ASSEMBLY, No. 5196 **STATE OF NEW JERSEY** 218th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED MARCH 18, 2019

Sponsored by: Assemblyman RONALD S. DANCER District 12 (Burlington, Middlesex, Monmouth and Ocean) Assemblyman JAY WEBBER District 26 (Essex, Morris and Passaic)

Co-Sponsored by: Assemblymen McGuckin, Wolfe and A.M.Bucco

SYNOPSIS

Requires person convicted, or fleeing charge, of sex offense in foreign country to register under Megan's Law; requires law enforcement to inquire about immigration status of sex offenders and cooperate with federal immigration authorities.

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

As introduced.



(Sponsorship Updated As Of: 11/26/2019)

1 AN ACT concerning sex offenders, amending P.L.1994, c.133, and 2 supplementing Title 2C of the New Jersey Statutes. 3 4 **BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State 5 of New Jersey: 6 7 1. Section 2 of P.L.1994, c.133 (C.2C:7-2) is amended to read 8 as follows: 9 2. a. (1) A person who has been convicted, adjudicated 10 delinquent or found not guilty by reason of insanity for commission 11 of a sex offense as defined in subsection b. of this section shall 12 register as provided in subsections c. and d. of this section. 13 (2) A person who in another jurisdiction is required to register 14 as a sex offender and (a) is enrolled on a full-time or part-time basis 15 in any public or private educational institution in this State, including any secondary school, trade or professional institution, 16 17 institution of higher education or other post-secondary school, or 18 (b) is employed or carries on a vocation in this State, on either a 19 full-time or a part-time basis, with or without compensation, for 20 more than 14 consecutive days or for an aggregate period exceeding 21 30 days in a calendar year, shall register in this State as provided in 22 subsections c. and d. of this section. 23 (3) A person who fails to register as required under this act shall 24 be guilty of a crime of the third degree. 25 b. For the purposes of this act a sex offense shall include the 26 following: 27 (1) Aggravated sexual assault, sexual assault, aggravated 28 criminal sexual contact, kidnapping pursuant to paragraph (2) of 29 subsection c. of N.J.S.2C:13-1 or an attempt to commit any of these crimes if the court found that the offender's conduct was 30 31 characterized by a pattern of repetitive, compulsive behavior, 32 regardless of the date of the commission of the offense or the date 33 of conviction; 34 (2) A conviction, adjudication of delinquency, or acquittal by 35 reason of insanity for aggravated sexual assault; sexual assault; 36 aggravated criminal sexual contact; kidnapping pursuant to 37 paragraph (2) of subsection c. of N.J.S.2C:13-1; endangering the 38 welfare of a child by engaging in sexual conduct which would 39 impair or debauch the morals of the child pursuant to subsection a. 40 of N.J.S.2C:24-4; endangering the welfare of a child pursuant to 41 paragraph (3) or (4), subparagraph (a), or sub-subparagraph (i) or 42 (ii) of subparagraph (b) of paragraph (5) of subsection b. of 43 N.J.S.2C:24-4; luring or enticing pursuant to section 1 of P.L.1993, 44 criminal c.291 (C.2C:13-6); sexual contact pursuant to 45 [N.J.S.2C:14-3b.] subsection b. of N.J.S.2C:14-3 if the victim is a

Matter underlined <u>thus</u> is new matter.

EXPLANATION – Matter enclosed in **bold-faced** brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

A5196 DANCER, WEBBER

3

1 minor; kidnapping pursuant to N.J.S.2C:13-1, criminal restraint 2 pursuant to N.J.S.2C:13-2, or false imprisonment pursuant to 3 N.J.S.2C:13-3 if the victim is a minor and the offender is not the 4 parent of the victim; knowingly promoting prostitution of a child 5 pursuant to paragraph (3) or paragraph (4) of subsection b. of 6 N.J.S.2C:34-1; leader of a child pornography network pursuant to 7 section 8 of P.L.2017, c.141 (C.2C:24-4.1); or an attempt to commit 8 any of these enumerated offenses if the conviction, adjudication of 9 delinquency or acquittal by reason of insanity is entered on or after 10 the effective date of this act or the offender is serving a sentence of 11 incarceration, probation, parole or other form of community 12 supervision as a result of the offense or is confined following 13 acquittal by reason of insanity or as a result of civil commitment on 14 the effective date of this act;

