# SENATE, No. 3762 **STATE OF NEW JERSEY** 218th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED MAY 16, 2019

Sponsored by: Senator STEPHEN M. SWEENEY District 3 (Cumberland, Gloucester and Salem) Senator DECLAN J. O'SCANLON, JR. District 13 (Monmouth)

Co-Sponsored by: Senator Oroho

#### SYNOPSIS

Concerns assessment of real property.

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT As introduced.



(Sponsorship Updated As Of: 6/11/2019)

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1 AN ACT concerning the assessment of real property and amending 2 P.L.2009, c.118. 3 4 **BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State 5 of New Jersey: 6 7 1. Section 2 of P.L.2009, c.118 (C.54:1-87) is amended to read 8 as follows: 9 2. The Legislature finds and declares: 10 a. Under the current real property assessment system, each municipality within a county assesses its property at a different 11 percentage of market value, requiring that property be equalized to 12 13 apportion county taxes among the constituent municipalities in 14 order to meet the requirements of the Uniformity Clause, Article 15 VIII, Section I, paragraph 1 of the New Jersey Constitution. 16 b. Under the current real property assessment system each 17 municipality has its own assessor. The decision to revalue is often 18 postponed beyond what is prudent, causing some property taxpayers 19 in a municipality to subsidize other property taxpayers for many 20 years. 21 c. A county tax assessment system will help address the 22 shortcomings of the municipal assessment system by removing 23 local responsibility for local revaluation costs. 24 The "Property Tax Assessment Reform Act," P.L.2009, a. 25 c.118 (C.54:1-86 et al.) was originally enacted as a pilot program to 26 assess the effectiveness of a county-based real property assessment 27 system. At the time of the law's enactment, real property 28 assessment was performed strictly by municipal assessors. The real 29 property in each municipality within a county was assessed at a 30 different percentage of market value, which necessitated the 31 equalization of property values in order to apportion county taxes 32 equally among all property taxpayers as required by Article VIII, 33 Section I, paragraph 1 of the New Jersey Constitution. 34 Municipalities often delayed the revaluation of real property, a 35 process to update property values to reflect their "true value," due to the expense of the process. These delays often resulted in 36 37 taxpayers paying property taxes that were unrelated to the true 38 value of their property. 39 b. The "Property Tax Assessment Reform Act" was originally 40 intended to demonstrate that a centralized, county-based real 41 property assessment process would allow for the determination of 42 the true value of every parcel of real property in a county, and the maintenance of those true values going forward, benefitting 43 44 property taxpayers as well as all of the local government units that 45 depend on property taxes as their greatest share of revenue, because

EXPLANATION – Matter enclosed in **bold-faced** brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter underlined <u>thus</u> is new matter.

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1 assessments would consistently be maintained at true value. The 2 Legislature was also interested in determining whether a 3 centralized, county-based real property assessment process would be more cost efficient than having an assessor and support staff 4 5 employed in each municipality in the State. c. Upon the enactment of the "Property Tax Assessment 6 7 Reform Act," Gloucester County became the pilot county of a 8 county-based real property assessment pilot program, and the financial benefits of such a system quickly became evident. In-9 10 house reassessments eliminated the need for costly revaluations; the 11 county assessor's office cost per tax line item is substantially lower 12 than the municipal cost per tax line item prior to the pilot program; 13 and the number of tax appeals has fallen substantially, because 14 assessments are maintained at a true value. Most importantly, the 15 county-based pilot program produced fair and uniform assessments 16 in Gloucester County, so that property taxpayers would pay 17 property taxes based on the true value of their property. 18 d. Given the success of the pilot program in Gloucester County, 19 other counties in the State should be permitted to adopt the 20 provisions of the "Property Tax Assessment Reform Act." 21 (cf: P.L.2009, c.118, s.2) 22 23 2. Section 3 of P.L.2009, c.118 (C.54:1-88) is amended to read 24 as follows: 25 3. As used in this act: 26 "County governing body" means the county board of chosen freeholders [of the pilot county], or in the case of those counties 27 28 that have adopted the provisions of P.L.1972, c.154 (C.40:41A-1 et 29 seq.), the county board of chosen freeholders and the county 30 executive, the county supervisor, or the county manager, as 31 appropriate. 32 "County assessor" means the person appointed by the county 33 governing body pursuant to section 4 of P.L.2009, c.118 (C.54:1-89) to assess property within the county for the purposes of taxation 34 35 and exemption from taxation. 36 "Department" means the Department of the Treasury. 37 "Director" means the Director of the Division of Property 38 Assessment in the Department of the Treasury. 39 "Deputy county assessor" means the holder of a certified 40 property assessor certificate who is employed by the office of the 41 county assessor [within the pilot county] and assigned to perform duties and responsibilities for the assessment of property for 42 43 purposes of taxation under the supervision of the county assessor. 44 "Division" means the Division of Taxation in the Department of 45 the Treasury. 46 "Pilot county" means the County of Gloucester. 47 (cf: P.L.2009, c.118, s.3)

