ASSEMBLY, No. 2689 STATE OF NEW JERSEY 218th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED FEBRUARY 1, 2018

Sponsored by: Assemblyman RONALD S. DANCER District 12 (Burlington, Middlesex, Monmouth and Ocean)

SYNOPSIS

Prohibits the employment of unauthorized aliens and requires employers to use E-Verify program.

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

As introduced.



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1 AN ACT concerning the employment of unauthorized aliens and 2 supplementing Title 34 of the Revised Statutes. 3 4 **BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State 5 of New Jersey: 6 7 1. As used in this act: 8 "Agency" means any agency, department, board or commission 9 of this State, or of any political subdivisions of this State, that 10 issues a license for purposes of operating a business in this State. 11 "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of Labor and 12 Workforce Development "E-Verify program" means the electronic verification of work 13 authorization program of the "Illegal Immigration Reform and 14 15 Immigration Responsibility Act of 1996," Pub.L.104-208 (8 U.S.C. 16 s.1324a), jointly operated by the United States Department of 17 Homeland Security and the Social Security Administration or its 18 successor program. 19 "Employee" means any individual who is employed by an 20 employer. 21 "Employer" means any individual or entity that transacts 22 business in this State that employs one or more individuals who 23 perform employment services in this State. "Employer" includes the 24 State, any political subdivision of this State and self-employed 25 persons. 26 "Intentionally" means, with respect to a result or to conduct 27 described in this act, that a person's objective is to cause that result 28 or to engage in that conduct. 29 "Knowingly employ an unauthorized alien" means those actions 30 described in 8 U.S.C. s.1324a. This term shall be interpreted 31 consistently with 8 U.S.C. s.1324a and any applicable federal rules 32 and regulations. 33 "License" means any agency permit, certificate, approval, 34 registration, charter or similar form of authorization that is required 35 by law and that is issued by any agency for the purposes of operating a business in this State, and additionally includes, but is 36 37 not limited to: 38 (1) A certificate of incorporation pursuant to N.J.S.14A:2-1 et 39 seq. 40 (2) A certificate of authority pursuant to N.J.S.14A:13-1 et seq. 41 (3) A statement of qualification or a statement of foreign 42 qualification pursuant to P.L.2000, c.161 (C.42:1A-1 et seq.) 43 (4) A certificate of limited partnership or a certificate of 44 authority pursuant to P.L.1983, c.489 (C.42:2A-1 et seq.) 45 (5) A certificate of formation pursuant to P.L.2012, c.50 46 (C.42:2C-1 et seq.)

"Unauthorized alien" means an alien who does not have the legal
right or authorization under federal law to work in the United States
as described in 8 U.S.C. s.1324a(h)(3).

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2. a. After December 31, 2018, all employers, who employ
100 or more employees, shall verify the employment eligibility of
all new employees through the E-Verify program.

b. After December 31 2019, all employers, who employ less
than 100 employees, shall verify the employment eligibility of all
new employees through the E-Verify program.

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3. a. The commissioner shall develop a Statewide random
auditing program to inspect private employers for compliance with
section 2 of this act.

b. Upon receipt of a written and signed complaint against an
employer, or upon an investigation initiated by the commissioner
for good cause, if the commissioner finds reasonable grounds exist
that an employer allegedly violated section 2, the commissioner
shall institute an investigation of the alleged violation.

20 c. Upon a finding of an occurrence involving a violation after a random audit pursuant to subsection a. of this section, or after an 21 22 investigation pursuant to subsection b. of this section, the employer 23 shall be assessed a civil penalty of not less than \$100 and not more 24 than \$1000 for each violation. For a first occurrence involving a 25 violation of section 2, if, upon notification by the commissioner of a 26 violation, the employer complies within seventy-two hours, the 27 employer shall not be assessed a penalty. Any subsequent occurrence involving a violation of section 2 by the employer shall 28 29 result in the assessment of a civil penalty by the commissioner. 30 However, if the employer has not committed a violation of section 2 31 within the previous five years, a subsequent occurrence shall be 32 treated as a first occurrence.