(3) A conviction, adjudication of delinquency, or acquittal by 15 16 reason of insanity for an offense similar to any offense enumerated 17 in paragraph (2) or a sentence on the basis of criteria similar to the 18 criteria set forth in paragraph (1) of this subsection entered or 19 imposed under the laws of the United States, this State, or another 20 state; or a charge, except when the charge was dismissed or the 21 person was found not guilty, conviction, adjudication of 22 delinquency, or acquittal by reason of insanity for an offense 23 similar to any offense enumerated in paragraph (2) or a sentence on 24 the basis of criteria similar to the criteria set forth in paragraph (1) 25 of this subsection entered or imposed under the laws of any foreign 26 government.

(4) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (1), (2), or (3)
of this subsection, a sex offense shall not include an adjudication of
delinquency for endangering the welfare of a child pursuant to
paragraph (4) or (5) of subsection b. of N.J.S.2C:24-4, provided that
the actor demonstrates that:

(a) the facts of the case are limited to the creation, exhibition or
distribution of a photograph depicting nudity or portraying a child
in a sexually suggestive manner, as defined in N.J.S.2C:24-4,
through the use of an electronic communications device, an
interactive wireless communications device, or a computer;

(b) the creator and subject of the photograph are juveniles orwere juveniles at the time of its making; and

39 (c) the subject of the photograph whose nudity is depicted or
40 who is portrayed in a sexually suggestive manner, as the case may
41 be, knowingly consented to the making of the photograph.

42 c. A person required to register under the provisions of this act
43 shall do so on forms to be provided by the designated registering
44 agency as follows:

(1) A person who is required to register and who is under
supervision in the community on probation, parole, furlough, work
release, or a similar program, shall register at the time the person is
placed under supervision or no later than 120 days after the

effective date of this act, whichever is later, in accordance with
 procedures established by the Department of Corrections, the
 Department of Human Services, the Juvenile Justice Commission
 established pursuant to section 2 of P.L.1995, c.284 (C.52:17B-170)
 or the Administrative Office of the Courts, whichever is responsible
 for supervision;

7 (2) A person confined in a correctional or juvenile facility or 8 involuntarily committed who is required to register shall register 9 prior to release in accordance with procedures established by the 10 Department of Corrections, the Department of Human Services or 11 the Juvenile Justice Commission and, within 48 hours of release, 12 shall also register with the chief law enforcement officer of the municipality in which the person resides or, if the municipality does 13 14 not have a local police force, the Superintendent of State Police;

(3) A person moving to or returning to this State from another
jurisdiction shall register with the chief law enforcement officer of
the municipality in which the person will reside or, if the
municipality does not have a local police force, the Superintendent
of State Police within 120 days of the effective date of this act or 10
days of first residing in or returning to a municipality in this State,
whichever is later;

(4) A person required to register on the basis of a conviction
prior to the effective date who is not confined or under supervision
on the effective date of this act shall register within 120 days of the
effective date of this act with the chief law enforcement officer of
the municipality in which the person will reside or, if the
municipality does not have a local police force, the Superintendent
of State Police;

29 (5) A person who in another jurisdiction is required to register 30 as a sex offender and who is enrolled on a full-time or part-time 31 basis in any public or private educational institution in this State, 32 including any secondary school, trade or professional institution, 33 institution of higher education or other post-secondary school shall, 34 within [ten] 10 days of commencing attendance at such educational institution, register with the chief law enforcement officer of the 35 36 municipality in which the educational institution is located or, if the 37 municipality does not have a local police force, the Superintendent 38 of State Police;

39 (6) A person who in another jurisdiction is required to register 40 as a sex offender and who is employed or carries on a vocation in 41 this State, on either a full-time or a part-time basis, with or without 42 compensation, for more than 14 consecutive days or for an 43 aggregate period exceeding 30 days in a calendar year, shall, within 44 [ten] <u>10</u> days after commencing such employment or vocation, 45 register with the chief law enforcement officer of the municipality 46 in which the employer is located or where the vocation is carried 47 on, as the case may be, or, if the municipality does not have a local 48 police force, the Superintendent of State Police;

1 (7) In addition to any other registration requirements set forth in 2 this section, a person required to register under this act who is 3 enrolled at, employed by or carries on a vocation at an institution of 4 higher education or other post-secondary school in this State shall, 5 within 10 days after commencing such attendance, employment or 6 vocation, register with the law enforcement unit of the educational 7 institution, if the institution has such a unit.