1 3. Section 4 of P.L.2009, c.118 (C.54:1-89) is amended to read 2 as follows: 3 4. a. [On] (1) Any county governing body, except the 4 county governing body of a county that has adopted the provisions 5 of P.L.2013, c.15 (C.54:1-101 et al.), may, by ordinance or 6 resolution, as appropriate, adopt the provisions of P.L.2009, c.118 (C.54:1-86 et al.). Not later than the third calendar day next 7 8 following its adoption of the provisions of that law, the county 9 governing body shall notify the State Treasurer, in writing, of the 10 county governing body's action. Not later than ten business days next following its adoption of the provisions of that law, the county 11 governing body shall notify the taxpayers of the county by placing a 12 13 notice in the official newspaper of the county. The assessor of each 14 municipality shall advise each taxpayer in writing of the county's 15 action not later than ten business days after the notice has been 16 published in the official newspaper of the county. 17 (2) A county governing body adopting the provisions of 18 P.L.2009, c.118 (C.54:1-86 et al.) shall appoint a county assessor on 19 the first day of January of the first full calendar year next following: 20 the effective date of P.L.2009, c.118 (C.54:1-86 et al.)[,]; or the 21 date of adoption by a county of the provisions of P.L.2009, c.118 22 (C.54:1-86 et al.) pursuant to paragraph (1) of this subsection [; or 23 as soon thereafter as may be practicable, the county governing body 24 shall appoint a county assessor]. 25 b. (1) The county assessor shall be an employee of the 26 [pilot] county and shall serve on a full-time basis for an initial five-27 year term. 28 (2) No person shall be appointed as county assessor unless that 29 person holds a certified property assessor's certificate and has at 30 least five years of experience as a municipal tax assessor or deputy 31 county assessor, or held the position of county tax administrator 32 prior to the appointment of the first county assessor pursuant to this 33 section. 34 (3) The county assessor shall acquire tenure in office upon 35 reappointment to a second five-year term and thereafter shall hold 36 office during good behavior and efficiency, and shall not be 37 removed for political reasons or for any cause other than incapacity, 38 misconduct, disobedience of rules or regulations established by the 39 director or by the county governing body, failure to meet the 40 standards of performance established by the director, or schedules 41 or standards adopted pursuant to P.L.2009, c.118 (C.54:1-86 et al.). 42 The [pilot] county shall constitute a taxing district for the c. 43 purpose of the assessment of property in the State. 44 (cf: P.L.2009, c.118, s.4) 45 46 4. Section 5 of P.L.2009, c.118 (C.54:1-90) is amended to read 47 as follows:

1 [On] Every municipality within a county adopting the 5. a. 2 provisions of P.L.2009, c.118 (C,54:1-86 et al.) shall implement a 3 real property revaluation on or before December 31 of the third full 4 calendar year next following: the effective date of P.L.2009, c.118 5 (C.54:1-86 et al.)[,]; or the date of adoption by a county of the provisions of P.L.2009, c.118 (C.54:1-86 et al.), pursuant to 6 7 paragraph (1) of subsection a. of section 4 of P.L.2009, c.118 8 (C.54:1-89) [, every municipality within the pilot county shall 9 implement a real property revaluation]. 10 b. (1) The county assessor appointed pursuant to subsection 11 a. of section 4 of P.L.2009, c.118 (C.54:1-89) shall assist the 12 municipalities in meeting the requirements of subsection a. of this 13 section through the promulgation of a phase-in plan for the orderly 14 completion and implementation of the municipal revaluations, or by 15 any other means [he deems] deemed appropriate. 16 (2) The county assessor may waive the revaluation requirement 17 for a particular municipality under subsection a. of this section 18 [upon his finding] if the county assessor determines that the 19 municipality implemented a revaluation within 24 months of the 20 effective date of: P.L.2009, c.118 (C.54:1-86 et al.)[,]; or the 21 adoption by a county of the provisions of P.L.2009, c.118 (C.54:1-22 86 et al.), pursuant to paragraph (1) of subsection a. of section 4 of 23 P.L.2009, c.118 (C.54:1-89). 24 c. The cost of the revaluations required under subsection a. of this section shall be paid by the [pilot] county. The costs of a 25 26 previous revaluation for a municipality that has been granted a 27 waiver under paragraph (2) of subsection b. of this section shall be reimbursed by the [pilot] county. Following the completion of the 28 29 three year period established pursuant to subsection a. of this 30 section, the State shall reimburse the [pilot] county for those amounts using funds made available to the [pilot] county from 31 32 either the SHARE program pursuant to section 30 of P.L.2007, c.63 33 (C.40A:65-30) or from the Consolidation Fund established by 34 P.L.2008, c.35, or both in equal installments, over three years. 35 d. The monies required to be paid for municipal revaluations 36 by a [pilot] county pursuant to subsection c. of this section and 37 [the pilot] a county's administrative start-up costs shall not be 38 included or considered a part of the county tax levy under section 4 39 of P.L.1976, c.68 (C.40A:4-45.4) or a part of the county's adjusted 40 tax levy under sections 9 and 10 of P.L.2007, c.62 (C.40A:4-45.44 41 and 40A:4-45.45). 42 (cf: P.L.2009, c.118, s.5) 43 44 5. Section 6 of P.L.2009, c.118 (C.54:1-91) is amended to read 45 as follows: 46 The county governing body shall appoint deputy county 6. a. 47 assessors and assistant deputy county assessors as needed, subject

1 to the requirements of section 13 of P.L.2009, c.118 (C.54:1-98).

Deputy county assessors and assistant deputy county assessors may
be appointed at any time after the appointment of [the] <u>a</u> county
assessor [in a pilot county].

5 A candidate for the position of deputy county assessor or 6 assistant deputy county assessor shall hold a certified tax assessor 7 certificate. Such a candidate may substitute, for any requirement of 8 years of experience for appointment to those positions, on a year for 9 year basis, membership in the Appraisal Institute or years of 10 experience as a Principal Assistant Assessor.

b. [The] <u>A</u> county assessor shall direct the work of all deputy
county assessors.

c. (1) The county assessor shall be responsible to the county
governing body for the efficient operation of [his] the county
<u>assessor's</u> office and of the deputy county assessors within the
[pilot] county.

(2) The county assessor shall determine employment
jurisdictions for deputy county assessors under [his] the county
<u>assessor's</u> supervision, however, the county governing body shall
establish their hours of employment, the terms and conditions of
their employment, and fix their compensation.

d. The county assessor shall establish a permanent central
office within the [pilot] county, and may authorize additional
permanent or temporary district offices within the [pilot] county,
within the limits of funds made available for those purposes by the
county governing body.

e. (1) The county assessor may request that the county
governing body employ such additional professional and clerical
assistants as are necessary for the performance of [his] the county
<u>assessor's duties</u>.

31 (2) Any professional or clerical assistants supervised by the
32 county assessor shall be employees of the [pilot] county.

f. After December 31st of the third full year next following the
first appointment of a county assessor pursuant to subsection a. of
section 4 of P.L.2009, c.118 (C.54:1-89), the position of county tax
administrator is abolished in that [pilot] county.

37 (cf: P.L.2017, c.306, s.11)

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39 6. Section 7 of P.L.2009, c.118 (C.54:1-92) is amended to read
40 as follows:

41 7. The county assessor shall:

a. supervise the deputy county assessors and, when
appropriate, recommend the removal of a deputy county assessor
for failure to adhere to standards of performance adopted by the
director or schedules or standards adopted pursuant to P.L.2009,
c.118 (C.54:1-86 et al.);

