§3 - C.2C:30-6.1 §4 - C.2C:33-15.1 §6 -C.2A:170-51.13 §7 -C.26:3A2-20.2 §17 -C.52:17B-77.17 §18 - Repealer

(CORRECTED COPY)

P.L. 2021, CHAPTER 25, approved February 22, 2021 Assembly, No. 5342 (First Reprint)

AN ACT addressing ¹certain regulated substances, with a particular 1 emphasis on possession or consumption of various forms of 2 cannabis by certain persons, and ¹[amending] revising ¹ and 3 supplementing various parts of the statutory law. 4 5 6 BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State 7 of New Jersey: 8 9 1. The title of P.L.1979, c.264 is amended to read as follows: 10 AN ACT concerning certain [alcoholic beverage and cannabis item] 11 offenses by persons under the legal age to purchase [alcoholic 12 beverages and cannabis various regulated items, supplementing chapter 33 of Title 2C of the New Jersey Statutes. 13 14 (cf: P.L.2021, c., s.72) 15 16 2. Section 1 of P.L.1979, c.264 (C.2C:33-15) is amended to read as follows: 17 1. a. (1) Any person under the legal age to purchase alcoholic 18 beverages 1, or under the legal age to purchase cannabis items, 1 19 who knowingly possesses without legal authority or who knowingly 20 consumes any alcoholic beverage ¹, cannabis item, marijuana, or 21 hashish¹ in any school, public conveyance, public place, or place of 22 public assembly, or motor vehicle ¹[, is guilty of a petty disorderly 23 persons offense, and 1 shall 1, in the case of an adult under the 24 25 legal age to purchase alcoholic beverages,] be ¹[fined not less

possessed by a person of the legal age to purchase cannabis items pursuant to section 46 **[.]** of P.L. , c. (C.) (passed both

(2) (a) Any person under the legal age to purchase cannabis

items who knowingly possesses without legal authority marijuana,

hashish, or any cannabis item, the amount of which may be lawfully

EXPLANATION – Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

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than \$250.

1 Houses on December 17, 2020 as Second Reprint of Assembly Bill 2 No. 21), in any school, public conveyance, public place, or place 3 of public assembly, or motor vehicle [, is guilty of a petty disorderly persons offense, and I shall [, in the case of an adult 4 under the legal age to purchase cannabis items,] be [fined not less 5 than \$250] subject to a civil penalty of \$50, which shall be 6 7 recovered in a civil action by a summary proceeding in the name of the municipality pursuant to the "Penalty Enforcement Law of 8 9 1999," P.L.1999, c.274 (C.2A:58-10 et seq.), except that a person 10 under the age of 18 years who violates this subparagraph shall not 11 be subject to a civil penalty but instead shall be subject to a point-12 of-violation warning or juvenile intervention, as defined in this 13 section, and which is conducted in the same manner as an action 14 referred to as a curbside warning or stationhouse adjustment, 15 respectively, would be conducted in accordance with Attorney 16 General Law Enforcement Directive No. 2020-12 as if the violation 17 were to constitute a petty disorderly persons offense, without the 18 filing of a complaint with the court. The municipal court that has 19 territorial jurisdiction over the violation and the Superior Court 20 shall both have jurisdiction of proceedings for the enforcement of 21 the civil penalty provided by this subparagraph. 22

The odor of marijuana, hashish, cannabis, or cannabis item, or burnt marijuana, hashish, cannabis, or cannabis item, shall not constitute reasonable articulable suspicion to initiate a search of a person to determine a violation of this subparagraph. A person who violates this subparagraph shall not be subject to arrest, detention, or otherwise be taken into custody except to the extent required for a juvenile intervention as permitted by this subparagraph, unless the person is being arrested, detained, or otherwise taken into custody for also committing another violation of law for which that action is legally permitted or required.

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(b) Any person under the legal age to purchase cannabis items who knowingly possesses without legal authority marijuana, hashish, or any cannabis item, the amount of which exceeds what may be lawfully possessed by a person of the legal age to purchase cannabis items pursuant to section 46 of P.L. , c. (C. (passed both Houses on December 17, 2020 as Second Reprint of Assembly Bill No. 21), or who knowingly consumes any marijuana, hashish, or cannabis item in any school, public conveyance, public place, or place of public assembly, or motor vehicle **[**, is guilty of a disorderly persons offense, and I shall [, in the case of an adult under the legal age to purchase cannabis items,] be] [fined not less than \$500 subject to lacivil penalty of \$100, which shall be recovered in a civil action by a summary proceeding in the name of the municipality pursuant to the "Penalty Enforcement Law of 1999," P.L.1999, c.274 (C.2A:58-10 et seq.), except that a person under the age of 18 years who violates this subparagraph shall not

1 be subject to a civil penalty but instead shall be subject to a point-2 of-violation warning or juvenile intervention, as defined in this 3 section, and which is conducted in the same manner as an action 4

referred to as a curbside warning or stationhouse adjustment,

respectively, would be conducted in accordance with Attorney

General Law Enforcement Directive No. 2020-12 as if the violation were to constitute a disorderly persons offense, without the filing of

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a complaint with the court. The municipal court that has territorial jurisdiction over the violation and the Superior Court shall both

have jurisdiction of proceedings for the enforcement of the civil

penalty provided by this subparagraph. the following

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(a) for a first violation, a written warning issued by a law enforcement officer to the underage person. The written warning shall include the person's name, address, and date of birth, and a copy of the warning containing this information, plus a sworn statement that includes a description of the relevant facts and circumstances that support the officer's determination that the person committed the violation, shall be temporarily maintained in accordance with this section only for the purposes of determining a second or subsequent violation subject to the consequences set forth in subparagraph (b) or (c) of this paragraph. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 3 of P.L.1991, c.169 (C.33:1-81.1a) concerning written notification of a violation of this section by a person under 18 years of age to the parent, guardian or other person having legal custody of the underage person, a written notification shall not be provided pursuant to that section for a first violation of this paragraph.

29 (b) for a second violation, a written warning issued by a law 30 enforcement officer to the underage person indicating that a second 31 violation has occurred, which includes the person's name, address, 32 and date of birth. If the violation is by a person 18 years of age or 33 older, the officer shall provide the person with informational 34 materials about how to access community services provided by 35 public or private agencies and organizations that shall assist the 36 person with opportunities to access further social services, 37 including but not limited to counseling, tutoring programs, 38 mentoring services, and faith-based or other community initiatives. 39 If the violation is by a person under 18 years of age, a written 40 notification concerning the second violation, along with a copy of 41 the written warning for the person's first violation, shall be 42 provided to the parent, guardian or other person having legal 43 custody of the underage person in accordance with section 3 of 44 P.L.1991, c.169 (C.33:1-81.1a). The written notification shall 45 include the same or similar informational materials about how to 46 access community services provided by public or private agencies 47 and organizations as those provided directly by a law enforcement 48 officer to a person 18 years of age or older who commits a second

1 violation of this paragraph. A copy of the second written warning 2 to the underage person, and, if applicable, the written notification to 3 the parent, guardian or other person having legal custody of the 4 underage person concerning the second warning, plus a sworn 5 statement that includes a description of the relevant facts and 6 circumstances that support the officer's determination that the 7 person committed the second violation, shall be temporarily 8 maintained in accordance with this section only for the purposes of 9 determining a subsequent violation subject to the consequences set 10 forth in subparagraph (c) of this paragraph.

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(c) for a third or subsequent violation, a write-up issued by a law enforcement officer to the underage person indicating that a third or subsequent violation has occurred, which includes the person's name, address, and date of birth. If the violation is by a person 18 years of age or older, the officer shall include with the write-up a referral for accessing community services provided by a public or private agency or organization, and provide notice to that agency or organization of the referral which may also be used to initiate contact with the person, and the agency or organization shall offer assistance to the person with opportunities to access further social services, including but not limited to counseling, tutoring programs, mentoring services, and faith-based or other community initiatives. If the violation is by a person under 18 years of age, a written notification concerning the third or subsequent violation shall be provided to the parent, guardian or other person having legal custody of the underage person in accordance with section 3 of P.L.1991, c.169 (C.33:1-81.1a). The written notification shall include a referral for the person and the parent, guardian or other person having legal custody of the underage person for accessing community services provided by a public or private agency or organization, and provide notice to that agency or organization of the referral which may also then be used to initiate contact with both persons, and the agency or organization shall offer assistance to both with opportunities to access further social services, including counseling, tutoring programs, mentoring services, and faith-based or other community initiatives. A copy of a write-up for a third or subsequent violation, the written notification to the parent, guardian or other person having legal custody of the underage person, if applicable, and accompanying referrals, plus a sworn statement that includes a description of the relevant facts and circumstances that support the officer's determination that the person committed the third or subsequent violation, shall be temporarily maintained in accordance with this section only to the extent necessary to track referrals to agencies and organizations, as well as for the purposes of determining a subsequent violation subject to the consequences set forth in this subparagraph.

The failure of a person under the legal age to purchase alcoholic beverages or cannabis items, or the failure of a parent, guardian or

other person having legal custody of the underage person, to accept
assistance from an agency or organization to which a law
enforcement referral was made, or to access any community
services provided by that agency or organization shall not result in
any summons, initiation of a complaint, or other legal action to be

6 <u>adjudicated and enforced in any court.</u>

(2) (a) A person under the legal age to purchase alcoholic beverages or cannabis items is not capable of giving lawful consent to a search to determine a violation of this section, and a law enforcement officer shall not request that a person consent to a search for that purpose.

(b)¹ The odor of ¹an alcoholic beverage,¹ marijuana, hashish, cannabis, or cannabis item, or burnt marijuana, hashish, cannabis, or cannabis item, shall not constitute reasonable articulable suspicion to initiate ¹an investigatory stop of a person, nor shall it constitute probable cause to initiate¹ a search of a person ¹or that person's personal property¹ to determine a violation of ¹ [this subparagraph] paragraph (1) of this subsection. Additionally, the unconcealed possession of an alcoholic beverage, marijuana, hashish, or cannabis item in violation of paragraph (1) of this subsection, observed in plain sight by a law enforcement officer, shall not constitute probable cause to initiate a search of a person or that person's personal property to determine any further violation of that paragraph or any other violation of law¹.

beverages or cannabis items¹ who violates ¹ [this subparagraph] paragraph (1) of this subsection for possessing or consuming an alcoholic beverage, marijuana, hashish, or a cannabis item¹ shall not be subject to arrest, ¹ and shall not be subject to¹ detention ¹ [.]¹ or otherwise be taken into custody ¹ by a law enforcement officer¹ except to the extent required ¹ [for a juvenile intervention as permitted by this subparagraph] to issue a written warning or writeup, provide notice of a violation to a parent, guardian or other person having legal custody of the underage person in accordance with section 3 of P.L.1991, c.169 (C.33:1-81a), or make referrals for accessing community services provided by a public or private agency or organization due to a third or subsequent violation¹, unless the person is being arrested, detained, or otherwise taken into custody for also committing another violation of law for which that

action is legally permitted or required.

¹**[**(c) (i) As used in subparagraphs (a) and (b) of this paragraph:

"Juvenile intervention" means a mechanism that allows law enforcement agencies to resolve a violation of either subparagraph by a person under the age of 18 years without formal court proceedings. A juvenile intervention, which shall be memorialized in a signed agreement, establishes one or more conditions that the

person shall meet in exchange for the law enforcement agency declining to pursue a formal delinquency complaint against the person.

