SENATE, No. 2270 **STATE OF NEW JERSEY** 218th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED MARCH 12, 2018

Sponsored by: Senator SHIRLEY K. TURNER District 15 (Hunterdon and Mercer)

SYNOPSIS

Authorizes the court to issue restraining orders to defendants charged with a crime as a condition of release on bail.

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

As introduced.



1 AN ACT concerning certain restraining orders and supplementing 2 Title 2A of the New Jersey Statutes. 3 4 **BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State 5 of New Jersey: 6 7 1. As used in this act: 8 "Person" means any person charged with or convicted of a a. 9 crime or any juvenile charged with delinquency or adjudicated 10 delinquent for an act which, if committed by an adult, would be a 11 crime. 12 b. "Place" includes any premises, residence, business 13 establishment, location or specified area including all buildings and all appurtenant land, in which or at which a crime occurred or is 14 15 alleged to have occurred or is affected by the crime with which the 16 person is charged or where a witness to the crime or a member of 17 the family of the witness resides, is employed, or attends school. 18 "Place" does not include public rail, bus, or air transportation lines or limited access highways which do not allow pedestrian access. 19 20 21 2. a. When a person is charged with a crime on a warrant and 22 the person is released from custody before trial on bail, appearance 23 bond, personal recognizance, or a non-monetary condition or 24 conditions pursuant to P.L.2014, c.31 (C.2A:162-15 et seq.), the 25 court, upon application of a law enforcement officer or prosecuting 26 attorney pursuant to section 4 of P.L., c. (C.) (pending 27 before the Legislature as this bill) and except as provided in subsection e. of this section, shall as a condition of release issue an 28 29 order prohibiting the person from entering any place defined by 30 section 1 of P.L., c.) (pending before the Legislature (C. as this bill), including a buffer zone surrounding the place or 31 32 modifications as provided by subsection f. of this section. 33 b. When a person is charged with a crime on a summons, the 34 court, upon application of a law enforcement officer or prosecuting 35 attorney pursuant to section 4 of P.L. , c. (C.) (pending 36 before the Legislature as this bill) and except as provided in 37 subsection e. of this section, shall, at the time of the defendant's

subsection c. of this section, shall, at the time of the defendants
first appearance, issue an order prohibiting the person from entering
any place defined by section 1 of P.L., c. (C.) (pending
before the Legislature as this bill), including a buffer zone
surrounding the place or modifications as provided by subsection f.
of this section.

43 c. When a person is charged with a crime on a juvenile 44 delinquency complaint and is released from custody at a detention 45 hearing pursuant to section 19 of P.L.1982, c.77 (C.2A:4A-38), the 46 court, upon application of a law enforcement officer or prosecuting 47 attorney pursuant to section 4 of P.L. , c. (C.) (pending 48 before the Legislature as this bill) and except as provided in

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subsection e. of this section, shall issue an order prohibiting the
person from entering any place defined by section 1 of
P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill),
including a buffer zone surrounding the place or modifications as
provided by subsection f. of this section.

6 d. When a person is charged with a crime on a juvenile 7 delinquency complaint and is released without being detained 8 pursuant to section 15 or 16 of P.L.1982, c.77 (C.2A:4A-34 or 9 C.2A:4A-35), the law enforcement officer or prosecuting attorney 10 shall prepare an application pursuant to section 4 of 11 P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill) 12 for filing on the next court day.

13 The law enforcement officer releasing the juvenile shall serve the 14 juvenile and his parent or guardian with written notice that an order 15 shall be issued by the Family Part of the Superior Court on the next 16 court day prohibiting the juvenile from entering any place defined 17 by section 1 of P.L. , c. (C.) (pending before the 18 Legislature as this bill), including a buffer zone surrounding the 19 place or modifications as provided by subsection f. of this section.

The court shall issue such order on the first court day following the release of the juvenile. If the restraints contained in the court order differ from the restraints contained in the notice, the order shall not be effective until the third court day following the issuance of the order. The juvenile may apply to the court to stay or modify the order on the grounds set forth in subsection e. of this section.

e. The court may forego issuing a restraining order for which
application has been made pursuant to this act only if the defendant
establishes by clear and convincing evidence that:

29 (1) the defendant lawfully resides at or has legitimate business 30 on or near the place, or otherwise legitimately needs to enter the 31 place. In such an event, the court shall not issue an order pursuant 32 to this section unless the court is clearly convinced that the need to 33 bar the person from the place in order to protect the public safety 34 and the rights, safety and health of the residents and persons 35 working in the place outweighs the person's interest in returning to the place. If the balance of the interests of the person and the public 36 37 so warrants, the court may issue an order imposing conditions upon 38 the person's entry at, upon or near the place; or

