## **SENATE, No. 2923**

# **STATE OF NEW JERSEY**

### 215th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED JULY 29, 2013

Sponsored by: Senator JOSEPH F. VITALE District 19 (Middlesex)

**Co-Sponsored by: Senator Greenstein** 

#### **SYNOPSIS**

Revises statutes regarding practice of physical therapy.

#### **CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT**

As introduced.



(Sponsorship Updated As Of: 1/14/2014)

**AN ACT** concerning the practice of physical therapy, amending P.L.2003, c.18, and amending and supplementing P.L.1983, c.296.

**BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

- 1. Section 3 of P.L.1983, c.296 (C.45:9-37.13) is amended to read as follows:
  - 3. As used in this act:

"Animal physical therapy" means the evaluation and treatment of non-human clients in physical therapy by an individual licensed under this act in collaboration with the client's veterinarian of record licensed under chapter 16 of Title 45 of the Revised Statutes.

"Board" means the State Board of Physical Therapy Examiners established pursuant to section 5 of this act.

["Direct supervision" means the presence of the supervising physical therapist on site, available to respond to any consequence occurring during any treatment procedure.]

"General supervision" means supervision by a physical therapist in which: the physical therapist must be available at all times by telecommunications but is not required to be on-site for direction and supervision; and the supervising physical therapist assesses on an ongoing basis the ability of the physical therapy assistant to perform the selected interventions as directed.

"Physical therapist" means a natural person who holds a current, valid license to practice physical therapy pursuant to the provisions of this act and in accordance with regulations of the board.

"Physical therapist assistant" means a natural person who is licensed pursuant to the provisions of this act and who assists a licensed physical therapist under his direct supervision in accordance with this act and regulations of the board.

"Physical therapy" and "physical therapy practice" mean the identification of physical impairment, [or] movement-related functional limitation, or balance disorder that occurs as a result of injury or congenital or acquired disability, or other physical dysfunction through examination, evaluation and diagnosis of the physical impairment or movement-related functional limitation and the establishment of a prognosis for the resolution or amelioration thereof, and treatment of the physical impairment or movement-related functional limitation, which shall include, but is not limited to, the alleviation of pain, physical impairment and movement-related functional limitation by therapeutic intervention, including treatment by means of manual therapy techniques and massage, intramuscular techniques, electro-therapeutic modalities,

EXPLANATION – Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

- 1 integumentary protection, repair and management, the use of 2 physical agents, mechanical modalities, hydrotherapy, therapeutic 3 exercises with or without assistive devices, neurodevelopmental 4 procedures, joint mobilization, movement-related functional 5 training in self-care, providing assistance in community and work 6 integration or reintegration, providing training in techniques for the 7 prevention of injury, impairment, movement-related functional 8 limitation, or dysfunction, providing consultative, educational, other 9 advisory services, and collaboration with other health care 10 providers in connection with patient care, utilization review, and
- 11 such other treatments and functions as may be further defined by 12 the board by regulation. 13 "Physical therapy" and "physical therapy practice" also include 14 the screening, examination, evaluation, and application of 15 interventions for the promotion, improvement, and maintenance of fitness, health, wellness, and prevention services in populations of 16
- all ages related to physical therapy practice, and animal physical 18 therapy.
- 19 (cf: P.L.2003, c.18, s.1)

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- 2. Section 8 of P.L.1983, c.296 (C.45:9-37.18) is amended to read as follows:
  - 8. a. The board shall:
- 24 (1) Administer and enforce the provisions of P.L.1983, c.296 25 (C.45:9-37.11 et seq.) and P.L.2003, c.18 (C.45:9-37.34b et al.);
  - (2) Establish procedures for application for licensure;
  - (3) Establish standards for, and adopt and administer examinations for licensure:
  - (4) Review and pass upon the qualifications of applicants for licensure;
    - (5) Insure the proper conduct and standards of examinations;
    - (6) Issue and renew licenses to physical therapists and physical therapist assistants pursuant to this act;
    - (7) Establish disciplinary measures, including but not limited to, suspending, revoking, or refusing to renew the license of a physical therapist or physical therapist assistant pursuant to the provisions of P.L.1978, c.73 (C.45:1-14 et seq.);
  - (8) Maintain a record of every physical therapist and physical therapist assistant licensed in this State, his place of business, his place of residence, and the date and number of his license;
  - (9) Conduct hearings into allegations of misconduct by licensees:
- 43 (10) Establish requirements and standards for continuing 44 Leducation and approve courses that are eligible to meet the 45 requirements professional competency as provided in section 25 of P.L.2003, c.18 (C.45:9-37.34f); 46
- 47 (11) Conduct hearings pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure 48 Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.), except that the board

shall have the right to administer oaths to witnesses, and shall have the power to issue subpoenas for the compulsory attendance of witnesses and the production of pertinent books, papers or records;