"Point-of-violation warning" means a brief, informal interaction between a law enforcement officer and a person under the age of 18 years who the officer observed engage in a violation of either subparagraph. During the interaction, the officer shall counsel the person to discontinue the conduct, warn the person about the potential consequences of future delinquency, and then conclude the interaction without taking any further action. For the purposes of this definition, a point-of-violation warning does not include interactions between a person under the age of 18 years and a school resource officer or other law enforcement officer assigned to a school, as those interactions are governed by other statutes, and policies and practices established between schools and law enforcement agencies. A point-of-violation warning shall also be used for a first violation of subparagraph (b) of paragraph (12) of subsection b. of N.J.S.2C:35-5 concerning the manufacturing, distributing or dispensing, or possessing or having under control with intent to manufacture, distribute or dispense, marijuana or hashish for an offender of any age.

(ii) Point-of-violation warnings and juvenile interventions conducted pursuant to subparagraph (a) or (b) of paragraph (2) of subsection a. of this section shall be reported to the Attorney General in the same manner as curbside adjustments and stationhouse warnings, respectively, and shall be included in the statistical reporting compiled and made available by the Attorney General pursuant to Attorney General Law Enforcement Directive No. 2020-12. The Attorney General, in accordance with section 3 of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill), shall biannually issue a report detailing the statistics compiled and made available pursuant to Attorney General Law Enforcement Directive No. 2020-12. The initial report shall be issued by June 30, 2021, and every six months thereafter.

(4) Consistent with the provisions of subsection c. of section 1 of P.L.2020, c.129 (C.40A:14-118.5), the video and audio recording functions of a law enforcement officer's body worn camera, as defined in that section, shall be activated whenever the law enforcement officer is responding to a call for service related to a violation or suspected violation of paragraph (1) of this subsection for possessing or consuming an alcoholic beverage, marijuana, hashish, or a cannabis item, or at the initiation of any other law enforcement or investigative encounter between an officer and a person related to a violation or suspected violation of that paragraph, and shall remain activated until the encounter has fully concluded and the officer leaves the scene of the encounter; provided, however, that the video and audio recording functions of a body worn camera shall not be deactivated pursuant to

1 subparagraph (a) of paragraph (2) of subsection c. of P.L.2020, 2 c.129 (C.40A:14-118.5), based on a request to deactivate the 3 camera by a person who is the subject of a responsive call for 4 service or law enforcement or investigative encounter related to a 5 violation or suspected violation of paragraph (1) of this subsection.

6 (5) As part of the process for the issuance of a written warning or 7 write-up to a person for a violation of paragraph (1) of this 8 subsection, the law enforcement officer shall take possession of any 9 alcoholic beverage, marijuana, hashish, or cannabis item from the 10 person, and any drug or cannabis paraphernalia for use with any 11 marijuana, hashish, or cannabis item. The existence and description 12 of the alcoholic beverage, marijuana, hashish, or cannabis item, and any drug or cannabis paraphernalia shall be included in the sworn 13 14 statement that includes a description of the relevant facts and 15 circumstances that support the officer's determination that the 16 person committed a violation, and which record is temporarily 17 maintained in accordance with this section to determine subsequent 18 possession or consumption violations, and track referrals for accessing community services provided by a public or private 19 20 agency or organization due to a third or subsequent violation. Any 21 alcoholic beverage, marijuana, hashish, cannabis item, or drug or 22 cannabis paraphernalia obtained by the law enforcement officer 23 shall either be destroyed or secured for use in law enforcement 24 training or educational programs in accordance with applicable law 25 and directives issued by the Attorney General.

(6) With respect to any violation of paragraph (1) of this subsection concerning the possession or consumption of an alcoholic beverage, marijuana, hashish, or any cannabis item:

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- (a) a person under the legal age to purchase alcoholic beverages or cannabis items shall not be photographed or fingerprinted, notwithstanding any provisions of section 2 of P.L.1982, c.79 (C.2A:4A-61) to the contrary;
- 33 (b) (i) any copy of any written warning or write-up issued to a 34 person under the legal age to purchase alcoholic beverages or 35 cannabis items, written notification provided to the person's parent, 36 guardian or other person having legal custody in accordance with 37 section 3 of P.L.1991, c.169 (C.33:1-81.1a), sworn statement 38 describing the relevant facts and circumstances that support an 39 officer's determination that a person committed a violation, or 40 referrals for accessing community services provided by a public or 41 private agency or organization pertaining to a third or subsequent 42 violation shall be segregated and maintained in a separate physical 43 location or electronic repository or database from any other records 44 maintained by a law enforcement agency, and reported to the 45 Attorney General in a manner so that they are similarly segregated and maintained in a separate physical location or electronic 46 repository or database from other law enforcement records accessible to the Attorney General and State and local law
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enforcement agencies, and shall not be transferred to or copied and placed in any other physical location or electronic repository or database containing any other law enforcement records. These records shall only be used to the extent necessary to determine a subsequent violation of paragraph (1) of this subsection or to track referrals to agencies and organizations, and shall not be revealed, reviewed, or considered in any manner with respect to any current or subsequent juvenile delinquency matter, including but not limited to, a charge, filing, eligibility or decision for diversion or discharge, or sentencing, other disposition, or related decision affecting the juvenile, or with respect to any current or subsequent prosecution for committing an offense or other violation of law, including but not limited to, a charge, filing, eligibility or decision for diversion or discharge, or sentencing, other disposition, or related decision affecting an adult under 21 years of age. Also, these records shall be deemed confidential and shall not be subject to public inspection or copying pursuant to the provisions of P.L.1963, c.73 (C.47:1A-1 et seq.), and their existence shall not be acknowledged based upon any inquiry in the same manner as if the records were expunged records pursuant to the provisions of subsection a. of N.J.S.2C:52-

The Attorney General may use the records described herein to generate the number of occurrences and other statistics concerning first, second, third and subsequent violations of paragraph (1) of this subsection, the municipal, county or other geographic areas within which first, second, third and subsequent violations occur, and the law enforcement agencies involved in first, second, third and subsequent violations, which are to be compiled and made available by the Attorney General in accordance with section 4 of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill). The identity of any person named in a record shall not be revealed or included in the information to be compiled and made available in accordance with that section.

The records of violations shall only be maintained temporarily and shall be destroyed or permanently deleted as set forth in subparagraph (c) of this paragraph.

(ii) any records pertaining to a person's acceptance of assistance from an agency or organization to which a law enforcement referral was made shall not be revealed, reviewed, or considered in any manner with respect to any current or subsequent juvenile delinquency matter, including but not limited to, a charge, filing, eligibility or decision for diversion or discharge, or sentencing, other disposition, or related decision affecting the juvenile, or with respect to any current or subsequent prosecution for committing an offense or other violation of law, including but not limited to, a charge, filing, eligibility or decision for diversion or discharge, or sentencing, other disposition, or related decision affecting an adult under 21 years of age. Also, these records shall be deemed

confidential and shall not be subject to public inspection or copying pursuant to the provisions of P.L.1963, c.73 (C.47:1A-1 et seq.), and their existence shall not be acknowledged based upon any inquiry in the same manner as if the records were expunged records pursuant to the provisions of subsection a. of N.J.S.2C:52-15.

- (c) all of the records maintained by a law enforcement agency and reported to the Attorney General as described in subsubparagraph (i) of subparagraph (b) of this paragraph shall be destroyed or permanently deleted by the law enforcement agency and Attorney General on the second anniversary following the creation of the record concerning a violation, or not later than the last day of the month in which that second anniversary date falls, or alternatively not later than the 21st birthday of a person who is the subject of a record, or not later than the last day of the month in which that birthday falls, whichever date occurs sooner, except that a record shall be maintained upon request by the person named in the record or representative thereof, the law enforcement officer who made the record, or the law enforcement agency currently maintaining the record if it involves a lawsuit, disciplinary complaint, or criminal prosecution arising from the violation described in the record, based on an assertion that the record has evidentiary or exculpatory value. Upon final disposition of the matter for which the extended record retention was requested, the record shall be destroyed or permanently deleted.
 - (d) A law enforcement officer shall be guilty of the crime of official deprivation of civil rights as set forth in section 3 of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill) for violating the provisions of paragraph (1) of this subsection that address law enforcement actions involving persons who are under the legal age to purchase alcoholic beverages or cannabis items. ¹

b. ¹[Whenever [this offense] <u>a violation of subsection a. of this section</u> is committed in a motor vehicle, the court shall, in addition to the sentence authorized [for the offense] <u>under that subsection</u>, suspend or postpone for six months the driving privilege of the defendant. Upon the conviction <u>of finding of guilt</u> of any person under this section, the court shall forward a report to the New Jersey Motor Vehicle Commission stating the first and last day of the suspension or postponement period imposed by the court pursuant to this section. If a person at the time of the imposition of a sentence is less than 17 years of age, the period of license postponement, including a suspension or postponement of the privilege of operating a motorized bicycle, shall commence on the day the sentence is imposed and shall run for a period of six months after the person reaches the age of 17 years.

If a person at the time of the imposition of a sentence has a valid driver's license issued by this State, the court shall immediately collect the license and forward it to the commission along with the report. If for any reason the license cannot be collected, the court

shall include in the report the complete name, address, date of birth, eye color, and sex of the person as well as the first and last date of the license suspension period imposed by the court.

The court shall inform the person orally and in writing that if the person is convicted of operating a motor vehicle during the period of license suspension or postponement, the person shall be subject to the penalties set forth in R.S.39:3-40. A person shall be required to acknowledge receipt of the written notice in writing. Failure to receive a written notice or failure to acknowledge in writing the receipt of a written notice shall not be a defense to a subsequent charge of a violation of R.S.39:3-40.

If the person convicted <u>or found guilty</u> under this section is not a New Jersey resident, the court shall suspend or postpone, as appropriate, the non-resident driving privilege of the person based on the age of the person and submit to the commission the required report. The court shall not collect the license of a non-resident convicted under this section. Upon receipt of a report by the court, the commission shall notify the appropriate officials in the licensing jurisdiction of the suspension or postponement.

[Deleted by amendment, P.L. , c.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill)
[Deleted by amendment, P.L. , c.)

