SENATE, No. 668 **STATE OF NEW JERSEY** 218th LEGISLATURE

PRE-FILED FOR INTRODUCTION IN THE 2018 SESSION

Sponsored by: Senator CHRISTOPHER "KIP" BATEMAN District 16 (Hunterdon, Mercer, Middlesex and Somerset)

SYNOPSIS

Directs public utilities and pipeline operators to reimburse municipalities for certain emergency services.

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

Introduced Pending Technical Review by Legislative Counsel.



S668 BATEMAN

2

AN ACT concerning public utilities and pipeline operators and
 supplementing Title 48 of the Revised Statutes.

3

BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State
of New Jersey:

5 6

7 1. As used in sections 1 and 2 of P.L., c. (C.) (pending
8 before the Legislature as this bill):

9 "Emergency" means any circumstance caused by a person or 10 event, except any natural disaster, which includes, but is not limited 11 to, fire, flood, earthquake, or storm, resulting in the escape of a 12 conveyed commodity from a pipeline that constitutes a clear and 13 present danger to life, health, or property.

14 "Emergency services" means the provision of services by 15 municipal law enforcement, firefighting, paramedic, and medical 16 personnel, including volunteer personnel, provided by a municipal 17 authority to ensure the health or safety of a person or property 18 during an emergency.

"Pipeline" means any privately owned pipeline, above or below
ground, placed on a right-of-way, easement, public street, other
public place, or private property that is being used or will be used
for the conveyance of a commodity distributed by a public utility.

23 "Public utility" means a public utility as that term is defined in24 R.S.48:2-13.

25

2. a. Notwithstanding any law, rule, or regulation to the 26 27 contrary, a public utility shall reimburse a municipality for all actual and related costs a municipality incurs in providing 28 29 emergency services to respond to any emergency involving a 30 pipeline conveying a commodity distributed by the public utility in 31 the public utility's service area. With the exception of volunteer 32 personnel, a public utility shall reimburse a municipality for the 33 cost of emergency services equal to the hourly wages of the 34 emergency services personnel. A public utility shall reimburse a 35 municipality for the cost of emergency services by any volunteer at 36 a rate equal to that of volunteer services under any applicable 37 assistance program administered by the federal government. Α 38 public utility's reimbursement to a municipality for emergency 39 services shall not be recoverable from ratepayers.

b. In a civil action brought against a public utility to recover
financial losses sustained during an emergency, the court, in its
discretion, may award reasonable attorneys' fees and costs of suit
incurred by a plaintiff recovering judgment. A public utility's
payment of reasonable attorneys' fees and costs of suit shall not be
recoverable from ratepayers.

46 c. The provisions of this section shall only apply to public
47 utilities under the jurisdiction or control of the Board of Public
48 Utilities.

1 3. As used in sections 3 and 4 of P.L., c. (C.) (pending 2 before the Legislature as this bill):

"Emergency" means any circumstance caused by a person or
event, except any natural disaster, which includes, but is not limited
to, fire, flood, earthquake, or storm, resulting in the escape of a
conveyed commodity from an underground facility that constitutes
a clear and present danger to life, health, or property.

8 "Emergency services" means the provision of services by 9 municipal law enforcement, firefighting, paramedic, and medical 10 personnel, including volunteer personnel, provided by a municipal 11 authority to ensure the health or safety of a person or property 12 during an emergency.

"Operator" means a privately owned company, association, or
corporation owning or controlling the operation of a pipeline, but
shall not include a homeowner who owns only residential pipelines.

16 "Pipeline" means any privately owned pipeline, above or below 17 ground, placed on a right-of-way, easement, public street, other 18 public place, or private property that is being used or will be used 19 for the conveyance of water, sewage, telecommunications, cable television, electricity, oil, petroleum products, gas, optical signals, 20 traffic control, or for the transportation of hazardous liquid 21 22 regulated pursuant to the "Hazardous Liquid Pipeline Safety Act of 23 1979" (49 U.S.C. app. s. 2001 et seq.).

24

25 4. a. Notwithstanding any law, rule, or regulation to the 26 contrary, an operator shall reimburse a municipality for all actual and related costs a municipality incurs in providing emergency 27 28 services to respond to any emergency involving a pipeline managed 29 by the operator. With the exception of volunteer personnel, an 30 operator shall reimburse a municipality for the cost of emergency 31 services equal to the hourly wages of the emergency services 32 personnel. An operator shall reimburse a municipality for the cost 33 of emergency services by any volunteer at a rate equal to that of 34 volunteer services under any applicable assistance program 35 administered by the federal government.

b. In a civil action brought against an operator to recover
financial losses sustained during an emergency, the court, in its
discretion, may award reasonable attorneys' fees and costs of suit
incurred by a plaintiff recovering judgment.

40 41

42 43 5. This act shall take effect immediately.

STATEMENT

44 45

46 This bill directs public utilities and pipeline operators to
47 reimburse municipalities for all actual and related costs a
48 municipality incurs in providing emergency services to respond to

S668 BATEMAN

4

any emergency involving a pipeline. With the exception of 1 2 volunteer personnel, the bill directs public utilities and pipeline 3 operators to reimburse a municipality for the cost of emergency 4 services equal to the hourly wages of the emergency services 5 personnel. The bill directs public utilities and pipeline operators to 6 reimburse a municipality for the cost of emergency services by any 7 volunteer at a rate equal to that of volunteer services under any 8 applicable assistance program administered by the federal 9 government.

10 In this bill, "emergency" means any circumstance caused by a 11 person or event, except any natural disaster, which includes, but is 12 not limited to, fire, flood, earthquake, or storm, resulting in the 13 escape of a conveyed commodity from a pipeline that constitutes a 14 clear and present danger to life, health, or property. "Emergency 15 services" means the provision of services by municipal law 16 enforcement, firefighting, paramedic, and medical personnel, 17 including volunteer personnel, provided by a municipal authority to 18 ensure the health or safety of a person or property during an 19 emergency.