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34 4. An employer shall not intentionally employ an unauthorized35 alien or knowingly employ an unauthorized alien.

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37 5. a. On receipt of a complaint that an employer allegedly 38 intentionally employs an unauthorized alien or knowingly employs 39 an unauthorized alien, the Attorney General or county prosecutor 40 shall investigate whether the employer has violated section 4 of this 41 act. When investigating a complaint, the Attorney General or 42 county prosecutor shall verify the work authorization of the alleged 43 unauthorized alien with the federal government pursuant to 8 U.S.C. 44 s.1373(c). A State, county or local official shall not attempt to 45 independently make a final determination as to whether an alien is 46 authorized to work in the United States. An alien's immigration 47 status or work authorization status shall be verified with the federal government pursuant to 8 U.S.C. s.1373(c). 48

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1 b. If, after an investigation, the Attorney General or county 2 prosecutor determines that the complaint is not frivolous: 3 (1) The Attorney General or county prosecutor shall notify the 4 United States Immigration and Customs Enforcement of the 5 unauthorized alien; 6 (2) The Attorney General or county prosecutor shall notify the 7 local law enforcement agency of the unauthorized alien; and 8 (3) The Attorney General shall notify the appropriate county 9 prosecutor to bring an action pursuant to section 4 of this act if the 10 complaint was originally filed with the Attorney General. 11 12 6. a. An action for a violation of section 4 of this act shall be brought against the employer by the county prosecutor in the county 13 14 where the unauthorized alien employee is employed. The county 15 prosecutor shall not bring an action against any employer for any 16 violation of section 4 that occurs before January 1, 2019. A second 17 violation shall be based only on an unauthorized alien who is 18 employed by the employer after an action has been brought for a 19 previous violation of section 4. 20 b. For any action in Superior Court under this act, the court 21 shall expedite the action, including assigning the hearing at the 22 earliest practicable date. 23 24 7. On a finding of a violation of section 4 of this act: 25 a. For a first violation during a three year period that is a 26 knowing violation the court: 27 (1) Shall order the employer to terminate the employment of all 28 unauthorized aliens. 29 (2) Shall order the employer to be subject to a three year 30 probationary period. During the probationary period the employer 31 shall file quarterly reports with the county prosecutor of each new 32 employee who is hired by the employer at the specific location 33 where the unauthorized alien performed work. 34 (3) Shall order the employer to file a signed sworn affidavit with 35 the county prosecutor within three business days after the order is 36 issued. The affidavit shall state that the employer has terminated 37 the employment of all unauthorized aliens and that the employer 38 will not intentionally or knowingly employ an unauthorized alien. 39 The court shall order the appropriate agencies to suspend all 40 licenses subject to this paragraph (3) that are held by the employer 41 if the employer fails to file a signed sworn affidavit with the county 42 prosecutor within three business days after the order is issued. All 43 licenses that are suspended under this paragraph (3) shall remain 44 suspended until the employer files a signed sworn affidavit with the 45 county prosecutor. Notwithstanding any other law, on filing of the 46 affidavit, the suspended licenses shall be reinstated immediately by 47 the appropriate agencies. For the purposes of this paragraph (3), the 48 licenses that are subject to suspension under this paragraph (3) are

1 all licenses that are held by the employer and that are necessary to 2 operate the employer's business at the employer's business location 3 where the unauthorized alien performed work. If a license is not 4 necessary to operate the employer's business at the specific location 5 where the unauthorized alien performed work, but a license is 6 necessary to operate the employer's business in general, the licenses 7 that are subject to suspension under this paragraph (3) are all 8 licenses that are held by the employer at the employer's primary 9 place of business. On receipt of the court's order and 10 notwithstanding any other law, the appropriate agencies shall 11 suspend the licenses according to the court's order. The court shall 12 send a copy of the court's order to the Attorney General and the 13 Attorney General shall maintain the copy pursuant to section 8 of 14 this act.

