ASSEMBLY, No. 4430 **STATE OF NEW JERSEY** 219th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED JULY 20, 2020

Sponsored by: Assemblyman HERB CONAWAY, JR. District 7 (Burlington) Assemblywoman VALERIE VAINIERI HUTTLE District 37 (Bergen) Assemblywoman ANGELA V. MCKNIGHT District 31 (Hudson)

Co-Sponsored by: Assemblyman Benson, Assemblywoman Downey, Assemblymen Caputo, Giblin and Assemblywoman Speight

SYNOPSIS

Establishes uniform requirements on submission of outbreak response plans to DOH by long-term care facilities.



(Sponsorship Updated As Of: 10/19/2020)

AN ACT concerning long-term care facilities and amending 1 2 P.L.2019, c.243. 3 4 **BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State 5 of New Jersey: 6 7 1. Section 1 of P.L.2019, c.243 (C.26:2H-12.87) is amended to 8 read as follows: 9 1. a. As used in this section: 10 "Cohorting" means the practice of grouping patients who are or 11 are not colonized or infected with the same organism to confine 12 their care to one area and prevent contact with other patients. 13 "Department" means the Department of Health. "Endemic level" means the usual level of given disease in a 14 15 geographic area. 16 "Isolating" means the process of separating sick, contagious 17 persons from those who are not sick. 18 "Long-term care facility" means a nursing home, assisted living 19 residence, comprehensive personal care home, residential health 20 care facility, or dementia care home licensed pursuant to P.L.1971, 21 c.136 (C.26:2H-1 et seq.). 22 ["Long-term care facility that provides care to ventilator-23 dependent residents" means a long-term care facility that has been 24 licensed to provide beds for ventilator care. 25 "Outbreak" means any unusual occurrence of disease or any 26 disease above background or endemic levels. 27 b. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, as a condition of licensure, the department shall require long-term care 28 facilities to develop an outbreak response plan within 180 days after 29 the effective date of this act, which plan shall be customized to the 30 31 facility, based upon national standards and developed in 32 consultation with the facility's infection control committee, if the facility has established an infection control [committee2] 33 34 committee. At a minimum, each facility's plan shall include, but 35 shall not be limited to: (1) a protocol for isolating and cohorting infected and at-risk 36 patients in the event of an outbreak of a contagious disease until the 37 38 cessation of the outbreak; 39 (2) clear policies for the notification of residents, residents' families, visitors, and staff in the event of an outbreak of a 40 contagious disease at a facility; 41 42 (3) information on the availability of laboratory testing, 43 protocols for assessing whether facility visitors are ill, protocols to 44 require ill staff to not present at the facility for work duties, and

EXPLANATION – Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter underlined thus is new matter.

1 processes for implementing evidence-based outbreak response 2 measures;

3 (4) policies to conduct routine monitoring of residents and staff to quickly identify signs of a communicable disease that could 4 5 develop into an outbreak; and

(5) policies for reporting outbreaks to public health officials in 6 7 accordance with applicable laws and regulations.

8 c. (1) In addition to the requirements set forth in subsection b. 9 of this section, the department shall require long-term care facilities 10 [that provide care to ventilator-dependent residents] to include in the facility's outbreak response plan written policies to meet 11 staffing, training, and facility demands during an infectious disease 12 13 outbreak to successfully implement the outbreak response plan, 14 including either employing on a full-time or part-time basis, or 15 contracting with on a consultative basis, the following individuals:

16 (a) an individual certified by the Certification Board of 17 Infection Control and Epidemiology; and

18 (b) a physician who has completed an infectious disease 19 fellowship.

20 (2) Each long-term care facility that provides care to 21 ventilator-dependent residents] shall submit to the department the facility's outbreak response plan within 180 days after the effective 22 23 date of this act.

24 (3) The department shall verify that the outbreak response plans submitted by long-term care facilities [that provide care to 25 ventilator-dependent residents] are in compliance with the 26 requirements of subsection b. of this section and with the 27 28 requirements of paragraph (1) of this subsection.

29 d. (1) Each long-term care facility that submits an outbreak 30 response plan to the department pursuant to subsection c. of this 31 section shall review the plan on an annual basis.

32 (2) If a long-term care facility [that provides care to ventilatordependent residents] makes any material changes to its outbreak 33 34 response plan, the facility shall, within 30 days after completing the 35 material change, submit to the department an updated outbreak 36 response plan. The department shall, upon receiving an updated 37 outbreak response plan, verify that the plan is compliant with the 38 requirements of subsections b. and c. of this section.

