[First Reprint]

ASSEMBLY CONCURRENT RESOLUTION No. 159

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

215th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED SEPTEMBER 24, 2012

Sponsored by:

Assemblyman GORDON M. JOHNSON District 37 (Bergen) Assemblywoman CONNIE WAGNER District 38 (Bergen and Passaic)

Co-Sponsored by:

Assemblywomen Mosquera, Vainieri Huttle, Assemblyman Chivukula, Senators Weinberg, O'Toole, Allen, Gordon, Addiego, Beck and Gill

SYNOPSIS

Commemorates suffering endured by comfort women during forced internment in Japanese military camps.

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

As reported by the Assembly Women and Children Committee on January 17, 2013, with amendments.



(Sponsorship Updated As Of: 6/21/2013)

1	A CONCURRENT RESOLUTION commemorating the suffering
2	endured by comfort women during their forced internment in
3	Japanese military camps.
4	
5	WHEREAS, The term "comfort women" is a euphemism used by the
6	Japanese government to describe women forced into sexual slavery
7	by the ¹ Imperial ¹ Japanese ¹ [army] military ¹ between 1932 and
8	1945; and
9	WHEREAS, The majority of ¹ ["comfort women"] comfort women ¹
10	were of Korean or Chinese descent but women from Thailand,
11	Vietnam, Indonesia, Malaysia, the Philippines, Australia, and the
12	Netherlands were also interned in military comfort stations run
13	directly by the ¹ Imperial ¹ Japanese ¹ [army] military ¹ or by private
14	agents working for the ¹ [army] military ¹ ; and
15	WHEREAS, Some of the women were sold to the comfort stations as
16	minors, others were deceptively recruited by middlemen with the
17	promise of employment and financial security, and still others were
18	forcibly kidnapped and sent to "work" for soldiers stationed
19	throughout the Japanese occupied territories; and
20	WHEREAS, Lack of official documentation, most destroyed on the
21	orders of the Japanese government after World War II, has made it
22	difficult to estimate the total number of comfort women; most
23	historians and media sources approximate that about 200,000 young
24	women were recruited or kidnapped by soldiers to serve in Japanese
25	military brothels; and
26	WHEREAS, Approximately three-quarters of the comfort women have
27	died as a direct result of the brutality inflicted on them during their
28	internment. Those who survived were left infertile due to sexual
29	violence or sexually transmitted diseases and many are now dying
30	without proper acknowledgment by the Japanese government of the
31	suffering they endured during their forced internment in military
32	comfort stations; and
33	WHEREAS, It is fitting for this House to commemorate the fifth
34	anniversary of the passage by the United States House of
35	Representatives of ¹ [H.R.121] <u>H.Res.121 (110th)</u> that called upon
36	the Japanese government to accept historical responsibility for the
37	sexual enslavement of comfort women by the ¹ Imperial ¹ Japanese
38	¹ [army] military ¹ and educate future generations about these
39	crimes; now, therefore,

EXPLANATION – Matter enclosed in **bold-faced** brackets **[**thus **]** in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

BE IT RESOLVED by the General Assembly of the State of New

crimes; now, therefore,

Jersey (the Senate concurring):

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Matter enclosed in superscript numerals has been adopted as follows: ¹Assembly AWC committee amendments adopted January 17, 2013.

ACR159 [1R] JOHNSON, WAGNER

1. The General Assembly commemorates and supports comfort
women in their fight for proper acknowledgement by the Japanese
government of the suffering they endured during their forced
internment in military comfort stations and calls upon the Japanese
government to accept historical responsibility for the sexual
enslavement of comfort women by the ¹ Imperial ¹ Japanese ¹ Iarmy]
military ¹ and educate future generations about these crimes.

> 2. Duly authenticated copies of this resolution, signed by the President of the Senate and attested by the Secretary of the Senate and signed by the Speaker of the General Assembly and attested by the Clerk of the General Assembly, shall be transmitted to the Embassy of the Republic of Korea in the United States, ¹The Office of the Consulate General of the Republic of Korea-New York, The Office of Korean American Civic Empowerment, and the Mayor and Council President of Palisades Park, New Jersey¹[, and the

Korean American Voters' Council 1.