(4) May order the appropriate agencies to suspend all licenses
described in paragraph (3) of this subsection that are held by the
employer, not to exceed 10 business days. The court shall base its
decision to suspend under paragraph (4) on any evidence or
information submitted to it during the action for a violation of this
section and shall consider the following factors, if relevant:

(a) The number of unauthorized aliens employed by theemployer.

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(c) The degree of harm resulting from the violation.

(b) Any prior misconduct by the employer.

25 (d) Whether the employer made good faith efforts to comply26 with any applicable requirements.

(e) The duration of the violation.

(f) The role of the directors, officers or principals of theemployer in the violation.

(g) Any other factors the court deems appropriate.

b. For a first violation during a five year period that is anintentional violation, the court:

33 (1) Shall order the employer to terminate the employment of all34 unauthorized aliens.

(2) Shall order the employer to be subject to a five year
probationary period. During the probationary period the employer
shall file quarterly reports with the county prosecutor of each new
employee who is hired by the employer at the specific location
where the unauthorized alien performed work.

(3) Shall order the appropriate agencies to suspend all licenses,
described in paragraph (3) of subsection a. of this section that are
held by the employer for a minimum of 10 days. The court shall
base its decision on the length of the suspension under this
paragraph (3) on any evidence or information submitted to it during
the action for a violation of this subsection and shall consider the
following factors, if relevant:

47 (a) The number of unauthorized aliens employed by the48 employer.

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(b) Any prior misconduct by the employer.

(c) The degree of harm resulting from the violation.

3 (d) Whether the employer made good faith efforts to comply4 with any applicable requirements.

(e) The duration of the violation.

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6 (f) The role of the directors, officers or principals of the 7 employer in the violation.

(g) Any other factors the court deems appropriate.

9 (4) Shall order the employer to file a signed sworn affidavit with 10 the county prosecutor. The affidavit shall state that the employer 11 has terminated the employment of all unauthorized aliens and that 12 the employer will not intentionally or knowingly employ an 13 unauthorized alien. All licenses that are suspended under this 14 paragraph shall remain suspended beyond the minimum 10 days 15 required in paragraph (3) of subsection b. of this section until the 16 employer files a signed sworn affidavit with the county prosecutor. 17 For the purposes of this paragraph, the licenses that are subject to 18 suspension under this paragraph are all licenses that are held by the 19 employer and that are necessary to operate the employer's business 20 at the employer's business location where the unauthorized alien 21 performed work. If a license is not necessary to operate the 22 employer's business at the specific location where the unauthorized 23 alien performed work, but a license is necessary to operate the 24 employer's business in general, the licenses that are subject to 25 suspension under this subdivision are all licenses that are held by 26 the employer at the employer's primary place of business. On 27 receipt of the court's order and notwithstanding any other law, the 28 appropriate agencies shall suspend the licenses according to the 29 court's order. The court shall send a copy of the court's order to the 30 Attorney General and the Attorney General shall maintain the copy 31 pursuant to section 8 of this act.

32 c. For a second violation of section 4 of this act during the 33 period of probation, the court shall order the appropriate agencies to 34 permanently revoke all licenses that are held by the employer and 35 that are necessary to operate the employer's business at the 36 employer's business location where the unauthorized alien 37 performed work. If a license is not necessary to operate the employer's business at the specific location where the unauthorized 38 39 alien performed work, but a license is necessary to operate the 40 employer's business in general, the court shall order the appropriate 41 agencies to permanently revoke all licenses that are held by the 42 employer at the employer's primary place of business. On receipt of 43 the order and notwithstanding any other law, the appropriate 44 agencies shall immediately revoke the licenses.

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46 8. The Attorney General shall maintain copies of court orders
47 that are received pursuant to section 5 of this act and shall maintain
48 a database of the employers who have a first violation of section 4

of this act and make the court orders available on the Attorney
 General's website.

