[First Reprint] SENATE, No. 3261

STATE OF NEW JERSEY 218th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED DECEMBER 6, 2018

Sponsored by: Senator NELLIE POU District 35 (Bergen and Passaic) Senator SANDRA B. CUNNINGHAM District 31 (Hudson)

Co-Sponsored by: Senators Singleton, Cruz-Perez, Turner, Gill and Greenstein

SYNOPSIS

Restricts use of isolated confinement in correctional facilities.

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

As reported by the Senate Law and Public Safety Committee on June 6, 2019, with amendments.



(Sponsorship Updated As Of: 6/4/2019)

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1 AN ACT concerning restrictions on isolated confinement in 2 correctional facilities and supplementing Title 30 of the Revised 3 Statutes. 4 5 **BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State 6 of New Jersey: 7 8 1. This act shall be known and may be cited as the "Isolated 9 Confinement Restriction Act." 10 11 2. The Legislature finds and declares that: The use of isolated confinement in this State's correctional 12 a. facilities should be restricted to ensure the safe and humane 13 operation of these facilities, consistent with the New Jersey 14 15 Constitution, the laws and public policies of this State, the mission of the correctional system, evolving medical knowledge, and human 16 17 rights standards of decency. b. Isolated confinement should only be used when necessary, 18 19 and should not be used against vulnerable populations or under 20 conditions or for time periods that foster psychological trauma, psychiatric disorders, or serious, long-term damage to an isolated 21 22 person's brain. 23 c. The standards established in this act should apply to all 24 persons detained in correctional facilities under the jurisdiction of 25 this State or any subdivision, regardless of the civil or criminal 26 nature of the charges against them. 27 d. Citing the devastating and lasting psychological of solitary confinement on persons detained in 28 consequences correctional facilities, President Obama ¹[recently]¹ adopted 29 reforms ¹<u>in January 2016</u>¹ to reduce its use in federal correctional 30 facilities, including banning restrictive housing for low-level 31 32 offenders and juveniles; decreasing the maximum length of time an inmate may be held in restricted housing from 365 days to 60 days; 33 and increasing time spent outside the cell for inmates held in 34 restrictive housing. 35 36 37 3. For the purposes of this act: "Clinician" means a State licensed physician, except if the 38 39 clinician makes mental health evaluations, the term shall mean a 40 State licensed psychiatrist or psychologist, or an advanced practice 41 nurse or clinical nurse specialist with a specialty in psychiatric 42 nursing. 43 "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of Corrections. 44 "Correctional facility" means any State correctional facility or county correctional facility, and any State, county, or private 45

Matter underlined <u>thus</u> is new matter.

EXPLANATION – Matter enclosed in **bold-faced brackets** [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter enclosed in superscript numerals has been adopted as follows: ¹Senate SLP committee amendments adopted June 6, 2019.

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facility detaining persons pursuant to any intergovernmental service

agreement or other contract with any State, county, or federal

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3 agency, including, but not limited to, United States Immigration and 4 Customs Enforcement. 5 "County correctional facility" means a county jail, penitentiary, 6 prison, or workhouse. 7 "Emergency confinement" means the isolated confinement of an 8 inmate in a correctional facility when there is reasonable cause to 9 believe that this confinement is necessary for reducing a substantial 10 risk of imminent serious harm to the inmate or others, as evidenced 11 by recent conduct. "Facility administrator" or "administrator" means the chief 12 operating officer or senior administrative designee of a correctional 13 14 facility. 15 "Inmate" means a person confined in a correctional facility. 16 "Isolated confinement" means confinement of an inmate in a 17 correctional facility, pursuant to disciplinary, administrative, protective, investigative, medical, or other classification, in a cell or 18 19 similarly confined holding or living space, alone or with other 20 inmates, for approximately 20 hours or more per day, with severely restricted activity, movement, and social interaction. 21 "Less restrictive intervention" means a placement or conditions 22 23 of confinement, or both, in the current or an alternative correctional 24 facility, under conditions less restrictive of an inmate's movement, 25 privileges, activities, or social interactions. 26 "Medical isolation" means isolated confinement of an inmate for medical reasons, including a mental health emergency or when 27 necessary for preventing the spread of a communicable disease. 28 29 "Medical staff" means State licensed psychiatrists, physician 30 assistants, advanced practice nurses or clinical nurse specialists or, for mental health evaluations or decisions, those nurses with a 31 32 specialty in psychiatric nursing, or comparably credentialed 33 employees or contractors employed to provide healthcare. 34 "Member of a vulnerable population" means any inmate who: 35 a. is 21 years of age or younger; b. is 65 years of age or older; 36 37 c. has a disability based on a mental illness, as defined in subsection r. of section 2 of P.L.1987, c.116 (C.30:4-27.2), a history 38 39 of psychiatric hospitalization, or has recently exhibited conduct, 40 including but not limited to serious self-mutilation, indicating the need for further observation or evaluation to determine the presence 41 42 of mental illness: 43 d. has a developmental disability, as defined in subsection b. of 44 section 3 of P.L.1985, c.145 (C.30:6D-25); 45 e. has a serious medical condition which cannot effectively be 46 treated in isolated confinement; is pregnant, is in the postpartum period, or has recently 47 f. 48 suffered a miscarriage or terminated a pregnancy; 49 g. has a significant auditory or visual impairment; or

1 h. is perceived to be lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, or 2 intersex.

