SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION No. 57

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

215th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED JANUARY 23, 2012

Sponsored by:

Senator DIANE B. ALLEN

District 7 (Burlington)

Senator STEVEN V. OROHO

District 24 (Morris, Sussex and Warren)

SYNOPSIS

Proposes constitutional amendment to prohibit State courts from requiring that State government spend money.

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

As introduced.



(Sponsorship Updated As Of: 2/14/2012)

1	A CONCURRENT RESOLUTION proposing to amend Article VI,		
2	Section I of the Constitution of the State of New Jersey by		
3	adding a new paragraph thereto.		
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5	BE IT RESOLVED by the Senate of the State of New Jersey (the		
6	General Assembly concurring):		
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8	1. The following proposed amendment to the Constitution of		
9	the State of New Jersey is agreed to:		
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11	PROPOSED AMENDMENT		
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13	Amend Article VI, Section I of the Constitution by the addition		
14	of the following paragraph:		
15			
16	2. As the power of the purse is solely that of the Legislature, no		
17	court shall issue any decision, whether under this Constitution or		
18	otherwise, which shall have the effect of compelling the State to		
19	expend any money for the operation of any State government		
20	function. This prohibition shall not impair the power of a court to		
21	issue a judgment for the payment of money in an appropriate action		
22	or proceeding for a liability that arises from an act or omission		
23	under duties that are imposed on both government and non-		
24	government entities in the same or substantially similar		
25	circumstances.		
26			
27	2. When this proposed amendment to the Constitution is finally		
28	agreed to pursuant to Article IX, paragraph 1 of the Constitution, it		
29	shall be submitted to the people at the next general election		
30	occurring more than three months after the final agreement and		
31	shall be published at least once in at least one newspaper of each		
32	county designated by the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the		
33	General Assembly and the Attorney General, not less than three		
34	months prior to the general election.		
35			
36	3. This proposed amendment to the Constitution shall be		
37	submitted to the people at that election in the following manner and		
38	form:		
39	There shall be printed on each official ballot to be used at the		
40	general election, the following:		
41	a. In every municipality in which voting machines are not used,		
42	a legend which shall immediately precede the question, as follows:		
43	If you favor the proposition printed below make a cross (X), plus		
44	(+), or check (✓) in the square opposite the word "Yes." If you are		
45	opposed thereto make a cross (X), plus (+) or check (\checkmark) in the		

b. In every municipality the following question:

square opposite the word "No."

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	PROHIBITS STATE COURTS FROM REQUIRING STATE SPENDING
YES	Do you approve the proposed amendment to the New Jersey Constitution, agreed to by the Legislature, prohibiting any State court from issuing any decision, whether under this Constitution or otherwise, which shall have the effect of compelling the State to expend any money for the operation of any State government function, which prohibition shall not impair the power of a court to issue a judgment for the payment of money in an appropriate action or proceeding for a liability that arises from an act or omission under duties that are imposed on both government and nongovernment entities in the same or substantially similar circumstances?
NO	INTERPRETIVE STATEMENT This proposed constitutional amendment prohibits the State courts from making decisions requiring that the State government spend money for the operation of any State government function. It does not prohibit court judgments for damages against the State in cases of negligence and in other civil actions that also apply in private, non-governmental affairs.

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STATEMENT

This proposed constitutional amendment prohibits the State courts from making decisions requiring that the State government spend money for the operation of any State government function. It does not impair the power of the courts to issue judgments for damages against the State typically applicable in cases of negligence and in other civil actions that also apply in private, nongovernmental affairs.

However, in matters concerning purely State government responsibilities, such as in the school funding cases, the courts have commandeered the uniquely legislative authority to determine what to spend and where to spend it. The people have never delegated this authority to an unelected judiciary. This amendment ensures that the courts are deprived of any jurisdiction to seize the authority of the Legislature to spend for government functions as it sees fit.