39 (2) the issuance of an order would cause undue hardship to
40 innocent persons and would constitute a serious injustice which
41 overrides the need to protect the rights, safety and health of persons
42 residing in or having business in the place.

f. A restraining order issued pursuant to subsection a., b., c., d.
or h. of this section shall describe the place from which the person
has been barred and any conditions upon the person's entry into the
place, with sufficient specificity to enable the person to guide his
conduct accordingly and to enable a law enforcement officer to
enforce the order. The order shall also prohibit the person from

1 entering an area of up to 500 feet surrounding the place, unless the 2 court rules that a different buffer zone would better effectuate the 3 purposes of this act. In the discretion of the court, the order may 4 contain modifications to permit the person to enter the area during 5 specified times for specified purposes, such as attending school 6 during regular school hours. When appropriate, the court may 7 append to the order a map depicting the place. The person shall be 8 given a copy of the restraining order and any appended map and 9 shall acknowledge in writing the receipt thereof.

g. (1) The court shall provide notice of the restraining order to
the local law enforcement agency where the arrest occurred and to
the county prosecutor.

13 (2) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 1 of P.L.1982, 14 c.79 (C.2A:4A-60), prior to the person's conviction or adjudication 15 of delinquency for a crime, the local law enforcement agency may 16 post a copy of any orders issued pursuant to this section, or an 17 equivalent notice containing the terms of the order, upon one or 18 more of the principal entrances of the place or in any other 19 conspicuous location. Such posting shall be for the purpose of 20 informing the public, and the failure to post a copy of the order 21 shall in no way excuse any violation of the order.

22 (3) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 1 of P.L.1982, 23 c.79 (C.2A:4A-60), prior to the person's conviction or adjudication 24 of delinquency for a crime, any law enforcement agency may 25 publish a copy of any orders issued pursuant to this section, or an 26 equivalent notice containing the terms of the order, in a newspaper 27 circulating in the area of the restraining order. Such publication 28 shall be for the purpose of informing the public, and the failure to 29 publish a copy of the order shall in no way excuse any violation of 30 the order.

31 (4) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 1 of P.L.1982, 32 c.79 (C.2A:4A-60), prior to the person's conviction or adjudication 33 of delinquency for a crime, any law enforcement agency may 34 distribute copies of any orders issued pursuant to this section, or an 35 equivalent notice containing the terms of the order, to residents or 36 businesses located within the area delineated in the order or, in the 37 case of a school or any government-owned property, to the 38 appropriate administrator, or to any tenant association representing 39 the residents of the affected area. Such distribution shall be for the 40 purpose of informing the public, and the failure to publish a copy of 41 the order shall in no way excuse any violation of the order.

42 h. When a person is convicted of or adjudicated delinquent for any crime, the court, upon application of a law enforcement officer 43 44 prosecuting pursuant or attorney to section 4 of 45) (pending before the Legislature as this bill) P.L., c. (C. 46 and except as provided in subsection e. of this section, shall, by 47 separate order or within the judgment of conviction, issue an order 48 prohibiting the person from entering any place defined by section 1

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1 of P.L. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this , c. 2 bill), including a buffer zone surrounding the place or modifications 3 as provided by subsection f. of this section. Upon the person's 4 conviction or adjudication of delinquency for a crime, a law 5 enforcement agency, in addition to posting, publishing, and 6 distributing the order or an equivalent notice pursuant to paragraphs 7 (2), (3) and (4) of subsection g. of this section, may also post, 8 publish and distribute a photograph of the person.

9 When a juvenile has been adjudicated delinquent for an act i. 10 which, if committed by an adult, would be a crime, in addition to an order required by subsection h. of this section or any other 11 12 disposition authorized by law, the court may order the juvenile and any parent, guardian or any family member over whom the court 13 14 has jurisdiction to take such actions or obey such restraints as may 15 be necessary to facilitate the rehabilitation of the juvenile or to 16 protect public safety or to safeguard or enforce the rights of 17 residents of the place. The court may commit the juvenile to the 18 care and responsibility of the Department of Human Services until 19 such time as the juvenile reaches the age of 18 or until the order of 20 removal and restraint expires, whichever first occurs, or to such 21 alternative residential placement as is practicable.