3 "Protective custody" means confinement of an inmate in a cell or
4 similarly confined holding or living space, under conditions
5 necessary to protect the inmate or others.

"State correctional facility" means a State prison or other penal
institution or an institution or facility designated by the
commissioner as a place of confinement under section 2 of
P.L.1969, c.22. (C.30:4-91.2).

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4. a. The use of isolated confinement in correctional facilitiesin this State shall be restricted as follows:

13 (1) Except as otherwise provided in paragraphs (1), (3), and (4) 14 of subsection d. of this section, an inmate shall not be placed in 15 isolated confinement unless there is reasonable cause to believe that 16 the inmate would create a substantial risk of immediate serious 17 harm to himself or another, as evidenced by recent threats or conduct, and a less restrictive intervention would be insufficient to 18 19 reduce this risk. Except as otherwise provided in paragraphs (1), 20 (3), and (4) of subsection d. of this section, the correctional facility shall bear the burden of establishing this standard by clear and 21 22 convincing evidence.

(2) Except as otherwise provided in paragraphs (1), (3), and (4)
of subsection d. of this section, an inmate shall not be placed in
isolated confinement for non-disciplinary reasons.

26 (3) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (1) of subsection 27 d. of this section, an inmate shall not be placed in isolated 28 confinement before receiving a personal and comprehensive 29 medical and mental health examination conducted by a clinician; 30 however, in a county correctional facility, a preliminary examination shall be conducted by a member of the medical staff 31 within 12 hours of confinement and the clinical examination shall 32 33 be conducted within 48 hours of confinement.

34 (4) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (1) of subsection d. of this section, an inmate shall only be held in isolated 35 confinement pursuant to initial procedures and reviews which 36 37 provide timely, fair and meaningful opportunities for the inmate to 38 contest the confinement. These procedures shall include the right to 39 an initial hearing within 72 hours of placement and a review every 40 15 days thereafter, in the absence of exceptional circumstances, 41 unavoidable delays, or reasonable postponements; the right to 42 appear at the hearing; the right to be represented at the hearing; an 43 independent hearing officer; and a written statement of reasons for 44 the decision made at the hearing.

45 (5) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (3) of subsection
46 d. of this section, the final decision to place an inmate in isolated
47 confinement shall be made by the facility administrator.

48 (6) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (7) of subsection49 a. of this section and paragraph (3) of subsection d. of this section,

an inmate shall not be placed or retained in isolated confinement if
 the facility administrator determines that the inmate no longer
 meets the standard for the confinement.

(7) A clinician shall evaluate each inmate placed in isolated 4 5 confinement on a daily basis, in a confidential setting outside of the cell whenever possible, to determine whether the inmate is a 6 member of a vulnerable population; however, in a county 7 8 correctional facility, an inmate in isolated confinement shall be 9 evaluated by a member of the medical staff as frequently as clinically indicated, but at least once ¹[a] <u>per</u>¹ week. Except as 10 otherwise provided in subsection d. of this section, an inmate 11 determined to be a member of a vulnerable population shall be 12 13 immediately removed from isolated confinement and moved to an 14 appropriate placement.

(8) A disciplinary sanction of isolated confinement which has
been imposed on an inmate who is removed from isolated
confinement pursuant to paragraph (7) of subsection a. of this
section shall be deemed to be satisfied.

(9) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (1) of subsection
d. of this section during a facility-wide lock down, an inmate shall
not be placed in isolated confinement for more than 15 consecutive
days, or for more than 20 days during any 60-day period.

(10) Cells or other holding or living space used for isolated
confinement are to be properly ventilated, lit, temperaturecontrolled, clean, and equipped with properly functioning sanitary
fixtures.

(11) A correctional facility shall maximize the amount of time
that an inmate held in isolated confinement spends outside of the
cell by providing, as appropriate, access to recreation, education,
clinically appropriate treatment therapies, skill-building activities,
and social interaction with staff and other inmates.

32 (12) An inmate held in isolated confinement shall not be denied33 access to food, water, or any other basic necessity.

34 (13) An inmate held in isolated confinement shall not be denied
 35 access to appropriate medical care, including emergency medical
 36 care.