- (12) Conduct proceedings before any board, agency or court of competent jurisdiction for the enforcement of the provisions of P.L.1983, c.296 (C.45:9-37.11 et seq.) and P.L.2003, c.18 (C.45:9-37.34b et al.);
- (13) Conduct investigations as necessary and have the enforcement powers provided pursuant to P.L.1978, c.73 (C.45:1-14 et seq.);
- 11 (14) [Within 180 days of the effective date of P.L.2003, c.18, 12 establish standards in accordance with the provisions of section 22 of P.L.2003, c.18 (C.45:9-37.34c), in collaboration with the State 13 Board of Medical Examiners and other appropriate professional 14 15 licensing boards established pursuant to Title 45 of the Revised Statutes, setting forth the conditions under which a physical 16 17 therapist is required to refer an individual being treated by a 18 physical therapist to or consult with a practitioner licensed to 19 practice dentistry, podiatry or medicine and surgery in this State, or 20 other appropriate licensed health care professional. 21 adoption of the standards: (a) a physical therapist shall refer any 22 individual who has failed to demonstrate reasonable progress within 23 30 days of the date of initial treatment to a licensed health care 24 professional; and (b) a physical therapist, not more than 30 days 25 from the date of initial treatment of functional limitation or pain, 26 shall consult with the individual's licensed health care professional 27 of record as to the appropriateness of the treatment, or, in the event 28 that there is no identified licensed health care professional of 29 record, recommend that the individual consult with a licensed health care professional of the individual's choice [ (Deleted by 30 amendment, P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as 31 32 this bill);
  - (15) Establish mechanisms to assure that the public has access to physical therapists' services, and report back to the Senate Health, Human Services and Senior Citizens and Assembly Regulated Professions [and Independent Authorities] Committees, or their successors, regarding this access; and
- 38 (16) Promulgate rules and regulations necessary for the 39 performance of its duties and the implementation of this act.
- b. In addition to the provisions of subsection a. of this section,
  the board may establish standards of professional behavior.
  (cf: P.L. 2003, c.18, s.4)

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- 3. Section 9 of P.L.1983, c.296 (C.45:9-37.19) is amended to read as follows:
  - 9. No person shall practice physical therapy or act as a <u>physical</u> therapist or physical therapist assistant, <u>or render a utilization</u> management decision that limits, restricts, or curtails a course of

physical therapy care, whether or not compensation is received or expected, unless the person holds a valid license to practice in this State; however, nothing in this section shall be construed to:

- a. Prohibit any student enrolled in a school or post-graduate course of physical therapy or in a course of study for training as a physical therapist assistant that is approved or recognized by the board from performing physical therapy or acting as a physical therapist assistant, as appropriate, which is necessary to his course of study;
- b. Prohibit any person licensed to practice in this State under any other law from engaging in the practice for which the person is licensed, provided that: the procedures or duties performed by that person are within the scope of that person's practice as established by law and the accepted standards of practice of the profession for which the person is licensed; and the person does not represent himself as a physical therapist or physical therapist assistant [.or];
- c. Prohibit any person employed by an agency, bureau or division of the federal government from practicing physical therapy within the scope of his official duties [.]:
- d. With the exception of the provisions of section 20 of P.L.1983, c.296 (C.45:9-37.30), prohibit any person licensed to practice in this State under any other law from engaging in the practice for which the person is licensed, provided that: the procedures or duties performed by that person are within the scope of that person's practice as established by law and the accepted standards of practice of the profession for which the person is licensed; and the person does not represent himself as a physical therapist, or physical therapist assistant;
- e. Prohibit any student enrolled in a school or post-graduate course of physical therapy or in a course of study for training as a physical therapist assistant that is approved or recognized by the board from performing physical therapy or acting as a physical therapist assistant, as appropriate, which is necessary to his course of study or as part of a pro bono community-based service project under the supervision of a physical therapist licensed by the board;
- f. Prohibit an individual who is licensed as a physical therapist in another jurisdiction of the United States or credentialed to practice physical therapy in another country, from teaching, demonstrating or providing physical therapy services in connection with teaching or participating in an educational seminar for no more than 60 days in a calendar year;
- g. Prohibit an individual who is licensed as a physical therapist in a jurisdiction of the United States or credentialed in another country from performing physical therapy or acting as a physical therapist assistant, if that individual by contract or employment is providing physical therapy to patients affiliated with or employed by established athletic teams, athletic organizations or performing