- [In addition to the general [penalty] penalties prescribed [for a disorderly persons offense] under this section, the court may require any person who violates [this act] paragraph (1) of subsection a. of this section for possession or consumption of an alcoholic beverage to participate in an alcohol or drug abuse education or treatment program, authorized by the Division of Mental Health and Addiction Services in the Department of Human Services, for a period not to exceed [the maximum period of confinement prescribed by law for the offense for which the individual has been convicted] 30 days.] (Deleted by amendment, P.L., c.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill)
- d. Nothing in this act shall apply to possession of alcoholic beverages by any such person while actually engaged in the performance of employment pursuant to an employment permit issued by the Director of the Division of Alcoholic Beverage Control, or for a bona fide hotel or restaurant, in accordance with the provisions of R.S.33:1-26, or while actively engaged in the preparation of food while enrolled in a culinary arts or hotel management program at a county vocational school or post-secondary educational institution; and nothing in this section shall apply to possession of cannabis items by any such person while actually engaged in the performance of employment by a cannabis establishment, distributor, or delivery service as permitted pursuant to the "New Jersey Cannabis Regulatory, Enforcement Assistance, and Marketplace Modernization Act," P.L. , c. (C.) (passed

- both Houses on December 17, 2020 as Second Reprint of Assembly
 Bill No. 21).
- e. ¹[The] Except as otherwise provided in this section, the ¹ provisions of section 3 of P.L.1991, c.169 (C.33:1-81.1a) shall apply to a parent, guardian or other person with legal custody of a person under 18 years of age who is found to be in violation of this section.
 - f. An underage person and one or two other persons shall be immune from prosecution under this section if:
 - (1) one of the underage persons called 9-1-1 and reported that another underage person was in need of medical assistance due to alcohol consumption , or the consumption of <u>marijuana</u>, <u>hashish</u>, or a cannabis item;
 - (2) the underage person who called 9-1-1 and, if applicable, one or two other persons acting in concert with the underage person who called 9-1-1 provided each of their names to the 9-1-1 operator;
 - (3) the underage person was the first person to make the 9-1-1 report; and
 - (4) the underage person and, if applicable, one or two other persons acting in concert with the underage person who made the 9-1-1 call remained on the scene with the person under the legal age in need of medical assistance until assistance arrived and cooperated with medical assistance and law enforcement personnel on the scene.
 - The underage person who received medical assistance also shall be immune from prosecution under this section.
 - g. For purposes of this section, an alcoholic beverage includes powdered alcohol as defined by R.S.33:1-1, [and] a cannabis item includes any item available for lawful consumption pursuant to the "New Jersey Cannabis Regulatory, Enforcement Assistance, and
- 32 Marketplace Modernization Act," P.L. , c. (C.) (passed both
- Houses on December 17, 2020 as Second Reprint of Assembly Bill
- No. 21), and the terms "marijuana" and "hashish" have the same
- 35 meaning as set forth in N.J.S.2C:35-2 ¹, and the terms "drug
- 36 paraphernalia" and "cannabis paraphernalia" have the same
- meaning as set forth in N.J.S.2C:36-1 and section 3 of P.L.
- 38 c. (C.) (passed both Houses on December 17, 2020 as Second
- 39 Reprint of Assembly Bill No. 21), respectively .
- 40 (cf: P.L.2021, c., s.73)

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- 42 ¹[3. N.J.S.2C:35-5 is amended to read as follows:
- 43 2C:35-5. Manufacturing, Distributing or Dispensing. a. Except
- 44 as authorized by P.L.1970, c.226 (C.24:21-1 et seq.), it shall be
- unlawful for any person knowingly or purposely:

(1) To manufacture, distribute or dispense, or to possess or have under his control with intent to manufacture, distribute or dispense, a controlled dangerous substance or controlled substance analog; or

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- (2) To create, distribute, or possess or have under his control with intent to distribute, a counterfeit controlled dangerous substance.
 - b. Any person who violates subsection a. with respect to:
- (1) Heroin, or its analog, or coca leaves and any salt, compound, derivative, or preparation of coca leaves, and any salt, compound, derivative, or preparation thereof which is chemically equivalent or identical with any of these substances, or analogs, except that the substances shall not include decocainized coca leaves or extractions 3,4do not contain cocaine or ecogine, or methylenedioxymethamphetamine 3.4or methylenedioxyamphetamine, in a quantity of five ounces or more including any adulterants or dilutants is guilty of a crime of the first degree. The defendant shall, except as provided in N.J.S.2C:35-12, be sentenced to a term of imprisonment by the court. The term of imprisonment shall include the imposition of a minimum term which shall be fixed at, or between, one-third and one-half of the sentence imposed, during which the defendant shall be ineligible for parole. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection a. of N.J.S.2C:43-3, a fine of up to \$500,000 may be imposed;
 - (2) A substance referred to in paragraph (1) of this subsection, in a quantity of one-half ounce or more but less than five ounces, including any adulterants or dilutants is guilty of a crime of the second degree;
 - (3) A substance referred to paragraph (1) of this subsection in a quantity less than one-half ounce including any adulterants or dilutants is guilty of a crime of the third degree except that, notwithstanding the provisions of subsection b. of N.J.S.2C:43-3, a fine of up to \$75,000 may be imposed;
 - (4) A substance classified as a narcotic drug in Schedule I or II other than those specifically covered in this section, or the analog of any such substance, in a quantity of one ounce or more including any adulterants or dilutants is guilty of a crime of the second degree;
 - (5) A substance classified as a narcotic drug in Schedule I or II other than those specifically covered in this section, or the analog of any such substance, in a quantity of less than one ounce including any adulterants or dilutants is guilty of a crime of the third degree except that, notwithstanding the provisions of subsection b. of N.J.S.2C:43-3, a fine of up to \$75,000 may be imposed;
 - (6) Lysergic acid diethylamide, or its analog, in a quantity of 100 milligrams or more including any adulterants or dilutants, or phencyclidine, or its analog, in a quantity of 10 grams or more including any adulterants or dilutants, is guilty of a crime of the first degree. Except as provided in N.J.S.2C:35-12, the court shall

impose a term of imprisonment which shall include the imposition of a minimum term, fixed at, or between, one-third and one-half of the sentence imposed by the court, during which the defendant shall be ineligible for parole. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection a. of N.J.S.2C:43-3, a fine of up to \$500,000 may be imposed;

- (7) Lysergic acid diethylamide, or its analog, in a quantity of less than 100 milligrams including any adulterants or dilutants, or where the amount is undetermined, or phencyclidine, or its analog, in a quantity of less than 10 grams including any adulterants or dilutants, or where the amount is undetermined, is guilty of a crime of the second degree;
- (8) Methamphetamine, or its analog, or phenyl-2-propanone (P2P), in a quantity of five ounces or more including any adulterants or dilutants is guilty of a crime of the first degree. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection a. of N.J.S.2C:43-3, a fine of up to \$300,000 may be imposed;
- (9) (a) Methamphetamine, or its analog, or phenyl-2-propanone (P2P), in a quantity of one-half ounce or more but less than five ounces including any adulterants or dilutants is guilty of a crime of the second degree;
- (b) Methamphetamine, or its analog, or phenyl-2-propanone (P2P), in a quantity of less than one-half ounce including any adulterants or dilutants is guilty of a crime of the third degree except that notwithstanding the provisions of subsection b. of N.J.S.2C:43-3, a fine of up to \$75,000 may be imposed;
- (10) (a) Marijuana in a quantity of 25 pounds or more including any adulterants or dilutants, or 50 or more marijuana plants, regardless of weight, or hashish in a quantity of five pounds or more including any adulterants or dilutants, is guilty of a crime of the first degree. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection a. of N.J.S.2C:43-3, a fine of up to \$300,000 may be imposed;
- (b) Marijuana in a quantity of five pounds or more but less than 25 pounds including any adulterants or dilutants, or 10 or more but fewer than 50 marijuana plants, regardless of weight, or hashish in a quantity of one pound or more but less than five pounds, including any adulterants and dilutants, is guilty of a crime of the second degree;
- (11) (a) Prior to the effective date of P.L. , c. (C.) (passed both Houses on December 17, 2020 as Second Reprint of Assembly Bill No. 21), marijuana in a quantity of one ounce or more but less than five pounds including any adulterants or dilutants, or hashish in a quantity of five grams or more but less than one pound including any adulterants or dilutants, is guilty of a crime of the third degree except that, notwithstanding the provisions of subsection b. of N.J.S.2C:43-3, a fine of up to \$25,000 may be imposed;

(b) On and after the effective date of P.L. , c. (C.) (passed both Houses on December 17, 2020 as Second Reprint of Assembly Bill No. 21), marijuana in a quantity of more than one ounce but less than five pounds including any adulterants or dilutants, or hashish in a quantity of more than five grams but less than one pound including any adulterants or dilutants, is guilty of a crime of the third degree except that, notwithstanding the provisions of subsection b. of N.J.S.2C:43-3, a fine of up to \$25,000 may be imposed;

- (12) (a) Prior to the effective date of P.L. , c. (C.) (passed both Houses on December 17, 2020 as Second Reprint of Assembly Bill No. 21), marijuana in a quantity of less than one ounce including any adulterants or dilutants, or hashish in a quantity of less than five grams including any adulterants or dilutants, is guilty of a crime of the fourth degree;
- (b) On and after the effective date of P.L. , c. (C.) (passed both Houses on December 17, 2020 as Second Reprint of Assembly Bill No. 21), marijuana in a quantity of one ounce or less including any adulterants or dilutants, or hashish in a quantity of five grams or less including any adulterants or dilutants, is, for a first offense, subject to a [written] point-of-violation warning, as defined in section 1 of P.L.1979, c.264 (C.2C:33-15), which also [indicates] includes a written indication that any subsequent violation is a crime punishable by a term of imprisonment, a fine, or both, and for a second or subsequent offense, is guilty of a crime of the fourth degree;
 - (i) The odor of marijuana or hashish, or burnt marijuana or hashish, shall not constitute reasonable articulable suspicion to initiate a search of a person to determine a violation of subparagraph (b) of paragraph (12) of this subsection. A person who violates this subparagraph shall not be subject to arrest, detention, or otherwise be taken into custody, unless the person is being arrested, detained, or otherwise taken into custody for also committing another violation of law for which that action is legally permitted or required;
 - (ii) A person shall not be deprived of any legal or civil right, privilege, benefit, or opportunity provided pursuant to any law solely by reason of committing a violation of subparagraph (b) of paragraph (12) of this subsection, nor shall committing one or more violations modify any legal or civil right, privilege, benefit, or opportunity provided pursuant to any law, including, but not limited to, the granting, renewal, forfeiture, or denial of a license, permit, or certification, qualification for and the receipt, alteration, continuation, or denial of any form of financial assistance, housing assistance, or other social services, rights of or custody by a biological parent, or adoptive or foster parent, or other legal guardian of a child or newborn infant, or pregnant woman, in any action or proceeding by the Division of Child Protection and

Permanency in the Department of Children and Families, or qualification, approval, or disapproval to serve as a foster parent or other legal guardian;

- Point-of-violation warnings conducted pursuant 4 5 subparagraph (b) of paragraph (12) of subsection b. of this section shall be reported to the Attorney General in the same manner as 6 7 actions referred to as curbside adjustments pursuant to Attorney 8 General Law Enforcement Directive No. 2020-12, and this 9 reporting may also include information for use in determining 10 whether a person who violates this subparagraph had previously 11 been subjected to a point-of-violation warning for a prior violation 12 of this subparagraph, provided that the information may be used for 13 that purpose only and shall not be included in the statistical 14 reporting compiled and made available by the Attorney General in 15 accordance with section 3 of P.L. , c. (C.) (pending before 16 the Legislature as this bill) and pursuant to Attorney General Law 17 Enforcement Directive No. 2020-12.
- 18 (iv) All local and county law enforcement authorities shall, 19 following the submission process used for the uniform crime 20 reporting system established by P.L.1966, c.37 (C.52:17B-21 5.1 et seq.), submit a quarterly report to the Uniform Crime 22 Reporting Unit, within the Division of State Police in the 23 Department of Law and Public Safety, or to another designated 24 recipient determined by the Attorney General, containing the 25 number of second or subsequent violations of subparagraph (b) of 26 paragraph (12) of this subsection committed within their respective 27 jurisdictions, plus the race, ethnicity, gender, and age of each 28 person committing a violation, and the disposition of each person's 29 violation. These violations and associated information, along with 30 a quarterly summary of violations investigated, and associated 31 information collected, by the Division of State Police for the same 32 period shall be summarized by county and municipality in an annual 33 report, and both quarterly summaries and annual reports shall be 34 made available at no cost to the public on the Division of State 35 Police's Internet website;
 - (13) Any other controlled dangerous substance classified in Schedule I, II, III or IV, or its analog, is guilty of a crime of the third degree, except that, notwithstanding the provisions of subsection b. of N.J.S.2C:43-3, a fine of up to \$25,000 may be imposed; or