1 b. assure compliance with standards adopted by the director for 2 staff of the deputy county assessors, office space, equipment, and 3 other resources; c. notify the county tax board of any revaluation, or complete 4 5 or partial reassessment, which may be necessary and appropriate for 6 a taxing district, and monitor the progress and review, revise or 7 correct the results of any revaluation or reassessment which may be ordered by the county [tax] board of taxation; 8 d. monitor the progress, and review, revise, or correct the 9 results of any other revaluation or reassessment conducted within 10 11 [his] the <u>county assessor's</u> jurisdiction; 12 e. review, revise, and correct all property assessment lists 13 prepared by the deputy county assessors within the [pilot] county; 14 f. provide such technical and professional assistance as may be 15 requested by deputy county assessors, and as may be practicable 16 within the support provided for the county assessor by the county 17 governing body; and 18 g. perform any other tasks which the director deems necessary to 19 ensure the valuation of property within the [pilot] county pursuant 20 to law. 21 (cf: P.L.2009, c.118, s.7) 22 23 7. Section 8 of P.L.2009, c.118 (C.54:1-93) is amended to read as follows: 24 25 8. a. The county assessor, through a staff of deputy county 26 assessors, shall locate, identify, and determine the taxable status of 27 property within every municipality within the [pilot] county, 28 determine the taxable value of the property, and prepare tax lists 29 and tables of aggregates and equalization in the same form and 30 manner as is provided under chapter 4 of Title 54 of the Revised 31 Statutes, pursuant to a schedule established by the county assessor. 32 The county assessor shall be responsible for reviewing, b. 33 revising, and correcting all work done by the staff of deputy county assessors within the [pilot] county. 34 35 (cf: P.L.2009, c.118, s.8) 36 37 8. Section 9 of P.L.2009, c.118 (C.54:1-94) is amended to read 38 as follows: 39 Whenever any law, rule or regulation provides for the 9. a. 40 review, revision or correction of an assessor's list or duplicate, or a list of added or omitted properties, that review, revision or 41 correction shall be performed by the county assessor **[**in the pilot 42 43 county], except any correction performed as the result of an 44 assessment appeal, which correction shall be made by the county 45 board of taxation after notice to the county assessor. 46 b. Any reference in any law, rule, or regulation to a revised and

47 corrected assessor's list or duplicate in the [pilot] county, except in

1 the case of a revision or correction made pursuant to an assessment 2 appeal, shall mean the list or duplicate reviewed, revised or 3 corrected by the county assessor. 4 (cf: P.L.2009, c.118, s.9) 5 6 9. Section 10 of P.L.2009, c.118 (C.54:1-95) is amended to 7 read as follows: 8 10. Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, the county assessor 9 shall make the annual tax list and property values for each 10 municipality available for public inspection within that 11 municipality. Following the completion of the three-year phase-in schedule pursuant to section 12 of P.L.2009, c.118 (C.54:1-97), 12 sufficient staff shall be present in each district office authorized 13 14 within the [pilot] county pursuant to subsection d. of section 6 of 15 P.L.2009, c.118 (C.54:1-91) to assist the county assessor and to 16 answer questions and address concerns that taxpayers have in 17 reference to the assessment values and other property assessment 18 and tax-related matters. 19 (cf: P.L.2009, c.118, s.10) 20 21 10. Section 12 of P.L.2009, c.118 (C.54:1-97) is amended to 22 read as follows: 23 12. The county assessor, in consultation with every municipal 24 governing body and municipal tax assessor, shall promulgate a 25 three-year schedule for the abolishment of the office of municipal tax assessor for every municipality within the [pilot] county. 26 27 Thereafter, with respect to those municipalities, any reference in law to the duties and responsibilities of the office of municipal tax 28 29 assessor pertaining to the assessment and reassessment of property 30 shall be construed in the context of the statutory scheme of sections 31 1 through 15 of P.L.2009, c.118 (C.54:1-86 et seq.) to mean the 32 deputy county assessor under the supervision of the county assessor. Any reference in law to the office of municipal tax 33 34 assessor which conflicts in whole or in part with sections 1 through 35 15 of P.L.2009, c.118 (C.54:1-86 et seq.), particularly with regard 36 to the appointment, employment, and removal of municipal tax 37 assessors, shall be construed to have been repealed in whole or in 38 conflicting part, with respect to municipalities located within the [pilot] county, by the provisions of sections 1 through 15 of 39 40 P.L.2009, c.118 (C.54:1-86 et seq.). (cf: P.L.2009, c.118, s.12) 41 42 43 11. Section 14 of P.L.2009, c.118 (C.54:1-99) is amended to 44 read as follows: 45 14. a. In accordance with the phase-in schedule promulgated 46 by the county assessor pursuant to section 12 of P.L.2009, c.118 47 (C.54:1-97), the county tax administrator [for the pilot county], in consultation with the county governing body and the county 48

