ASSEMBLY, No. 547 STATE OF NEW JERSEY 217th LEGISLATURE

PRE-FILED FOR INTRODUCTION IN THE 2016 SESSION

Sponsored by: Assemblywoman NANCY J. PINKIN District 18 (Middlesex) Assemblywoman SHAVONDA E. SUMTER District 35 (Bergen and Passaic) Assemblywoman VALERIE VAINIERI HUTTLE District 37 (Bergen) Assemblyman REED GUSCIORA District 15 (Hunterdon and Mercer) Assemblywoman ELIZABETH MAHER MUOIO District 15 (Hunterdon and Mercer)

Co-Sponsored by: Assemblymen Diegnan, Singleton, Zwicker, Holley, Giblin, Caputo and Chiaravalloti

SYNOPSIS

Restricts use of isolated confinement in correctional facilities.

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT Introduced Pending Technical Review by Legislative Counsel



(Sponsorship Updated As Of: 9/9/2016)

AN ACT concerning restrictions on isolated confinement in 1 2 correctional facilities and supplementing Title 30 of the Revised 3 Statutes. 4 5 **BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State 6 of New Jersey: 7 8 1. This act shall be known and may be cited as the "Isolated Confinement Restriction Act." 9 10 The Legislature finds and declares that: 11 2 The use of isolated confinement in this State's correctional 12 a. facilities should be restricted to ensure the safe and humane 13 operation of these facilities, consistent with the New Jersey 14 15 Constitution, the laws and public policies of this State, the mission of the correctional system, evolving medical knowledge, and human 16 17 rights standards of decency. 18 b. Isolated confinement should only be used when necessary, 19 and should not be used against vulnerable populations or under conditions or for time periods that foster psychological trauma, 20 psychiatric disorders, or serious, long-term damage to an isolated 21 22 person's brain. 23 c. The standards established in this act should apply to all 24 persons detained in correctional facilities under the jurisdiction of this State or any subdivision, regardless of the civil or criminal 25 26 nature of the charges against them. 27 28 3. For the purposes of this act: 29 "Clinician" means a State licensed physician, except if the 30 clinician makes mental health evaluations, the term shall mean a State licensed psychiatrist or psychologist, or an advanced practice 31 32 nurse or clinical nurse specialist with a specialty in psychiatric 33 nursing. 34 "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of Corrections. 35 "Correctional facility" means any State correctional facility or 36 county correctional facility, and any State, county, or private 37 facility detaining persons pursuant to any intergovernmental service 38 agreement or other contract with any State, county, or federal 39 agency, including, but not limited to, United States Immigration and 40 Customs Enforcement. 41 "County correctional facility" means a county jail, penitentiary, 42 prison, or workhouse. 43 "Emergency confinement" means the isolated confinement of an 44 inmate in a correctional facility when there is reasonable cause to 45 believe that this confinement is necessary for reducing a substantial 46 risk of imminent serious harm to the inmate or others.

3

"Facility administrator" or "administrator" means the chief
 operating officer or senior administrative designee of a correctional
 facility.

4 "Inmate" means a person confined in a correctional facility.

5 "Isolated confinement" means confinement of an inmate in a 6 correctional facility, pursuant to disciplinary, administrative, 7 protective, investigative, medical, or other classification, in a cell or 8 similarly confined holding or living space, alone or with other 9 inmates, for approximately 20 hours or more per day, with severely 10 restricted activity, movement, and social interaction.

"Less restrictive intervention" means a placement or conditions
of confinement, or both, in the current or an alternative correctional
facility, under conditions less restrictive of an inmate's movement,
privileges, activities, or social interactions.

"Medical isolation" means isolated confinement of an inmate for
medical reasons, including a mental health emergency or when
necessary for preventing the spread of a communicable disease.

18 "Member of a vulnerable population" means any inmate who:

a. is 21 years of age or younger;

20 b. is 55 years of age or older;

c. has a disability based on a mental illness, as defined in
subsection r. of section 2 of P.L.1987, c.116 (C.30:4-27.2), a history
of psychiatric hospitalization, or has recently exhibited conduct,
including but not limited to serious self mutilation, indicating the
need for further observation or evaluation to determine the presence
of mental illness;

d. has a developmental disability, as defined in subsection b. of
section 3 of P.L.1985, c.145 (C.30:6D-25);

e. has a serious medical condition which cannot effectively betreated in isolated confinement;

31 f. is pregnant; or

32 g. has a significant auditory or visual impairment.

