## ASSEMBLY, No. 3411 **STATE OF NEW JERSEY** 219th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED FEBRUARY 25, 2020

Sponsored by: Assemblyman JOHN F. MCKEON District 27 (Essex and Morris) Assemblyman CLINTON CALABRESE District 36 (Bergen and Passaic) Assemblywoman CAROL A. MURPHY District 7 (Burlington)

Co-Sponsored by: Assemblywomen Jasey, Jimenez, Assemblymen Mejia, Tully and Assemblywoman Swain

## **SYNOPSIS**

Criminalizes failure to return erroneous person-to-person electronic payments following proper notification.



(Sponsorship Updated As Of: 9/24/2020)

AN ACT concerning theft of property and amending N.J.S.2C:20-1
 and N.J.S.2C:20-6.

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**BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

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1. N.J.S.2C:20-1 is amended to read as follows:

8 2C:20-1. Definitions. In chapters 20 and 21, unless a different9 meaning plainly is required:

a. "Deprive" means: (1) to withhold or cause to be withheld property of another permanently or for so extended a period as to appropriate a substantial portion of its economic value, or with purpose to restore only upon payment of reward or other compensation; or (2) to dispose or cause disposal of the property so as to make it unlikely that the owner will recover it.

16 "Fiduciary" means an executor, general administrator of an b. 17 intestate, administrator with the will annexed, substituted administrator, guardian, substituted guardian, trustee under any 18 19 trust, express, implied, resulting or constructive, substituted trustee, 20 executor, conservator, curator, receiver, trustee in bankruptcy, 21 assignee for the benefit of creditors, partner, agent or officer of a 22 corporation, public or private, temporary administrator, 23 administrator, administrator pendente lite, administrator ad 24 prosequendum, administrator ad litem or other person acting in a 25 similar capacity. "Fiduciary" shall also include an employee or an 26 agent of a cargo carrier, as the term is defined in subsection w. of 27 this section, while acting in that capacity, or an independent contractor providing services to a cargo carrier as that term is 28 29 defined in subsection w. of this section.

c. "Financial institution" means a bank, insurance company,
credit union, savings and loan association, investment trust or other
organization held out to the public as a place of deposit of funds or
medium of savings or collective investment.

d. "Government" means the United States, any state, county,
municipality, or other political unit, or any department, agency or
subdivision of any of the foregoing, or any corporation or other
association carrying out the functions of government.

e. "Movable property" means property the location of which
can be changed, including things growing on, affixed to, or found in
land, and documents, although the rights represented thereby have
no physical location. "Immovable property" is all other property.

f. "Obtain" means: (1) in relation to property, to bring about a
transfer or purported transfer of a legal interest in the property,
whether to the obtainer or another; or (2) in relation to labor or
service, to secure performance thereof.

**EXPLANATION** – Matter enclosed in **bold-faced** brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter underlined <u>thus</u> is new matter.

1 g. "Property" means anything of value, including real estate, 2 tangible and intangible personal property, trade secrets, contract 3 rights, choses in action and other interests in or claims to wealth, 4 admission or transportation tickets, captured or domestic animals, 5 food and drink, electric, gas, steam or other power, financial 6 instruments, information, data, and computer software, in either 7 human readable or computer readable form, copies or originals.

8 "Property of another" includes property in which any person h. 9 other than the actor has an interest which the actor is not privileged 10 to infringe, regardless of the fact that the actor also has an interest 11 in the property and regardless of the fact that the other person might 12 be precluded from civil recovery because the property was used in 13 an unlawful transaction or was subject to forfeiture as contraband. 14 Property in possession of the actor shall not be deemed property of 15 another who has only a security interest therein, even if legal title is 16 in the creditor pursuant to a conditional sales contract or other 17 security agreement.

i. "Trade secret" means the whole or any portion or phase of
any scientific or technical information, design, process, procedure,
formula or improvement which is secret and of value. A trade
secret shall be presumed to be secret when the owner thereof takes
measures to prevent it from becoming available to persons other
than those selected by the owner to have access thereto for limited
purposes.

j. "Dealer in property" means a person who buys and sellsproperty as a business.

k. "Traffic" means:

(1) To sell, transfer, distribute, dispense or otherwise dispose ofproperty to another person; or

30 (2) To buy, receive, possess, or obtain control of or use
31 property, with intent to sell, transfer, distribute, dispense or
32 otherwise dispose of such property to another person.

1. "Broken succession of title" means lack of regular
documents of purchase and transfer by any seller except the
manufacturer of the subject property, or possession of documents of
purchase and transfer by any buyer without corresponding
documents of sale and transfer in possession of seller, or possession
of documents of sale and transfer by seller without corresponding
documents of purchase and transfer in possession of any buyer.

m. "Person" includes any individual or entity or enterprise, as
defined herein, holding or capable of holding a legal or beneficial
interest in property.

n. "Anything of value" means any direct or indirect gain oradvantage to any person.

45 o. "Interest in property which has been stolen" means title or46 right of possession to such property.