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- (14) Any Schedule V substance, or its analog, is guilty of a crime of the fourth degree except that, notwithstanding the provisions of subsection b. of N.J.S.2C:43-3, a fine of up to \$25,000 may be imposed.
- c. Where the degree of the offense for violation of this section depends on the quantity of the substance, the quantity involved shall be determined by the trier of fact, other than with respect to a first violation of subparagraph (b) of paragraph (12) of subsection

1 b. of this section which is subject to a written point-of-violation 2 warning as set forth in that subparagraph. Where the indictment or 3 accusation so provides, the quantity involved in individual acts of 4 manufacturing, distribution, dispensing or possessing with intent to 5 distribute may be aggregated in determining the grade of the 6 offense, whether distribution or dispensing is to the same person or 7 several persons, provided that each individual act of manufacturing, 8 distribution, dispensing or possession with intent to distribute was 9 committed within the applicable statute of limitations. 10

(cf: P.L.2021, c. , s.55)]¹

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12 ¹3. (New section) A law enforcement officer, when responding 13 to a call for service or upon the initiation of any other law 14 enforcement or investigative encounter related to a violation or 15 suspected violation of paragraph (1) of subsection a. of section 1 of 16 P.L.1979, c.264 (C.2C:33-15), concerning the possession or 17 consumption of alcoholic beverages, marijuana, hashish, or any 18 cannabis item by a person under the legal age to purchase alcoholic 19 beverages or cannabis items, shall be guilty of a crime of official 20 deprivation of civil rights as defined in section 2 of P.L.2003, c.31 21 (C.2C:30-6) if that officer knowingly violates the provisions of 22 subsection a. of section 1 of P.L.1979, c.264 (C.2C:33-15) that 23 address law enforcement actions involving persons who are under 24 the legal age to purchase alcoholic beverages or cannabis items by 25 requesting that a person consent to a search who is not capable of 26 giving lawful consent or searching a person after wrongfully 27 obtaining that person's consent, initiating an investigatory stop 28 without reasonable articulable suspicion, initiating a search without 29 probable cause, issuing a warning or write-up without a proper basis 30 that a person committed a violation, or detaining or taking into 31 custody a person in a manner or for a longer period beyond the 32 extent required to issue a warning or write-up, or arresting a person 33 for a possession or consumption violation of paragraph (1) of 34 subsection a. of section 1 of P.L.1979, c.264 (C.2C:33-15), or if that 35 officer knowingly engages in any other unlawful act, as described in 36 subsection e. of section 2 of P.L.2003, c.31 (C.2C:30-6), against the 37 person arising out of the call for service or initiation of any other 38 law enforcement or investigative encounter, including but not 39 limited to the unjustified use of force in violation of N.J.S.2C:3-7. 40 A violation set forth in this section shall not require that the law 41 enforcement officer have acted with the purpose to intimidate or 42 discriminate against a person or group of persons because of race, 43 color, religion, gender, handicap, sexual orientation or ethnicity. A 44 violation of this section shall be graded in the same manner as set forth in section 2 of P.L.2003, c.21 (C.2C:30-6) for other crimes of 45 46 official deprivation of civil rights.¹

1 4. (New section) a. (1) The Attorney General shall biannually 2 issue a comprehensive report detailing the ¹number of occurrences and other statistics for , without revealing or including any 3 personal identifying information, concerning first, second, third and 4 5 subsequent violations of paragraph (1) of subsection a. of section 1 6 of P.L.1979, c.264 (C.2C:33-15) involving the possession or 7 consumption of any alcoholic beverage, marijuana, hashish, or 8 cannabis items by persons under the legal age to purchase alcoholic 9 beverages or cannabis items, the municipal, county or other 10 geographic areas within which first, second, third and subsequent 11 violations occur, and the law enforcement agencies involved in first, second, third and subsequent violations, covering the 12 previous six-month period ¹[on all point-of-violation warnings and 13 14 juvenile interventions conducted pursuant section 1 of P.L.1979, 15 c.264 (C.2C:33-15) for violations of that section involving underage 16 possession or consumption of marijuana, hashish, or cannabis items, 17 which were compiled and made available in accordance with that 18 section and pursuant to Attorney General Law Enforcement 19 Directive No. 2020-12]¹. The initial report shall be issued by June 30, 2021, ¹the second report shall be issued by January 30, 2022, ¹ 20 and ¹then the next report issued ¹ every six months thereafter. Each 21 22 report shall also be submitted to the Governor and the Legislature 23 pursuant to section 2 of P.L.1991, c.164 (C.52:14-19.1). 24

¹(2) The Attorney General shall also make reports available to the task force established pursuant to subsection b. of this section based on the Attorney General's periodic review of body worn camera recordings of law enforcement officers responding to a call for service related to a violation or suspected violation of paragraph (1) of subsection a. of section 1 of P.L.1979, c.264 (C.2C:33-15), or at the initiation of any other law enforcement or investigative encounter between an officer and a person related to a violation or suspected violation of that paragraph, which recordings are required to be made in accordance with paragraph (4) of subsection a. of section 1 of P.L.1979, c.264 (C.2C:33-15). The periodic review shall be conducted using body worn camera recordings both selected by the Attorney General and randomly determined, and the task force may request an Attorney General review a particular municipality, region, or time period. The identity of any person included in a recording reviewed by the Attorney General shall be kept confidential and shall not be revealed to the members of the task force or any staff provided to the task force by the Department of Law and Public Safety pursuant to paragraph (6) of subsection b. of this section to support its work.

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b. (1) A taskforce shall be established in the Department of Law and Public Safety, comprised of 26 members to review each

1 Attorney General report described in subsection a. of this section, and make recommendations thereon to the Governor and

- 1 Legislature related to law enforcement activities to address the
- enforcement of underage possession or consumption of ¹alcoholic 2
- beverages, 1 marijuana, hashish, or cannabis items in violation of 3
- section 1 of P.L.1979, c.264 (C.2C:33-15), as well as the broader 4
- 5 issue of underage possession or consumption of these substances.
 - (2) The membership of the taskforce shall include the following individuals:
 - (a) the Attorney General, or a designee;
 - (b) the Public Defender, or a designee;

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- 10 (c) the Commissioner of the Department of Children and 11 Families, or a designee;
 - (d) the Commissioner of Education, or a designee;
- 13 (e) a representative from the Juvenile Justice Commission, 14 appointed by the Governor;
 - (f) a representative from the Division of Criminal Justice in the Department of Law and Public Safety, appointed by the Governor;
- 17 (g) the Chair of the Governor's Juvenile Justice Delinquency and 18 Prevention Committee;
- 19 (h) two members appointed by the Governor upon the recommendation of the President of the Senate ¹, at least one of 20 whom shall be a member of the Legislative Black Caucus or 21
- Legislative Latino Caucus, determined in coordination with the 22
- 23 members recommended by the Speaker of the General Assembly
- 24 pursuant to subparagraph (i) of this paragraph, so that there is at
- 25 least one member of each caucus serving as a member of the task force¹; 26
- 27 (i) two members appointed by the Governor upon the recommendation of the Speaker of the General Assembly ¹, at least
- 29 one of whom shall be a member of the Legislative Black Caucus or
- Legislative Latino Caucus, determined in coordination with the 30
- members recommended by the Senate President pursuant to 31
- 32 subparagraph (h) of this paragraph, so that there is at least one
- 33 member of each caucus serving as a member of the task force 1;
- 34 (i) ¹ [a Judge of the Superior Court, who is currently assigned to the Chancery Division, Family Part for juvenile delinquency 35 matters, to be chosen by **]**¹ the Administrative Director of the Courts 36
- ¹, or a designee ¹; 37
- (k) a representative from the New Jersey Institute for Social 38 39 Justice, appointed by the Governor;
- (1) a representative from the American Civil Liberties Union of 40 41 New Jersey, appointed by the Governor;
- 42 (m) a representative from the County Prosecutors Association of
- 43 New Jersey who is actively and presently involved in juvenile 44 matters, appointed by the Governor;
- 45 (n) a representative from the New Jersey Juvenile Officers
- 46 Association, appointed by the Governor;

1 (o) one representative each from the Annie E. Casey Foundation 2 and Vera Institute of Justice, both appointed by the Governor;

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- (p) a representative of the NAACP New Jersey State Conference, appointed by the Governor;
- 5 (q) a representative of Salvation and Social Justice, appointed by 6 the Governor;
 - (r) a representative from the County Youth Services Commission Administrators, appointed by the Governor;
 - (s) a representative from the faith-based ethical community in New Jersey, appointed by the Governor;
 - (t) a representative of an employee organization representing employees who work at juvenile justice facilities, appointed by the Governor; and
 - (u) three representatives who have been involved with the New Jersey juvenile justice system, appointed by the Governor, including at least one representative of a non-profit organization that deals with juvenile justice issues and at least one individual who has been subject to the custody of the juvenile justice system.
 - (3) All members appointed by the Governor ¹, other than the members of the Legislature recommended for appointment, ¹ shall serve at the pleasure of the Governor. ¹The members of the Legislature shall serve on the task force during their elective term of office. ¹ Any vacancies in the membership of the task force shall be filled in the same manner as the original appointments were made.
 - (4) Members of the task force shall serve without compensation, but shall be reimbursed for necessary expenditures incurred in the performance of their duties as members of the task force within the limits of funds appropriated or otherwise made available to the task force for its purposes.
 - (5) The task force shall organize as soon as practicable following the appointment of its members. The task force shall choose a chairperson from among its members and shall appoint a secretary who need not be a member of the task force.
 - (6) The Department of Law and Public Safety shall provide such stenographic, clerical, and other administrative assistants, and such professional staff as the task force requires to carry out its work.
- 39 ¹5. Section 41 of P.L. , c. (C.) (passed both Houses of 40 the Legislature on December 17, 2020 as Second Reprint of 41 Assembly Bill No. 21) is amended to read as follows:
- 42 41. Cannabis Regulatory, Enforcement Assistance, and 43 Marketplace Modernization Fund.
- a. All fees and penalties collected by the commission, and all tax revenues on retail sales of cannabis items, and all tax revenues collected pursuant to the provisions of the "Jake Honig Compassionate Use Medical Cannabis Act," P.L.2009, c.307