1 <u>arts companies temporarily practicing, competing or performing in</u> 2 the State for no more than 60 days in a calendar year;

- h. Prohibit an individual who is licensed as a physical therapist in another jurisdiction of the United States from entering this State to provide physical therapy during a declared local, State or national disaster or emergency. This exemption applies for no longer than 60 days following the declaration of the emergency. In order to be eligible for this exemption the physical therapist shall notify the board of his intent to practice;
- i. Prohibit an individual who is licensed as a physical therapist in another jurisdiction of the United States who is forced to leave his residence or place of employment due to a declared local, State or national disaster or emergency and due to such displacement seeks to practice physical therapy. This exemption applies for no more than 60 days following the declaration of the emergency. In order to be eligible for this exemption the physical therapist shall notify the board of his intent to practice; or
  - j. Prohibit an individual who is licensed or certified as a physical therapist assistant in a jurisdiction of the United States and is assisting a licensed physical therapist engaged specifically in activities related to subsections d., e., f., g. and h. of this section.

22 (cf: P.L. 2003, c.18, s.5)

- 4. Section 10 of P.L.1983, c.296 (C.45:9-37.20) is amended to read as follows:
- 10. a. No physical therapist shall supervise more physical therapist assistants at any one time than in the opinion of the board can be adequately supervised. Under usual circumstances the maximum number of physical therapist assistants that may be supervised by a physical therapist shall be two, except that, upon application, the board may permit the supervision of a greater number of physical therapist assistants if it feels there would be adequate supervision and the public health and safety would be served.
- b. A licensed physical therapist assistant may initiate patient physical therapy treatment consistent with the role of a physical therapist assistant, as defined by the board or otherwise provided in P.L.1983, c.296, (C.45:9-37.11 et seq.) or P.L.2003, c.18 (C.45:9-37.34b et al.), only at the discretion of, and under the [direct] general supervision of, a licensed physical therapist.
- c. When supervising a physical therapist assistant in any off site setting, the following requirements shall be observed:
  - (1) A physical therapist must be accessible by telecommunications to the physical therapist assistant at all times while the physical therapist assistant is treating patients.
- 46 (2) There must be regularly scheduled and documented 47 conferences between the physical therapist and the physical 48 therapist assistant regarding patients, the frequency of which is

- determined by the needs of the patient and the needs of the physical
   therapist assistant.
- (3) In those situations in which a physical therapist assistant is
   involved in the care of a patient, a supervisory visit by the physical
   therapist is to be made: upon the physical therapist assistant's
   request for a reexamination; when a change in the plan of care is
   needed; prior to any planned discharge; and in response to a change
   in the patient's medical status.
  - d. Within 180 days following the enactment of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill), the board shall establish guidelines concerning the supervision of physical therapist assistants, including, but not limited to:
- 13 (1) On-site review of the plan of care with appropriate revision 14 or termination; and
  - (2) Evaluation of the need for, and a recommendation regarding, utilization of outside resources.
- 17 (cf: P.L.2003, c.18, s.6)

