsection k. of section 5 of P.L.1992, c.79 (C.40A:12A-6) 41 existed on the property at the time of the investigation by the 42 planning board and of the adoption of the ordinance delineating the 43 condemnation area, or that the municipality, redevelopment entity, 44 or redeveloper, as the case may be, is entitled to include the 45 property in the condemnation redevelopment area. 46 (7) Upon finding that any property is not necessary for the 47 completion of a redevelopment project, the municipal governing

1 body shall adopt a resolution to omit that property from the 2 redevelopment plan and shall not have to take further action to 3 amend the plan. 4 g. An area determined to be a condemnation redevelopment area 5 pursuant to subsections e. and f. of this section shall be deemed to be a "blighted area" for all of the purposes of Article VIII, Section 6 7 III, paragraph 1 of the Constitution. If an area is determined to be a 8 condemnation redevelopment area and a redevelopment plan is 9 adopted for that area in accordance with the provisions of P.L.1992, 10 c.79 (C.40A:12A-1 et al.), the municipality is authorized to utilize 11 all those powers provided in section 8 of P.L.1992, c.79 12 (C.40A:12A-8). 13 (cf: P.L.2003, c.125, s.4) 14 15 14. Section 7 of P.L.1992, c.79 (C.40A:12A-7) is amended to 16 read as follows: 17 7. a. Following the determination of a redevelopment area for 18 tax exemption or condemnation purposes pursuant to section 6 of 19 P.L.1992, c.79 (C.40A:12A-6), or a determination of an area in 20 need of rehabilitation pursuant to section 14 of P.L.1992, c.79 21 (C.40A:12A-14), the municipality may undertake the preparation of 22 a redevelopment plan for all or some part of the area determined to 23 be in need of redevelopment or rehabilitation, directly in 24 accordance with subsection e. of this section, or, by resolution, may 25 direct the municipal planning board to develop such plan in 26 accordance with subsection f. of this section. No redevelopment 27 project shall be undertaken or carried out except in accordance with a redevelopment plan adopted by ordinance of the municipal 28 29 governing body, upon its finding that the <u>relating to a</u> specifically 30 delineated project area that is located in an area in need of 31 redevelopment or in an area in need of rehabilitation, or in both, 32 according to criteria set forth in section 5 or section 14 of P.L.1992, 33 c.79 (C.40A:12A-5 or 40A:12A-14), as appropriate. 34 The <u>A</u> redevelopment plan shall include an outline for the 35 planning, development, redevelopment, or rehabilitation of the 36 project area sufficient to indicate: 37 (1) [Its] The relationship of the plan to [definite] local 38 objectives as set forth in the municipal master plan or other official 39 documents with respect to [appropriate] land uses, density of 40 population, [and improved] improvements or changes to traffic 41 circulation, pedestrian circulation and public transportation, public 42 utilities, recreational and community facilities and other public 43 improvements. 44 (2) Proposed land uses and building requirements in the project 45 area, including the character, intensity and scale of proposed 46 redevelopment activities, and the design and planning standards and 47 guidelines to govern those activities.

35

1 (3) [Adequate provision for] <u>A relocation study adequate to</u> 2 identify available units suitable to the temporary and permanent 3 relocation, as necessary, of residents and businesses in the project 4 area, as required by the "Relocation Assistance Act," P.L.1971, 5 c.362 (C.20:4-1 et seq.), and any other applicable law, including, 6 for residents, an estimate of the extent to which decent, safe and 7 sanitary dwelling units affordable to displaced residents] 8 comparable, affordable replacement housing will be available to 9 them] in the existing local housing market, an assessment of the 10 disparity between the availability of comparable, affordable 11 replacement housing and the needs of the residents in the project 12 area, an estimate of the amount and type of replacement housing 13 that will have to be provided within or without the redevelopment 14 area in order to meet the relocation needs of residents in the project 15 area, and a plan setting forth the manner and timetable in which that 16 housing, if needed, will be provided. 17 (4) (a) An identification, by block and lot and street address, if any, of [any] every property within the redevelopment area 18 19 [which]. The redevelopment plan shall indicate whether a property 20 is proposed to be acquired [in accordance with the redevelopment 21 plan and whether that property will be subject to demolition or 22 infill. 23 (b) With regard to properties located within a condemnation 24 redevelopment area, the redevelopment plan shall indicate each 25 property's relationship to the objectives of the redevelopment plan 26 that cannot be realistically achieved without the acquisition of that property, any alternatives that were considered to the proposed 27 28 acquisition, and the reasons that such alternatives would not provide 29 for realistic achievement of the objectives of the redevelopment 30 plan, if adopted. The allocation of the cost of this assessment shall 31 be negotiated and agreed upon between the municipality and the 32 redevelopment entity. 33 (5) Any significant relationship of the redevelopment plan to (a) 34 the master plans of contiguous municipalities, (b) the master plan of 35 the county in which the municipality is located, and (c) the State 36 Development and Redevelopment Plan adopted pursuant to the 37 "State Planning Act," P.L.1985, c.398 (C.52:18A-196 et al.). 38 (6) The social and economic impact of the redevelopment area, 39 including its effect on those parts of the municipality adjacent to the 40 redevelopment area, and on the low and moderate income residents 41 of the area, further including estimates of the number of temporary 42 and permanent jobs that will be available to the low and moderate 43 income residents of the area. 44 (7) An explanation of how any development controls contained 45 in the redevelopment plan are consistent with smart growth 46 planning principles adopted pursuant to law or regulation.

36

1 (8) An estimate of the number of dwelling units for low and 2 moderate income households that may be required as a result of 3 implementing the redevelopment plan, in order to meet the 4 municipality's obligations under the "Fair Housing Act," P.L.1985, 5 c.222 (C.52:27D-301 et al.), and the municipality's plan for meeting 6 those obligations within or outside the redevelopment area. 7 (9) Provisions for the replacement of any housing that was 8 constructed for low and moderate income households under the 9 terms of any State or federal housing subsidy program, which 10 housing is to be removed as a result of the redevelopment plan; 11 provided that any such replacement unit shall not be counted toward 12 the municipal obligation under paragraph (8) of this subsection if 13 the housing which is removed had previously counted toward an 14 obligation. Any rental housing constructed under this paragraph 15 shall remain affordable to low and moderate income households, in 16 the same manner as the removed housing, for a period of at least 45 17 years, unless another period is established under an applicable State 18 or federal financing program. In addition, displaced residents of 19 housing units provided under any State or federal housing subsidy 20 program or the "Fair Housing Act," P.L.1985, c.222 (C.52:27D-301 21 et al.) shall have first priority for those replacement units provided. 22 (10) Preservation or conservation strategies and goals for the 23 assets contained in the inventory of environmental, historical, and 24 cultural assets in the delineated project area. 25 (11) A statement setting forth the municipal planning board's 26 ability, if any, to grant relief to applicants from elements of the 27 redevelopment plan when reviewing and approving development 28 applications, including, but not limited to, variances, exceptions, 29 and waivers as defined in the "Municipal Land Use Law," P.L.1975, 30 c.291 (C.40:55D-1 et seq.). 31 [A] In addition to that housing provided pursuant to b. 32 paragraph (8) of subsection a. of this section, a redevelopment plan 33 may include the provision of affordable housing in accordance with 34 the "Fair Housing Act," P.L.1985, c.222 (C.52:27D-301 et al.) and 35 the housing element of the municipal master plan. 36 The redevelopment plan shall describe its relationship to c. 37 pertinent municipal development regulations as defined in the 38 "Municipal Land Use Law," P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-1 et seq.). 39 The redevelopment plan shall supersede applicable provisions of the 40 development regulations of the municipality or constitute an 41 overlay zoning district within the redevelopment area. When the 42 redevelopment plan supersedes any provision of the development 43 regulations, the ordinance adopting the redevelopment plan shall 44 contain an explicit amendment to the zoning district map included 45 in the zoning ordinance. The zoning district map as amended shall 46 indicate the redevelopment area to which the redevelopment plan 47 applies. Notwithstanding the provisions of the "Municipal Land

Use Law," P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-1 et seq.) or of other law, no
notice beyond that required for adoption of ordinances by the
municipality shall be required for the hearing on or adoption of the
redevelopment plan or subsequent amendments thereof.

d. All provisions of the redevelopment plan shall be either substantially consistent with the municipal master plan or designed to effectuate the master plan; but the municipal governing body may adopt a redevelopment plan which is inconsistent with or not designed to effectuate the master plan by affirmative vote of a majority of its full authorized membership with the reasons for so acting set forth in the redevelopment plan.

12 e. [Prior to the adoption of a redevelopment plan, or revision or 13 amendment thereto, the] If a municipality prepares a redevelopment 14 plan directly, the municipal governing body shall refer the proposed 15 redevelopment plan to the municipal planning board for review. Such referral may be by resolution. The municipal planning board 16 17 shall transmit to the governing body, within 45 days after referral, a 18 report containing its recommendation concerning the redevelopment 19 plan. This report shall include an identification of any provisions in 20 the proposed redevelopment plan which are inconsistent with the 21 master plan and recommendations concerning these inconsistencies 22 and any other matters as the board deems appropriate. The 23 governing body, when considering the adoption of a redevelopment 24 plan or revision or amendment thereof, shall review the report of 25 the planning board and may approve or disapprove or change any 26 recommendation by a vote of a majority of its full authorized 27 membership and shall record in its minutes the reasons for not 28 following the recommendations. Failure of the planning board to 29 transmit its report within the required 45 days shall relieve the 30 governing body from the requirements of this subsection with 31 regard to the pertinent proposed redevelopment plan [or revision or 32 amendment thereof]. Nothing in this subsection shall diminish the 33 applicability of the provisions of subsection d. of this section with 34 respect to any redevelopment plan or revision or major amendment 35 thereof.

