ASSEMBLY, No. 1659

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

219th LEGISLATURE

PRE-FILED FOR INTRODUCTION IN THE 2020 SESSION

Sponsored by:

Assemblywoman ANNETTE QUIJANO

District 20 (Union)

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District 21 (Morris, Somerset and Union)

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District 33 (Hudson)

Assemblywoman SHAVONDA E. SUMTER

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District 11 (Monmouth)

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District 12 (Burlington, Middlesex, Monmouth and Ocean)

SYNOPSIS

"New Jersey Insurance Fair Conduct Act."

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

Introduced Pending Technical Review by Legislative Counsel.



(Sponsorship Updated As Of: 1/27/2020)

1	AN ACT concerning certain unreasonable practices in the business
2	of insurance and supplementing Title 17 of the Revised Statutes.

BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

1. This act shall be known and may be cited as the "New Jersey Insurance Fair Conduct Act."

2. As used in this act:

"First-party claimant" or "claimant" means an individual, corporation, association, partnership or other legal entity asserting an entitlement to benefits owed directly to or on behalf of an insured under an insurance policy.

"Insurer" means any individual, corporation, association, partnership or other legal entity which issues, executes, renews or delivers an insurance policy in this State, or which is responsible for determining claims made under the policy. "Insurer" shall not include an insurance producer as defined in section 3 of P.L.2001, c.210 (C.17:22A-28) or a public entity.

"Public entity" means the State, any county, municipality, district, public authority, public agency and any other political subdivision or public body in the State, including a joint insurance fund of a public entity.

- 3. a. In addition to the enforcement authority provided to the Commissioner of Banking and Insurance pursuant to the provisions of P.L.1947, c.379 (C.17:29B-1 et seq.) or any other law, a claimant may, regardless of any action by the commissioner, file a civil action in a court of competent jurisdiction against its insurer for:
- (1) an unreasonable delay or unreasonable denial of a claim for payment of benefits under an insurance policy; or
- (2) any violation of the provisions of section 4 of P.L.1947, c.379 (C.17:29B-4).
- b. In any action filed pursuant to this act, the claimant shall not be required to prove that the insurer's actions were of such a frequency as to indicate a general business practice.
- c. Upon establishing that a violation of the provisions of this act has occurred, the plaintiff shall be entitled to:
 - (1) actual damages caused by the violation of this act;
- 41 (2) prejudgment interest, reasonable attorney's fees, and all 42 reasonable litigation expenses; and
 - (3) treble damages.

45 4. This act shall take effect immediately.

1	STATEMENT
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3	This bill, the "New Jersey Insurance Fair Conduct Act,"
4	establishes a private cause of action for first-party claimants
5	regarding certain unfair or unreasonable practices by their insurer.
6	The bill defines "insurer" to mean any individual, corporation,
7	association, partnership or other legal entity which issues, executes,
8	renews or delivers an insurance policy in this State, or which is
9	responsible for determining claims made under the policy. Under
10	the bill, the term "insurer" does not include an insurance producer
11	as defined by P.L.2001, c.210 (C.17:22A-28) or a public entity.
12	Pursuant to the bill, a claimant may file a civil action in a court
13	of competent jurisdiction against its insurer for:
14	(1) an unreasonable delay or unreasonable denial of a claim for
15	payment of benefits under an insurance policy; or
16	(2) any violation of the provisions of section 4 of P.L.1947,
17	c.379 (C.17:29B-4).
18	Section 4 of P.L.1947, c.379 (C.17:29B-4) defines certain
19	activities as unfair methods of competition and unfair and deceptive
20	acts or practices in the business of insurance including, among other
21	things, misrepresentations and false advertising of policy contracts,
22	false information and advertising generally, defamation, unfair
23	discrimination, unfair claim settlement practices and failure to
24	maintain complaint handling procedures.
25	The bill provides that, in any action filed pursuant to the bill, the
26	claimant shall not be required to prove that the insurer's actions
27	were of such a frequency as to indicate a general business practice.
28	The bill also provides that, upon establishing that a violation of
29	the provisions of the bill has occurred, the claimant shall be entitled
30	to:
31	(1) actual damages caused by the violation;
32	(2) prejudgment interest, reasonable attorney's fees, and all

- (2) prejudgment interest, reasonable attorney's fees, and all reasonable litigation expenses; and
 - (3) treble damages.

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