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4 9. a. In determining whether an employee is an unauthorized 5 alien, the court shall consider only the federal government's determination pursuant to 8 U.S.C. s.1373(c). The federal 6 7 government's determination creates a rebuttable presumption of the 8 employee's lawful status. The court may take judicial notice of the 9 federal government's determination and may request the federal 10 government to provide automated or testimonial verification 11 pursuant to 8 U.S.C. s.1373(c).

b. For the purposes of this section, proof of verifying the employment authorization of an employee through the E-Verify program creates a rebuttable presumption that an employer did not intentionally employ an unauthorized alien or knowingly employ an unauthorized alien.

c. For the purposes of this section, an employer who
establishes that it has complied in good faith with the requirements
of 8 U.S.C. s.1324b establishes an affirmative defense that the
employer did not intentionally or knowingly employ an
unauthorized alien.

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10. This act shall not be construed to require an employer to take
any action that the employer believes in good faith would violate
federal or State law.

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11. The Commissioner of Labor and Workforce Development
shall adopt, pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act,"
P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.), rules and regulations as
necessary to effectuate the purposes of sections 2 and 3 of this act.

12. This act shall take effect January 1, 2019.

STATEMENT

37 This bill requires every employer, before hiring an employee, to verify the employment eligibility of the employee through the E-38 39 Verify program. E-Verify is an electronic verification of work 40 authorization program jointly operated by the United States Department of Homeland Security and the Social Security 41 42 Administration. The bill provides for employers who employ 100 or 43 more employees to comply with the E-Verify requirement by 44 December 31, 2018. Employers who employ less than 100 employees must comply with the E-Verify requirement by 45 December 31, 2019. 46

47 The bill directs the Commissioner of Labor and Workforce48 Development to develop a Statewide random auditing program to

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inspect private employers for compliance with the E-Verify requirement. The commissioner is also directed, upon receipt of a written and signed complaint against an employer, or upon an investigation initiated by the commissioner for good cause, to institute an investigation if the commissioner finds reasonable grounds exist that an employer allegedly violated the E-Verify requirement.

8 The bill provides for the assessment of a civil penalty of not less 9 than \$100 and not more than \$1000 on employers found to be in 10 violation of the E-Verify requirement. For a first occurrence 11 involving a violation, if, upon notification by the commissioner, the 12 employer complies within seventy-two hours, the employer shall not be assessed a penalty. Any subsequent occurrence involving a 13 14 violation by the employer results in the assessment of a civil 15 penalty by the commissioner. However, if the employer has not 16 committed a violation of the E-Verify requirement within the 17 previous five years, a subsequent occurrence shall be treated as a 18 first occurrence.

19 The bill also prohibits the employment of unauthorized aliens. It 20 imposes penalties on employers who knowingly or intentionally 21 employ unauthorized aliens. For the first violation where an 22 employer knowingly hired unauthorized aliens, a court shall order 23 the employer to terminate such employment, to be subject to a three 24 year probationary period during which the employer shall submit 25 quarterly reports for each new hire, to file a sworn affidavit within 26 three business days after the order has been issued or face the 27 suspension of any business license held by the employer until such 28 time a signed sworn affidavit is filed. In addition, a court may 29 consider a number of factors surrounding the violation and order the 30 suspension of any business license for a period not to exceed ten 31 business days.

32 For the first violation where an employer intentionally hired 33 unauthorized aliens, a court shall order the employer to terminate 34 such employment; a five year probationary period during which the 35 employer shall submit quarterly reports for each new hire; the 36 suspension of any business license for a minimum ten days after 37 considering all factors surrounding the violation; and the employer 38 to file a sworn affidavit until which all licenses shall remain 39 suspended.

40 For any second violation of knowingly or intentionally
41 employing an unauthorized alien, a court shall order the permanent
42 revocation of any and all of the employers' business licenses issued
43 by the State or any political subdivisions of the State.