36 f. The governing body of a municipality may direct the planning board to prepare a redevelopment plan [or an amendment or 37 38 revision to a redevelopment plan for a designated redevelopment 39 area. After completing the redevelopment plan, the planning board 40 shall transmit the proposed plan to the governing body for its 41 The governing body, when considering the proposed adoption. 42 plan, may amend or revise any portion of the proposed 43 redevelopment plan by an affirmative vote of the majority of its full 44 authorized membership and shall record in its minutes the reasons 45 for each amendment or revision. When a redevelopment plan [or 46 amendment to a redevelopment plan is referred to the governing 47 body by the planning board under this subsection, the governing

1 body shall be relieved of the referral requirements of subsection e. 2 of this section. 3 g. (1) The redevelopment plan for a redevelopment area for tax 4 exemption purposes shall be adopted by ordinance of the municipal 5 governing body. 6 (2) (a) The redevelopment plan for a condemnation 7 redevelopment area shall be adopted by ordinance of the municipal 8 governing body. 9 (b) Prior to final adoption of the ordinance, the municipal 10 governing body shall conduct a public hearing on the ordinance and 11 all interested persons shall be allowed to speak. 12 (c) Notice of the public hearing shall state the date, time, and 13 location of the public hearing, shall identify where the proposed 14 redevelopment plan is available for examination and shall identify, 15 by block and lot and street address, if any, the parcels that may be 16 included in a condemnation area and subject to eminent domain 17 under the proposed redevelopment plan. 18 (3) (a) The full text of the redevelopment plan to be considered by the governing body along with any maps or other exhibits 19 20 thereto, shall be made available to the public in the municipal 21 building and shall be posted on the municipality's Internet web site, 22 if any, at the time such notice to such hearing is to be provided. 23 (b) Copies of the proposed redevelopment plan shall be available 24 for purchase by any interested party. A copy of the notice of the 25 public hearing in the case of a redevelopment plan for a condemnation redevelopment area shall be published in a 26 27 newspaper of general circulation in the municipality once each 28 week for two consecutive weeks, and the last publication shall be 29 not less than 10 days prior to the date set for the hearing, and shall 30 be posted on the municipality's Internet web site, if any, and in a 31 reasonable number of public places within or proximate to the 32 proposed condemnation redevelopment area as may be available 33 and appropriate. A copy of the notice shall be mailed by the 34 municipal clerk, by regular mail, at least 10 days prior to the date 35 set for the hearing to the last owner, if any, of each parcel of 36 property within the area according to the assessment records of the 37 municipality and to any legal tenant or lessee. The municipal clerk 38 shall make a diligent effort to ascertain the names and addresses of 39 legal tenants and lessees by contacting the legal owner of the rental 40 property or a management company identified by such owner, but if 41 unable to do so shall have a copy of the notice posted on properties 42 known to contain rental units. 43 (c) (i) For property owners whose properties do not exhibit 44 conditions of blight and are proposed to be acquired under the 45 redevelopment plan for a condemnation redevelopment area, the 46 notice shall specify the reason why acquiring the property is 47 necessary for the redevelopment of the area.

39

1 (ii) A notice shall also be sent by the municipal clerk to all 2 persons at their last known address, if any, whose names are noted 3 on the assessment records as claimants of an interest in any such 4 parcel. The assessor of the municipality shall make a notation upon 5 the records when requested to do so by any person claiming to have 6 an interest in any parcel of property in the municipality. 7 (iii) The notice shall be published and mailed by the municipal 8 clerk. Failure to mail any such notice shall be governed by the provisions of section 22 of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the 9 10 Legislature as this bill). 11 (iv) At such public hearing, the municipal governing body shall 12 hear all persons who are interested in or would be affected by the 13 provisions of the redevelopment plan, although the governing body 14 may, by vote of its majority, restrict or limit the amount of time 15 afforded each such person to speak. A record of the public hearing 16 shall be kept by the municipal clerk. Upon the close of the public 17 hearing, the municipal governing body may vote to finally adopt the 18 ordinance. 19 h. Notice of final adoption of an ordinance adopting a 20 redevelopment plan for a condemnation redevelopment area shall be 21 mailed, within 10 days after the final adoption of the ordinance 22 making such determination, to each person who received notice of 23 the public hearing in accordance with subsection g. of this section, 24 in the same manner as provided therein. Additionally, notice of 25 final adoption of an ordinance making a determination shall be 26 published in the official newspaper of the municipality, together 27 with the date of the first publication of such notice and also a 28 statement that any action or proceeding of any kind or nature in any 29 court questioning the validity of the adoption of the ordinance or 30 the determination contained therein, shall be commenced within 45 31 days after the first publication of such notice. 32 i. The municipality may not finally authorize and execute an 33 agreement with a redeveloper until 60 days next following the final 34 adoption of the ordinance adopting a redevelopment plan for a 35 condemnation redevelopment area pursuant to this section, unless 36 the redeveloper is the owner of the property that is the subject of the 37 redevelopment agreement. 38 j. Amendments to redevelopment plans shall be prepared and 39 adopted as follows: 40 (1) A minor amendment shall be adopted by ordinance to comply 41 with the procedural provisions of subsections g. and h. of this 42 section. 43 (2) A major amendment shall be adopted in the same manner as 44 provided for a redevelopment plan. 45 (3) A question over the determination of an amendment as minor 46 or major may be filed with the New Jersey Superior Court for a

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1 declaratory judgment determining that the amendment is minor or 2 major. 3 (cf: P.L.1992, c.79, s.7) 4 5 15. Section 8 of P.L.1992, c.79 (C.40A:12A-8) is amended to 6 read as follows: 7 Upon the adoption of a redevelopment plan pursuant to 8. 8 section 7 of P.L.1992, c.79 (C.40A:12A-7), the municipality or 9 redevelopment entity designated by the governing body may 10 proceed with the clearance, replanning, development and 11 redevelopment of the area designated in that plan. In order to carry 12 out and effectuate the purposes of this act and the terms of the 13 redevelopment plan, the municipality or designated redevelopment 14 entity may: 15 a. Undertake redevelopment projects, and for this purpose issue 16 bonds in accordance with the provisions of section 29 of P.L.1992, 17 c.79 (C.40A:12A-29). 18 b. Acquire property pursuant to subsection i. of section 22 of 19 P.L.1992, c.79 (C.40A:12A-22). 20 c. Acquire, by condemnation, any land or building which is in a condemnation redevelopment area pursuant to subsection k. of 21 22 section 5 of P.L.192, c.79 (C.40A:12A-5) and necessary for the 23 redevelopment project, pursuant to the provisions of the "Eminent 24 Domain Act of 1971," P.L.1971, c.361 (C.20:3-1 et seq.) and the 25 "Local Redevelopment and Housing Law," P.L.1992, c.79 26 (C.40A:12A-1 et al.). 27 d. Clear any area owned or acquired and install, construct or reconstruct streets, facilities, utilities, and site improvements 28 29 essential to the preparation of sites for use in accordance with the 30 redevelopment plan. 31 Prepare or arrange by contract for the provision of e. 32 professional services and the preparation of plans by registered 33 architects, licensed professional engineers or planners, or other consultants for the carrying out of redevelopment projects. 34 35 f. Arrange or contract with public agencies or redevelopers for 36 the planning, replanning, construction, or undertaking of any 37 project or redevelopment work, or any part thereof; negotiate and 38 collect revenue from a redeveloper to defray the costs of the 39 redevelopment entity, including where applicable the costs incurred 40 in conjunction with bonds, notes or other obligations issued by the 41 redevelopment entity, and to secure payment of such revenue; as 42 part of any such arrangement or contract, provide for extension of 43 credit, or making of loans, to redevelopers to finance any project or 44 redevelopment work, or upon a finding that the project or 45 redevelopment work would not be undertaken but for the provision 46 of financial assistance, or would not be undertaken in its intended 47 scope without the provision of financial assistance, provide as part

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of an arrangement or contract for capital grants to redevelopers; and
arrange or contract with public agencies or redevelopers for the
opening, grading or closing of streets, roads, roadways, alleys, or
other places or for the furnishing of facilities or for the acquisition
by such agency of property options or property rights or for the
furnishing of property or services in connection with a
redevelopment area.

8 g. Lease or convey property or improvements to any other party 9 pursuant to this section, without public bidding and at such prices 10 and upon such terms as it deems reasonable, provided that the lease 11 or conveyance is made in conjunction with a redevelopment plan, 12 notwithstanding the provisions of any law, rule, or regulation to the 13 contrary.

h. Enter upon any building or property in any redevelopment
area in order to conduct investigations or make surveys, sounding or
test borings necessary to carry out the purposes of this act.

i. Arrange or contract with a public agency for the relocation,
pursuant to the "Relocation Assistance Law of 1967," P.L.1967,
c.79 (C.52:31B-1 et seq.) and the "Relocation Assistance Act,"
P.L.1971, c.362 (C.20:4-1 et seq.), of residents, industry or
commerce displaced from a redevelopment area.