- 1 (C.24:6I-1 et al.), except for amounts credited to the Property Tax
- 2 Reform Account in the Property Tax Relief Fund pursuant to
- 3 paragraph 7 of Section I of Article VIII of the New Jersey
- 4 Constitution, as well as all revenues, if any, collected for the Social
- 5 Equity Excise Fee pursuant to section 39 of P.L. , c. (C.
- 6 (passed both Houses of the Legislature on December 17, 2020 as
- 7 Second Reprint of Assembly Bill No. 21), shall be deposited in a
- 8 special nonlapsing fund which shall be known as the "Cannabis
- 9 Regulatory, Enforcement Assistance, and Marketplace
- 10 Modernization Fund [.]," with 15 percent of the monies deposited
- being placed into an account within the fund to be known as the
- 12 "Underage Deterrence and Prevention Account."
- b. Monies in the fund, other than any monies derived from the
- 14 Social Equity Excise Fee to be appropriated annually in accordance
- 15 with subsection d. of this section and the monies placed into the
- 16 "Underage Deterrence and Prevention Account" within the fund for
- 17 the commission to fund programs and services in accordance with
- 18 <u>subsection e. of this section,</u> shall be appropriated annually as
- 19 follows:
- 20 (1) at least 70 percent of all tax revenues on retail sales of
- 21 cannabis items shall be appropriated for investments, including
- 22 through grants, loans, reimbursements of expenses, and other
- financial assistance, in municipalities defined as an "impact zone"
- pursuant to section 3 of P.L. , c. (C.) (passed both Houses
- of the Legislature on December 17, 2020 as Second Reprint of
- Assembly Bill No. 21), as well as provide direct financial assistance
 - to qualifying persons residing therein as recommended by the
- 28 commission; and

- 29 (2) the remainder of the monies in the fund shall be appropriated
- 30 by the Legislature to include the following:
- 31 (a) to oversee the development, regulation, and enforcement of
- 32 activities associated with the personal use of cannabis pursuant to
- 33 P.L., c. (C.) (passed both Houses of the Legislature on
- December 17, 2020 as Second Reprint of Assembly Bill No. 21),
- 35 and assist with assuming responsibility from the Department of
- 36 Health for the further development and expansion, regulation, and
- 37 enforcement of activities associated with the medical use of
- 38 cannabis pursuant to the "Jake Honig Compassionate Use Medical
- 39 Cannabis Act," P.L.2009, c.307 (C.24:6I-1 et al.) and P.L.2015,
- 40 c.158 (C.18A:40-12.22 et al.);
- 41 (b) to reimburse the expenses incurred by any county or
- 42 municipality for the training costs associated with the attendance
- 43 and participation of a police officer from its law enforcement unit,
- as those terms are defined in section 2 of P.L.1961, c.56 (C.52:17B-
- 45 67), in a program provided by an approved school, also defined in
- 46 that section, which trains and certifies the police officer, including a
- 47 police officer with a working dog as that term is defined in section
- 48 1 of P.L.2006, c.88 (C.10:5-29.7), as a Drug Recognition Expert for

1 detecting, identifying, and apprehending drug-impaired motor 2 vehicle operators, and pay for the same training costs incurred by 3 the Division of State Police in the Department of Law and Public 4 Safety for the training of a State police officer or trooper, including 5 an officer or trooper with a working dog, as a Drug Recognition 6 Expert, as well as its costs in furnishing additional program 7 instructors to provide Drug Recognition Expert training to police 8 officers, troopers, and working dogs. A municipality or county 9 seeking reimbursement shall apply to the commission, itemizing the 10 costs, with appropriate proofs, for which reimbursement is 11 requested and provide a copy of the certificate issued to the police 12 officer to indicate the successful completion of the program by the

police officer, and that officer's working dog, if applicable; and

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- (c) for further investments, including through grants, loans, reimbursements of expenses, and other financial assistance, in municipalities defined as an "impact zone" pursuant to section 3 of P.L., c. (C.) (passed both Houses of the Legislature on December 17, 2020 as Second Reprint of Assembly Bill No. 21), as well as provide direct financial assistance to qualifying persons residing therein as recommended by the commission.
- The monies appropriated pursuant to paragraph (1) of this subsection shall be offset by any revenue constitutionally dedicated to municipalities defined as an "impact zone" pursuant to section 3 of P.L. , c. (C.) (passed both Houses of the Legislature on December 17, 2020 as Second Reprint of Assembly Bill No. 21).
- c. Any remaining available monies, after the appropriation of those monies in the fund in accordance with subsection b. of this section, shall be deposited in the State's General Fund.
- 29 (1) (a) Not less than 60 days prior to the first day of each 30 State fiscal year, the commission shall consult and make 31 recommendations to the Governor and Legislature for making social 32 equity appropriations based upon the amount of any revenues 33 collected during the current fiscal year for the Social Equity Excise 34 Fee pursuant to section 39 of P.L. , c. (C.) (passed both 35 Houses of the Legislature on December 17, 2020 as Second Reprint 36 of Assembly Bill No. 21), or, if the commission has not imposed or 37 adjusted the excise fee in the current fiscal year pursuant to that 38 section, then appropriations to be made from the General Fund in an 39 amount equal to the revenues that would have been collected had it 40 imposed or adjusted the fee, in order to invest, through grants, 41 loans, reimbursements of expenses, and other financial assistance, 42 in private for-profit and non-profit organizations, public entities, 43 including any municipality defined as an "impact zone" pursuant to 44 section 3 of P.L. , c. (C.) (passed both Houses of the 45 Legislature on December 17, 2020 as Second Reprint of Assembly 46 Bill No. 21), as well as provide direct financial assistance to 47 qualifying persons as determined by the commission, in order to 48 create, expand, or promote educational and economic opportunities

and activities, and the health and well-being of both communities and individuals.

- (b) Not less than 30 days prior to submitting its recommendations to the Governor and Legislature pursuant to subparagraph (a) of this paragraph, the commission shall hold at least three regional public hearing throughout the State, with at least one hearing in the northern, central, and southern regions of the State, to solicit the public input on the social equity investments to be made as described in this section.
- (2) The commission's recommendations to the Governor and Legislature may include, but are not limited to, recommending investments in the following categories of social equity programs:
- (a) educational support, including literacy programs, extended learning time programs that endeavor to close the achievement gap and provide services for enrolled students after the traditional school day, GED application and preparedness assistance, tutoring programs, vocational programming, and financial literacy;
- (b) economic development, including the encouragement and support of community activities so as to stimulate economic activity or increase or preserve residential amenities, and business marketing, and job skills and readiness training, specific employment training, and apprenticeships;
- (c) social support services, including food assistance, mental health services, substance use disorders treatment and recovery, youth recreation and mentoring services, life skills support services, and reentry and other rehabilitative services for adults and juveniles being released from incarceration; and
- (d) legal aid for civil and criminal cases, <u>regardless of a party's</u> citizenship or immigration status.
- (3) The commission may also, subject to the annual appropriations act, recommend that it retain a portion of the Social Equity Excise Fee to administer startup grants, low-interest loans, application fee assistance, and job training programs through the commission's Office of Minority, Disabled Veterans and Women Cannabis Business Development established by section 32 of P.L.2019, c.153 (24:6I-25).
- (4) Prior to the first day of each fiscal year, the Legislature shall provide to the commission a statement which lists the investments, including the investment recipients and investment amount, to be made by appropriations as set forth in paragraph (1) of this subsection based upon recommendations presented to the Governor and Legislature pursuant to paragraphs (1) through (3) of this subsection, and how the investment is intended to support and advance social equity as described in this subsection.
- e. The monies deposited in the "Underage Deterrence and Prevention Account" within the fund shall be used by the commission, based on the acceptance of applications submitted on a form and through an approval or denial process promulgated by the

1 commission, to fund private for-profit and non-profit organizations, 2 and county and municipal programs and services that offer social 3 services, educational, recreational, and employment opportunities, 4 and local economic development designed to encourage, improve, 5 and support youthful community activities to divert and prevent 6 persons under 18 years of age from activities associated with the consumption of cannabis items, or marijuana or hashish.¹ 7 8 (cf: P.L.2021, c., s.41) 9 10 ¹6. (New section) a. A person who is not otherwise subject to 11 the penalty provisions for a licensed cannabis establishment, 12 distributor, or delivery service, or agent or employee thereof, for 13 selling or otherwise providing a cannabis item to a person under 21 14 years of age as set forth in section 64 of P.L. , c. (C.) 15 (passed both Houses of the Legislature on December 17, 2020 as 16 Second Reprint of Assembly Bill No. 21), shall not, either directly 17 or indirectly by an agent or employee, sell, offer for sale, distribute 18 for commercial purpose or otherwise at no cost or minimal cost or 19 with coupons or rebate offers, give, or furnish, any cannabis item as 20 defined in section 3 of P.L., c. (C.) (passed both Houses of the Legislature on December 17, 2020 as Second Reprint of 21 22 Assembly Bill No. 21) to a person under 21 years of age. 23 b. A person who violates the provisions of subsection a. of this 24 section who actually sells or otherwise provides a cannabis item to 25 a person under 21 years of age, shall be liable to a civil penalty of 26 not less than \$250 for the first violation, not less than \$500 for the 27 second violation, and shall be guilty of a petty disorderly persons offense for the third and each subsequent violation. The civil 28 29 penalty shall be collected pursuant to the "Penalty Enforcement 30 <u>Law of 1999," P.L.1999, c.274 (C.2A:58-10 et seq.), in a summary</u> 31 proceeding before the municipal court having jurisdiction. An 32 official authorized by the Cannabis Regulatory Commission 33 established pursuant to section 31 of P.L.2019, c.153 (C.24:6I-24), 34 or authorized by statute or ordinance to enforce the State or local 35 health codes or a law enforcement officer having enforcement 36 authority in that municipality may issue a summons for a violation 37 of the provisions of subsection a. of this section, and, with respect 38 to a civil penalty, may serve and execute all process with respect to 39 the enforcement of this section consistent with the Rules of Court. 40 A civil penalty recovered under the provisions of this subsection 41 shall be recovered by and in the name of the State by the local 42 health agency. The penalty shall be paid into the treasury of the 43 municipality in which the violation occurred for the general uses of 44 the municipality. 45 c. The establishment of all of the following shall constitute a 46 defense to any action brought pursuant to subsection a. of this

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section:

- 1 (1) that the purchaser or the recipient of the cannabis item 2 falsely represented, by producing a driver's license or non-driver 3 identification card issued by the New Jersey Motor Vehicle 4 Commission, a similar card issued pursuant to the laws of another 5 state or the federal government of Canada, a photographic 6 identification card issued by a county clerk, or other form of 7 government-issued identification described in subparagraph (a) of 8 paragraph (6) of subsection a. of section 18 of P.L., c. (C.) 9 (passed both Houses of the Legislature on December 17, 2020 as 10 Second Reprint of Assembly Bill No. 21), that the purchaser or recipient was of legal age to make the purchase or receive the 11 12 cannabis item;
 - (2) that the appearance of the purchaser or recipient was such that an ordinary prudent person would believe the purchaser or recipient to be of legal age to make the purchase or receive the cannabis item; and
 - (3) that the sale or distribution was made in good faith, relying upon the production of the identification set forth in paragraph (1) of this subsection, the appearance of the purchaser or recipient, and in the reasonable belief that the purchaser or recipient was of legal age to make the purchase or receive the sample.
 - d. A civil penalty imposed pursuant to this section shall be in addition to any penalty that may be imposed pursuant to section 3 of P.L.1999, c.90 (C.2C:33-13.1).