37 (14) An inmate shall not be directly released from isolated
38 confinement to the community during the final 180 days of the
39 inmate's term of incarceration, unless it is necessary for the safety
40 of the inmate, staff, other inmates, or the public.

b. Except as otherwise provided in subsection d. of this section,
an inmate who is a member of a vulnerable population shall not be
placed in isolated confinement.

44 (1) An inmate who is a member of a vulnerable population
45 because the inmate is 21 years of age or younger, has a disability
46 based on mental illness, or has a developmental disability:

47 (a) shall not be subject to discipline for refusing treatment or
48 medication, or for self-harming or related conduct or threats of this
49 conduct; and

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1 (b) who would otherwise be placed in isolated confinement shall 2 be screened by a correctional facility clinician or the appropriate 3 screening service pursuant to the New Jersey Administrative Code 4 and, if found to meet the standards of civil commitment, shall be 5 placed in a specialized unit, as designated by the commissioner, or civilly committed to the least restrictive appropriate short term care 6 7 or psychiatric facility designated by the Department of Human 8 Services.

9 (2) An inmate who is a member of a vulnerable population 10 because the inmate is 65 years of age or older, has a serious medical 11 condition which cannot be effectively treated in isolated 12 confinement, or is pregnant, is in the postpartum period, or has 13 recently suffered a miscarriage or terminated a pregnancy, who 14 would otherwise be placed in isolated confinement, shall alternately 15 be placed in an appropriate medical or other unit as designated by 16 the commissioner. The requirements contained in this subsection 17 shall not apply to a county correctional facility.

c. An inmate shall not be placed in isolated confinement or in any other cell or other holding or living space, in any facility, with one or more inmates if there is reasonable cause to believe that there is a risk of harm or harassment, intimidation, extortion, or other physical or emotional abuse to that inmate or another inmate in that placement.

d. Isolated confinement shall be permitted under limitedcircumstances as follows:

26 (1) The facility administrator determines that a facility-wide 27 lock down is required to ensure the safety of inmates in the facility until the administrator determines that these circumstances no 28 29 longer exist. The facility administrator shall document specific 30 reasons why any lockdown is necessary for more than 24 hours, and 31 why less restrictive interventions are insufficient to accomplish the facility's safety goals. Within six hours of a decision to extend a 32 33 lockdown beyond 24 hours, the commissioner shall publish the 34 reasons on the Department of Corrections website and provide 35 meaningful notice of the reasons for the lockdown to the 36 Legislature.

37 (2) The facility administrator determines that an inmate should38 be placed in emergency confinement, provided that:

39 (a) an inmate shall not be held in emergency confinement for40 more than 24 hours; and

41 (b) an inmate held in emergency confinement shall receive an 42 initial medical and mental health evaluation within two hours and a 43 personal and comprehensive medical and mental health evaluation 44 within 24 hours; however, in a county correctional facility, a 45 preliminary examination shall be conducted by a member of the 46 medical staff within 12 hours of confinement and the comprehensive medical and mental health evaluation within 48 47 48 hours. Reports of these evaluations shall be immediately provided 49 to the facility administrator.

(3) A physician, based on a personal examination, determines
 that an inmate should be placed or retained in medical isolation.

3 The decision to place and retain an inmate in medical isolation 4 due to a mental health emergency shall be made by a clinician based 5 on a personal examination. In any case of isolation under this paragraph, a clinical review shall be conducted at least every six 6 hours and as indicated. An inmate in medical isolation pursuant to 7 8 this paragraph shall be placed in a mental health unit as designated 9 by the commissioner. In the case of a county correctional facility, a 10 decision to place an inmate in medical isolation shall be made by a 11 member of the medical staff and be based on a personal examination: clinical reviews shall be conducted within 48 hours 12 and then as clinically indicated. 13

14 (4) The facility administrator determines that an inmate should15 be placed in protective custody as follows:

(a) The inmate may be placed in voluntary protective custody
only with informed, voluntary, written consent and when there is
reasonable cause to believe that confinement is necessary to prevent
reasonably foreseeable harm. When an inmate makes an informed
voluntary written request for protective custody, the correctional
facility shall bear the burden of establishing a basis for refusing the
request.

(b) The inmate may be placed in involuntary protective custody
only when there is clear and convincing evidence that confinement
is necessary to prevent reasonably foreseeable harm and that a less
restrictive intervention would not be sufficient to prevent the harm.

(c) An inmate placed in protective custody shall receive
comparable opportunities for activities, movement, and social
interaction, consistent with their safety and the safety of others, as
are inmates in the general population of the facility.

31 (d) An inmate subject to removal from protective custody shall
32 be provided with a timely, fair, and meaningful opportunity to
33 contest the removal.