22 j. Make, consistent with the redevelopment plan: (1) plans for 23 carrying out a program of voluntary repair and rehabilitation of 24 buildings and improvements; and (2) plans for the enforcement of 25 laws, codes, and regulations relating to the use and occupancy of 26 buildings and improvements, and to the compulsory repair, 27 rehabilitation, demolition, or removal of buildings and 28 improvements.

k. Request that the planning board recommend and governing
body designate particular areas as being in need of redevelopment
or rehabilitation in accordance with the provisions of this act and
make recommendations for the redevelopment or rehabilitation of
such areas.

34 l. Study the recommendations of the planning board or35 governing body for redevelopment of the area.

m. Publish and disseminate information concerning anyredevelopment area, plan or project.

n. Do all things necessary or convenient to carry out its powers.

39 <u>o. Request expedited permit application reviews and approval.</u>

40 in accordance with P.L.2004, c.89 (C.52:27D-10.2 et al.), for
41 projects in a redevelopment area, and utilize the New Jersey
42 <u>Redevelopment Authority for these purposes.</u>

- 43 (cf: P.L.1992, c.79, s.8)
- 44

45 16. (New section) a. For all areas determined to be in need of
46 redevelopment, the municipality shall submit to the Department of
47 Community Affairs a map outlining the physical boundaries of the

1 redevelopment area, the preliminary investigation report, and a 2 copy of the ordinance making the determination. This information 3 shall be transmitted on or before the 60th day following the 4 effective date of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature 5 as this bill) for areas that were determined to be in need of 6 redevelopment on or prior to the effective date of P.L. 7) (pending before the Legislature as this bill), or within 10 (C. c. 8 days after the area is determined to be in need of redevelopment 9 (C. after the effective date of P.L. , c.) (pending before the 10 Legislature as this bill). The municipality also shall disclose to the Department of Community Affairs, with updates as required by the 11 12 department, an accounting of the cost of all municipal investments 13 made in the redevelopment area subsequent to the final adoption of 14 a resolution or ordinance, as applicable, determining the area as in 15 need of redevelopment, including, but not limited to, the granting of 16 tax exemptions, the issuance of density bonuses, and the value of 17 municipal infrastructure provided in the implementation of the plan. 18 In addition, the municipality shall disclose any other public 19 infrastructure to be provided in the redevelopment area using public 20 funds.

b. For all condemnations of properties that occur in a condemnation redevelopment area pursuant to subsection c. of section 8 of P.L.1992, c.79 (C.40A:12A-8), the municipality shall submit to the Department of Community Affairs record of the condemnation and the compensation provided to the property owner on or before the 10th day following the taking.

27 c. Each year the Department of Community Affairs shall issue a 28 report that lists the location of all areas currently determined to be 29 in need of redevelopment in New Jersey; basic data for each area 30 about its size, population, the status of the redevelopment plan 31 implementation, the length of time the area has been designated as 32 an area in need of redevelopment, an accounting of the cost of all 33 municipal investments and an enumeration of other investments 34 made in the area using public funds subsequent to the final adoption 35 of an ordinance determining the area as in need of redevelopment, 36 as set forth in subsection a. of this section, the number of times 37 eminent domain has been used in each condemnation 38 redevelopment area, and data on compensation received by property 39 owners, when available. This report shall be made available to the 40 general public upon request and on the Department of Community 41 Affairs Internet web site.

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43 17. (New section) a. When a redevelopment entity seeks to
44 acquire property in a condemnation redevelopment area, the written
45 offer of just compensation required under section 6 of P.L.1971,
46 c.361 (C.20:3-6) shall include the amount of the approved appraisal,

the amounts required pursuant to section 26 of P.L.1971, c.361
 (C.20:3-26), plus:

3 (1) reimbursement for reasonable costs to verify the appraisal on
4 residential and small business property;

5 (2) reimbursement for reasonable legal costs of the prospective
6 condemnee to review the basis for condemnation on residential and
7 small business property, up to \$500;

8 (3) lost rents for period of time between declaration of the 9 condemnation area and date of taking date of possession by the 10 redevelopment entity;

(4) the amount of relocation assistance that the prospectivecondemnee would be entitled; and

(5) with regard to a prospective condemnee who has an approved
application for development under the "Municipal Land Use Law,"
P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-1 et seq.), restitution damages and
expectancy damages related to the approved development, unless
the condemnor can demonstrate that the prospective condemnee is
unable or unwilling to complete the development.

b. When the amount of the approved appraisal is less than the amount of one or more bona fide mortgages, which were valid liens encumbering the property for not less than 180 days prior to the initiation of negotiations for the acquisition of such property, the amount of the written offer shall be no less than the payoff amount for those mortgage liens, calculated in accordance with the provision in section 5 of P.L.1971, c.362 (C.20:4-5).

c. Notwithstanding the requirements of section 30 of P.L.1971,
c.361 (C.20:3-30) concerning the date for the determination of just
compensation, if applicable, the approved appraisal for the property
shall be calculated on the basis of the date set forth below that
results in the highest appraisal:

(1) the date on which action is taken by the condemnor which
substantially affects the use and enjoyment of the property by the
condemnee; or (2) the date on which the property is determined to
be in a condemnation redevelopment area by the governing body.

d. If an offer is not accepted and the award of the condemnation commissioners is increased on appeal pursuant to section 13 of P.L.1971, c.361 (C.20:3-13), then the condemnor also shall pay the condemnee's reasonable legal fees expended by the condemnee to appeal the commissioners' award.

e. No property shall be subject to condemnation unless it has
been identified for acquisition in the redevelopment plan or any
amendment thereto, pursuant to paragraph (4), subsection a. of
section 7 of P.L.1992, c.79 (C.40A:12A-7).

f. When a non-blighted property is included in a condemnation
redevelopment area, the property shall not be condemned unless the
condemnor is able to certify in its condemnation complaint that it
has exhausted all avenues to acquire the property, that acquisition

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of the property cannot be negotiated despite its best efforts, and that
 the property is necessary to the viability of the redevelopment
 project.

g. Every resident and small business operator displaced as a
result of a redevelopment project shall have a limited right of first
refusal to purchase or lease a dwelling unit or business space
subsequently constructed within the redevelopment project as set
forth in this section:

9 (1) At such time residents and small business operators are provided notice under a workable relocation assistance program 10 pursuant to law or regulation, they shall be provided with the 11 12 opportunity to have their names entered into a registry of residents 13 or a registry of small business operators, as the case may be, 14 seeking the opportunity to purchase or lease a dwelling unit or 15 business space, as the case may be, in the redevelopment project. 16 The registry shall be maintained by the municipal relocation officer 17 designated under the workable relocation assistance program, a 18 copy of which shall be forwarded to, and also maintained by, the 19 Department of Community Affairs.

20 (2) At such time that any residential development containing 21 more than 10 dwelling units, or any nonresidential or mixed use 22 development containing more than 18,000 square feet of floor area, 23 shall be constructed in any redevelopment area as a redevelopment 24 project, the developer shall notify each individual on the 25 appropriate registry, by registered mail and by e-mail to their last 26 known mailing or e-mail address, as may be available, of their 27 opportunity to purchase or lease a dwelling unit or business space, 28 as applicable. It shall be the sole responsibility of the individual to 29 maintain a current mailing address with the registry, and the developer shall be under no obligation to provide notice except as 30 31 set forth in this subsection.

(3) From the date of mailing of the notice, the individuals on the
registry shall have 20 business days before the units in such
development are offered to the general public in order to enter into
a contract of purchase or a lease for a unit in the development. Such
contract or lease shall be on the same terms and at the same price as
those on which the unit is initially offered to the general public.

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39 18. Section 14 of P.L.1992, c.79 (C.40A:12A-14) is amended to
40 read as follows:

41 14. a. A delineated area may be determined to be in need of
42 rehabilitation if the governing body of the municipality determines
43 by resolution that <u>a program of rehabilitation may be expected to</u>
44 <u>prevent further deterioration and promote the overall development</u>
45 <u>of the community and that</u> there exist in that area conditions such
46 that:

