SENATE, No. 2345 **STATE OF NEW JERSEY** 217th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED JUNE 9, 2016

Sponsored by: Senator NICHOLAS P. SCUTARI District 22 (Middlesex, Somerset and Union) Senator JOSEPH F. VITALE District 19 (Middlesex)

Co-Sponsored by: Senators Cruz-Perez and Whelan

SYNOPSIS

Authorizes medical marijuana for qualifying patients with post-traumatic stress disorder.

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

As introduced.



(Sponsorship Updated As Of: 8/2/2016)

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1 AN ACT concerning medical marijuana and amending P.L.2009, 2 c.307. 3 4 **BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State 5 of New Jersey: 6 7 1. Section 3 of P.L.2009, c.307 (C.24:6I-3) is amended to read 8 as follows: 9 3. As used in this act: 10 "Bona fide physician-patient relationship" means a relationship 11 in which the physician has ongoing responsibility for the 12 assessment, care, and treatment of a patient's debilitating medical 13 condition. "Certification" means a statement signed by a physician with 14 15 whom a qualifying patient has a bona fide physician-patient 16 relationship, which attests to the physician's authorization for the patient to apply for registration for the medical use of marijuana. 17 "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of Health. 18 "Debilitating medical condition" means: 19 20 (1) one of the following conditions, if resistant to conventional 21 medical therapy: seizure disorder, including epilepsy; intractable 22 skeletal muscular spasticity; post-traumatic stress disorder; or 23 glaucoma; 24 (2) one of the following conditions, if severe or chronic pain, 25 severe nausea or vomiting, cachexia, or wasting syndrome results 26 from the condition or treatment thereof: positive status for human 27 immunodeficiency virus; acquired immune deficiency syndrome; or 28 cancer: 29 (3) amyotrophic lateral sclerosis, multiple sclerosis, terminal 30 cancer, muscular dystrophy, or inflammatory bowel disease, 31 including Crohn's disease; (4) terminal illness, if the physician has determined a prognosis 32 33 of less than 12 months of life; or 34 (5) any other medical condition or its treatment that is approved 35 by the department by regulation. "Department" means the Department of Health. 36 37 "Marijuana" has the meaning given in section 2 of the "New Jersey Controlled Dangerous Substances Act," P.L.1970, c.226 38 39 (C.24:21-2). 40 "Medical marijuana alternative treatment center" or "alternative 41 treatment center" means an organization approved by the 42 department to perform activities necessary to provide registered 43 qualifying patients with usable marijuana and related paraphernalia 44 in accordance with the provisions of this act. This term shall 45 include the organization's officers, directors, board members, and 46 employees.

Matter underlined thus is new matter.

EXPLANATION – Matter enclosed in **bold-faced** brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

1 "Medical use of marijuana" means the acquisition, possession, 2 transport, or use of marijuana or paraphernalia by a registered 3 qualifying patient as authorized by this act.

"Minor" means a person who is under 18 years of age and who 4 5 has not been married or previously declared by a court or an 6 administrative agency to be emancipated.

7 "Paraphernalia" has the meaning given in N.J.S.2C:36-1.

8 "Physician" means a person licensed to practice medicine and 9 surgery pursuant to Title 45 of the Revised Statutes with whom the 10 patient has a bona fide physician-patient relationship and who is the 11 primary care physician, hospice physician, or physician responsible 12 for the ongoing treatment of a patient's debilitating medical 13 condition, provided, however, that the ongoing treatment shall not 14 be limited to the provision of authorization for a patient to use 15 medical marijuana or consultation solely for that purpose.

16 "Primary caregiver" or "caregiver" means a resident of the State 17 who:

18 a. is at least 18 years old;

19 b. has agreed to assist with a registered qualifying patient's 20 medical use of marijuana, is not currently serving as primary caregiver for another qualifying patient, and is not the qualifying 21 22 patient's physician;

23 c. has never been convicted of possession or sale of a 24 controlled dangerous substance, unless such conviction occurred 25 after the effective date of this act and was for a violation of federal 26 law related to possession or sale of marijuana that is authorized 27 under this act;

d. has registered with the department pursuant to section 4 of 28 29 this act, and has satisfied the criminal history record background 30 check requirement of section 4 of this act; and

31 has been designated as primary caregiver on the qualifying e. patient's application or renewal for a registry identification card or 32 33 in other written notification to the department.

34 "Qualifying patient" or "patient" means a resident of the State 35 who has been provided with a certification by a physician pursuant 36 to a bona fide physician-patient relationship.

37 "Registry identification card" means a document issued by the 38 department that identifies a person as a registered qualifying patient 39 or primary caregiver.

40 "Usable marijuana" means the dried leaves and flowers of 41 marijuana, and any mixture or preparation thereof, and does not 42 include the seeds, stems, stalks or roots of the plant.

43 (cf: P.L.2012, c.17, s.90)

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45 2. This act shall take effect immediately.

S2345 SCUTARI, VITALE

STATEMENT

This bill adds post-traumatic stress disorder (PTSD) to the list of debilitating medical conditions that would qualify a patient to receive medical marijuana under the New Jersey Compassionate Use Medical Marijuana Act.

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7 PTSD is a mental health condition that is triggered by a 8 traumatic event such as a physical or sexual assault, childhood 9 neglect or physical abuse, a natural disaster, exposure to combat, or 10 other extreme or life-threatening events. Symptoms can include 11 flashbacks, nightmares, severe anxiety, uncontrollable thoughts 12 about the event, emotional distress, physical symptoms, feelings of 13 numbness or detachment, engaging in dangerous or self-destructive 14 behavior, and experiencing suicidal thoughts.

15 To qualify for medical marijuana, the patient's PTSD symptoms 16 would have to be resistant to conventional medical therapy, which 17 generally combines psychotherapy with antidepressants and anti-18 anxiety medications. To be authorized for use of medical 19 marijuana, the patient would have to meet the other requirements of 20 the New Jersey Compassionate Use Medical Marijuana Act as well, 21 including obtaining certification of the patient's condition from a 22 physician with whom the patient has a bona fide physician-patient 23 relationship.