33 "Protective custody" means confinement of an inmate in a cell or
34 similarly confined holding or living space, under conditions
35 necessary to protect the inmate or others.

36 "State correctional facility" means a State prison or other penal
37 institution or an institution or facility designated by the
38 commissioner as a place of confinement under section 2 of
39 P.L.1969, c.22. (C.30:4-91.2)

40

19

4. a. The use of isolated confinement in correctional facilities42 in this State shall be restricted as follows:

(1) Except as otherwise provided in paragraphs (1), (3), and (4)
of subsection d. of this section, an inmate shall not be placed in
isolated confinement unless there is reasonable cause to believe that
the inmate would create a substantial risk of immediate serious
harm to himself or another, and a less restrictive intervention would
be insufficient to reduce this risk. Except as otherwise provided in

paragraphs (1), (3), and (4) of subsection d. of this section, the
correctional facility shall bear the burden of establishing this
standard.

4 (2) Except as otherwise provided in paragraphs (1), (3), and (4)
5 of subsection d. of this section, an inmate shall not be placed in
6 isolated confinement for non-disciplinary reasons.

7 (3) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (1) of subsection
8 d. of this section, an inmate shall not be placed in isolated
9 confinement before receiving a personal and comprehensive
10 medical and mental health examination conducted by a clinician.

(4) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (1) of subsection 11 12 d. of this section, an inmate shall only be held in isolated 13 confinement pursuant to initial procedures and reviews which 14 provide timely, fair and meaningful opportunities for the inmate to 15 contest the confinement. These procedures shall include the right to 16 an initial hearing within 72 hours of placement and a review every 17 15 days thereafter, in the absence of exceptional circumstances, 18 unavoidable delays, or reasonable postponements; the right to 19 appear at the hearing, the right to be represented at the hearing, an 20 independent hearing officer, and a written statement of reasons for 21 the decision made at the hearing.

(5) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (3) of subsection
d. of this section, the final decision to place an inmate in isolated
confinement shall be made by the facility administrator.

(6) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (7) of subsection
a. of this section and paragraph (3) of subsection d. of this section,
an inmate shall not be placed or retained in isolated confinement if
the facility administrator determines that the inmate no longer
meets the standard for the confinement.

30 (7) A clinician shall evaluate each inmate placed in isolated
31 confinement on a daily basis to determine whether the inmate is a
32 member of a vulnerable population. Except as otherwise provided
33 in subsection d. of this section, an inmate determined to be a
34 member of a vulnerable population shall be immediately removed
35 from isolated confinement and moved to an appropriate placement.

36 (8) A disciplinary sanction of isolated confinement which has
37 been imposed on an inmate who is removed from isolated
38 confinement pursuant to paragraph (7) of subsection a. of this
39 section shall be deemed to be satisfied.

40 (9) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (1) of subsection
41 d. of this section during a facility-wide lock down, an inmate shall
42 not be placed in isolated confinement for more than 15 consecutive
43 days, or for more than 20 days during any 60-day period.

(10) Cells or other holding or living space used for isolated
confinement are to be properly ventilated, lit, temperaturecontrolled, clean, and equipped with properly functioning sanitary
fixtures.

fixtures.

5

b. Except as otherwise provided in subsection d. of this section,
an inmate who is a member of a vulnerable population shall not be
placed in isolated confinement.

4 (1) A person who is a member of a vulnerable population
5 because the person is 21 years of age or younger, has a disability
6 based on mental illness, or has a developmental disability:

7 (a) shall not be subject to discipline for refusing treatment or
8 medication, or for self-harming or related conduct or threats of this
9 conduct; and

(b) who would otherwise be placed in isolated confinement shall
alternately be placed in a specialized unit, as designated by the
commissioner, or be civilly admitted or committed to an appropriate
facility designated by the Department of Human Services.

(2) A person who is a member of a vulnerable population
because the person is 55 years of age or older, has a serious medical
condition which cannot be effectively treated in isolated
confinement, or is pregnant who would otherwise be placed in
isolated confinement shall alternately be placed in an appropriate
medical or other unit, as designated by the commissioner.

c. An inmate shall not be placed in isolated confinement or in
any other cell or other holding or living space, in any facility, with
one or more inmates if there is reasonable cause to believe that
there is a risk of harm or harassment, intimidation, extortion, or
other physical or emotional abuse to that inmate or another inmate
in that placement.