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1 (1) a significant portion of structures therein are in a deteriorated 2 or substandard condition and there is a continuing pattern of 3 vacancy, abandonment or underutilization of properties in the area, 4 [with] which may be reflected in a persistent arrearage of property 5 tax payments thereon; [or] 6 (2) [more than half] <u>a significant amount</u> of the housing stock 7 in the delineated area is at least 50 years old, or a majority of the 8 water and sewer] or infrastructure in the delineated area, or both, is 9 [at least 50 years old and is] in need of repair or substantial 10 maintenance; [and] 11 (3) [a program of rehabilitation, as defined in section 3 of 12 P.L.1992, c.79 (C.40A:12A-3), may be expected to prevent further 13 deterioration and promote the overall development of the 14 community (Deleted by amendment, P.L., c. .) (pending 15 before the Legislature as this bill); 16 (4) areas with a significant portion of its buildings or 17 improvements evidencing dilapidation, obsolescence, 18 overcrowding, faulty arrangement or design, lack of ventilation, 19 light and sanitary facilities, excessive land coverage, deleterious 20 land use or obsolete layout, or any combination of these or other 21 factors; or 22 (5) a growing lack or total lack of proper utilization of areas 23 resulting in a stagnant or not fully productive condition of land 24 potentially useful and valuable for contributing to and serving the 25 public health, safety, and welfare. 26 The resolution determining that the area is in need of 27 rehabilitation shall be based upon a written report documenting the 28 conditions that provide the basis for the determination that the area 29 is in need of rehabilitation. Where warranted by consideration of 30 the overall conditions and requirements of the community, a finding 31 of need for rehabilitation may extend to the entire area of a 32 municipality. Prior to adoption of the resolution, the governing 33 body shall submit [it] the proposed resolution together with the 34 report that provides the basis for the determination to the municipal 35 planning board for its review. Within 45 days of its receipt of the 36 proposed resolution, the municipal planning board shall submit its 37 recommendations regarding the proposed resolution, including any 38 modifications which it may recommend, to the governing body for 39 its consideration. Thereafter, or after the expiration of the 45 days 40 if the municipal planning board does not submit recommendations, 41 the governing body may adopt the resolution, with or without 42 modification. The resolution shall not become effective without the 43 approval of the commissioner pursuant to section 6 of P.L.1992, 44 c.79 (C.40A:12A-6), if otherwise required pursuant to that section. 45 b. A delineated area shall be deemed to have been determined to 46 be an area in need of rehabilitation in accordance with the

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1 provisions of this act if it has heretofore been determined to be an

2 area in need of rehabilitation pursuant to P.L.1975, c.104 (C.54:4-

3 3.72 et seq.), P.L.1977, c.12 (C.54:4-3.95 et seq.) or P.L.1979,

4 c.233 (C.54:4-3.121 et seq.).

5 c. (1) A municipality may adopt an ordinance declaring a 6 renovation housing project to be an area in need of rehabilitation for 7 the purposes of Article VIII, Section I, paragraph 6 of the New 8 Jersey Constitution if the need for renovation resulted from 9 conflagration.

10 (2) For the purposes of this subsection, "renovation housing 11 project" means any work or undertaking to provide a decent, safe, 12 and sanitary dwelling, to exclusively benefit a specific household, 13 by the renovation, reconstruction, or replacement of the household's 14 home on the same lot by either a charitable entity organized to 15 perform home renovations or by a for-profit builder using 75% or 16 more volunteer labor-hours to accomplish the construction for the 17 project. The undertaking may include any buildings; demolition, 18 clearance, or removal of buildings from land; equipment; facilities; 19 or other personal properties or interests therein which are necessary, 20 convenient, or desirable appurtenances of the undertaking.

d. (1) A municipality may adopt an ordinance declaring a 21 22 renovation housing project to be an area in need of rehabilitation for 23 the purposes of Article VIII, Section I, paragraph 6 of the New 24 Jersey Constitution if at least half of the number of people 25 occupying the dwelling as their primary residence qualify for a 26 federal income tax credit pursuant to 26 U.S.C. s.22 as a result of 27 being permanently and totally disabled and the improvements to be 28 made to the dwelling are made substantially to accommodate those 29 disabilities.

30 (2) For the purposes of this subsection, "renovation housing 31 project" means any work or undertaking to provide a decent, safe, 32 and sanitary single-family dwelling, to exclusively benefit at least 33 half of the number of people occupying a dwelling as their primary 34 residence, by the renovation, reconstruction, or replacement of that 35 dwelling on the same lot by either a charitable entity organized to 36 perform home renovations or by a for-profit builder using 75% or 37 more volunteer labor-hours to accomplish the construction for the 38 project. The undertaking may include any buildings; demolition, 39 clearance, or removal of buildings from land; equipment; facilities; 40 or other personal properties or interests therein which are necessary, 41 convenient, or desirable appurtenances of the undertaking.

42 (cf: P.L.2007, c.91, s.1)

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44 19. Section 15 of P.L.1992, c.79 (C40A:12A-15) is amended to 45 read as follows:

46 15. In accordance with the provisions of a redevelopment plan
47 adopted pursuant to section 7 of P.L.1992, c.79 (C.40A:12A-7), a

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municipality or redevelopment entity may proceed with clearance, 1 2 replanning, conservation, development, redevelopment and 3 rehabilitation of an area in need of rehabilitation. [With respect to 4 a redevelopment project in In an area in need of rehabilitation, the 5 municipality or redevelopment entity, upon the adoption of a 6 redevelopment plan for the area, may perform any of the actions set 7 forth in section 8 of P.L.1992, c.79 (C.40A:12A-8), except that 8 [with respect to such a project] the municipality shall not have the 9 power to <u>use eminent domain to</u> take or acquire private property by 10 condemnation in furtherance of a redevelopment plan, unless [: a. the area is within an area determined to be in need of 11 12 redevelopment pursuant to this act; or b.] exercise of that power is 13 authorized under any other law of this State.

14 (cf: P.L.1992, c.79, s.15)

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16 20. (New section) a. Whenever a municipality or 17 redevelopment entity wishes to enter into an agreement with a 18 redeveloper and either (1) 20% or more of the redevelopment 19 project or projects will be constructed on land owned by the 20 municipality which will be conveyed to that redeveloper, or (2) 21 20% or more of the project or projects will be constructed upon 22 land within an area in need of redevelopment that is subject to 23 acquisition by the municipality or redevelopment entity pursuant to 24 the redevelopment plan, then the municipality shall approve, by 25 ordinance, a written agreement designating a redeveloper selected 26 in accordance with this section.

27 b. The municipality or redevelopment entity shall prepare or 28 have prepared request for proposal documentation, which shall 29 include: all requirements deemed appropriate and necessary to 30 allow for full and free competition between potential redevelopers; 31 information necessary for potential redevelopers to submit a 32 proposal, including a copy of the redevelopment plan, a general 33 description of the project or projects, and such municipal public 34 records relating to buildings and improvements within the 35 redevelopment area, including, but not limited to, services provided 36 by public utilities, building permit, and assessment records; and a 37 methodology by which the municipality will evaluate and rank 38 proposals received from potential redevelopers.

c. The methodology for selecting a redeveloper shall be based
on an evaluation and ranking which may include overall design,
technical expertise, demonstrated experience on projects similar to
the proposed project, the ability to finance the proposed project, and
such other stated criteria as the municipality shall deem relevant.

d. (1) At no time during the proposal solicitation process shall
the municipality or redevelopment entity, or any employee or agent
thereof, knowingly convey information to the public or any
potential redeveloper which could confer an unfair advantage upon

48

that potential redeveloper over any other potential redeveloper. If
 the municipality or redevelopment entity desires to change proposal
 documentation, the municipality or redevelopment entity shall
 notify only those potential redevelopers who received the proposal
 documentation of any and all changes in writing, and all existing
 documentation shall be changed appropriately.

7 (2) Any person who violates the provisions of this subsection8 shall be guilty of a crime of the fourth degree.

9 All proposals shall be required to contain a statement of e. 10 corporate ownership in accordance with the provisions of section 1 11 of P.L.1977, c.33 (C.52:25-24.2) and specifications concerning 12 equal employment opportunity and affirmative action pursuant to P.L.1975, c.127 (C.10:5-31 et seq.), and the requirement that the 13 14 work to be performed under the contract shall ensure that 15 employment and other economic opportunities generated by the 16 redevelopment project shall, to the greatest extent feasible, be 17 directed to businesses that are located, and persons who reside, 18 within the area determined to be in need of redevelopment or 19 rehabilitation.

20 f. A notice of the availability of request for proposal 21 documentation shall be published in an official newspaper of the 22 municipality at least 30 days prior to the date established for the 23 submission of proposals. Such notice shall provide the name, 24 address, and phone number of the person who can provide 25 additional information and a proposal document to an interested 26 party. The municipality or redevelopment entity shall promptly 27 reply to any request by an interested party by providing a copy of the request for proposals. The municipality or redevelopment entity 28 29 may charge a fee for the proposal documentation that shall not 30 exceed \$50 or the cost of reproducing the documentation, whichever is greater. 31

g. Each interested potential redeveloper shall submit a proposal
which shall include all the information required by the request for
proposals. Failure to meet the requirements of the request for
proposals may result in the municipality or redevelopment entity
disqualifying the potential redeveloper from further consideration.

37 h. The municipality or redevelopment entity shall review and 38 evaluate all proposals only in accordance with the methodology 39 described in the request for proposals. The review shall be 40 conducted in a manner that avoids disclosure of the contents of any 41 proposal prior to the selection of a redeveloper. The municipality 42 or redevelopment entity may conduct discussions with a potential 43 redeveloper submitting a proposal for the purpose of clarifying the 44 information submitted in the proposal. The municipality or 45 redevelopment entity may at any time revise its proposal document 46 after the review of the submitted proposals if it notifies 47 simultaneously, and in writing, each potential redeveloper that

49

submitted a proposal of the revision and provides a uniform time
 within which the potential redevelopers may submit a revised
 proposal for review.

4 i. The municipality or redevelopment entity shall select the 5 proposal that received the highest evaluation and shall negotiate an agreement with the potential redeveloper that submitted the selected 6 7 proposal. If the municipality or redevelopment entity is unable to 8 negotiate a satisfactory agreement with the potential redeveloper 9 that submitted the selected proposal, it may select the proposal that 10 received the second highest evaluation from among those submitted 11 and proceed to negotiate a satisfactory contract with the potential 12 redeveloper that submitted that proposal. The process shall 13 continue until a redeveloper is selected or the process is abandoned 14 by the municipality or redevelopment entity. The decision to 15 abandon the proposal process shall be by a resolution adopted by 16 the governing body of the municipality or redevelopment entity.