- 5. Section 15 of P.L.1983, 296 (C.45:9-37.25) is amended to read as follows:
- 15. The written examination provided for in sections 12 and 13 of this act and section 21 of P.L.2003, c.18 (C.45:9-37.34b) shall test the applicant's knowledge of basic and clinical sciences as they relate to physical therapy and physical therapy theory and procedures and any other subjects the board may deem useful to test the applicant's fitness to practice physical therapy or act as a physical therapist assistant. Examinations shall be held within the State at a time and place to be determined by the board. The board shall give adequate written notice of the examination to applicants for licensure and examination.
- If an applicant fails his first examination, the applicant may take a second examination no more than two years from the date of the initial examination. Additional examinations may be given at the discretion of the board.
- The board shall allow a student enrolled in an accredited physical therapist or physical therapist assistant education program and who has completed all the required didactic coursework, to take the National Physical Therapy Examination prior to graduation, provided the student submits with the application a letter on the official letterhead of the accredited educational institution where the applicant is completing an accredited educational program that includes the signature of the program director, the department chairperson or a similarly authorized person of the university or college that states:
- 45 <u>a. The applicant is a candidate for a degree as a physical</u>
  46 <u>therapist or physical therapist assistant at the next scheduled</u>
  47 graduation date;

- 1 b. The date the national examination for licensure is to be taken 2 by the applicant is the one nearest to and before the applicant's 3 expected graduation date and is not more than 120 days before the 4 date of the applicant's expected graduation date; and
  - c. The applicant meets any other established requirements of the accredited educational program, if applicable.

(cf: P.L. 2003, c.18, s.11)

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- 9 6. Section 17 of P.L.1983, c.296 (c.45:9-37.27) is amended to 10 read as follows:
- 11 17. The board shall issue a license to each applicant for 12 licensure as a physical therapist or physical therapist assistant who, in the judgment of the board, qualifies for licensure pursuant to this 13 14 act and P.L.2003, c.18 (C.45:9-37.34b et al.).
  - Every licensee shall ensure the following notices are conspicuously displayed in a public area in all offices and health care facilities at which the licensee practices physical therapy:
- 18 a. "Physical therapists and physical therapist assistants are 19 licensed by the State Board of Physical Therapy Examiners, an 20 agency of the Division of Consumer Affairs. Any member of the 21 public may notify the board of any complaint relative to the practice 22 conducted by a physical therapist or physical therapist assistant." 23 The notice shall include the current address and phone number for 24 the New Jersey Division of Consumer Affairs, State Board of 25 Physical Examiners.
- 26 b. "INFORMATION ON PROFESSIONAL FEES 27 AVAILABLE TO YOU ON REQUEST."
  - The licensee shall not be required to publicly post his biennial registration, but an original biennial registration shall be maintained on site and all licensees shall be required to provide their name, professional designation and license number to any patient upon request.
- 33 (cf: P.L.2003, c.18, s.12)

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- 35 7. Section 20 of P.L.1983, c.296 (C.45:9-37.30) is amended to 36 read:
  - 20. No person, business entity or its employees, agents or representatives shall place an advertisement that uses or otherwise use the titles "physical therapist," "physiotherapist," "registered physical therapist," "licensed physical therapist," "physical therapist assistant," "registered physical therapist assistant," "licensed physical therapist assistant," "student physical therapist," "physical therapy assistant," "student physical therapist assistant," or the abbreviations "PT," "DPT," [or] "RPT," "LPT," "PTA," "RPTA," "LPTA," "SPT," "SPTA," or the terms "physical therapy," or
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- 46 "physiotherapy," or any other title, designation, words, letters,
- 47 abbreviations, or insignia indicating the practice of physical therapy

1 unless licensed to practice as a physical therapist or physical 2 therapist assistant under the provision of this act.

3 (cf: P.L.2003, c.18, s.15)

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- 8. Section 23 of P.L.2003, c.18 (C.45:9-37.34d) is amended to read as follows:
  - 23. An applicant for licensure or renewal as a physical therapist or a physical therapist assistant shall:
- a. Execute and submit a sworn statement on a form prescribed by the board that neither the license for which renewal is sought nor any similar license or other authority issued by another jurisdiction has been revoked, suspended or not renewed; and
- satisfactory 13 b. Present evidence that any continuing 14 [education] professional competency requirements established by 15 P.L.2003, c.18 (C.45:9-37.34b et al.) or the board, have been 16 completed.
- 17 (cf: P.L.2003, c.18, s.23)

