SENATE, No. 1046

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

216th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED JANUARY 30, 2014

Sponsored by:

Senator SHIRLEY K. TURNER
District 15 (Hunterdon and Mercer)
Senator NICHOLAS P. SCUTARI

District 22 (Middlesex, Somerset and Union)

SYNOPSIS

Concerns alterations in child support obligations in response to changes to status of supported child.

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

As introduced.



(Sponsorship Updated As Of: 3/18/2014)

AN ACT concerning child support and supplementing chapter 17 of 2 Title 2A of the New Jersey Statutes.

BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

- 1. a. Unless otherwise provided in a court order or judgment, the obligation to pay child support shall terminate by operation of law without order by the court on the date that a child who is less than 19 years of age marries, dies, or enters the military service. A child support obligation shall also terminate by operation of law without order by the court when a child reaches 19 years of age unless:
- (1) another age for the termination of the obligation to pay child support is specified in a court order;
- (2) the parents of the child consent and the court approves the continuation of support until another predetermined date; or
- (3) the court extends the obligation to pay child support based on an application by a parent or the child filed prior to the child attaining the age of 19.
- b. A parent or child may petition the court for the continuation of child support beyond 19 years of age in the following circumstances:
- (1) the child is still enrolled in high school or other secondary educational program;
- (2) the child is participating full-time in a post-secondary education program;
- (3) the child has a physical or mental disability that existed prior to the child reaching the age of 19 and requires continued support; or
- 31 (4) other exceptional circumstances as may be approved by the 32 court.
 - c. If the court grants an order for the continuation of the obligation to pay child support, it shall include in its order a future date upon which the child support obligation will terminate or a date upon which the court will review the circumstances of the parties and children.
 - d. For support orders that are being supervised by the Probation Division of the Superior Court, no less than 90 days prior to the termination of child support pursuant to this section the Probation Division and the State IV-D agency shall cooperatively provide both parents with at least one notice of a proposed termination, which shall include instructions for seeking the continuation of child support in appropriate circumstances.

 2. a. Whenever there is an unallocated child support order for two or more children and the obligation to pay support for one of the children is terminated by operation of law pursuant to section 1

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of P.L. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this , c. bill), the amount of the child support obligation in effect immediately prior to the date of the termination shall remain in effect for the other children until the court subsequently modifies the child support amount. Either party may file an application with the court to adjust the remaining child support amount to reflect the reduction in the number of dependent children. For the purposes of this section, "unallocated" means a child support amount for the benefit of multiple children that does not specify the amount of support for each child.

b. Whenever there is an allocated child support order for two or more children and the obligation to pay support for one of the children is terminated by operation of law pursuant to section 1 of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill), the amount of the child support obligation shall be adjusted to reflect only the amount allotted for the remaining child or children. Either party may file an application with the court to adjust the remaining support amount to reflect the reduction in the number of dependent children. For the purposes of this section, "allocated" means a child support amount for the benefit of multiple children that specifies the amount of support for each child as ordered by the court.

3. If a child support obligation is terminated by operation of law pursuant to section 1 of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill), any arrearages that have accrued prior to the date of the termination shall remain due and enforceable. If the person responsible for paying support for a child owes child support arrearages at the time a support obligation is terminated and there are no other children being supported under the same order, the amount to be paid to satisfy the arrearage shall be the sum of the recurring child support obligation in effect immediately prior to the effective date of the termination plus any arrears repayment obligation in effect immediately prior to the effective date of the termination, unless otherwise ordered by the court.

For support orders that are being supervised by the Probation Division of the Superior Court, the Probation Division shall continue to enforce and collect the arrearages until they are paid in full or the court, in accordance with State and federal law and regulations and the Rules of Court, as applicable, terminates the Probation Division's supervision of the support order.

4. The provisions of P.L. , c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill) shall not apply to child support provisions contained in orders or judgments entered by a foreign jurisdiction and registered in New Jersey for modification or enforcement pursuant to the "Uniform Interstate Family Support Act," P.L.1998, c.2 (C.2A:4-30.65 et seq.), or a law or procedure

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substantially similar to the "Uniform Reciprocal Enforcement of

