[First Reprint] **SENATE, No. 2711**

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

213th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED MARCH 10, 2009

Sponsored by:

Senator ROBERT W. SINGER
District 30 (Burlington, Mercer, Monmouth and Ocean)
Senator PAUL A. SARLO
District 36 (Bergen, Essex and Passaic)

Co-Sponsored by: Senator T.Kean

SYNOPSIS

Revises procedure for reassessment of certain real property by assessor and appeal of assessment by certain property taxpayers.

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

As reported by the Senate Community and Urban Affairs Committee on November 23, 2009, with amendments.



AN ACT concerning the assessment of real property and ¹appeals of assessed valuations, ¹ amending ¹R.S.54:3-21 and ¹ R.S.54:4-23.

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BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

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¹ R.S.54:3-21 is amended to read as follows:

54:3-21. a. Except as provided in subsection b. of this section a taxpayer feeling aggrieved by the assessed valuation of the taxpayer's property, or feeling discriminated against by the assessed valuation of other property in the county, or a taxing district which may feel discriminated against by the assessed valuation of property in the taxing district, or by the assessed valuation of property in another taxing district in the county, may on or before April 1, or 45 days from the date the bulk mailing of notification of assessment is completed in the taxing district, whichever is later, appeal to the county board of taxation by filing with it a petition of appeal; provided, however, that any such taxpayer or taxing district may on or before April 1, or 45 days from the date the bulk mailing of notification of assessment is completed in the taxing district, whichever is later, file a complaint directly with the Tax Court, if the assessed valuation of the property subject to the appeal exceeds [\$750,000.00] <u>\$1,000,000</u>. In a taxing district where a municipalwide revaluation or municipal-wide reassessment has been implemented, a taxpayer or a taxing district may appeal before or on May 1 to the county board of taxation by filing with it a petition of appeal or, if the assessed valuation of the property subject to the appeal exceeds [\$750,000] \$1,000,000, by filing a complaint directly with the State Tax Court. Within ten days of the completion of the bulk mailing of notification of assessment, the assessor of the taxing district shall file with the county board of taxation a certification setting forth the date on which the bulk mailing was completed. If a county board of taxation completes the bulk mailing of notification of assessment, the tax administrator of the county board of taxation shall within ten days of the completion of the bulk mailing prepare and keep on file a certification setting forth the date on which the bulk mailing was completed. taxpayer shall have 45 days to file an appeal upon the issuance of a notification of a change in assessment. An appeal to the Tax Court by one party in a case in which the Tax Court has jurisdiction shall establish jurisdiction over the entire matter in the Tax Court. All appeals to the Tax Court hereunder shall be in accordance with the provisions of the State Uniform Tax Procedure Law, R.S.54:48-1 et seq.

EXPLANATION – Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter underlined <u>thus</u> is new matter. Matter enclosed in superscript numerals has been adopted as follows: ¹Senate SCU committee amendments adopted November 23, 2009. If a petition of appeal or a complaint is filed on April 1 or during the 19 days next preceding April 1, a taxpayer or a taxing district shall have 20 days from the date of service of the petition or complaint to file a cross-petition of appeal with a county board of taxation or a counterclaim with the Tax Court, as appropriate.

b. No taxpayer or taxing district shall be entitled to appeal either an assessment or an exemption or both that is based on a financial agreement subject to the provisions of the "Long Term Tax Exemption Law" under the appeals process set forth in subsection a. of this section.

(cf: P.L.2007, c.256, s.1)

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${}^{1}[1.]$ 2. 1 R.S.54:4-23 is amended to read as follows:

54:4-23. All real property shall be assessed to the person owning the same on October 1 in each year. The assessor shall ascertain the names of the owners of all real property situate in his taxing district, and after examination and inquiry, determine the full and fair value of each parcel of real property situate in the taxing district at such price as, in his judgment, it would sell for at a fair and bona fide sale by private contract on October 1 next preceding the date on which the assessor shall complete his assessments, as hereinafter required; provided, however, that in determining the full and fair value of land which is being assessed and taxed under the Farmland Assessment Act of 1964, chapter 48, laws of 1964, the assessor shall consider only those indicia of value which such land has for agricultural or horticultural use as provided by said act; and provided further however, that when the assessor has reason to believe that property comprising all or part of a taxing district has been assessed at a value lower or higher than is consistent with the purpose of securing uniform taxable valuation of property according to law for the purpose of taxation, or that the assessment of property comprising all or part of a taxing district is not in substantial compliance with the law and that the interests of the public will be promoted by a reassessment of such property, the assessor shall, after due investigation, make a reassessment of the property in the taxing district that is not in substantial compliance, provided that (1) the assessor has first notified, in writing, the [mayor, the municipal governing body, the Division of Taxation in the Department of the Treasury, the county board of taxation, and the county tax administrator of the basis of the assessor's determination that a reassessment of that property in the taxing district is warranted and (2) the assessor has submitted a copy of a compliance plan to the county board of taxation [and to the Division of Taxation for approval. [If the assessor does not receive an approval decision or a decision disapproving the plan from either the county board of taxation or the Division of Taxation within 45 days of their receipt of the compliance plan, then the

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1 entity that did not respond shall be deemed to have approved the 2 plan. Following a reassessment of a portion of the taxing district pursuant to an approved compliance plan, the assessor shall certify 3 4 to the county board of taxation, through such sampling as the 5 county board of taxation deems adequate, that the reassessment is in 6 substantial compliance with the portions of the taxing district that 7 were not reassessed. For the purposes of assessment, the assessor 8 shall compute and determine the taxable value of such real property 9 at the level established for the county pursuant to law.

10 (cf: P.L.2001, c.101, s.1)

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¹[2.] $\underline{3.}^{1}$ This act shall take effect immediately.