17 j. After a redeveloper has been selected and a satisfactory 18 agreement has been negotiated, but prior to the execution of the 19 agreement by the governing body or redevelopment entity, the 20 municipality or redevelopment entity shall prepare a report 21 concerning the proposal selection process. The report shall list the 22 names of all potential redevelopers who submitted a proposal and 23 shall summarize the proposals of each potential redeveloper. The 24 report shall contain objective, material reasons, such as, but not 25 limited to, design, cost of materials, and square footage, as to why 26 each potential redeveloper who was not selected, was rejected. The 27 report shall (1) rank the potential redevelopers in order of 28 evaluation; (2) summarize, in general terms, any unsuccessful 29 negotiations with potential redevelopers that submitted proposals 30 which were ranked higher than the proposal of the selected 31 redeveloper; (3) recommend the selected redeveloper; and (4) 32 summarize the project to be undertaken and the relevant terms of 33 the proposed agreement. The municipal clerk shall make the report 34 available to the members of the governing body of the municipality, to the members of the redevelopment entity when it is not the 35 36 municipality, and to the public at least 48 hours prior to the 37 introduction of an ordinance authorizing an agreement with the 38 redeveloper.

k. The governing body of the municipality or redevelopment
entity shall have the right to reject all proposals for any reason, but
such reason must be given and the municipality shall not authorize
another request for proposals concerning the same project or
projects for a period of 30 days after the date of rejection or
abandonment by the governing body.

I. Nothing in this section shall limit the authority of a
municipality to convey property within a redevelopment area for
nominal consideration to any of the entities designated in section 21

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of the "Local Lands and Buildings Law," P.L.1971, c.199 1 2 (C.40A:12-21) for any of the uses set forth therein, and to enter into 3 redevelopment agreements with such entities for such uses without 4 complying with the provisions of this section. 5 6 If any agreement between a 21. (New section) a. 7 redevelopment entity and a redeveloper shall provide for the use or 8 potential use of eminent domain by the redevelopment entity, such 9 agreement shall contain: 10 (1) a block and lot identification of all parcels which may be 11 subject to eminent domain at the request of the redeveloper; 12 (2) a schedule of acquisition by the redeveloper; and 13 (3) a provision stating that the ability of the redeveloper to 14 request acquisition by eminent domain shall lapse within five years 15 of the effective date of the agreement, which provision may only be further extended by an ordinance adopted by the governing body 16 17 after notice to any property owner whose rights will be directly 18 affected by such an extension. 19 All mandatory schedules and time limitations within the b. 20 provisions set forth in subsection a. of this section may be subject to 21 tolling for any contingencies set forth in the agreement. 22 23 22. (New section) If a court finds that any notice required to be 24 sent by mail under the "Local Redevelopment and Housing Law," 25 P.L.1992, c.79 (C.40A:12A-1 et al.), was defective, the court may 26 order all or certain redevelopment activities to be suspended until 27 the defective notices have been remedied and the interests of the 28 parties accommodated to the court's satisfaction. 29 30 23. Section 5 of P.L.1996, c.62 (C.55:19-24) is amended to read 31 as follows: 32 5. The authority shall have the following powers: 33 a. to sue and be sued; 34 b. to have a seal and alter the same at the authority's pleasure; 35 c. to enter into contracts upon such terms and conditions as the 36 authority shall determine to be reasonable, including, but not 37 limited to, reimbursement for the planning, designing, financing, construction, reconstruction, improvement, equipping, furnishing, 38 39 operation and maintenance of the project and to pay or compromise 40 any claims arising therefrom; 41 d. to make and alter bylaws for its organization and internal management and, subject to agreements with noteholders or 42 43 bondholders, to make rules and regulations with respect to its 44 projects, operations, properties and facilities; 45 e. to invest any funds held in reserve or sinking funds, or any 46 moneys not required for immediate use and disbursement, at the

47 discretion of the authority, in obligations of this State or of the

United States, or obligations the principal and interest of which are 1 2 guaranteed by this State or the United States; 3 f. to sell, lease, assign, transfer, convey, exchange, mortgage, or 4 otherwise dispose of or encumber any project, and in the case of the 5 sale of any project, to accept a purchase money mortgage in 6 connection therewith; and to lease, repurchase or otherwise acquire 7 and hold any project which the corporation has theretofore sold, 8 leased or otherwise conveyed, transferred or disposed of; 9 to acquire or contract to acquire from any individual, g. 10 partnership, trust, association or corporation, or any public agency, by grant, purchase or otherwise, real or personal property or any 11 12 interest therein; to own, hold, clear, improve, rehabilitate and 13 develop, and to sell, assign, exchange, transfer, convey, lease, 14 mortgage or otherwise dispose of or encumber the same; 15 to acquire in the name of the authority by purchase or h. 16 otherwise, on such terms and conditions and such manner as it may 17 deem proper any lands or interests therein or other property which it 18 may determine is reasonably necessary for any project; 19 i. to acquire, construct, reconstruct, rehabilitate, improve, alter 20 or repair or provide for construction, reconstruction, rehabilitation, 21 improvement, alteration or repair of any project; 22 j. to arrange or contract with a municipality for the planning, 23 replanning, opening, grading or closing of streets, roads, roadways, 24 alleys or other places, or for the furnishing of facilities or for the 25 acquisition by a municipality of property or property rights or for 26 the furnishing of property or services, in connection with a project; 27 k. to grant options to purchase any project or to renew any 28 leases entered into by it in connection with any of its projects, on 29 such terms and conditions as it may deem advisable; 30 to prepare or cause to be prepared plans, specifications, 1. 31 designs and estimates of costs for the construction, reconstruction, 32 rehabilitation, improvement, alteration or repair of any project, and 33 from time to time to modify such plans, specifications, designs or 34 estimates; 35 m. to manage any project, whether then owned or leased by the 36 authority, and to enter into agreements with any individual, 37 partnership, trust, association or corporation, or with any public 38 agency, for the purpose of causing any project to be managed; 39 n. to hold any property owned or acquired by the authority in the 40 name of the authority; 41 o. to provide advisory, consultative, training and educational 42 services, technical assistance and advice to any individual, partnership, trust, association or corporation, or to any public 43 44 agency, in order to carry out the purposes of P.L.1996, c.62 45 (C.55:19-20 et al.); 46 p. to issue, purchase, pledge and sell stock in projects of the 47 authority and to purchase, sell or pledge the shares, or other

obligations or securities of any subsidiary corporation, on such
 terms and conditions as the authority or subsidiary corporation may
 deem advisable;

q. subject to the provisions of any contract with noteholders, to
consent to the modification, with respect to rate of interest, time of
payment or any installment of principal or interest, security, or any
other terms, of any loan, mortgage, commitment, contract or
agreement of any kind to which the authority is a party;

9 r. in connection with any property on which it has made a 10 mortgage loan, to foreclose on the property or commence any action to protect or enforce any right conferred upon it by any 11 law. 12 mortgage, contract or other agreement, and to bid for or purchase 13 the property at any foreclosure or at any other sale, or acquire or 14 take possession of the property; and in such event the authority 15 may complete, administer, pay the principal of and interest on any 16 obligations incurred in connection with the property, dispose of and 17 otherwise deal with the property, in such manner as may be 18 necessary or desirable to protect the interests of the authority 19 therein:

s. to acquire, purchase, manage and operate, hold and dispose of
real and personal property or interests therein, take assignments of
rentals and leases and make and enter into all contracts, leases,
agreements and arrangements necessary or incidental to the
performance of its duties;

t. to purchase, acquire and take assignments of notes, mortgagesand other forms of security and evidences of indebtedness;

27 u. to extend credit or make loans to any person for the planning, designing, acquiring, constructing, reconstructing, improving, 28 29 equipping and furnishing of a project, which credits or loans may be 30 secured by loan and security agreements, mortgages, leases and any 31 other instruments, upon such terms and conditions as the authority 32 shall deem reasonable, including provision for the establishment 33 and maintenance of reserve and insurance funds, and to require the inclusion in any mortgage, lease, contract, loan and security 34 35 agreement or other instrument, such provisions for the construction, 36 use, operation and maintenance and financing of a project as the 37 authority may deem necessary or desirable;

v. to borrow money, secure credit against the assets of the
authority on a temporary, short-term, interim or long-term basis and
to issue bonds of the authority and to provide for the rights of the
holders thereof, as provided in P.L.1996, c.62 (C.55:19-20 et al.);

w. to make short-term loans or advances to developers for
construction in anticipation of the issuance of permanent loans;

x. to exercise sole authority for investment, reinvestment or
expenditure of its revenues, fund balances and appropriations
consistent with the purposes of P.L.1996, c.62 (C.55:19-20 et al.)
on projects and investments utilizing revenues from the sale of

1 revenue bonds, which projects shall be subject to the approval of

2 the State Treasurer, and the Treasurer's actions shall be based solely

3 on his fiduciary role to ensure that all applicable federal and State

4 tax laws are adhered to regarding the investment of bond funds;