1 assessor, shall effectuate the transfer of the property assessment 2 function in all of the municipalities within the [pilot] county to the 3 county assessor. All current or pending assessment and abatement 4 programs and agreements under the "Long Term Tax Exemption 5 Law," P.L.1991, c.431 (C.40A:20-1 et seq.), and the "Five-Year 6 Exemption and Abatement Law," P.L.1991, c.441 (C.40A:21-1 et 7 seq.), shall continue to be approved by the municipality. 8 b. If a county assessor seeks to settle a property tax appeal **[**,**]** 9 filed pursuant to R.S.54:3-21, the county assessor shall inform the 10 municipality in which the property that is the subject of the appeal 11 is located prior to entering into any final settlement agreement, 12 pursuant to procedures promulgated by the director. 13 (cf: P.L.2009, c.118, s.14) 14 15 12. Section 15 of P.L.2009, c.118 (C.54:1-100) is amended to 16 read as follows: 17 15. The Director of the Division of Taxation in the Department 18 of the Treasury shall adopt rules and regulations concerning the valuation of property in [the pilot] <u>a</u> county <u>that has adopted the</u> 19 20 provisions of P.L.2009, c.118 (C.54:1-86 et al.) effectuate the 21 purposes of [sections 1 through 14 of P.L.2009, c.118 (C.54:1-86 22 through C.54:1-99) that law. The rules and regulations shall 23 include provisions permitting segmental assessment. 24 (cf: P.L.2009, c.118, s.15) 25 26 13. Section 1 of P.L.1960, c.51 (C54:4-2.25) is amended to read 27 as follows: 28 1. All real property subject to assessment and taxation for local 29 use shall be assessed according to the same standard of value, 30 which shall be the true value of such real property and the 31 assessment shall be expressed in terms of the taxable value of such 32 property, which taxable value shall be that percentage of true value 33 as shall be established by each county board of taxation as the level 34 of taxable value to be applied uniformly throughout the county. 35 The true value of such real property shall be determined by the 36 municipal-wide reassessment of that real property performed by 37 municipal assessors when the ratio of assessed value to true value is 38 lower than 90 percent or greater than 110 percent. 39 (cf: P.L.1960, c.51, s.1) 40 41 14. Section 1 of P.L.1973, c.123 (C.54:1-35a) is amended to 42 read as follows: 43 a. The "average ratio" of assessed to true value of real 44 property for a taxing district for the purposes of this act shall mean 45 that ratio promulgated by the Director of the Division of Taxation pursuant to P.L.1954, c. 86 (C. 54:1-35.1 et seq.), as of October 1 of 46 47 the year preceding the tax year, as revised by the tax court.

b. The "common level range" for a taxing district is that range
which is plus or minus [15%] ten percent of the average ratio for
that district.

- 4 (cf: P.L. 1983, c. 36, s. 10
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6 15. (New section) The assessor of each municipality shall 7 perform periodic municipal-wide reassessments of real property in 8 the municipality as the assessor deems necessary to ensure that the 9 ratio of assessed value to true value of the real property is not less 10 than 90 percent or greater than 110 percent in any tax year.

Each assessor shall annually certify to the Director of the Division of Taxation in the Department of the Treasury that the ratio of assessed value to true value of real property in the municipality is not less than 90 percent or greater than 110 percent.

- 16. This act shall take effect immediately.
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#### STATEMENT

This bill makes several changes to current statutory lawconcerning the assessment of real property in this State.

23 This bill would permit additional counties to adopt the provisions 24 of the "Property Tax Assessment Reform Act," P.L.2009, c.181 (C.54:1-86 et seq.), enacted as a pilot program to explore the 25 26 efficacy of county-based real property assessment. As enacted, that 27 law limited the pilot program to Gloucester County. This bill 28 would permit any county to adopt the provisions of the "Property Tax Assessment Reform Act," except a county that, on the bill's 29 effective date, is operating under the "Real Property Assessment 30 31 Demonstration Program," P.L.2013, c.115 (C.54:1-101 et al.). 32 Currently, only Monmouth County operates under that Under county-based real property 33 demonstration program. assessment, a county assessor can maintain, and correct as 34 necessary, the value of real property in each municipality within a 35 36 county so that all property taxpayers are treated equitably.

37 The bill also revises how real property assessments are 38 determined across the State. Current law requires that the standard 39 in the State for the assessment of a parcel of real property is its 40 "true value," which is essentially the market value of a parcel of 41 real property. This bill would require that the true value of real property shall be determined by the municipal-wide reassessment of 42 43 that real property performed by municipal assessors when the ratio 44 of assessed value to true value is lower than 90 percent or greater 45 than 110 percent, and reduces the common level range calculated 46 annually by the Director of the Division of Taxation to those levels. 47 The bill would also require the assessor of each municipality to perform periodic municipal-wide reassessments of real property as 48

- 1 the assessor deems necessary to ensure that the ratio of assessed
- 2 value to true value of the real property is not less than 90 percent or
- 3 greater than 110 percent in any tax year.