26 d. Isolated confinement shall be permitted under limited27 circumstances as follows:

28 (1) The facility administrator determines that a facility-wide 29 lock down is required to ensure the safety of inmates in the facility 30 until the administrator determines that these circumstances no longer exist. The facility administrator shall document specific 31 32 reasons why any lockdown is necessary for more than 24 hours, and 33 why less restrictive interventions are insufficient to accomplish the 34 facility's safety goals. Within six hours of a decision to extend a 35 lockdown beyond 24 hours, the commissioner shall publish the 36 reasons on the Department of Corrections website and provide 37 meaningful notice of the reasons for the lockdown to the 38 Legislature.

39 (2) The facility administrator determines that an inmate should40 be placed in emergency confinement.

41 (a) An inmate shall not be held in emergency confinement for42 more than 24 hours; and

(b) An inmate held in emergency confinement shall receive an
initial medical and mental health evaluation within two hours, and a
personal and comprehensive medical and mental health evaluation
within 24 hours. Reports of these evaluations shall be immediately
provided to the facility administrator.

that an inmate should be placed or retained in medical isolation.

(3) A physician, based on a personal examination, determines

The decision to place and retain an inmate in medical isolation

1

2

3

4 due to a mental health emergency shall be made by a clinician based 5 on a personal examination. In any case of isolation under this 6 paragraph, a clinical review shall be conducted at least every six hours and as indicated. An inmate in medical isolation pursuant to 7 8 this paragraph shall be placed in a mental health unit as designated 9 by the commissioner. 10 (4) The facility administrator determines that an inmate should be placed in protective custody as follows: 11 12 (a) The inmate may be placed in voluntary protective custody 13 only with informed, voluntary, written consent and when there is 14 reasonable cause to believe that confinement is necessary to prevent 15 reasonably foreseeable harm. When an inmate makes an informed 16 voluntary written request for protective custody, the correctional 17 facility shall bear the burden of establishing a basis for refusing the 18 request. 19 (b) The inmate may be placed in involuntary protective custody 20 only when there is clear and convincing evidence that confinement 21 is necessary to prevent reasonably foreseeable harm and that no less 22 restrictive intervention would be sufficient to prevent such harm. 23 (c) An inmate placed in protective custody shall receive 24 comparable opportunities for activities, movement, and social 25 interaction, consistent with their safety and the safety of others, as 26 are inmates in the general population of the facility. 27 (d) An inmate subject to removal from protective custody shall 28 be provided with a timely, fair, and meaningful opportunity to 29 contest the removal. 30 (e) An inmate who may be placed or currently is in voluntary 31 protective custody may opt out of that status by providing informed, 32 voluntary, written refusal of that status. 33 (5) A member of a vulnerable population shall not be placed in 34 isolated confinement with one or more inmates, except with the 35 inmate's informed, voluntary, written consent. 36 37 5. Within 90 days of the effective date of this act, the 38 commissioner shall: 39 develop policies and implement procedures for the review of a. 40 inmates placed in isolated confinement and submit proposed 41 regulations for promulgation as required by section 6 of this act; 42 b. initiate a review of each inmate placed in isolated 43 confinement pursuant to the policies and procedures developed and 44 implemented under subsection a. of this section; and 45 c. develop a plan for providing step-down and transitional units, programs, and staffing patterns to accommodate inmates 46 47 currently placed in isolated confinement.

6. In accordance with the "Administrative Procedure Act,"
 P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.), the commissioner shall
 promulgate regulations to effectuate the provisions of this act. The
 regulations shall include but not be limited to:

5 a. Establishing less restrictive interventions to isolated 6 confinement, including separation from other inmates; transfer to 7 other correctional facilities; and any non-isolated confinement 8 sanction authorized by Department of Corrections regulations; 9 restrictions on religious, mail, and telephone privileges, visit contacts, or outdoor and recreation access shall only be imposed as 10 is necessary for the safety of the inmate or others, but shall not 11 12 restrict access to food, basic necessities, or legal access;

b. Requiring training of disciplinary staff and all staff working
with inmates in isolated confinement and requiring that this training
include:

(1) assistance from appropriate professionals in the Department
of Human Services to periodically train all staff working with
inmates in isolated confinement; and

(2) standards for isolated confinement, the identification of
developmental disabilities, and the symptoms of mental illness,
including trauma disorders, and methods of safe responses to people
in distress;

c. Requiring documentation of all decisions, procedures, and
reviews of inmates placed in isolated confinement;

d. Requiring monitoring of compliance with all rules governing
cells, units, and other places where inmates are placed in isolated
confinement; and

28 Requiring posting on the official website of the Department of e. 29 Corrections of quarterly reports on the use of isolated confinement, by 30 age, sex, gender identity, ethnicity, incidence of mental illness, and 31 type of confinement status, at each facility; these reports shall include 32 the population on the last day of each quarter and a non-duplicative 33 cumulative count of people exposed to isolated confinement for each 34 fiscal year. These inmate reports also shall include the incidence of 35 emergency confinement, self-harm, suicide, and assault in any isolated 36 confinement unit, as well as explanations for each instance of facility-37 wide lockdown. These reports shall not include personally identifiable 38 information regarding any inmate.

39

This act shall take effect on the first day of the thirteenth
month next following enactment, except the commissioner may take
any anticipatory administrative action in advance as shall be
necessary for the implementation of this act.

8

STATEMENT

1 2

3 This bill restricts the use of isolated confinement in correctional4 facilities in New Jersey.

The bill specifically prohibits inmates incarcerated or detained in 5 6 correctional facilities from being placed in isolated confinement 7 unless there is reasonable cause to believe that the inmate or others 8 would be at risk of serious harm, and any less restrictive 9 intervention would be insufficient to reduce that risk. The 10 correctional facility is responsible for establishing the justification for isolated confinement. Inmates may not be placed in isolated 11 12 confinement for non-disciplinary reasons. Inmates are required to 13 receive a personal and comprehensive medical and mental health 14 examination, conducted by a clinician, before being placed in 15 isolated confinement.

16 Under the bill, initial procedures and reviews providing timely, fair, and meaningful opportunities for an inmate to contest the 17 confinement are required to be made available. The procedures are 18 19 to include the right to an initial hearing within 72 hours of 20 placement and reviews every 15 days thereafter, in the absence of 21 exceptional circumstances, unavoidable delays, or reasonable 22 postponements; the right to appear at the hearing; the right to be 23 represented at the hearing; an independent hearing officer; and a 24 written statement of reasons for the decision made at the hearing.

Except in cases involving medical isolation, the final decision to place an inmate in isolated confinement is to be made by the facility administrator. An inmate is to be removed from isolated confinement if the administrator determines that the inmate no longer meets the standard for isolated confinement.

30 A clinician is required to evaluate each inmate placed in isolated 31 confinement, on a daily basis, to determine whether the inmate is a 32 member of a vulnerable population. An inmate determined to be a 33 member of a vulnerable population shall be immediately removed 34 from isolated confinement to an appropriate placement. Under the 35 bill, an inmate is a member of a vulnerable population if he or she is 36 21 years of age or younger; is 55 years of age or older; has a 37 disability based on a mental illness, a history of psychiatric 38 hospitalization, or has recently exhibited conduct, including but not 39 limited to serious self-mutilation, indicating the need for further 40 observation or evaluation to determine the presence of mental illness; has a developmental disability; has a serious medical 41 42 condition which cannot effectively be treated in isolated 43 confinement; is pregnant; or has a significant visual or auditory 44 impairment.

45 No inmate is to be placed in isolated confinement for more than
46 15 consecutive days, or for more than 20 days during any 60-day
47 period under the bill. Cells or other holding or living spaces used
48 for isolated confinement are to be properly ventilated, lit,

9

temperature-controlled, clean, and equipped with properly
 functioning sanitary fixtures.

The bill defines isolated confinement as "confinement of an inmate in a correctional facility, pursuant to disciplinary, administrative, protective, investigative, medical, or other classification, in a cell or similarly confined holding or living space, alone or with other inmates, for approximately 20 hours or more per day with severely restricted activity, movement, and social interaction."

10 The bill provides for certain exceptions to the restrictions on 11 isolated confinement for facility-wide lock downs, emergency 12 confinement, medical isolation, and protective custody.