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26 ¹7. (New Section) The Cannabis Regulatory Commission established pursuant to section 31 of P.L.2019, c.153 (C.24:6I-24) 27 and the Commissioner of Health are authorized to coordinate and 28 29 enforce the provisions of section 6 of P.L. , c. (C.) (pending 30 before the Legislature as this bill) with respect to the prohibition on 31 the sale or distribution of cannabis items, as defined in section 3 of 32 P.L., c. (C.) (passed both Houses of the Legislature on 33 December 17, 2020 as Second Reprint of Assembly Bill No. 21), to 34 persons under 21 years of age. The commission, or commissioner, 35 or both, may delegate the enforcement authority provided in this section to local health agencies, subject to the availability of 36 37 sufficient funding. The commission, in consultation with the 38 commissioner, shall report on the enforcement program's progress, 39 results of enforcement efforts, and other matters the commission 40 deems appropriate in the commission's annual report on personal 41 use cannabis activities that is prepared pursuant to paragraph (3) of subsection a. of section 14 of P.L.2009, c.307 (C.24:6I-12). 42

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The title of P.L.1995, c.304 is amended to read as follows:
 AN ACT concerning penalties for the sale and distribution of [tobacco] certain regulated products to persons under the age of [18] 21 years, amending N.J.S.2A:170-51 and P.L.1987, c.423,

and supplementing chapter 170 of Title 2A of the New Jersey
Statutes.¹

3 (cf: P.L.1995, c.304, title)

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- ¹9. Section 3 of P.L.1995, c.304 (C.2A:170-51.1) is amended to read as follows:
- 3. A person 21 years of age or older who purchases a tobacco product or cannabis item as defined section 3 of P.L., c. (C.) (passed both Houses of the Legislature on December 17, 2020 as Second Reprint of Assembly Bill No. 21) for a person who is under 21 years of age is a petty disorderly person.

12 (cf: P.L.2017, c.118, s.1)

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- ¹10. Section 3 of P.L.1999, c.90 (C.2C:33-13.1) is amended to read as follows:
- 16 3. a. A person who sells or gives to a person under 21 years of 17 age any cigarettes made of tobacco or of any other matter or 18 substance which can be smoked, or any cigarette paper or tobacco 19 in any form, including smokeless tobacco, or any electronic 20 smoking device that can be used to deliver nicotine or other 21 substances to the person inhaling from the device, including, but not 22 limited to, an electronic cigarette, cigar, cigarillo, or pipe, or any 23 cartridge or other component of the device or related product, or 24 any cannabis item as defined in section 3 of P.L. , c. (C. 25 (passed both Houses of the Legislature on December 17, 2020 as 26 Second Reprint of Assembly Bill No. 21), including an employee of 27 a retail dealer licensee under P.L.1948, c.65 (C.54:40A-1 et seq.) or 28 employee of a licensed cannabis establishment, cannabis distributor, 29 or cannabis delivery service under P.L. , c. (C.) (passed 30 both Houses of the Legislature on December 17, 2020 as Second 31 Reprint of Assembly Bill No. 21), who actually sells or otherwise provides a tobacco product [or], electronic smoking device, or 32 cannabis item to a person under 21 years of age, shall be punished 33 34 by a fine as provided for a petty disorderly persons offense. A 35 person who has been previously punished under this section and 36 who commits another offense under it may be punishable by a fine 37 of twice that provided for a petty disorderly persons offense.
 - b. The establishment of all of the following shall constitute a defense to any prosecution brought pursuant to subsection a. of this section:
 - (1) that the purchaser or recipient of the tobacco product <code>[or]</code>, electronic smoking device <code>, or cannabis item</code> falsely represented, by producing <code>[either]</code> a driver's license or non-driver identification card issued by the New Jersey Motor Vehicle Commission, a similar card issued pursuant to the laws of another state or the federal government of Canada, <code>[or]</code> a photographic identification card issued by a county clerk, or other form of government-issued

- 1 identification described in subparagraph (a) of paragraph (6) of
- 2 <u>subsection a. of section 18 of P.L.</u>, c. (C.) (passed both
- 3 Houses of the Legislature on December 17, 2020 as Second Reprint
- 4 of Assembly Bill No. 21), that the purchaser or recipient was of
- 5 legal age to purchase or receive the tobacco product [or].
 - electronic smoking device, or cannabis item;
- 7 (2) that the appearance of the purchaser or recipient of the 8 tobacco product [or], electronic smoking device, or cannabis item 9 was such that an ordinary prudent person would believe the 10 purchaser or recipient to be of legal age to purchase or receive the 11 tobacco product [or], electronic smoking device, or cannabis
- 12 item; and

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- (3) that the sale or distribution of the tobacco product [or], electronic smoking device, or cannabis item was made in good faith, relying upon the production of the identification set forth in paragraph (1) of this subsection, the appearance of the purchaser or recipient, and in the reasonable belief that the purchaser or recipient was of legal age to purchase or receive the tobacco product [or], electronic smoking device, or cannabis item.
- 20 c. A penalty imposed pursuant to this section shall be in 21 addition to any penalty that may be imposed pursuant to section 1
- of P.L.2000, c.87 (C.2A:170-51.4) concerning tobacco products or
- 23 <u>electronic smoking devices, or section 64 of P.L.</u>, c. (C.)
- 24 (passed both Houses of the Legislature on December 17, 2020 as
- 25 Second Reprint of Assembly Bill No. 21) or section 6 of
- 26 P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill)
- 27 <u>concerning cannabis items.</u>¹
- 28 (cf: P.L.2017, c.118, s.3)

- 11. Section 46 of P.L., c. (C.) (passed both Houses of the Legislature on December 17, 2020 as Second Reprint of Assembly Bill No. 21) is amended to read as follows:
- 33 46. Personal Use of Cannabis Items.
- Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the following acts
- are not unlawful and shall not be an offense or a basis for seizure or
- 36 forfeiture of assets under N.J.S.2C:64-1 et seq. or other applicable
- 37 law for persons 21 years of age or older, provided the acts are
- 38 consistent with the relevant definitions set forth in section 3 of
- 39 P.L., c. (C.) (passed both Houses of the Legislature on
- 40 December 17, 2020 as Second Reprint of Assembly Bill No. 21),
- 41 and when an act involves a cannabis item, it was first obtained
- 42 directly from a licensed cannabis retailer or delivered by a licensed
- 43 cannabis delivery service making delivery of a purchase order
- 44 fulfilled by that licensed cannabis retailer for off-premises delivery,
- 45 evidenced by it being in its original packaging or by a sales slip,
- invoice, receipt, or other statement or memorandum:

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1 Possessing, displaying, purchasing, or transporting: cannabis 2 paraphernalia; one ounce (28.35 grams) or less of useable cannabis; 3 the equivalent of one ounce (28.35 grams) or less of usable 4 cannabis as a cannabis product in solid, liquid, or concentrate form, 5 based upon an equivalency calculation for different product forms 6 set by the Cannabis Regulatory Commission, established pursuant 7 to section 31 of P.L.2019, c.153 (C.24:6I-24), in its regulations, and 8 for which the commission may utilize research conducted in other 9 states on the issue of product equivalency calculations when setting 10 this equivalency; or 5 grams (0.176 ounce) or less of cannabis resin. 11 Possessing, displaying, purchasing, or transporting at any one time 12 any amount of any cannabis items described herein in an amount 13 greater than as permitted pursuant to this subsection shall be 14 considered a violation of the "Comprehensive Drug Reform Act of 15 1987," P.L.1987, c.106 (N.J.S.2C:35-1 et al.), and subject the 16 person to prosecution as if the person possessed, displayed, 17 purchased, or transported marijuana or hashish in violation of that 18 act; 19

b. Transferring without remuneration: one ounce (28.35 grams) 20 or less of useable cannabis; the equivalent of one ounce (28.35 21 grams) or less of usable cannabis as a cannabis product in solid, 22 liquid, or concentrate form, based upon the equivalency calculation 23 for different product forms set by the commission pursuant to 24 subsection a. of this section; or five grams (0.176 ounce) or less of 25 cannabis resin to a person who is of legal age for purchasing 26 cannabis items, provided that such transfer is for non-promotional, 27 non-business purposes. Transferring at any one time any amount of 28 any cannabis items described herein in an amount greater than as 29 permitted pursuant to this subsection [, or to a person who is not of 30 legal age to purchase cannabis items, I shall be considered a 31 violation of the "Comprehensive Drug Reform Act of 1987," 32 P.L.1987, c.106 (N.J.S.2C:35-1 et al.), and subject the person to 33 prosecution as if the person distributed marijuana or hashish in 34 violation of that act [, unless the transfer] . Transferring to a 35 person who is not of legal age that was done by a cannabis 36 establishment, distributor, or delivery service licensed pursuant to 37) (passed both Houses of the Legislature on P.L. , c. (C. 38 December 17, 2020 as Second Reprint of Assembly Bill No. 21), or 39 an employee or agent thereof, [in which case it] or by any other 40 person, is [a civil violation and the] subject to a civil penalty or other legal consequences as set forth in subsection b. of section 64 41 42 of P.L., c. (C.) (passed both Houses of the Legislature on 43 December 17, 2020 as Second Reprint of Assembly Bill No. 21) [shall apply] or section 6 of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before 44 45 the Legislature as this bill), as applicable, and a fine as set forth in 46 section 3 of P.L.1999, c.90 (C.2C:33-13.1);

1 Taking delivery of or consuming a lawfully possessed 2 cannabis item, provided that nothing in this section shall permit a 3 person to smoke, vape, or aerosolize any cannabis item in a public 4 place. This prohibition includes the smoking, vaping, or 5 aerosolizing of a cannabis item in any public place pursuant to law 6 that prohibits the smoking of tobacco, including N.J.S.2C:33-13 and 7 the "New Jersey Smoke-Free Air Act," P.L.2005, c.383 (C.26:3D-8 55 et seq.), and any indoor public place, as that term is defined in 9 section 3 of P.L.2005, c.383 (C.26:3D-57), or portion thereof, even 10 if the smoking of tobacco is otherwise permitted in that place or 11 portion thereof pursuant to the "New Jersey Smoke-Free Air Act"; 12 except that the smoking, vaping, or aerosolizing of a cannabis item 13 shall be permitted in a cannabis consumption area as set forth in 14 section 28 of P.L.2019, c.153 (C.24:6I-21), and may be permitted 15 by the person or entity that owns or controls a hotel, motel, or other 16 lodging establishment as defined in section 1 of P.L.1967, c.95 17 (C.29:4-5) in up to 20 percent of its guest rooms. The smoking, 18 vaping, or aerosolizing of a cannabis item may also be prohibited or 19 otherwise regulated in multifamily housing that is a multiple 20 dwelling as defined in section 3 of P.L.1967, c.76 (C.55:13A-3), as 21 decided by the person or entity that owns or controls the 22 multifamily housing, or prohibited or otherwise regulated in the 23 structure or specific units of the structure of a cooperative as 24 defined in section 3 of P.L.1987, c.381 (C.46:8D-3) by the 25 corporation or other legal entity that owns the structure, or 26 prohibited or otherwise regulated in the units of a condominium, as 27 those terms are defined by section 3 of P.L.1969, c.257 (C.46:8B-28 3), if approved by the association for the condominium and a 29 majority of all of the condominium's unit owners, as those terms 30 are defined in that section. Except as otherwise provided by P.L. 31) (passed both Houses of the Legislature on December (C. 32 17, 2020 as Second Reprint of Assembly Bill No. 21), any penalties 33 that may be assessed for the smoking of tobacco where prohibited 34 under the "New Jersey Smoke-Free Air Act" shall be applicable to 35 the smoking, vaping, or aerosolizing of cannabis items where 36 prohibited. Concerning the consumption of any cannabis item, 37 other than by smoking, vaping, or aerosolizing: a person or entity 38 that owns or controls a property, other than multifamily housing 39 that is a multiple dwelling as defined in section 3 of P.L.1967, c.76 40 (C.55:13A-3), the structure or specific units of the structure of a 41 cooperative as defined in section 3 of P.L.1987, c.381 (C.46:8D-3), 42 a unit of a condominium, as those terms are defined by section 3 of 43 P.L.1969, c.257 (C.46:8B-3), or a site in a mobile home park as 44 defined in section 3 of P.L.1983, c.386 (C.40:55D-102), which site 45 is leased to the owner of a manufactured home, as defined in that 46 section, that is installed thereon, may prohibit or otherwise regulate 47 the consumption of cannabis items on or in that property, including 48 a casino hotel facility as defined in section 19 of P.L.1977, c.110

