ASSEMBLY, No. 2006

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

218th LEGISLATURE

PRE-FILED FOR INTRODUCTION IN THE 2018 SESSION

Sponsored by:

Assemblyman CRAIG J. COUGHLIN District 19 (Middlesex) Assemblyman THOMAS P. GIBLIN District 34 (Essex and Passaic) Assemblyman ERIC HOUGHTALING District 11 (Monmouth)

Co-Sponsored by:

Assemblywomen Lampitt, Handlin and Assemblyman Wimberly

SYNOPSIS

Provides a corporation business tax credit for certain investment in manufacturing equipment and manufacturing facility renovation, modernization and expansion.

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

Introduced Pending Technical Review by Legislative Counsel.



AN ACT providing a corporation business tax credit for certain investment in manufacturing equipment and manufacturing facility renovation, modernization and expansion, supplementing P.L.1945, c.162 (C.54:10A-1 et seq.).

BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

- 1. a. A taxpayer shall be allowed a credit against the tax imposed pursuant to section 5 of P.L.1945, c.162 (C.54:10A-5), in an amount equal to 20% of the amount paid during the privilege period for:
- (1) manufacturing equipment installed at a manufacturing facility in this State; and
- (2) the acquisition, construction, reconstruction, installation, or erection of improvements or additions that result in the renovation, modernization, or expansion of a manufacturing facility in this State.

An unused credit may be carried forward, if necessary, for use in the seven privilege periods following the privilege period for which the credit is allowed.

- b. Credit shall not be allowed under P.L.1993, c.170 (C.54:10A-5.4 et seq.), P.L.1993, c.171 (C.54:10A-5.16 et al.), P.L.1993, c.175 (C.54:10A-5.24), or P.L.2001, c.321 (C.54:10A-5.31 et seq.) for expenditures for which a credit is allowed pursuant to this section.
 - c. The order of priority of the application of the credit allowed under this section and any other credits allowed by law shall be as prescribed by the director. The amount of the credit applied under this section against the tax imposed pursuant to section 5 of P.L.1945, c.162 for a privilege period, together with any other credits allowed against the tax imposed pursuant to section 5 of P.L.1945, c.162, shall not exceed 50% of the tax liability otherwise due and shall not reduce the tax liability to an amount less than the statutory minimum provided in subsection (e) of section 5 of P.L.1945, c.162.

d. As used in this section:

"Manufacturing equipment" means machinery, apparatus or equipment used in the production of tangible personal property that is eligible for the sales tax exemption pursuant to subsection a. of section 25 of P.L.1980, c.105 (C.54:32B-8.13); and

"Manufacturing facility" means a business location, including but not limited to a factory, mill, or plant, at which more than 50% of the business personal property that is housed in the facility is manufacturing equipment.

2. This act shall take effect immediately and apply to amounts paid in privilege periods beginning after the date of enactment.

STATEMENT

This bill allows a corporation business tax credit for 20% of the costs of manufacturing equipment installed at a manufacturing facility in this State and 20% of the costs of improvements or additions that result in the renovation, modernization, or expansion of a manufacturing facility in this State.

The bill provides that expenditures for manufacturing equipment and manufacturing facility renovation, modernization, and expansion for which a credit is allowed under this bill will not be expenditures for which a credit will be allowed under the New Jobs Investment Tax Credit, the Manufacturing and Employment Investment Tax Credit, the Research and Development Credit, or the Effluent Treatment and Conveyance Equipment Credit.

The bill defines "manufacturing equipment" as machinery, apparatus, or equipment used in the production of tangible personal property that is eligible for the sales tax exemption for manufacturing equipment. That is machinery, apparatus, or equipment for use or consumption directly and primarily in the production of tangible personal property by manufacturing, processing, assembling, or refining, whose use is not incidental to those activities, and which has a useful life of more than one year. The bill defines a "manufacturing facility" as a business location, including but not limited to a factory, mill, or plant, at which more than 50% of the business personal property that is housed in the facility is manufacturing equipment.