8 d. (1) Upon a change of address, a person shall notify the law 9 enforcement agency with which the person is registered and shall 10 re-register with the appropriate law enforcement agency no less 11 than 10 days before he intends to first reside at his new address. 12 Upon a change of employment or school enrollment status, a person 13 shall notify the appropriate law enforcement agency no later than 14 five days after any such change. A person who fails to notify the 15 appropriate law enforcement agency of a change of address or status 16 in accordance with this subsection is guilty of a crime of the third 17 degree.

18 (2) A person required to register under this act shall provide the 19 appropriate law enforcement agency with information as to whether 20 the person has routine access to or use of a computer or any other 21 device with Internet capability. A person who fails to notify the 22 appropriate law enforcement agency of such information or of a 23 change in the person's access to or use of a computer or other 24 device with Internet capability or who provides false information 25 concerning the person's access to or use of a computer or any other 26 device with Internet capability is guilty of a crime of the third 27 degree.

e. A person required to register under paragraph (1) of 28 29 subsection b. of this section or under paragraph (3) of subsection b. 30 due to a sentence imposed on the basis of criteria similar to the 31 criteria set forth in paragraph (1) of subsection b. shall verify his 32 address with the appropriate law enforcement agency every 90 days 33 in a manner prescribed by the Attorney General. A person required 34 to register under paragraph (2) of subsection b. of this section or 35 under paragraph (3) of subsection b. on the basis of a conviction for 36 an offense similar to an offense enumerated in paragraph (2) of 37 subsection b. shall verify his address annually in a manner 38 prescribed by the Attorney General. In addition to address 39 information, the person shall provide as part of the verification 40 process any additional information the Attorney General may 41 require. One year after the effective date of this act, the Attorney 42 General shall review, evaluate and, if warranted, modify pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et 43 44 seq.) the verification requirement. Any person who knowingly 45 provides false information concerning his place of residence or who 46 fails to verify his address with the appropriate law enforcement 47 agency or other entity, as prescribed by the Attorney General in

accordance with this subsection, is guilty of a crime of the third
 degree.

f. Except as provided in subsection g. of this section, a person
required to register under this act may make application to the
Superior Court of this State to terminate the obligation upon proof
that the person has not committed an offense within 15 years
following conviction or release from a correctional facility for any
term of imprisonment imposed, whichever is later, and is not likely
to pose a threat to the safety of others.

10 g. A person required to register under this section who has 11 been convicted of, adjudicated delinquent, or acquitted by reason of 12 insanity for more than one sex offense as defined in subsection b. of 13 this section or who has been convicted of, adjudicated delinquent, 14 or acquitted by reason of insanity for aggravated sexual assault 15 pursuant to subsection a. of N.J.S.2C:14-2 or sexual assault 16 pursuant to paragraph (1) of subsection c. of N.J.S.2C:14-2 is not 17 eligible under subsection f. of this section to make application to 18 the Superior Court of this State to terminate the registration 19 obligation.

20 (cf: P.L.2017, c.141, s.3)

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2. (New section) a. As used in this section:

23 "Federal immigration authority" means any officer, employee, or 24 person otherwise paid by or acting as an agent of United States 25 Immigration and Customs Enforcement or United States Customs and 26 Border Protection, or any division thereof, or any officer, employee, or 27 person otherwise paid by or acting as an agent of the United States 28 Department of Homeland Security who is charged with immigration 29 enforcement.

30 "Immigration enforcement" means any efforts to investigate, or
31 enforce any federal civil immigration law, and the investigation or
32 enforcement of any federal criminal immigration law that penalizes a
33 person's presence, entry, or employment in the United States.