22 j. An order issued pursuant to subsection a., b., c. or d. of this 23 section shall remain in effect until the case has been adjudicated or 24 dismissed, or for not less than two years, whichever is less. An 25 order issued pursuant to subsection h. of this section shall remain in 26 effect for such period of time as shall be fixed by the court but not 27 longer than the maximum term of imprisonment or incarceration 28 allowed by law for the underlying offense or offenses. When the 29 court issues a restraining order pursuant to subsection h. of this 30 section and the person is also sentenced to any form of probationary 31 supervision or participation in the Intensive Supervision Program, 32 the court shall make continuing compliance with the order an 33 express condition of probation or the Intensive Supervision 34 Program. When the person has been sentenced to a term of 35 incarceration, continuing compliance with the terms and conditions 36 of the order shall be made an express condition of the person's 37 release from confinement or incarceration on parole. At the time of 38 sentencing or, in the case of a juvenile, at the time of disposition of 39 the juvenile case, the court shall advise the defendant that the 40 restraining order shall include a fixed time period in accordance 41 with this subsection and shall include that provision in the judgment 42 of conviction, dispositional order, separate order or order vacating an existing restraining order, to the law enforcement agency that 43 44 made the arrest and to the county prosecutor.

45 k. All applications to stay or modify an order issued pursuant 46 to this act, including an order originally issued in municipal court, 47 shall be made in the Superior Court. The court shall immediately 48 notify the county prosecutor in writing whenever an application is

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1 made to stay or modify an order issued pursuant to this act. If the 2 court does not issue a restraining order, the sentence imposed by the 3 court for a crime as defined in subsection b. of this section shall not 4 become final for ten days in order to permit the appeal of the court's 5 findings by the prosecution. 6 Nothing in this section shall be construed in any way to limit 1. 7 the authority of the court to take such other actions or to issue such 8 orders as may be necessary to protect the public safety or to 9 safeguard or enforce the rights of others with respect to the place. 10 m. Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, the 11 court may permit the person to return to the place to obtain personal 12 belongings and effects and, by court order, may restrict the time and 13 duration and provide for police supervision of such a visit. 14 15 3. Violation of any order issued pursuant to this act shall 16 subject the person to civil contempt, criminal contempt, revocation 17 of bail, probation or parole, or any combination of these sanctions 18 and any other sanctions authorized by law. A violation of any order 19 issued pursuant to this act shall not result in the forfeiture of a bond 20 posted for the underlying offense. A law enforcement officer may 21 arrest an adult or take into custody a juvenile when an officer has 22 probable cause to believe that the person has violated the terms of 23 any removal and restraining order issued pursuant to section 2 of 24) (pending before the Legislature as this bill). P.L., c. (C. 25 26 4. The court shall issue a restraining order pursuant to this act 27 only upon request by a law enforcement officer or prosecuting attorney and submission of a certification describing the location of 28 29 the offense. 30 31 5. A law enforcement officer or prosecuting attorney shall have 32 discretion to not seek a restraining order pursuant to this act if the 33 defendant is charged with an offense resulting from the stop of a 34 motor vehicle, if the defendant was using public transportation, or if 35 the provisions of paragraph (1) or (2) of subsection e. of section 2 of P.L. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this 36 , c. 37 bill) are applicable. 38 39 6. This act shall take effect immediately. 40 41 42 **STATEMENT** 43 44 This bill authorizes the court to issue restraining orders against 45 defendants charged with a crime as a condition of release on bail. 46 Under the bill, when a person is charged with a crime on a warrant 47 and is released from custody before trial on bail, appearance bond, 48 personal recognizance, or a non-monetary condition or conditions

1 pursuant to P.L.2014, c.31 (C.2A:162-15 et seq.), the court, upon 2 application of a law enforcement officer or prosecutor, shall as a 3 condition of release issue an order prohibiting the person from 4 entering a particular place. The bill defines "place" to include any 5 premises, residence, business establishment, location or specified 6 area including all buildings and all appurtenant land, in which or at 7 which a crime occurred or is alleged to have occurred or is affected 8 by the crime with which the person is charged or where a witness to 9 the crime or a member of the family of the witness resides, is 10 employed, or attends school. The definition of "place" does not 11 include public rail, bus or air transportation lines or limited access 12 highways which do not allow pedestrian access.

Under the bill, the court may forego issuing a restraining order ifthe defendant establishes by clear and convincing evidence that:

15 (1) the defendant lawfully resides at or has legitimate business 16 on or near the place, or otherwise legitimately needs to enter the 17 place. In such an event, the bill provides that the court shall not 18 issue an order unless the court is clearly convinced that the need to 19 bar the person from the place in order to protect the public safety 20 and the rights, safety and health of the residents and persons 21 working in the place outweighs the person's interest in returning to 22 the place. If the balance of the interests of the person and the public 23 so warrants, the court may issue an order imposing conditions upon 24 the person's entry at, upon or near the place; or

(2) the issuance of an order would cause undue hardship to
innocent persons and would constitute a serious injustice which
overrides the need to protect the rights, safety and health of persons
residing in or having business in the place.

29 Violation of a restraining order under the bill would not result in30 the forfeiture of a bond posted for the underlying offense.

This bill is modeled on the "Drug Offender Restraining Order
Act of 1999," P.L.1999, c.334 (C.2C:35-5.4 et seq.).