47 p. "Stolen property" means property that has been the subject48 of any unlawful taking.

q. "Enterprise" includes any individual, sole proprietorship, partnership, corporation, business trust, association, or other legal entity, and any union or group of individuals associated in fact, although not a legal entity, and it includes illicit as well as licit enterprises and governmental as well as other entities.

r. "Attorney General" includes the Attorney General of New
Jersey, his assistants and deputies. The term shall also include a
county prosecutor or his designated assistant prosecutor, if a county
prosecutor is expressly authorized in writing by the Attorney
General to carry out the powers conferred on the Attorney General
by this chapter.

12 s. "Access device" means property consisting of any telephone 13 calling card number, credit card number, account number, mobile 14 identification number, electronic serial number, personal 15 identification number, or any other data intended to control or limit 16 access to telecommunications or other computer networks in either 17 human readable or computer readable form, either copy or original, 18 that can be used to obtain telephone service. Access device also 19 means property consisting of a card, code or other means of access 20 to an account held by a financial institution, or any combination 21 thereof, that may be used by the account holder for the purpose of 22 initiating electronic fund transfers.

t. "Defaced access device" means any access device, in either
human readable or computer readable form, either copy or original,
which has been removed, erased, defaced, altered, destroyed,
covered or otherwise changed in any manner from its original
configuration.

u. "Domestic companion animal" means any animal commonly
referred to as a pet or one that has been bought, bred, raised or
otherwise acquired, in accordance with local ordinances and State
and federal law for the primary purpose of providing
companionship to the owner, rather than for business or agricultural
purposes.

34 v. "Personal identifying information" means any name, number 35 or other information that may be used, alone or in conjunction with 36 any other information, to identify a specific individual and includes, 37 but is not limited to, the name, address, telephone number, date of 38 birth, social security number, official State issued identification 39 number, employer or taxpayer number, place of employment, 40 employee identification number, demand deposit account number, 41 savings account number, credit card number, mother's maiden 42 name, unique biometric data, such as fingerprint, voice print, retina 43 or iris image or other unique physical representation, or unique 44 electronic identification number, address or routing code of the 45 individual.

w. "Cargo carrier" means: (1) any business or establishment
regularly operating for the purpose of conveying goods or property
for compensation from one place to another by road, highway, rail,

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1 water or air, by any means including but not limited to any pipeline 2 system, railroad car, motor truck, truck, trailer, semi-trailer, 3 commercial motor vehicle or other vehicle, any steamboat, vessel or 4 aircraft, and any business or establishment regularly engaged in the 5 temporary storage of goods or property incident to further 6 distribution of the goods or property elsewhere for commercial 7 purposes, including but not limited to businesses or establishments 8 operating a tank or storage facility, warehouse, terminal, station, 9 station house, platform, depot, wharf, pier, or from any ocean, 10 intermodal, container freight station or freight consolidation 11 facility; or (2) any business or establishment that conveys goods or 12 property which it owns or has title to, from one place to another, by 13 road, highway, rail, water or air by any means including but not 14 limited to any pipeline system, railroad car, motor truck, truck, 15 trailer, semi-trailer, commercial motor vehicle or other vehicle, any 16 steamboat, vessel or aircraft, and including the storage and 17 warehousing of goods and property incidental to their conveyance 18 from one place to another. 19 x. "Payment processor" means any person who acts as a 20 payment processor to facilitate the purchase of, or payment of a bill 21 for, a good or service through a clearance and settlement system by 22 agreement with the creditor or seller. A payment processor: 23 (1) facilitates the purchase of goods or services, or the payment 24 of bills for goods or services other than money transmission itself; 25 and 26 (2) provides its services pursuant to a formal agreement with, at 27 minimum, the seller or creditor that provided the goods or services 28 and receives the funds. 29 y. "Individual" means a natural person. 30 (cf: P.L.2013, c.58, s.1) 31 32 2. N.J.S.2C:20-6 is amended to read as follows: 33 Theft of Property Lost, Mislaid, or Delivered by 2C:20-6. 34 Mistake. 35 a. A person who comes into control of property of another that 36 he knows to have been lost, mislaid, or delivered under a mistake as 37 to the nature or amount of the property or the identity of the 38 recipient is guilty of theft if, knowing the identity of the owner and 39 with purpose to deprive said owner thereof, he converts the property 40 to his own use. 41 b. An individual who erroneously receives an electronic 42 payment from another individual through a payment processor and 43 who was properly notified that the payment was erroneous, and 44 does not return, within 30 days of notification, the funds transferred 45 to the sender, shall be guilty of theft under subsection a. of this

46 <u>section.</u>

47 (cf: N.J.S.2C:20-6)

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1	3. This act shall take effect immediately.
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4	STATEMENT
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6	This bill provides that the failure to return an erroneous
7	electronic payment between individuals to the sender is theft.
8	Where an individual receives an electronic payment from another
9	individual through a payment processor that was delivered under a
10	mistake as to the nature or amount of the transfer or the identity of
11	the recipient, the failure to return the payment to the sender
12	constitutes theft where the recipient was notified that the payment
13	was erroneous. Additionally, the bill adds a definition of "payment
14	processor" to the chapter on theft offenses.