## ASSEMBLY, No. 4818 STATE OF NEW JERSEY 218th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED DECEMBER 17, 2018

Sponsored by: Assemblyman ANTHONY S. VERRELLI District 15 (Hunterdon and Mercer) Assemblywoman LISA SWAIN District 38 (Bergen and Passaic) Assemblyman ANDREW ZWICKER District 16 (Hunterdon, Mercer, Middlesex and Somerset)

Co-Sponsored by: Assemblymen Tully, Rooney, Mejia, Assemblywomen Reynolds-Jackson and Vainieri Huttle

## **SYNOPSIS**

Prohibits sale of cosmetic products that have been tested on animals.

## **CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT**

As introduced.



(Sponsorship Updated As Of: January 10, 2020)

1 AN ACT concerning cosmetic products that have been tested on 2 animals and supplementing Title 4 of the Revised Statutes. 3 **BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State 4 5 of New Jersey: 6 7 1. a. For the purposes of this section: 8 "Animal test" means the internal or external application of a 9 cosmetic, or any ingredient thereof, to a body part of a live, 10 nonhuman vertebrate. 11 "Cosmetic" means any substance intended to be applied to or introduced into any part of the human body for the purposes of 12 cleansing, promoting attractiveness, or altering the appearance, 13 including, but not limited to, lipstick, make-up, deodorant, 14 15 shampoo, and conditioner. 16 "Ingredient" means any component of a cosmetic as defined by 17 21 C.F.R. 700.3. 18 "Manufacturer" means any person whose name appears on the 19 label of a cosmetic product pursuant to the requirements of 21 20 C.F.R. 701.12. "Supplier" means any entity that supplies, directly or through a 21 third party, any ingredient used in the formulation of a 22 23 manufacturer's cosmetic. 24 b. No person or manufacturer shall sell or offer for sale in the 25 State any cosmetic that was developed or manufactured using an animal test, if the test was conducted or contracted by the 26 27 manufacturer or any supplier of the manufacturer on or after 28 January 1, 2020. 29 The prohibitions in subsection b. of this section do not apply c. 30 to cosmetics developed or manufactured using an animal test if: (1) The animal test is required by a federal or State regulatory 31 authority and: 32 33 (a) the ingredient that requires an animal test is in wide use and cannot be replaced by another ingredient, 34 (b) a specific human health problem is associated with the 35 ingredient and the need to conduct an animal test on the ingredient 36 37 is justified and supported by a research protocol, and 38 (c) there is no non-animal test that is accepted by the relevant 39 federal or State regulatory authority as a means to gather the 40 relevant data; (2) The animal test is conducted to comply with a requirement 41 of a foreign regulatory authority, if no evidence derived from the 42 test is relied upon to substantiate the safety of the cosmetic pursuant 43 44 to federal or State regulations; or 45 (3) The animal test is conducted on a product or ingredient 46 subject to the requirements of chapter V of the federal "Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act," 21 U.S.C. s.351 et seq. 47 d. The prohibitions in subsection b. of this section do not apply 48 49 to cosmetics that were sold in the State or tested on animals prior to

1 January 1, 2020, even if the cosmetic is manufactured after that 2 date. 3 e. Any person or manufacturer that violates this section shall be subject to a penalty of up to \$1,000 for each offense, to be 4 5 collected in a civil action by a summary proceeding under the "Penalty Enforcement Law of 1999," P.L.1999, c.274 (C.2A:58-10 6 et seq.). If the violation is of a continuing nature, each day during 7 8 which it continues constitutes an additional, separate, and distinct 9 offense. The director of the Division of Consumer Affairs in the 10 Department of Law and Public Safety may enforce the provisions of 11 this section. The Superior Court and the municipal court shall have 12 jurisdiction to enforce the provisions of the "Penalty Enforcement Law of 1999." 13 14 The Division of Consumer Affairs may institute a civil f. 15 action for injunctive relief to enforce this act and to prohibit and 16 prevent a violation of this act, and the court may proceed in the 17 action in a summary manner. 18 19 2. This act shall take effect immediately. 20 21 22 **STATEMENT** 23 24 This bill would prohibit the sale or offer for sale of cosmetics 25 that were developed or manufactured using animal tests on or after 26 January 1, 2020. 27 Current law prohibits performing animal tests on products in 28 New Jersey when there is an appropriate validated alternative test 29 method. This bill would strengthen this prohibition with respect to 30 cosmetics products, barring the sale of all cosmetics that were 31 tested on animals, even if those tests were performed outside the 32 State. Animal tests for cosmetics are frequently painful and harmful to the animal. Furthermore, alternative testing methods, 33 34 such as the use of engineered human tissue and the use of computer 35 models, are often cheaper and more accurate than animal testing, in addition to being cruelty-free. 36 37 The bill would not apply to cosmetics that were sold in the State or tested on animals before January 1, 2020. In addition, the bill 38 39 would not apply to cosmetics that are required by a federal or State 40 regulatory agency to be tested on animals, provided that certain 41 conditions apply. The bill would also not apply to cosmetics that 42 are required by a foreign regulatory agency to be tested on animals, 43 as long as the safety of such cosmetics is independently verified 44 using non-animal tests. 45 Violations of the provisions of the bill are punishable by fines of 46 up to \$1,000. The director of the Division of Consumer Affairs in 47 the Department of Law and Public Safety would be permitted to 48 enforce the provisions of this bill.