§§1,2 C.22A:2-51a & 22A: 2-51b §3 Approp.

(CORRECTED COPY)

P.L. 2021, CHAPTER 181, approved July 22, 2021 Assembly, No. 5758 (Second Reprint)

l	AN ACT concerning ² [clinical] experiential housing advocacy ²
2	programs to provide legal services for certain tenants in need of
3	housing assistance, supplementing P.L.1996, c.52 (C.22A:2-51 et
1	al.), and making an appropriation.

56

BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

7 8 9

10

1112

13

14

15

16 17

18

19

2021

22

23

24

25

2627

28

29

30

31

32

33

- 1. The Legislature finds and declares that:
- a. The lack of affordable housing in New Jersey forces low- and moderate-income households to spend a disproportionate share of their income toward rental payments, which dynamic has resulted in an eviction crisis throughout the State.
- b. The COVID-19 pandemic has heightened existing economic disparities and exacerbated the economic insecurity of many low- and moderate-income households, thereby worsening the State's eviction crisis to a critical level.
- c. During the COVID-19 pandemic, a Statewide moratorium on evictions was put in place pursuant to Executive Order No. 106 and P.L.2020, c.1 (C.2A:18-59.3); however, this moratorium will soon expire, placing many low- and moderate-income households at risk of eviction.
- d. It is estimated that as many as 300,000 rental households in New Jersey will become subject to an eviction proceeding after the eviction moratorium ends, which would be double the average annual number of proceedings filed before the pandemic.
- e. These evictions are expected to disproportionately impact Black and Latino residents of New Jersey, as these communities account for a large percentage of the State's rental population.
- f. Additionally, many landlords have increasingly filed legal actions against tenants to seek monetary relief rather than eviction, thereby putting low- and moderate-income tenants at risk of damaged credit ratings and further economic hardship.
- g. The State and federal governments have established rental assistance programs to assist low- and moderate-income tenants who have been adversely affected by the COVID-19 pandemic, which

EXPLANATION – Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

¹Assembly AAP committee amendments adopted May 18, 2021.

²Senate SCU committee amendments adopted June 10, 2021.

programs include the COVID-19 Emergency Rental Assistance Program administered by the Department of Community Affairs.

- h. However, these novel State and federal programs may be complex, making it difficult for some tenants to apply for and receive all of the benefits to which they are entitled under these programs.
- i. Although these rental assistance programs may provide tenants with the means to pay some or all of their rental obligations, many tenants may still lack the ability needed to effectively negotiate with their landlords toward solutions that avert further legal proceedings.
- j. Furthermore, when governmental assistance cannot prevent the filing of an eviction proceeding, the vast majority of tenants cannot afford to hire an attorney; in contrast, most landlords are represented by an attorney during these proceedings, given that many landlords are corporations, which are required to have counsel.
- k. Consequently, the provision of free legal services to low- and moderate-income tenants who are in need of housing assistance, including those who are at risk of eviction and those who are entitled to governmental rental assistance, is one of the most effective ways to address the ongoing eviction crisis.
- 1. It is therefore in the public interest and a valid public purpose for the Legislature to appropriate monies to the Seton Hall Law School, ²the² Rutgers ²[Camden]² Law School, ²Camden location,² and ²the² Rutgers ²[Newark]² Law School ², Newark location,² to establish ²[clinical] experiential housing advocacy² programs that provide free legal services to low- and moderate-income tenants who are in need of housing assistance.

2. a. The Legislature shall annually appropriate monies for the

- Seton Hall Law School, ²the² Rutgers ²[Camden]² Law School, ²Camden location,² and ²the² Rutgers ²[Newark]² Law School ², Newark location,² to establish ²[clinical] experiential housing advocacy² programs that provide free legal services to low- and moderate-income tenants who are in need of housing assistance. The ²[clinical] experiential housing advocacy² programs shall be implemented according to guidance issued by ²[the Seton Hall Law School] each law school, in consultation with any other law school
- b. (1) The ²[clinical program] experiential housing advocacy programs² shall include, but not be limited to, the provision of the following services, free of charge, to low- and moderate-income tenants:

that establishes the program², subject to the limitations of this section.

- (a) legal counsel and representation in landlord-tenant-related litigation, including, but not limited to, eviction proceedings and actions for unpaid rent;
- (b) assistance applying for benefits under any State or federally funded rental assistance program, ²homeownership assistance

program, or any other program providing financial assistance to tenants impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic;