39 e. (1) The department shall require a long-term care facility [that provides care to ventilator-dependent residents] to assign to 40 the facility's infection control committee on a full-time or part-time 41 42 basis, or on a consultative basis:

43 (a) [an who is] a physician who has completed an infectious 44 disease fellowship; and

45 (b) an individual designated as the infection [control 46 coordinator, preventionist who has education, training, completed course work, or experience in infection control or] primary 47 48 professional training in medicine, nursing, medical technology,

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1 microbiology, epidemiology, [including] or a related field, is 2 qualified by education, training, experience, or certification in 3 infection control by the Certification Board of Infection Control and 4 Epidemiology, and has completed specialized training in infection 5 prevention and control. The infection control committee shall meet 6 on at least a quarterly basis and both individuals assigned to the 7 committee pursuant to this subsection shall attend at least half of 8 the meetings held by the infection control committee. 9 (1) An infection preventionist assigned to a long-term care f. 10 facility's infection control committee pursuant to subsection e. of 11 this section shall be a managerial employee and shall be employed 12 at least part-time at a long-term care facility with a licensed bed 13 capacity equal to 100 beds or less or full-time at a long-term care 14 facility with a licensed bed capacity equal to 101 beds or more. The 15 infection preventionist shall report directly to the chief executive 16 officer and the board of the long-term care facility, as applicable, 17 and shall provide the chief executive officer and board, as 18 applicable, quarterly reports detailing the effectiveness of the long-19 term care facility's infection prevention policies. 20 (2) The infection preventionist shall be responsible for: 21 (a) developing policies, procedures, and a training curriculum 22 for long-term care facility staff based on best practices and clinical 23 expertise; and 24 (b) monitoring the implementation of infection prevention 25 policies and instituting disciplinary measures for staff who routinely 26 violate those policies. 27 g. A long-term care facility, which develops an outbreak 28 response plan pursuant to this section, shall publish the plan on its 29 Internet website. 30 h. A long-term care facility, which develops an outbreak 31 response plan pursuant to this section, shall annually perform 32 preparedness drills to evaluate the effectiveness of its outbreak 33 response plan. 34 (cf: P.L.2019, c.243, s.1) 35 2. This act shall take effect immediately. 36 37 38 39 **STATEMENT** 40 41 This bill establishes uniform requirements on the submission of 42 outbreak response plans to the Department of Health (DOH) by 43 long-term care facilities. 44 P.L.2019, c.243 applied additional requirements on long-term 45 care facilities with ventilator dependent patients regarding the submission of outbreak response plans. This bill amends P.L.2019, 46 47 c.243 to apply the additional requirements to all long-term care 48 facilities, irrespective of whether the long-term care facilities treat 49 ventilator dependent patients. In addition, this bill requires the

DOH to approve submitted plans and provides that the submission
of the plans is to be a condition of licensure. P.L.2019, c.243 only
required the DOH to verify submitted plans.

4 Under the bill, the DOH is to require long-term care facilities to 5 include in the facility's outbreak response plan written policies to 6 meet staffing, training, and facility demands during an infectious 7 disease outbreak to successfully implement the outbreak response 8 plan, including either employing on a full-time or part-time basis, or 9 contracting with on a consultative basis, the following individuals: 10 an individual certified by the Certification Board of Infection 11 Control and Epidemiology; and a physician who has completed an 12 infectious disease fellowship. Each long-term care facility is to 13 submit to the DOH the facility's outbreak response plan within 180 14 days after the effective date of this bill.

15 The bill provides that the DOH is to verify that the outbreak 16 response plans submitted by long-term care facilities are in 17 compliance with the bill's requirements. If a long-term care facility 18 makes any material changes to its outbreak response plan, the 19 facility is to, within 30 days after completing the material change, 20 submit to the DOH an updated outbreak response plan. The DOH is 21 to, upon receiving an updated outbreak response plan, verify that 22 the plan is compliant with the bill's requirements.

Further, the DOH is to require a long-term care facility to assign to the facility's infection control committee on a full-time or parttime basis, or on a consultative basis: a physician who has completed an infectious disease fellowship; and an individual designated as the infection preventionist, as provided for in the bill.

28 Under the bill, an infection preventionist assigned to a long-term 29 care facility's infection control committee is to be a managerial 30 employee and is to be employed at least part-time at a long-term 31 care facility with a licensed bed capacity equal to 100 beds or less 32 or full-time at a long-term care facility with a licensed bed capacity 33 equal to 101 beds or more. The infection preventionist is to report 34 directly to the chief executive officer and the board of the long-term 35 care facility, as applicable, and is to provide the chief executive 36 officer and board, as applicable, quarterly reports detailing the 37 effectiveness of the long-term care facility's infection prevention policies. 38

The infection preventionist is to be responsible for: developing policies, procedures, and a training curriculum for long-term care facility staff based on best practices and clinical expertise; and monitoring the implementation of infection prevention policies and instituting disciplinary measures for staff who routinely violate those policies.

The bill provides that a long-term care facility is to publish its outbreak response on its Internet website and annually perform preparedness drills to evaluate the effectiveness of its outbreak response plan.