5 y. notwithstanding any law to the contrary, and upon resolution 6 of the municipal governing body, to act as the redevelopment 7 agency of any municipality in which there is not established a 8 redevelopment agency pursuant to subsection a. of section 11 of 9 P.L.1992, c.79 (C.40A:12A-11) and which is not precluded from 10 establishing such an agency;

z. in connection with any application for assistance under
P.L.1996, c.62 (C.55:19-20 et al.) or commitments therefor, to
require and collect such fees and charges as the authority shall
determine to be reasonable;

aa. to establish, levy and collect, in connection with any civic
project or utilities project managed or operated by the authority,
whether then owned or leased by the authority, user fees and facility
charges;

bb. to procure insurance against any loss in connection with its
property and other assets and operations, in such amounts and from
such insurers as it deems desirable;

22 cc. to employ consulting engineers, architects, attorneys, real 23 estate counselors, appraisers, and such other consultants and 24 employees as may be required in the judgment of the authority to 25 carry out the purposes of the act, and to fix and pay their 26 compensation from funds available to the authority therefor, all 27 without regard to the provisions of Title 11A, Civil Service, of the 28 New Jersey Statutes;

dd. to contract for, and to accept, any gifts or grants or loans of
funds or property or financial or other aid in any form from the
federal government or any agency or instrumentality thereof, or
from the State or a municipality or any agency or instrumentality
thereof, or from any other source, and, subject to the provisions of
P.L.1996, c.62 (C.55:19-20 et al.) and any other applicable law, to
comply with the terms and conditions thereof;

ee. to create subsidiary corporations as provided in section 8 of
P.L.1996, c.62 (C.55:19-27);

38 ff. to assist municipalities, counties, public or private county and 39 municipal development agencies, district management corporations 40 created pursuant to section 4 of P.L.1972, c.134 (C.40:56-68), 41 community action boards established pursuant to section 4 of 42 P.L.1991, c.51 (C.52:27D-398), or sponsors of neighborhood 43 empowerment organizations, in formulating and implementing 44 community redevelopment plans, which shall include, but not be 45 limited to, neighborhood restoration, residential development, and 46 industrial and commercial development;

gg. to fund, or assist in funding, community redevelopment 1 2 projects by municipalities, counties, public or private county and 3 municipal development agencies, district management corporations 4 created pursuant to section 4 of P.L.1972, c.134 (C.40:56-68), 5 community action boards established pursuant to section 4 of 6 P.L.1991, c.51 (C.52:27D-398), or sponsors of neighborhood 7 empowerment organizations, which shall include, but not be limited 8 to, direct loan assistance, including loan guarantees, procuring 9 capital from private developers and lending institutions, and 10 facilitating access to State, federal, and private sources of loans or grants, including, but not limited to, the New Jersey Economic 11 12 Development Authority and the Casino Redevelopment Authority;

hh. to assist in providing access to support services, including
technical assistance and job training programs, for projects
developed in connection with comprehensive community
redevelopment plans and neighborhood empowerment programs
established pursuant to this act;

ii. to provide assistance to urban areas in attracting industrial
and commercial projects, in rehabilitating existing industrial and
commercial facilities to restore them to productive use through the
establishment of marketing programs and incentive programs;

jj. to assist in facilitating the work of the Office of
Neighborhood Empowerment established pursuant to this act, which
assistance shall include, but not be limited to, providing
professional or technical expertise and funding for the
establishment and implementation of neighborhood empowerment
plans developed pursuant to this act;

kk. to enter into partnerships with private developers, the New
Jersey Economic Development Authority or any other public entity,
for the purpose of community redevelopment, and establish fees
therefor;

32 II. to enter into agreements with municipalities or counties
33 regarding projects to be financed through the use of payment in lieu
34 of taxes, as provided for in section 33 of P.L.1996, c.62 (C.55:1935 52); [and]

mm. to do any and all things necessary or convenient to carry
out its purposes and exercise the powers given and granted in
P.L.1996, c.62 (C.55:19-20 et al.); and

nn. to have all of the powers and authority of the Smart Growth
Ombudsman under P.L.2004, c.89 (C.52:27D-10.2 et al.), that are
necessary to facilitate and expedite the review and approval of
permits in areas determined to be in need of redevelopment
pursuant to sections 5 and 6 of P.L.1992, c.79 (C.40A:12A-5 and
40A:12A-6).

45 (cf: P.L.1996, c.62, s.5)

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47 24. R.S.40:8-1 is amended to read as follows:

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1 40:8-1. The governing body of any county and the governing 2 body of any municipality, or either of them, may acquire by gift, 3 grant, purchase, condemnation or in any other lawful manner real 4 estate or any right or interest therein for airport purposes and so use 5 lands theretofore acquired for other public purposes and being used 6 for airport purposes and erect thereon and maintain buildings for the 7 airport purposes, except that no county, municipality, school 8 district, or their agencies, shall acquire by condemnation any 9 airport, or property bordering an airport, that has had its 10 development rights purchased under section 11 of P.L.1983, c.264 11 (C.6:1-95), or any other law, or any property bordering an airport 12 that is within the confines of a New Jersey Department of 13 Transportation approved Master Plan, or an airport safety zone, as 14 defined in section 3 of the "Air Safety and Zoning Act of 1983," 15 P.L.1983, c.260 (C.6:1-82). 16 Upon such acquisition or use, the governing body of any county 17 and the governing body of any municipality, or either of them, may 18 lease the real estate, so acquired, with or without consideration to 19 the state of New Jersey, or any agency thereof, or may lease it to 20 any person for such consideration and for such term of years as may 21 be agreed upon. 22 (cf: R.S.40:8-1) 23 24 25. Section 12 of P.L.1991, c.431 (C.40A:20-12) is amended to 25 read as follows: 26 12. The rehabilitation or improvements made in the 27 development or redevelopment of a redevelopment area or area 28 appurtenant thereto or for a redevelopment relocation housing 29 project, pursuant to P.L.1991, c.431 (C.40A:20-1 et seq.), shall be 30 exempt from taxation for a limited period as hereinafter provided. 31 When housing is to be constructed, acquired or rehabilitated by an 32 urban renewal entity, the land upon which that housing is situated 33 shall be exempt from taxation for a limited period as hereinafter 34 provided. The exemption shall be allowed when the clerk of the 35 municipality wherein the property is situated shall certify to the 36 municipal tax assessor that a financial agreement with an urban 37 renewal entity for the development or the redevelopment of the 38 property, or the provision of a redevelopment relocation housing 39 project, or the provision of a low and moderate income housing 40 project has been entered into and is in effect as required by 41 P.L.1991, c.431 (C.40A:20-1 et seq.). 42 Delivery by the municipal clerk to the municipal tax assessor of 43 a certified copy of the ordinance of the governing body approving 44 the tax exemption and financial agreement with the urban renewal 45 entity shall constitute the required certification. For each 46 exemption granted pursuant to P.L.2003, c.125 (C.40A:12A-4.1 et

47 al.), upon certification as required hereunder, the tax assessor shall

56

implement the exemption and continue to enforce that exemption without further certification by the clerk until the expiration of the entitlement to exemption by the terms of the financial agreement or until the tax assessor has been duly notified by the clerk that the exemption has been terminated.

Upon the adoption of a financial agreement pursuant to 6 7 P.L.1991, c.431 (C.40A:20-1 et seq.), a certified copy of the 8 ordinance of the governing body approving the tax exemption and 9 the financial agreement with the urban renewal entity shall forthwith be transmitted to the Director of the Division of Local 10 11 Government Services. The governing body also shall post 12 information concerning the financial agreement, and the tax 13 exemption granted thereunder, on its official Internet web site, if 14 any, along with similar information concerning every other 15 financial agreement in effect in the municipality, in a form as 16 determined appropriate through rule and regulation of the director. 17 A database of financial agreements in effect throughout the State, 18 including details identifying the parties, the effective dates, the 19 amounts of the exemptions granted, and the amount of any services 20 charges also shall be published electronically by the director on the 21 Internet web site of the Department of Community Affairs, to the 22 extent that those data are available.

23 Whenever an exemption status changes during a tax year, the 24 procedure for the apportionment of the taxes for the year shall be 25 the same as in the case of other changes in tax exemption status 26 during the tax year. Tax exemptions granted pursuant to P.L.2003, 27 c.125 (C.40A:12A-4.1 et al.) represent long term financial 28 agreements between the municipality and the urban renewal entity 29 and as such constitute a single continuing exemption from local 30 property taxation for the duration of the financial agreement. The 31 validity of a financial agreement or any exemption granted pursuant 32 thereto may be challenged only by filing an action in lieu of 33 prerogative writ within 20 days from the publication of a notice of 34 the adoption of an ordinance by the governing body granting the 35 exemption and approving the financial agreement. Such notice 36 shall be published in a newspaper of general circulation in the 37 municipality and in a newspaper of general circulation in the county 38 if different from the municipal newspaper.

a. The duration of the exemption for urban renewal entities shall
be as follows: for all projects, a term of not more than 30 years
from the completion of the entire project, or unit of the project if
the project is undertaken in units, or not more than 35 years from
the execution of the financial agreement between the municipality
and the urban renewal entity.

b. During the term of any exemption, in lieu of any taxes to be
paid on the buildings and improvements of the project and, to the
extent authorized pursuant to this section, on the land, the urban

57

1 renewal entity shall make payment to the municipality of an annual 2 service charge, which shall remit a portion of that revenue to the 3 county as provided hereinafter. In addition, the municipality may 4 assess an administrative fee, not to exceed two percent of the annual 5 service charge, for the processing of the application. The annual 6 service charge for municipal services supplied to the project to be 7 paid by the urban renewal entity for any period of exemption, shall 8 be determined as follows:

9 (1) An annual amount equal to a percentage determined pursuant 10 to this subsection and section 11 of P.L.1991, c.431 (C.40A:20-11), 11 of the annual gross revenue from each unit of the project, if the 12 project is undertaken in units, or from the total project, if the project is not undertaken in units. The percentage of the annual gross 13 14 revenue shall not be more than 15% in the case of a low and 15 moderate income housing project, nor less than 10% in the case of 16 all other projects.