- 1 (C.5:12-19) with respect to a hotel property, a casino as defined in
- 2 section 6 of P.L.1977, c.110 (C.5:12-6), or casino simulcasting
- 3 facility authorized pursuant to the "Casino Simulcasting Act,"
- 4 P.L.1992, c.19 (C.5:12-191 et al.); **[**and a municipality may enact
- 5 an ordinance making it an unlawful act for any person 21 years of
- 6 age or older to consume, other than by smoking, vaping, or
- 7 aerosolizing, any cannabis item in a public place, including any
- 8 indoor public place as that term is defined in section 3 of P.L.2005,
- 9 c.383 (C.26:3D-57), or portion thereof, and providing a civil
- penalty for a violation in accordance with section 77 of P.L.
- 11 c. (C.) (passed both Houses of the Legislature on December
- 12 17, 2020 as Second Reprint of Assembly Bill No. 21); **]** and
- d. Assisting another person to engage in any of the acts
- described in subsections a. through c. of this section, provided that
- 15 the person being assisted is of legal age to purchase cannabis items
- and the assistance being provided is without remuneration.¹
- 17 (cf: P.L.2021, c. , s.46)

- 19 12. Section 64 of P.L. , c. (C.) (passed both Houses of 20 the Legislature on December 17, 2020 as Second Reprint of
- Assembly Bill No. 21) is amended to read as follows:
- 22 64. Prohibition of Persons Under the Legal Age Purchasing
- 23 Cannabis or Cannabis Resin.
- 24 Consistent with the relevant definitions set forth in section 3 of
- $\,$ 25 $\,$ P.L. $\,$, c. $\,$ (C. $\,$) (passed both Houses of the Legislature on
- December 17, 2020 as Second Reprint of Assembly Bill No. 21):
- 27 a. A cannabis establishment licensee, cannabis distributor
- licensee, or cannabis delivery service licensee, either directly or indirectly by an agent or employee, shall not sell, offer for sale,
- distribute for commercial purpose at no cost or minimal cost, or
- 31 give or furnish for consumption, any cannabis items to a person
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- 32 under 21 years of age.
- b. Any licensee or employee or agent of a licensee who
- 34 [allows] violates subsection a. of this section who sells or
- otherwise provides a person under [the age of] 21 [to procure] years of age cannabis items which, pursuant to section 46 of P.L.,
- 37 c. (C.) (passed both Houses of the Legislature as Second
- Reprint of Assembly Bill No. 21) are **[**not unlawful**]** <u>lawful</u> for
- 39 persons 21 years of age or older to procure for personal use, shall be
- subject to a civil penalty of not less than \$250 for the first violation;
- 41 \$500 for the second violation; and [\$1,000] shall be guilty of a
- 42 <u>petty disorderly persons offense</u> for the third and each subsequent
- violation; <u>a civil penalty imposed pursuant to this subsection shall</u>
- 44 <u>be</u> in addition [subject] to any penalty that may be imposed
- 45 <u>pursuant to section 3 of P.L.1999, c.90 (C.2C:33-13.1). Subject</u> to a
- 46 hearing, a licensee's license may <u>also</u> be revoked, suspended, or
- 47 otherwise limited. The <u>civil</u> penalties provided for in this subsection

shall be recovered by a summary proceeding pursuant to the Penalty Enforcement Law of 1999," P.L.1999, c.274 (C.2A:58-10 et seq.).

- c. The establishment of all of the following facts by a licensee, employee, or agent, allowing any such person under [the age of] 21 years of age to procure cannabis items shall constitute a defense to any violation of the provisions of subsection a. [or b.] of this section:
- (1) That the purchaser or recipient of the cannabis item falsely represented that the purchaser or recipient was of legal age to make the purchase or receive the cannabis item, by producing a driver's license or non-driver identification card issued by the New Jersey Motor Vehicle Commission, a similar card issued pursuant to the laws of another state or the federal government of Canada, a photographic identification card issued by a county clerk, or other form of government-issued identification [card as set forth] described in subparagraph (a) of paragraph (6) of subsection a. of section 18 of P.L. , c. (C.) (passed both Houses of the Legislature on December 17, 2020 as Second Reprint of Assembly Bill No. 21), to determine the consumer's identity and age; [and]
 - (2) That the appearance of the purchaser or recipient was such that an ordinary prudent person would believe the purchaser or recipient to be of legal age to purchase or receive the cannabis item; and
 - (3) That the sale or distribution was made in good faith, relying upon the production of the identification set forth in paragraph (1) of this subsection, the appearance of the purchaser or recipient, and in the reasonable belief that the purchaser or recipient was actually of legal age to make the purchase or receive the cannabis item.
 - d. [It shall be unlawful for a] A person under [the age of] 21 [to] years of age shall not purchase, acquire, or attempt to purchase or acquire a cannabis item, even if the cannabis item may be legally purchased by persons at or above the legal age for purchasing cannabis items.

For purposes of this subsection, purchasing a cannabis item includes accepting a cannabis item, and acquiring a cannabis item incudes consuming a cannabis item.

e. [It shall be unlawful for a] A person under [the age of] 21 [to] years of age shall not present or offer to a cannabis establishment, distributor, or delivery service, or the cannabis establishment's, distributor's, or delivery service's agent or employee, any written or oral evidence of age or other personal identifying information that is false, fraudulent, or not actually the person's own, including the use of a driver's license or other government-issued form of identification in violation of section 1 of P.L.1983, c.565 (C.2C:21-2.1), N.J.S.2C:21-17, section 5 of

- P.L.2003, c.184 (C.2C:21-17.2), or section 6 of P.L.1968, c.313 (C.33:1-81.7), for the purpose of:
 - (1) Purchasing, attempting to purchase, or otherwise procuring or attempting to procure cannabis items; or
 - (2) Gaining access to a cannabis establishment's, distributor's, or delivery service's premises.
 - f. Except as permitted by the commission by rule or regulation, or as necessary on an emergency basis, a person under legal age for purchasing cannabis items may not enter or attempt to enter any portion of a licensed premises that is posted or otherwise identified as being prohibited to the use of persons under legal age for purchasing cannabis items, unless accompanied by and supervised by a parent or legal guardian.
- 14 g. [Any person under the legal age to purchase cannabis, who 15 knowingly possesses without legal authority or who knowingly 16 consumes any cannabis item, in any school, public conveyance, 17 public place, place of public assembly, or motor vehicle, shall be 18 guilty of an offense as set forth in section 1 of P.L.1979, c.264 19 Any person under the legal age to purchase (C.2C:33-15). 20 cannabis, who knowingly possesses without legal authority or who 21 knowingly consumes, any cannabis item on private property shall 22 be guilty of a municipal violation as set forth in section 1 of 23 P.L.2000, c.33 (C.40:48-1.2). (Deleted by amendment, P.L. 24 c.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill)
 - h. The prohibitions of this section do not apply to a person under the legal age for purchasing cannabis items who is acting under the direction of the commission or under the direction of State or local law enforcement agencies for the purpose of investigating possible violations of the laws prohibiting the sale of cannabis items to persons who are under the legal age for purchasing cannabis items.
 - i. The prohibitions of this section do not apply to a person under the legal age for purchasing cannabis items who is acting under the direction of a licensee for the purpose of investigating possible violations by employees of the licensee of laws prohibiting sales of cannabis items to persons who are under the legal age for purchasing cannabis items. ¹

38 (cf: P.L.2021, c. , s.64)

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- ¹13. Section 1 of P.L.1983, c.565 (C.2C:21-2.1) is amended to read as follows:
- 1. a. A person who knowingly sells, offers or exposes for sale, or otherwise transfers, or possesses with the intent to sell, offer or expose for sale, or otherwise transfer, a document, printed form or other writing which falsely purports to be a driver's license, birth certificate or other document issued by a governmental agency and which could be used as a means of verifying a person's identity or

age or any other personal identifying information is guilty of a crime of the second degree.

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- b. A person who knowingly makes, or possesses devices or materials to make, a document or other writing which falsely purports to be a driver's license, birth certificate or other document issued by a governmental agency and which could be used as a means of verifying a person's identity or age or any other personal identifying information is guilty of a crime of the second degree.
- c. A person who knowingly exhibits, displays or utters a 10 document or other writing which falsely purports to be a driver's 11 license, birth certificate or other document issued by a 12 governmental agency and which could be used as a means of 13 verifying a person's identity or age or any other personal identifying 14 information is guilty of a crime of the third degree. A violation of 15 N.J.S.2C:28-7, constituting a disorderly persons offense, section 1 of P.L.1979, c.264 (C.2C:33-15), section 64 of P.L. , c. (C. 16 17 (passed both Houses of the Legislature on December 17, 2020 as 18 Second Reprint of Assembly Bill No. 21), R.S.33:1-81 or section 6 19 of P.L.1968, c.313 (C.33:1-81.7) in a case where the person uses the 20 personal identifying information of another to illegally purchase an 21 alcoholic beverage or for using the personal identifying information 22 of another to misrepresent the person's age for the purpose of 23 obtaining tobacco, cannabis item, or other consumer product denied 24 to persons under 21 years of age shall not [, except as otherwise set forth in this subsection, constitute an offense under this subsection 25 26 if the actor received only that benefit or service and did not 27 perpetrate or attempt to perpetrate any additional injury or fraud on 28 another. If a person used the personal identifying information of 29 another to misrepresent the person's age for the purpose of illegally 30 obtaining any cannabis item available for lawful consumption 31 pursuant to the "New Jersey Cannabis Regulatory, Enforcement 32 Assistance, and Marketplace Modernization Act," P.L. 33) (passed both Houses of the Legislature as Second 34 Reprint of Assembly Bill No. 21), the person shall be subject to a 35 civil penalty of \$50. The civil penalty provided for in this subjection shall be collected pursuant to the "Penalty Enforcement 36 37 Law of 1999," P.L.1999, c.274 (C.2A:58-10 et seq.), in a summary 38 proceeding before the municipal court having jurisdiction. A civil 39 penalty recovered under the provisions of this subsection shall be 40 recovered by and in the name of the State by the local municipality. 41 The penalty shall be paid into the treasury of the municipality in 42 which the violation occurred for the general use of the 43 municipality. 44
 - A person who knowingly possesses a document or other writing which falsely purports to be a driver's license, birth certificate or other document issued by a governmental agency and which could be used as a means of verifying a person's identity or age or any other personal identifying information is guilty of a

