# ASSEMBLY, No. 4445 STATE OF NEW JERSEY 218th LEGISLATURE

**INTRODUCED SEPTEMBER 17, 2018** 

Sponsored by: Assemblyman GARY S. SCHAER District 36 (Bergen and Passaic) Assemblywoman VALERIE VAINIERI HUTTLE District 37 (Bergen)

#### SYNOPSIS

Removes restriction on placement of special education students in sectarian schools.

## **CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT**

As introduced.



(Sponsorship Updated As Of: 9/18/2018)

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1 AN ACT concerning the provision of special education programs 2 and amending N.J.S.18A:46-14 and N.J.S.18A:46-21. 3 4 **BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State 5 of New Jersey: 6 7 1. N.J.S.18A:46-14 is amended to read as follows: 8 18A:46-14. The facilities and programs of education required under this chapter shall be provided by one or more of the 9 10 following: 11 a. A special class or classes in the district, including a class or 12 classes in hospitals, convalescent homes, or other institutions; b. A special class in the public schools of another district in 13 this State or any other state in the United States; 14 15 c. Joint facilities including a class or classes in hospitals, convalescent homes, or other institutions to be provided by 16 17 agreement between one or more school districts; 18 d. A jointure commission program; 19 A State of New Jersey operated program; e. 20 f. Instruction at school supplementary to the other programs in the school, whenever, in the judgment of the board of education 21 with the consent of the commissioner, the pupil with a disability 22 23 will be best served thereby; 24 g. Sending children capable of benefiting from a day school 25 instructional program to privately operated day classes, in New 26 Jersey or, with the approval of the commissioner to meet particular 27 circumstances, in any other state in the United States, [the services 28 of which are nonsectarian] whenever, in the judgment of the board 29 of education with the consent of the commissioner, it is impractical 30 to provide services pursuant to subsection a., b., c., d., e., or f. 31 otherwise; 32 h. Individual instruction at home or in school whenever, in the judgment of the board of education with the consent of the 33 34 commissioner, it is impracticable to provide a suitable special 35 education program for a child pursuant to subsection a., b., c., d., e., 36 f., or g. otherwise. 37 Whenever a child study team determines that a suitable special 38 education program for a child cannot be provided pursuant to 39 subsection a., b., c., d., e., f., g., or h. of this section, and that the 40 most appropriate placement for that child is in an academic program 41 in an accredited nonpublic school within the State or, to meet 42 particular circumstances, in any other state in the United States, 43 [the services of which are nonsectarian,] and which is not 44 specifically approved for the education of pupils with disabilities, 45 that child may be placed in that academic program by the board of

EXPLANATION – Matter enclosed in **bold-faced brackets** [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter underlined <u>thus</u> is new matter.

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1 education, with the consent of the commissioner, or by order of a 2 court of competent jurisdiction. An academic program which meets 3 the requirements of the child's Individual Education Plan as 4 determined by the child study team and which provides the child 5 with a thorough and efficient education, shall be considered an 6 approved placement for the purposes of chapter 46 of this Title, and 7 the board of education shall be entitled to receive State aid for that 8 child as provided pursuant to P.L.2007, c.260 (C.18A:7F-43 et al.), 9 and all other pertinent statutes.

10 Whenever any child shall be confined to a hospital, convalescent 11 home, or other institution in New Jersey or in any other state in the 12 United States and is enrolled in an education program approved under this article, or shall be placed in any other State facility as 13 14 defined in section 3 of P.L.2007, c.260 (C.18A:7F-45), the board of 15 education of the district in which the child resides shall pay the 16 tuition of that child. The board of education may also furnish (a) 17 the facilities or programs provided in this article to any person over 18 the age of 20 who does not hold a diploma of a high school 19 approved in this State or in any other state in the United States, and 20 (b) suitable approved facilities and programs for children under the 21 age of five.

22 (cf: P.L.2017, c.131, s.48)

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2. N.J.S.18A:46-21 is amended to read as follows:

25 18A:46-21. Any board of education, jointure commission, or 26 private school for pupils with disabilities which receives pupils 27 from a sending district under this chapter shall determine a tuition 28 rate to be paid by the sending board of education, but in no case 29 shall the tuition rate exceed the actual cost per pupil as determined 30 under rules prescribed by the commissioner and approved by the 31 State Board of Education.

In the event that a pupil is placed pursuant to N.J.S.18A:46-14 in 32 33 privately operated day classes or an accredited nonpublic school, 34 which provides sectarian instruction or services, the receiving 35 school shall provide an itemized invoice to the sending district 36 detailing the educational services provided to the pupil, and the 37 tuition charged pursuant to this section shall only include the costs 38 associated with the nonsectarian component of the pupil's 39 educational program and services. Tuition funds received from the 40 sending district shall not be used for the purpose of sectarian 41 instruction, the construction or maintenance of sectarian facilities, 42 or for any other sectarian purpose or activity.

43 (cf: P.L.2017, c.131, s.51)

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45 3. This act shall take effect immediately.

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#### STATEMENT

3 This bill revises current law at N.J.S.18A:46-14 which lists the 4 types of programs and facilities that may be utilized by a public 5 school district to provide educational services to special education students. Currently a school district may place a special education 6 7 student in privately-operated day classes or an accredited nonpublic 8 school if the services of those entities are nonsectarian. This bill 9 eliminates the nonsectarian requirement. The bill provides that if a 10 public school student is placed in privately-operated day classes or 11 an accredited nonpublic school that provides sectarian instruction or 12 services, the receiving school must provide an itemized invoice to 13 the sending district detailing the educational services provided to 14 the student. The tuition charged for the placement of that student 15 may only include the costs associated with the nonsectarian 16 component of the pupil's educational program and services.