SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION No. 55

STATE OF NEW JERSEY 218th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED JANUARY 25, 2018

Sponsored by: Senator JAMES BEACH District 6 (Burlington and Camden) Senator NILSA CRUZ-PEREZ District 5 (Camden and Gloucester) Assemblyman LOUIS D. GREENWALD District 6 (Burlington and Camden) Assemblywoman YVONNE LOPEZ District 19 (Middlesex) Assemblyman JAMEL C. HOLLEY District 20 (Union)

Co-Sponsored by:

Senator Ruiz, Assemblywomen Murphy, Jasey, Assemblyman Danielsen, Assemblywomen McKnight, Mosquera, Assemblymen Schaer, Johnson and Chiaravalloti

SYNOPSIS

Opposes inclusion of citizenship question in 2020 census; urges New Jersey Congressional Delegation to reject any measure directing Census Bureau to include question.



(Sponsorship Updated As Of: 4/13/2018)

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A CONCURRENT RESOLUTION opposing the inclusion of a
 citizenship question in the 2020 federal decennial census survey
 and urging the New Jersey Congressional Delegation to reject
 any measure directing the Census Bureau to include that
 question.

WHEREAS, The United States Department of Justice has asked the
United States Census Bureau to include a question about citizenship
status in the 2020 decennial census questionnaire that is sent to all
households; and

WHEREAS, According to experts, including four former Census Bureau directors, a citizenship question in the decennial census would have a detrimental effect on the accuracy of the decennial census count, as privacy concerns and fear of deportation would prevent a significant number of households from completing their census form; and

WHEREAS, An undercount of the total population in municipalities,
counties, states, and the nation as a whole would yield inaccurate
data for research purposes and, among other impacts, will affect the
equitable allocation of nearly \$700 billion per year in federal funds,
the number of electoral votes in each state, the reapportionment of
legislative districts, and the apportionment of seats in the United
States House of Representatives; and

WHEREAS, The Fourteenth Amendment of the United States
Constitution requires that members of the House of Representatives
"shall be apportioned among the several states according to their
respective numbers, counting the whole number of persons in each
state"; and

WHEREAS, Given the Trump Administration's policies toward
deportation, immigration, and naturalization, the inclusion of a
citizenship question in the decennial census survey would prevent
the achievement of the full count of the population required by the
Constitution, as many households would refuse to complete the
census form; and

WHEREAS, We must protect the ability of the Census Bureau to collect
an accurate and full census count, and including a citizenship
question in the decennial census would be counterproductive to that
goal and yield inaccurate data for the next decade; now, therefore,

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40 **BE IT RESOLVED** by the Senate of the State of New Jersey (the 41 General Assembly concurring):

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1. This Legislature opposes the inclusion of a citizenship
question in the 2020 decennial census survey, and urges each
member of the New Jersey Congressional Delegation to reject any
measure directing the United States Census Bureau to include that
question.

SCR55 BEACH, CRUZ-PEREZ

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Copies of this resolution, as filed with the Secretary of State,
 shall be transmitted by the Secretary of the Senate or the Clerk of
 the General Assembly to the Attorney General of the United States,
 the Director of the United States Census Bureau, and each member
 of Congress elected from this State.

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STATEMENT

10 This resolution opposes the inclusion of a citizenship question in 11 the 2020 census survey and urges the New Jersey Congressional 12 Delegation to reject any measure directing the Census Bureau to 13 include such a question.

14 The United States Department of Justice has asked the Census 15 Bureau to include a question about citizenship status in the 2020 16 decennial census form. According to experts, including four former 17 Census Bureau directors, a citizenship question in the decennial 18 census would have a detrimental effect on the accuracy of the 19 decennial census count, as privacy concerns and fear of deportation 20 would prevent many households from completing their census form. An undercount of the total population in municipalities, counties, 21 22 states, and the nation would yield inaccurate data for research 23 purposes and, among other impacts, will affect the equitable 24 allocation of nearly \$700 billion per year in federal funds, the 25 number of electoral votes in each state, the reapportionment of 26 legislative districts, and the apportionment of seats in the United 27 States House of Representatives. The Fourteenth Amendment of the U.S. Constitution requires that members of the House of 28 29 Representatives "shall be apportioned among the several states 30 according to their respective numbers, counting the whole number 31 of persons in each state."

32 Given the Trump Administration's deportation, immigration, and 33 naturalization policies, a citizenship question in the decennial 34 census survey would prevent the achievement of the full count of 35 the population required by the Constitution, as many households 36 would refuse to complete the census form. Including a citizenship 37 question in the decennial census would be counterproductive to the goal of achieving a full count of the population and would yield 38 39 inaccurate data for the next decade.