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2 Support Act," originally adopted in New Jersey as P.L.1952, c.197 (C.2A:4-30.1 et seq.) but subsequently repealed, or the "Revised 3 Uniform Reciprocal Enforcement of Support Act," originally 4 adopted in New Jersey as P.L.1981, c.243 (C.2A:4-30.24 et seq.) 5 but also subsequently repealed. 6 7 8 5. Nothing in P.L. (C.) (pending before the 9 Legislature as this bill) shall: 10 a. require or relieve a parent from paying support or other costs 11 while a child is enrolled full-time in a post-secondary education 12 program; b. prohibit the State IV-D agency or the Probation Division of 13 the Superior Court from seeking to close a Title IV-D case or 14 15 terminate its supervision of a child support order in accordance with 16 procedures as provided under State or federal law and regulations or 17 the Rules of Court; 18 prohibit any party from filing an application with the court 19 seeking the termination of an order to pay child support for any 20 cause other than those provided under P.L. , c. (pending before the Legislature as this bill); or 21 22 d. prohibit the parties from consenting to a specific termination 23 date subject to the approval of the court. 24 25 6. The Supreme Court may adopt Rules of Court appropriate or 26 necessary to effectuate the purposes of this act. 27 28 7. The Commissioner of Human Services may adopt rules and 29 regulations pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act," 30 P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.) to effectuate the purposes of 31 this act. 32 33 8. This act shall take effect 180 days after enactment and shall 34 be applicable to all child support orders issued prior to, on, or after 35 the effective date. 36 37 38 **STATEMENT** 39 40 The bill clarifies certain circumstances under which the 41 obligation to pay child support terminates and provides that such 42 termination would occur by operation of law. TERMINATION OF CHILD SUPPORT 43 44 Specifically, the bill provides that, unless otherwise provided in 45 a court order or judgment, the obligation to pay child support would 46 terminate by operation of law without order by the court on the date 47 that a child who is less than 19 years of age marries, dies, or enters 48 the military service. A child support obligation would also

terminate by operation of law without order by the court when a child reaches 19 years of age unless:

- (1) another age for the termination of the obligation to pay child support is specified in a court order;
- (2) the parents of the child consent and the court approves the continuation of support until another predetermined date; or
- (3) the court extends the obligation to pay child support based on an application by a parent or the child filed prior to the child attaining the age of 19.

10 CONTINUATION BEYOND AGE 19

 The bill provides that a parent or child may petition the court for the continuation of child support beyond age 19 in the following circumstances:

- (1) the child is still enrolled in high school or other secondary educational program;
- (2) the child is participating full-time in a post-secondary education program;
- (3) the child has a physical or mental disability that existed prior to the child reaching the age of 19 and requires continued support; or
- (4) other exceptional circumstances as may be approved by the court.

Under the bill, if the court grants an order for the continuation of the obligation to pay child support, it would include in its order a future date upon which the child support obligation will terminate or a date upon which the court will review the circumstances of the parties and children.

ORDERS SUPERVISED BY PROBATION DIVISION

Pursuant to the provisions of the bill, for support orders that are being supervised by the Probation Division of the Superior Court no less than 90 days prior to the termination of child support, the Probation Division and the State IV-D agency (Department of Human Services) would be required to cooperatively provide both parents with at least one notice of a proposed termination, which would include instructions for seeking the continuation of child support in appropriate circumstances.

UNALLOCATED CHILD SUPPORT ORDERS

The bill provides that whenever there is an unallocated child support order for two or more children and the obligation to pay support for one of the children is terminated by operation of law, the amount of the obligation in effect immediately prior to the date of the termination would remain in effect for the other children until the court subsequently modifies the child support amount. Either party may file an application with the court to adjust the remaining child support amount to reflect the reduction in the number of dependent children. As defined in the bill "unallocated" means a child support order amount for the benefit of multiple children that does not specify the amount of support for each child.

ALLOCATED CHILD SUPPORT ORDERS

Pursuant to the provisions of the bill, whenever there is an allocated child support order for two or more children and the obligation to pay support for one of the children is terminated by operation of law, the amount of the child support obligation would be adjusted to reflect only the amount allotted for the remaining child or children. Either party may file an application with the court to adjust the remaining support amount to reflect the reduction in the number of dependent children.

10 ARREARAGES

The bill provides that if a child support obligation is terminated pursuant to its provisions, any arrearages that have accrued prior to the date of the termination would remain due and enforceable. If the person responsible for paying support for a child owes child support arrearages at the time a support obligation is terminated and there are no other children being supported under the same order, the amount to be paid to satisfy the arrearage would be the sum of the recurring child support obligation in effect immediately prior to the effective date of the termination plus any arrears repayment obligation in effect immediately prior to the effective date of the termination, unless otherwise ordered by the court.

For support orders that are being supervised by the Probation Division of the Superior Court, the Probation Division would continue to enforce and collect the arrearages until they are paid in full or until the court, in accordance with State and federal law and regulations and the Rules of Court, as applicable, terminates the Probation Division's supervision of the support order.

ORDERS ENTERED BY OTHER JURISDICTIONS

The bill would not apply to child support provisions contained in orders or judgments entered by a foreign jurisdiction and registered in New Jersey for modification or enforcement pursuant to the "Uniform Interstate Family Support Act," P.L.1998, c.2 (C.2A:4-30.65 et seq.), or a law or procedure substantially similar to the "Uniform Reciprocal Enforcement of Support Act," originally adopted in New Jersey as P.L.1952, c.197 (C.2A:4-30.1 et seq.) but subsequently repealed, or the "Revised Uniform Reciprocal Enforcement of Support Act," originally adopted in New Jersey as P.L.1981, c.243 (C.2A:4-30.24 et seq.) but also subsequently repealed.