17 At the option of the municipality, or where because of the nature 18 of the development, ownership, use or occupancy of the project or 19 any unit thereof, if the project is to be undertaken in units, the total 20 annual gross rental or gross shelter rent or annual gross revenue 21 cannot be reasonably ascertained, the governing body shall provide 22 in the financial agreement that the annual service charge shall be a 23 sum equal to a percentage determined pursuant to this subsection 24 and section 11 of P.L.1991, c.431 (C.40A:20-11), of the total 25 project cost or total project unit cost determined pursuant to 26 P.L.1991, c.431 (C.40A:20-1 et seq.) calculated from the first day 27 of the month following the substantial completion of the project or 28 any unit thereof, if the project is undertaken in units. The 29 percentage of the total project cost or total project unit cost shall not 30 be more than 2% in the case of a low and moderate income housing 31 project, and shall not be less than 2% in the case of all other 32 projects.

33 (2) In either case, the financial agreement shall establish a
34 schedule of annual service charges to be paid over the term of the
35 exemption period, which shall be in stages as follows:

36 (a) For the first stage of the exemption period, which shall 37 commence with the date of completion of the unit or of the project, 38 as the case may be, and continue for a time of not less than six years 39 nor more than 15 years, as specified in the financial agreement, the 40 urban renewal entity shall pay the municipality an annual service 41 charge for municipal services supplied to the project in an annual 42 amount equal to the amount determined pursuant to paragraph (1) of 43 this subsection and section 11 of P.L.1991, c.431 (C.40A:20-11). 44 For the remainder of the period of the exemption, if any, the annual 45 service charge shall be determined as follows:

46 (b) For the second stage of the exemption period, which shall not47 be less than one year nor more than six years, as specified in the

58

financial agreement, an amount equal to either the amount
 determined pursuant to paragraph (1) of this subsection and section
 11 of P.L.1991, c.431 (C.40A:20-11), or 20% of the amount of
 taxes otherwise due on the value of the land and improvements,
 whichever shall be greater;
 (c) For the third stage of the exemption period, which shall not

be less than one year nor more than six years, as specified in the
financial agreement, an amount equal to either the amount
determined pursuant to paragraph (1) of this subsection and section
11 of P.L.1991, c.431 (C.40A:20-11), or 40% of the amount of
taxes otherwise due on the value of the land and improvements,
whichever shall be greater;

(d) For the fourth stage of the exemption period, which shall not
be less than one year nor more than six years, as specified in the
financial agreement, an amount equal to either the amount
determined pursuant to paragraph (1) of this subsection and section
11 of P.L.1991, c.431 (C.40A:20-11), or 60% of the amount of
taxes otherwise due on the value of the land and improvements,
whichever shall be greater; and

(e) For the final stage of the exemption period, the duration of
which shall not be less than one year and shall be specified in the
financial agreement, an amount equal to either the amount
determined pursuant to paragraph (1) of this subsection and section
11 of P.L.1991, c.431 (C.40A:20-11), or 80% of the amount of
taxes otherwise due on the value of the land and improvements,
whichever shall be greater.

If the financial agreement provides for an exemption period of less than 30 years from the completion of the entire project, or less than 35 years from the execution of the financial agreement, the financial agreement shall set forth a schedule of annual service charges for the exemption period which shall be based upon the minimum service charges and staged adjustments set forth in this section.

The annual service charge shall be paid to the municipality on a
quarterly basis in a manner consistent with the municipality's tax
collection schedule.

Each municipality which enters into a financial agreement on or after the effective date of P.L.2003, c.125 (C.40A:12A-4.1 et al.) shall remit 5 percent of the annual service charge to the county upon receipt of that charge in accordance with the provisions of this section.

42 Against the annual service charge the urban renewal entity shall 43 be entitled to credit for the amount, without interest, of the real 44 estate taxes on land paid by it in the last four preceding quarterly 45 installments.

46 Notwithstanding the provisions of this section or of the financial47 agreement, the minimum annual service charge shall be the amount

59

of the total taxes levied against all real property in the area covered
by the project in the last full tax year in which the area was subject
to taxation, and the minimum annual service charge shall be paid in
each year in which the annual service charge calculated pursuant to
this section or the financial agreement would be less than the
minimum annual service charge.
c. All exemptions granted pursuant to the provisions of

7 c. All exemptions granted pursuant to the provisions of
8 P.L.1991, c.431 (C.40A:20-1 et seq.) shall terminate at the time
9 prescribed in the financial agreement.

10 Upon the termination of the exemption granted pursuant to the provisions of P.L.1991, c.431 (C.40A:20-1 et seq.), the project, all 11 12 affected parcels, land and all improvements made thereto shall be 13 assessed and subject to taxation as are other taxable properties in 14 the municipality. After the date of termination, all restrictions and 15 limitations upon the urban renewal entity shall terminate and be at 16 an end upon the entity's rendering its final accounting to and with 17 the municipality.

18 (cf: P.L.2003, c.125, s.11)

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20 26. This act shall take effect on the first day of the fourth month 21 next following enactment. Any final action taken by a municipality 22 or redevelopment entity with respect to: a determination that an area 23 is in need of redevelopment or in need of rehabilitation; enactment 24 of a redevelopment plan; or designation of a redeveloper, or 25 approval of a redevelopment agreement, prior to the effective date 26 of this act shall have full force and effect, but any subsequent 27 official action by the municipality or redevelopment entity after the 28 effective date of this act shall be subject to its provisions.

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STATEMENT

33 This bill is intended to preserve the ability of municipalities to 34 redevelop blighted areas while enhancing the notice and hearing 35 requirements afforded under current law and ensuring that owners 36 of property acquired by public entities are afforded just 37 compensation and appropriate relocation benefits. Under the bill, 38 redevelopment determinations that would not contain authorizations 39 to utilize eminent domain would be made under procedures and in 40 accordance with criteria substantially similar to that contained in 41 current law. The designation of areas in which eminent domain could be utilized would be subject to more rigorous notice and other 42 43 transparency provisions.

44 Sections 1 and 2 of the bill would amend provisions of the 45 "Eminent Domain Act of 1971" in order to afford those whose 46 properties are sought to be acquired a greater opportunity to 47 negotiate for just compensation of their properties, specifically by:

60

1 requiring a condemnor's written offer to include a copy of the -2 appraisal upon which the offer has been based and which was 3 approved by the condemnor; 4 empowering condemnees to provide appraisers with information 5 and require appraisers to transmit that information to the taking 6 agency which, in turn will be required to consider that 7 information in calculating its offer; 8 prohibiting offers from being less than the payoff amount of 9 valid mortgages encumbering the property sought to be 10 condemned; providing condemnees a 45-day period to review the offer 11 12 (extendable up to 70 days total) with rights to: (1) request more information from the condemnor, 13 14 (2) meet with a representative of the condemnor, and 15 (3) obtain their own appraisals; providing that at the expiration of the time period or rejection of 16 17 the offer, transmittal of the condemnor's letter to the condemnee 18 concludes negotiations and establishes the right of the 19 condemnor to file a complaint for condemnation; 20 expediting determinations to condemn for redevelopment 21 purposes. 22 Sections 3 through 8 of the bill would make substantial changes 23 to the "Relocation Assistance Act." 24 This would be accomplished by: 25 amending the definition of "taking agency" under this act to _ 26 indicate that property owners whose properties are acquired (not 27 just condemned) by public entities who have the power to 28 condemn are entitled to relocation assistance. 29 increasing various amounts of relocation assistance, which 30 amounts have not been increased since adopted in 1971. 31 enhancing rental assistance to renters displaced by 32 condemnation, specifically by increasing from 4 to 5 years the 33 period of lease payments and removing the \$4,000 cap on lease 34 payments. 35 requiring a taking agency to pay a "location premium" to 36 represent the intangible loss that a business owner of a property 37 acquired pursuant to a redevelopment plan might suffer if 38 relocated from a site with favorable pedestrian, mass transit or 39 vehicular traffic. 40 providing that all relocation assistance payment amounts revised _ 41 under this bill would increase annually to reflect inflation. 42 Section 9 of the bill would amend the "Municipal Land Use 43 Law" to allow municipal master plans to include a redevelopment 44 plan element. 45 Sections 10 through 22 of the bill would amend and supplement 46 the "Local Redevelopment and Housing Law" (LRHL). The bill is 47 designed to allow public entities to designate blighted areas as

"redevelopment areas for tax exemption purposes" or as
 "condemnation redevelopment areas." Designation of a blighted
 area as a "redevelopment area for tax exemption purposes" would
 be a more simplified process than that set forth for designation of a
 blighted area as a "condemnation redevelopment area," however,
 the power of eminent domain under the LRHL could only be
 utilized in "condemnation redevelopment areas."