- 9. Section 25 of P.L.2003, c.18 (C.45:9-37.34f) is amended to read as follows:
- 20 21 25. The board shall establish continuing professional 22 [education] competency requirements for physical therapists and 23 physical therapist assistants, which requirements shall be a 24 condition of retaining licensure. As used in this section, 25 "continuing professional competency" means the lifelong process of 26 maintaining and documenting the application of knowledge, skills 27 and behaviors required to function effectively, safely, ethically and 28 legally, through ongoing self-assessment, development, and 29 implementation of a personal learning plan and subsequent
- 30 reassessment. The board shall:
- 31 a. Approve only such continuing professional [education] competency programs as are available to all physical therapists and 32 33 physical therapist assistants in this State on a nondiscriminatory 34 basis:
- 35 b. Establish standards continuing professional 36 [educational] competency programs;
- 37 Accredit educational programs offering credits towards the 38 continuing professional [educational] competency requirements; 39 and
- 40 d. Establish the number of credits of continuing professional [education] competency required of each applicant for license 41 42 renewal. Each credit shall represent or be equivalent to one hour of actual course attendance, or in the case of those electing an 43 44 alternative method of satisfying the requirements of P.L.2003, c.18
- 45 (C.45:9-37.34b et al.), shall be approved by the board and certified
- pursuant to procedures established for that purpose. 46
- 47 (cf: P.L.2003, c.18, s.25)

- 10. (New section) A person is guilty of a crime of the third degree if he knowingly does not possess a license to practice physical therapy, or knowingly has had such license suspended, revoked or otherwise limited by an order entered by the State Board of Physical Therapy, and he:
  - a. engages in the practice of physical therapy;
  - b. exceeds the scope of practice permitted by the board order;
  - c. holds himself out to the public, or any person as being eligible to engage in the practice of physical therapy;
  - d. engages in any activity for which a license to practice physical therapy is a necessary prerequisite; or
  - e. practices physical therapy under a false or assumed name or falsely impersonates another person licensed by the board.

The provisions of this section shall not be construed to limit the activities permitted in section 9 of P.L.1983, c.296 (C.45:9-37.19).

11. This act shall take effect on the 180th day next following enactment.

#### **STATEMENT**

This bill revises the "Physical Therapist Licensing Act of 1983" by expanding the scope of practice of physical therapists to include: identification of balance disorders; treatment by means of intramuscular techniques, integumentary protection, repair and management; utilization review; screening, examination, evaluation, and application of interventions for the promotion, improvement, and maintenance of fitness, health, wellness, and prevention services in populations of all ages related to physical therapy practice; and animal physical therapy.

Under current law, physical therapist assistants are under the direct supervision of licensed physical therapists. The bill provides, instead, for general supervision of physical therapist assistants. As defined in the bill, "general supervision" means supervision by a physical therapist in which: the physical therapist must be available at all times by telecommunications but is not required to be on-site for direction and supervision; and the supervising physical therapist assesses on an ongoing basis the ability of the physical therapy assistant to perform the selected interventions as directed. The bill further provides that the State Board of Physical Therapy Examiners shall establish guidelines concerning the supervision of physical therapist assistants including, but not limited to: on-site review of the plan of care with appropriate revision or termination; and evaluation of the need for, and a recommendation regarding, utilization of outside resources.

The bill also permits physical therapists licensed in other jurisdictions, under certain conditions as enumerated in the bill, to

1 participate in educational activities occurring in New Jersey and to 2 assist in providing services in this State during emergency 3 situations. In addition, the bill changes the current references 4 concerning continuing education requirements to continuing 5 professional competency requirements. "Continuing professional competency" is defined as the lifelong process of maintaining and 6 7 documenting the application of knowledge, skills and behaviors 8 required to function effectively, safely, ethically and legally, 9 through ongoing self-assessment, development, and implementation 10 of a personal learning plan and subsequent reassessment.

Furthermore, this bill provides that a person is guilty of a crime of the third degree if the person knowingly does not possess a license to practice physical therapy or knowingly has had such license suspended, revoked or otherwise limited by an order entered by the State Board of Physical Therapy Examiners, and he:

-- engages in the practice of physical therapy;

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- -- exceeds the scope of practice permitted by the board order;
- -- holds himself out to the public or any person as being eligible to engage in the practice of physical therapy;
  - -- engages in any activity for which a license to practice physical therapy is a necessary prerequisite; or
- 22 -- practices physical therapy under a false or assumed name or 23 falsely impersonates another person licensed by the board. Under 24 the bill, however, these provisions would not apply to a person 25 practicing physical therapy without a license if that person's 26 activities are permitted under section 9 of P.L.1983, c.296 (C.45:9-27 37.19).