34 "Law enforcement agency" means a State, county, or municipal law35 enforcement agency, and State or county correctional facility.

b. Every county prosecutor shall notify the appropriate law enforcement agency when a person has been convicted, adjudicated delinquent, or acquitted by reason of insanity for the commission of a sex offense as defined in subsection b. of section 2 of P.L.1994, c.133 (C.2C:7-2). Upon notification, the law enforcement agency shall inquire about the immigration status of the person who has been convicted.

For the purposes of this subsection, the appropriate law enforcement agency is the correctional facility in which the convicted person is held or, if the convicted person is not in the custody of a correctional facility, the agency or official best suited to notify and cooperate with federal immigration authorities with respect to the convicted person, including but not limited to any parole or probation 1 officer with a supervisory role over the convicted person or the State,

2 county, or local police department with jurisdiction over the convicted 3 person's place of residence.

4 c. If, based upon the inquiry required pursuant to subsection b. of 5 this section, a law enforcement agency is unable to confirm that the sex offender's presence in the United States is authorized under federal 6 7 law, the law enforcement agency shall provide notification to a federal 8 immigration authority and shall cooperate with any immigration 9 enforcement initiated by the federal immigration authority, including 10 but not limited to:

11 (1) participating in civil immigration enforcement operations;

12 (2) providing any non-public personally identifying information regarding an individual; 13

14 (3) providing access to any State, county, or local law enforcement 15 equipment, office space, database, or property not available to the 16 general public;

(4) providing access to a detained individual for an interview;

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18 (5) providing notice of a detained individual's upcoming release 19 from custody; and

20 (6) continuing the detention of an individual past the time the 21 individual would otherwise be eligible for release from custody based 22 solely on a civil immigration detainer request.

23 d. Upon inquiry by a federal immigration authority, a law 24 enforcement agency shall cooperate with any immigration 25 enforcement initiated by a federal immigration authority in the case of 26 a person who has registered because that person was convicted of a sex 27 offense as defined in section 2 of P.L.1994, c.133 (C.2C:7-2) under the 28 laws of any foreign government, or was charged with a sex offense 29 and absconded from that jurisdiction prior to the charge being 30 adjudicated or resolved, and the law enforcement agency is unable to 31 confirm that the sex offender's presence in the United States is 32 authorized under federal law. This cooperation shall include, but not 33 be limited to:

34 (1) participating in civil immigration enforcement operations;

35 (2) providing any non-public personally identifying information 36 regarding an individual;

37 (3) providing access to any State, county, or local law enforcement 38 equipment, office space, database, or property not available to the 39 general public;

(4) providing access to a detained individual for an interview;

41 (5) providing notice of a detained individual's upcoming release 42 from custody; and

(6) continuing the detention of an individual past the time the 43 44 individual would otherwise be eligible for release from custody based 45 solely on a civil immigration detainer request.

46 If a law enforcement agency has knowledge that a sex offender who has registered with that law enforcement agency was convicted of a 47 48 sex offense as defined in section 2 of P.L.1994, c.133 (C.2C:7-2)

A5196 DANCER, WEBBER

8

under the laws of any foreign government, or was charged with a sex offense by a foreign government and absconded from that jurisdiction prior to the charge being adjudicated or resolved, and the law enforcement agency is unable to confirm that the sex offender's presence in the United States is authorized under federal law, the law enforcement agency shall provide notification to a federal immigration authority.

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3. This act shall take effect on the first day of the fourth month after enactment.

STATEMENT

15 This bill requires persons who have been convicted, or fled a 16 charge, of a sex offense in a foreign country to register as a sex 17 offender under Megan's Law under certain circumstances. 18 addition, contrary to a recent directive issued by the New Jersey 19 Attorney General, the bill requires law enforcement agencies to 20 inquire about the immigration status of a convicted sex offender and notify and cooperate with federal immigration authorities when the 21 22 law enforcement agency is unable to confirm that the sex offender's 23 presence in the United States is authorized under federal law.

Under current State law, a person who is convicted, adjudicated delinquent, or acquitted by reason of insanity under the laws of the United States, this State, or another state of an offense similar to those classified as sex offenses under current law is required to register as a sex offender.