(e) An inmate who may be placed or currently is in voluntary
protective custody may opt out of that status by providing informed,
voluntary, written refusal of that status.

(f) The facility administrator shall place an inmate in a less restrictive intervention, including transfer to the general population of another institution or to a special-purpose housing unit for inmates who face similar threats, before placing the inmate in isolated confinement for protection unless the inmate poses an extraordinary security risk so great that transferring the inmate would be insufficient to ensure the inmate's safety.

44 (5) A member of a vulnerable population shall not be placed in
45 isolated confinement with one or more inmates, except with the
46 inmate's informed, voluntary, written consent.

48 5. a. An inmate shall not be placed in isolated confinement 49 pending investigation of a disciplinary offense unless:

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1 (1) the inmate's presence in the general population poses a 2 danger to the inmate, staff, other inmates, or the public. In making 3 this determination, the facility administrator shall consider the 4 seriousness of the alleged offense, including whether the offense 5 involved violence or escape or posed a threat to institutional safety 6 by encouraging others to engage in misconduct; or

7 (2) the facility administrator has granted approval in an8 emergency situation.

b. An inmate's placement in isolated confinement pending
investigation of a disciplinary offense shall be reviewed within 24
hours by a supervisory employee who was not involved in the initial
placement decision.

c. An inmate who has been placed in isolated confinement pending investigation of a disciplinary offense shall be considered for release to the general population if the inmate demonstrates good behavior while confined. If the inmate is found guilty of the disciplinary offense, the inmate's good behavior shall be considered in determining the appropriate penalty.

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6. Not less than 90 days before the effective date of this act, thecommissioner shall:

a. develop policies and implement procedures for the review of
inmates placed in isolated confinement and submit proposed
regulations for promulgation as required by section 7 of this act;

b. initiate a review of each inmate placed in isolated confinement
pursuant to the policies and procedures developed and implemented
under subsection a. of this section; and

c. develop a plan for providing step-down and transitional units,
programs, and staffing patterns to accommodate inmates currently
placed in isolated confinement, inmates who will be placed in isolated
confinement, and inmates who receive an intermediate sanction in lieu
of being placed in isolated confinement. Staffing patterns for
correctional and program staff shall be set at levels necessary to ensure
the safety of staff and inmates under the provisions of this act.

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7. In accordance with the "Administrative Procedure Act,"
P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.), the commissioner shall
promulgate regulations to effectuate the provisions of this act. The
regulations shall include but not be limited to:

40 a. establishing less restrictive interventions to isolated 41 confinement, including separation from other inmates; transfer to 42 other correctional facilities; and any non-isolated confinement sanction authorized by Department of Corrections regulations; 43 44 restrictions on religious, mail, and telephone privileges, visit 45 contacts, or outdoor and recreation access shall only be imposed as 46 is necessary for the safety of the inmate or others, but shall not 47 restrict access to food, basic necessities, or legal access;

b. requiring training of disciplinary staff and all staff working
 with inmates in isolated confinement and requiring that this training
 include:

4 (1) assistance from appropriate professionals including, but not
5 limited to, professionals in the Department of Human Services to
6 periodically train all staff working with inmates in isolated
7 confinement;

8 (2) standards for isolated confinement, including that it shall be 9 limited to when an inmate commits an offense involving violence, 10 escapes or attempts to escape, or poses a threat to institutional 11 safety; that the maximum penalties for each offense shall be based 12 on the seriousness of the offense; and available less restrictive 13 interventions; and

(3) the identification of developmental disabilities, and the
symptoms of mental illness, including trauma disorders, and
methods of safe responses to people in distress;

c. requiring documentation of all decisions, procedures, andreviews of inmates placed in isolated confinement;

d. requiring monitoring of compliance with all rules governing
cells, units, and other places where inmates are placed in isolated
confinement;

22 e. requiring posting on the official website of the Department 23 of Corrections of quarterly reports on the use of isolated 24 confinement, by age, sex, gender identity, ethnicity, incidence of 25 mental illness, and type of confinement status, at each facility, 26 including a county correctional facility; these reports shall include 27 the population on the last day of each quarter and a non-duplicative 28 cumulative count of people exposed to isolated confinement for 29 These inmate reports also shall include the each fiscal year. 30 incidence of emergency confinement, self-harm, suicide, and assault 31 in any isolated confinement unit, as well as explanations for each 32 instance of facility-wide lockdown. These reports shall not include 33 personally identifiable information regarding any inmate; and

f. modifying the New Jersey Administrative Code for
consistency with the provisions of this act and to require
appropriate alternative placements for vulnerable populations in
county correctional facilities.

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39 8. This act shall take effect on the first day of the thirteenth
40 month next following enactment, except the commissioner may take
41 any anticipatory administrative action in advance as shall be
42 necessary for the implementation of this act.