3 4

5

6 7

16

17

18

19

2021

22

23

24

25

40

41

42

43

44

- (c) legal counsel and assistance related to pre- and post-litigation negotiations with landlords; and
- (d) any additional services that the ²[Seton Hall Law School] <u>law schools</u> may deem appropriate ²to assist low- and moderate-income tenants².
- (2) The ²[clinical program] experiential housing advocacy 8 programs² shall assist low- and moderate-income tenants residing 9 throughout the State; provided, however, that the ²[clinical program] 10 programs² shall prioritize qualifying tenants who are in need of 11 housing assistance as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic. The 12 ²[clinical program] programs² may partner with legal services 13 organizations ²and community-based organizations ² to conduct 14 ²[tenant] community² outreach. 15
 - ¹(3) The ²[Seton Hall Law School] law schools ² may designate one or more legal services organizations through which ²[a] the ² law school may implement the ²[clinical] experiential housing advocacy ² program, provided that the legal services organization shall have experience providing free legal services to low- and moderate-income tenants who are in need of housing assistance.
 - (4) The ²[clinical program] experiential housing advocacy programs² may include pro bono components in which one or more services may be provided by volunteer students who do not receive course credit for participating in the program.¹
- c. ${}^{1}(1)^{1}$ If a law school elects to implement the 2 [clinical] 26 experiential housing advocacy² program, the law school shall 27 designate a licensed attorney in good standing, with experience in 28 29 landlord-tenant law and civil litigation matters, to supervise the ²[clinical]² program. The ¹[program supervisor shall select a 30 31 paralegal to support the clinical program, which person shall also provide translation services, as needed under law school may hire 32 33 such administrative staff as may be needed to support¹ the program. ¹[All students selected to participate in the clinical program shall be 34 third-year law students. 1 To support the operations of the 35 program, the² law school may also hire ²: 36
- 37 (a)² one or more licensed attorneys in good standing, with 38 experience in landlord-tenant law and civil litigation matters ²[, to 39 support the operations of the clinical program]; and
 - (b) one or more recent law school graduates who are not admitted to the New Jersey State Bar Association but who are permitted to practice law in the State pursuant to the Rules of Court, provided that each graduate shall practice under the supervision of an experienced attorney as required by those Rules².

- ¹(2) If a law school elects to implement the ²[clinical] experiential housing advocacy² program through a designated legal services organization, then subject to the availability of funds, the law school shall provide subgrants to the legal services organization to defray the costs of the program. When implementing the ²[clinical]² program, the designated legal services organization shall allow all students selected by the law school to participate in the program.¹
- d. Before the ²[clinical] experiential housing advocacy² program may commence operations, the law school ¹[shall] may ¹ submit an appropriate application, as required under ¹[New Jersey Court Rules] the Rules of Court¹, in order to become a certified clinical program under those rules. ¹ [The] Alternatively, the law school may provide some or all services through an existing clinical program, which has already been certified under the Rules of Court. In either <u>circumstance</u>, the ¹ ² [clinical] <u>experiential housing advocacy</u> program shall comply with all requirements of the ¹[New Jersey Court] Rules ¹of Court concerning the implementation of a clinical ²or pro bono² program and the representation of litigants by law students.
 - e. After the first year of operations, and each year thereafter, the Seton Hall Law School shall submit a report to the Governor and to the Legislature, pursuant to section 2 of P.L.1991, c.164 (C.52:14-19.1), detailing the operations of each ²[clinical] experiential housing advocacy² program established pursuant to this section. At a minimum, the report shall indicate the number of tenants who received assistance through each ²[clinical]² program and the service provided to each tenant. The Rutgers ²[Camden]² Law School ², Camden location,² and ²the² Rutgers ²[Newark]² Law School ², Newark location,² shall provide Seton Hall Law School with any information necessary to complete the report.
 - f. Nothing in this section shall be construed as requiring the Seton Hall Law School, ²the² Rutgers ²[Camden]² Law School, ²Camden location,² or ²the² Rutgers ²[Newark]² Law School ², Newark location,² to establish or implement the ²[clinical] experiential housing advocacy² program.

- 3. a. (1) There is appropriated \$575,000 from the General Fund to the Department of the Treasury for allocation to the Seton Hall Law School to support ²[a clinical] an experiential housing advocacy² program established pursuant to section 2 of P.L. , c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill).
- (2) There is appropriated \$275,000 from the General Fund to the Department of the Treasury for allocation to the Seton Hall Law School to support the preparation of training materials and the training of students ²and law school graduates², in collaboration with ²the² Rutgers ²[Camden]² Law School ², Camden location, ² and ²the²

A5758 [2R]

1	Rutgers ² [Newark] ² Law School, ² Newark location, ² selected to
2	participate in ² [a clinical] an experiential housing advocacy ² program
3	established pursuant to section 2 of P.L., c. (C.) (pending
4	before the Legislature as this bill).
5	(3) There is appropriated \$575,000 from the General Fund to the
6	Department of the State for allocation to the Rutgers ² [Camden] ² Law
7	School ² , Camden location, ² to support ² [a clinical] an experiential
8	housing advocacy ² program established pursuant to section 2 of
9	P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill).
10	(4) There is appropriated \$575,000 from the General Fund to the
11	Department of the State for allocation to the Rutgers ² [Newark] ² Law
12	School ² , Newark location, ² to support ² [a clinical] an experiential
13	housing advocacy ² program established pursuant to section 2 of
14	P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill).
15	b. If the Seton Hall Law School, ² the ² Rutgers ² [Camden] ² Law
16	School, ² Camden location, ² or ² the ² Rutgers ² [Newark] ² Law School
17	² , Newark location, ² does not establish ² [a clinical] an experiential
18	housing advocacy ² program pursuant to section 2 of P.L. , c.
19	(C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill), then the amounts
20	hereinabove appropriated for the law school shall be transferred to the
21	other participating law schools in equal amounts.
22	¹ c. The unexpended balance of any amount appropriated pursuant
23	to this section shall be appropriated for the same purpose during the
24	succeeding fiscal year. ¹
25	
26	4. This act shall take effect immediately.
27	
28	
29	
30	

Provides funding for experiential housing advocacy programs to provide legal services for low- and moderate-income tenants in need of housing assistance; appropriates \$2 million.