This bill expands the requirement to register in this State as a sex offender to also include persons who were convicted, adjudicated delinquent; or acquitted by reason of insanity under the laws of any foreign government of an offense similar to those classified as sex offenses under current law, and persons who were charged with such offenses by a foreign government, but fled the jurisdiction prior to the adjudication of those charges.

The Attorney General Directive No. 2018-6 generally prohibits 36 37 State, county, and municipal law enforcement agencies from providing certain types of assistance to federal immigration 38 39 authorities charged with enforcing federal civil immigration law, 40 with certain limited exceptions. The directive also prohibits, with 41 certain limited exceptions, a State, county, or municipal law 42 enforcement agency from inquiring about the immigration status of 43 any individual. Furthermore, the directive does not mandate that 44 law enforcement officials provide assistance in any particular 45 circumstance, even when, under the limited exceptions of the 46 directive, they are permitted to do so. Thus, when an offender who 47 is not authorized to be in the United States has been convicted of a Megan's Law offense, under the directive, local law enforcement is 48

under no obligation to cooperate with federal authorities that may
 be seeking to enforce federal immigration laws with respect to that
 offender.

In contrast to the directive, the bill requires every county prosecutor to notify the appropriate law enforcement agency when a person has been convicted, adjudicated delinquent, or acquitted by reason of insanity for the commission of a sex offense, as defined under current law. Upon notification, the law enforcement agency is required to inquire about the immigration status of the person who has been convicted.

The bill provides that if, based upon the inquiry required by the bill, a law enforcement agency is unable to confirm that the person's presence in the United States is authorized under federal law, the law enforcement agency is to provide notification to a federal immigration authority.

16 Under the bill, the law enforcement agency also is to cooperate 17 with any immigration enforcement initiated by the federal 18 immigration authority, which includes but is not limited to: (1) 19 participating in civil immigration enforcement operations with 20 respect to the sex offender; (2) providing any non-public personally 21 identifying information regarding the sex offender; (3) providing 22 access to any State, county, or local law enforcement equipment, 23 office space, database, or property not available to the general 24 public; (4) providing access to a detained sex offender for an 25 interview; (5) providing notice of a detained sex offender's 26 upcoming release from custody; and (6) continuing the detention of 27 a sex offender past the time the sex offender would otherwise be 28 eligible for release from custody when presented with a civil 29 immigration detainer request.

30 Finally, the bill requires the cooperation of a New Jersey law 31 enforcement agency with any immigration enforcement upon an inquiry by a federal immigration authority concerning a registered 32 33 sex offender convicted of a sex offense by a foreign government, or 34 who was charged with a sex offense by a foreign government and 35 absconded from that jurisdiction prior to the charge being adjudicated or resolved, and if the law enforcement agency is 36 37 unable to confirm that the sex offender's presence in the United States is authorized under federal law. This cooperation is to 38 39 include, but not be limited to, participating in civil immigration 40 enforcement operations; providing any non-public personally 41 identifying information regarding an individual; providing access to any State, county, or local law enforcement equipment, office 42 43 space, database, or property not available to the general public; 44 providing access to a detained individual for an interview; 45 providing notice of a detained individual's upcoming release from 46 custody; and continuing the detention of an individual past the time 47 the individual would otherwise be eligible for release from custody 48 based solely on a civil immigration detainer request. The bill

A5196 DANCER, WEBBER 10

1 further requires a law enforcement agency that registers a sex offender and has knowledge that the sex offender was (1) convicted 2 3 by a foreign government, or (2) charged with a sex offense by a foreign government and absconded prior to the charges being 4 adjudicated or resolved, to provide notification to a federal 5 immigration authority if the agency is unable to confirm that the sex 6 7 offender's presence in the United States is authorized under federal 8 law.

9 It is the sponsor's firmly held belief that because sex offenders 10 pose a grave danger to public safety, especially for women and 11 children, law enforcement officials should be required to cooperate 12 with immigration enforcement actions initiated by a federal 13 immigration authority, in order to ensure that dangerous predators 14 are not permitted to find safe harbor in New Jersey.