8 Section 12 of the bill would amend N.J.S.A. 40A:12A-5, the 9 provision of the LRHL setting forth the criteria for determining 10 whether an area is in need of redevelopment. While deleting the current criteria, subsections a. through h. of the section, the bill 11 12 would reestablish those criteria, with minor modifications, in a new 13 subsection i. as the criteria which must exist to determine that an 14 area is a "redevelopment area for tax exemption purposes." The 15 modifications from current law are the elimination of the "smart 16 growth" criteria contained in current subsection h., the addition of a 17 new criteria to address contaminated properties, shortening the time 18 frame that unimproved vacant land must remain vacant from 10 19 years to five years, and clarifying the criteria concerning lack of 20 proper utilization due to the condition of title and ownership by 21 providing that the "other conditions" must be other similar 22 conditions to those explicitly listed. The bill would add a new 23 subsection j. to this section to provide that whenever a proposed 24 "area in need of redevelopment for tax exemption purposes" 25 contains parcels that do not satisfy one of the criteria, and those 26 parcels exceed 20% of the land mass of the proposed area, the 27 planning board would be required to hold an additional public 28 hearing.

29 This section would also be amended by adding a new subsection 30 k. setting forth criteria for the designation of a "condemnation 31 redevelopment area." These criteria are similar to the criteria 32 contained in current law and those set forth above for determination 33 that an area is in need of redevelopment for tax exemption purposes 34 but more rigorous in that they omit one of the most often criticized 35 criteria, the one concerning lack of proper utilization of the 36 property. This section is also being amended by the addition of a 37 new subsection l. providing that if a proposed "condemnation 38 redevelopment area" includes non-blighted parcels comprising more 39 than 10% of the land mass of the proposed area, the municipality 40 would be required to adopt a separate ordinance authorizing the 41 inclusion in the area of those parcels.

42 Section 13 of the bill amends N.J.S.A. 40A:12A-6 to enhance the 43 transparency of the process. Parallel provisions are set forth in 44 subsections a. through d., for designation of an area as a 45 redevelopment area for tax exemption purposes, and in subsections 46 e. through g., for designation of an area as a condemnation 47 redevelopment area, providing greater protections to potentially

62

1 aggrieved members of the general public in the process governing

2 the designation of an area as a condemnation redevelopment area.

3 This section provides that a redevelopment area designation would

4 lapse after 10 years.

5 Section 14 amends N.J.S.A. 40A:12A-7 to expand the scope of 6 redevelopment plans to identify the benefits and costs that can be 7 envisioned through the redevelopment of the area. In addition to an 8 analysis of the land use controls, a redevelopment plan would be 9 required to contain an inventory of environmental, historical and 10 cultural assets within the redevelopment area, together with 11 preservation and conservation strategies for such assets. 12 Additionally, the redevelopment plan would need to quantify the 13 impact of the plan on surrounding areas and the legal obligations 14 applicable to low and moderate income persons within the 15 municipality and the relocation needs arising from any displacement 16 of residents or businesses as a result of the plan. A redevelopment 17 plan would estimate the number of jobs, temporary and permanent, 18 that will be available to low and moderate income residents of the 19 redevelopment area. A redevelopment plan would also need to 20 document consistency with smart growth planning principles. 21 These provisions will ensure that local governing bodies consider 22 all relevant factors before adopting a plan. This section of the bill 23 details numerous steps to enhance the transparency of the adoption 24 of redevelopment plans, addressing issues such as notice and 25 hearings, affording affected residents and the public opportunities 26 to inspect a proposed plan, and specifying the mechanism to prepare 27 major and minor amendments to redevelopment plans.

28 Section 15 amends N.J.S.A. 40A:12A-8 to provide that property 29 could only be condemned in furtherance of a redevelopment project 30 if the property is in a "condemnation redevelopment area." This 31 section also allows the municipality or redevelopment entity to 32 request the assistance of the New Jersey Redevelopment Authority 33 (NJRA) to expedite permit applications and approvals in the 34 redevelopment area. (Section 23 of the bill provides the NJRA with 35 all the powers and authority of the smart growth ombudsman 36 necessary to facilitate and expedite permits in redevelopment areas.) 37 Section 16, a new section, would require a municipality to 38 submit to the Department of Community Affairs (DCA) a map 39 outlining the boundaries of redevelopment areas, the investigation 40 report and the ordinance making the determination. Additional 41 accounting to DCA would be required under this section to enable 42 DCA to annually issue a report on the use of redevelopment in New 43 Jersey.

Section 17 adds a new section setting forth rules governing
property acquisitions in condemnation areas intended to ensure that
property owners who lose their properties to redevelopment projects
are fairly compensated.

63

In addition to the appraised value of the property being taken, the 1 2 written offer of just compensation would have to include: 3 (1) reimbursement for reasonable costs to verify the appraisal; 4 (2) reasonable legal costs of the prospective condemnee to 5 review the basis for condemnation; (3) lost rents for the period of time between declaration of the 6 7 condemnation area and date of taking possession by the 8 redevelopment entity; 9 (4) the amount of relocation assistance that the prospective 10 condemnee would be entitled; and (5) with regard to a prospective condemnee who has an approved 11 application for development under the "Municipal Land Use Law," 12 13 P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-1 et seq.), restitution damages and 14 expectancy damages related to the approved development, unless 15 the condemnor can demonstrate that the prospective condemnee is 16 unable or unwilling to complete the development. 17 Furthermore, the amount of the written offer could be no less than 18 the payoff amount for bona fide mortgages encumbering the 19 property. 20 The section also provides that an appraisal for the property must 21 reflect its highest value at either: 22 (1) the date on which action is taken by the condemnor which 23 substantially affects the use and enjoyment of the property by the 24 condemnee; or 25 (2) the date on which the property is determined to be in a 26 condemnation redevelopment area. 27 Under this section, whenever an award is increased on appeal, 28 the condemnor also shall pay the condemnee's reasonable legal fees 29 expended by the condemnee to appeal the commissioners' award. 30 This section also provides that when a "non-blighted" property is 31 included in a condemnation redevelopment area, the property shall 32 not be condemned unless the condemnor is able to certify in its 33 condemnation complaint that it has exhausted all avenues to acquire 34 the property, that acquisition of the property cannot be negotiated 35 despite its best efforts, and that the property is necessary to the 36 viability of the redevelopment project. This section also bestows upon every resident and small business 37 38 operator displaced because of redevelopment, a right of first refusal 39 to purchase or lease property in the redevelopment area post-40 development. 41 Sections 18 and 19 amend N.J.S.A.40A:12A-14 and 40A:12A-42 15, respectively, by expanding the criteria for areas in need of 43 rehabilitation. Areas in need of rehabilitation exist today and can 44 be subjected to the controls and visions set forth in the 45 redevelopment plan. Municipalities have the same powers to 46 implement a redevelopment plan for an area in need of 47 rehabilitation as a redevelopment area, except that municipalities

64

cannot exercise the power of eminent domain. The proposed 1 2 changes are designed to permit certain parcels to be designated an 3 area in need of rehabilitation if they would be qualified for 4 designation as an area in need of redevelopment under current law, 5 but would not support such designation under the proposed 6 amendments. The bill would allow municipalities to identify areas 7 that may be studied in the future for designation as redevelopment 8 or rehabilitation areas when revising municipal master plans.

9 Section 20 sets forth a process for selecting redevelopers for 10 large redevelopment projects.

11 Section 21 requires documentation in redeveloper agreements 12 about properties subject to condemnation. A provision of this 13 section provides that the ability of a redeveloper to request 14 acquisition by eminent domain lapses five years from the date of the 15 agreement unless extended by the municipal governing body upon 16 notice to affected property owners of a hearing on the matter.

Section 22 provides that if a court finds any notice required
under the LRHL to be defective, the court may order all or certain
redevelopment activities suspended until the defect is remedied.

Section 23 provides the NJRA with all the powers and authority
of the smart growth ombudsman necessary to facilitate and expedite
permits in redevelopment areas.

23 Section 24 contains provisions designed to protect certain24 airports from eminent domain.

Section 25 amends N.J.S.A. 40A:20-12 to establish a reporting
requirement for financial agreements and tax exemptions granted
under the "Long Term Tax Exemption Law."

Section 26 is the bill's effective date. It provides that the bill 28 29 would be effective on the first day of the fourth month next 30 following enactment. Recognizing that a redevelopment process 31 contains four distinctive steps: designation of an area in need of 32 redevelopment or rehabilitation, adoption of a redevelopment plan, 33 designation of a redeveloper, and approval of a redevelopment 34 agreement, this bill would grandfather existing redevelopment 35 activities to the extent such activities are matured. Thus, if an area 36 has already been designated as a redevelopment area under existing 37 law, or a redevelopment plan has already been adopted, or a 38 redevelopment agreement has already been authorized and 39 executed, these "final actions" of the municipality or redevelopment 40 entity would remain valid and given full force and effect. Future actions occurring after the effective date of this bill, however, 41 would be governed by the provisions of the bill. 42