1 crime of the fourth degree. A violation of N.J.S.2C:28-7, 2 constituting a disorderly persons offense, section 1 of P.L.1979, 3 c.264 (C.2C:33-15), section 64 of P.L., c. (C.) (passed both Houses of the Legislature on December 17, 2020 as Second Reprint 4 5 of Assembly Bill No. 21), R.S.33:1-81 or section 6 of P.L.1968, 6 c.313 (C.33:1-81.7) in a case where the person uses the personal 7 identifying information of another to illegally purchase an alcoholic 8 beverage or for using the personal identifying information of 9 another to misrepresent his age for the purpose of obtaining 10 tobacco, any cannabis item, or other consumer product denied to persons under 21 years of age shall not [, except as otherwise set 11 forth in this subsection, constitute an offense under this subsection 12 13 if the actor received only that benefit or service and did not 14 perpetrate or attempt to perpetrate any additional injury or fraud on 15 another. [If the personal identifying information of another is used to obtain any cannabis item available for lawful consumption 16 17 pursuant to the "New Jersey Cannabis Regulatory, Enforcement 18 Assistance, and Marketplace Modernization Act," P.L. 19) (passed both Houses of the Legislature as Second c. (C. 20 Reprint of Assembly Bill No. 21), the person shall be subject to a 21 civil penalty of \$50. The penalty provided for in this subjection 22 shall be collected pursuant to the "Penalty Enforcement Law of 23 1999," P.L.1999, c.274 (C.2A:58-10 et seq.), in a summary 24 proceeding before the municipal court having jurisdiction. 25 penalty recovered under the provisions of this subsection shall be 26 recovered by and in the name of the State by the local municipality. 27 The penalty shall be paid into the treasury of the municipality in 28 which the violation occurred for the general use of the 29 municipality. 30

e. In addition to any other disposition authorized by this Title, the provisions of section 24 of P.L.1982, c.77 (C.2A:4A-43), or any other statute indicating the dispositions that may be ordered for an adjudication of delinquency, and, notwithstanding the provisions of subsection c. of N.J.S.2C:43-2, every person convicted of, or adjudicated delinquent or penalized for a violation of any offense defined in this section shall forthwith forfeit his right to operate a motor vehicle over the highways of this State for a period to be fixed by the court at not less than six months or more than two years which shall commence on the day the sentence is imposed. In the case of any person who at the time of the imposition of the sentence is less than 17 years of age, the period of the suspension of driving privileges authorized herein, including a suspension of the privilege of operating a motorized bicycle, shall commence on the day the sentence is imposed and shall run for a period as fixed by the court of not less than six months or more than two years after the day the person reaches the age of 17 years. If the driving privilege of any person is under revocation, suspension, or postponement for a violation of any provision of this Title or Title

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39 of the Revised Statutes at the time of any conviction or adjudication of delinquency for a violation of any offense defined in this chapter or chapter 36 of this Title, the revocation, suspension, or postponement period imposed herein shall commence as of the date of termination of the existing revocation, suspension or postponement.

The court before whom any person is convicted of, or adjudicated delinquent or penalized for a violation of any offense defined in this section shall collect forthwith the New Jersey driver's license or licenses of that person and forward the license or licenses to the Chief Administrator of the New Jersey Motor Vehicle Commission along with a report indicating the first and last day of the suspension or postponement period imposed by the court pursuant to this section. If the court is for any reason unable to collect the license or licenses of the person, the court shall cause a report of the conviction or adjudication of delinquency to be filed with the director. The report shall include the complete name, address, date of birth, eye color and sex of the person and shall indicate the first and last day of the suspension or postponement period imposed by the court pursuant to this section. The court shall inform the person orally and in writing that if the person is convicted of personally operating a motor vehicle during the period of license suspension or postponement imposed pursuant to this section, the person shall, upon conviction, be subject to the penalties set forth in R.S.39:3-40. A person shall be required to acknowledge receipt of the written notice in writing. Failure to receive a written notice or failure to acknowledge in writing the receipt of a written notice shall not be a defense to a subsequent charge of a violation of R.S.39:3-40. If the person is the holder of a driver's license from another jurisdiction, the court shall not collect the license, but shall notify forthwith the director who shall notify the appropriate officials in that licensing jurisdiction. The court shall, however, in accordance with the provisions of this section, revoke the person's non-resident driving privileges in this State.

In addition to any other condition imposed, a court, in its discretion, may suspend, revoke or postpone the driving privileges of a person admitted to supervisory treatment under N.J.S.2C:36A-1 or N.J.S.2C:43-12 without a plea of guilty or finding of guilt. (cf: P.L.2021, c. , s.65)

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¹14. N.J.S.2C:21-17 is amended to read as follows:

2C:21-17. Impersonation; Theft of identity; crime.

- a. A person is guilty of a crime if the person engages in one or more of the following actions by any means including, but not limited to, the use of electronic communications or an Internet website:
- (1) Impersonates another or assumes a false identity and does an act in such assumed character or false identity for the purpose of

- obtaining a benefit for himself or another or to injure or defraud another;
 - (2) Pretends to be a representative of some person or organization and does an act in such pretended capacity for the purpose of obtaining a benefit for himself or another or to injure or defraud another;
 - (3) Impersonates another, assumes a false identity or makes a false or misleading statement regarding the identity of any person, in an oral or written application for services, for the purpose of obtaining services;
 - (4) Obtains any personal identifying information pertaining to another person and uses that information, or assists another person in using the information, in order to assume the identity of or represent himself as another person, without that person's authorization and with the purpose to fraudulently obtain or attempt to obtain a benefit or services, or avoid the payment of debt or other legal obligation or avoid prosecution for a crime by using the name of the other person; or
 - (5) Impersonates another, assumes a false identity or makes a false or misleading statement, in the course of making an oral or written application for services, with the purpose of avoiding payment for prior services. Purpose to avoid payment for prior services may be presumed upon proof that the person has not made full payment for prior services and has impersonated another, assumed a false identity or made a false or misleading statement regarding the identity of any person in the course of making oral or written application for services.

As used in this section:

 "Benefit" means, but is not limited to, any property, any pecuniary amount, any services, any pecuniary amount sought to be avoided or any injury or harm perpetrated on another where there is no pecuniary value.

- b. (Deleted by amendment, P.L.2005, c.224).
- c. A person who violates subsection a. of this section is guilty of a crime as follows:
- (1) If the actor obtains a benefit or deprives another of a benefit in an amount less than \$500 and the offense involves the identity of one victim, the actor shall be guilty of a crime of the fourth degree except that a second or subsequent conviction for such an offense constitutes a crime of the third degree; or
- (2) If the actor obtains a benefit or deprives another of a benefit in an amount of at least \$500 but less than \$75,000, or the offense involves the identity of at least two but less than five victims, the actor shall be guilty of a crime of the third degree; or
- (3) If the actor obtains a benefit or deprives another of a benefit in the amount of \$75,000 or more, or the offense involves the identity of five or more victims, the actor shall be guilty of a crime of the second degree.

1 d. A violation of N.J.S.2C:28-7, constituting a disorderly 2 persons offense, section 1 of P.L.1979, c.264 (C.2C:33-15), section 3 64 of P.L., c. (C.) (passed both Houses of the Legislature on December 17, 2020 as Second Reprint of Assembly Bill No. 21), 4 5 R.S.33:1-81 or section 6 of P.L.1968, c.313 (C.33:1-81.7) in a case where the person uses the personal identifying information of 6 7 another to illegally purchase an alcoholic beverage or for using the 8 personal identifying information of another to misrepresent the 9 person's age for the purpose of obtaining tobacco, any cannabis 10 item, or other consumer product denied to persons under 21 years of age shall not [, except as otherwise set forth in this subsection,] 11 12 constitute an offense under this section if the actor received only 13 that benefit or service and did not perpetrate or attempt to perpetrate 14 any additional injury or fraud on another. If a person used the 15 personal identifying information of another to misrepresent the 16 person's age for the purpose of illegally obtaining any cannabis 17 item available for lawful consumption pursuant to the "New Jersey 18 Cannabis Regulatory, Enforcement Assistance, and Marketplace 19 , c. (C. Modernization Act," P.L.) (passed both Houses of 20 the Legislature as Second Reprint of Assembly Bill No. 21), the 21 person shall be subject to a civil penalty of \$50. The civil penalty 22 provided for in this subjection shall be collected pursuant to the "Penalty Enforcement Law of 1999," P.L.1999, c.274 (C.2A:58-10 23 24 et seq.), in a summary proceeding before the municipal court having 25 jurisdiction. A civil penalty recovered under the provisions of this 26 subsection shall be recovered by and in the name of the State by the 27 local municipality. The penalty shall be paid into the treasury of the municipality in which the violation occurred for the general use 28 29 of the municipality. 30

The sentencing court shall issue such orders as are necessary to correct any public record or government document that contains false information as a result of a theft of identity. The sentencing court may provide restitution to the victim in accordance with the provisions of section 4 of P.L.2002, c.85 (C.2C:21-17.1).¹

35 (cf: P.L.2021, c., s.66)

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¹15. Section 5 of P.L.2003, c.184 (C.2C:21-17.2) is amended to

5. a. A person is guilty of a crime of the second degree if, in obtaining or attempting to obtain a driver's license, birth certificate or other document issued by a governmental agency which could be used as a means of verifying a person's identity, age or any other personal identifying information, that person knowingly exhibits, displays or utters a document or other writing which falsely purports to be a driver's license, birth certificate or other document issued by a governmental agency or which belongs or pertains to a person other than the person who possesses the document.

b. Notwithstanding the provisions of N.J.S.2C:1-8 or any other
law, a conviction under this section shall not merge with a
conviction of any other criminal offense, nor shall such other
conviction merge with a conviction under this section, and the court
shall impose separate sentences upon each violation of this section
and any other criminal offense.
c. A violation of N.J.S.2C:28-7, constituting a disorderly
persons offense, section 1 of P.L.1979, c.264 (C.2C:33-15), section

8 persons offense, section 1 of P.L.1979, c.264 (C.2C:33-15), section 64 of P.L., c. (C.) (passed both Houses of the Legislature 9 10 on December 17, 2020 as Second Reprint of Assembly Bill No. 21), 11 R.S.33:1-81 or section 6 of P.L.1968, c.313 (C.33:1-81.7) in a case 12 where the person uses the personal identifying information of 13 another to illegally purchase an alcoholic beverage or for using the 14 personal identifying information of another to misrepresent his age 15 for the purpose of obtaining tobacco, any cannabis item, or other 16 consumer product denied to persons under 21 years of age shall not 17 [, except as otherwise set forth in this subsection,] constitute an 18 offense under this section if the actor received only that benefit or 19 service and did not perpetrate or attempt to perpetrate any 20 additional injury or fraud on another. [If the personal identifying 21 information of another is used to obtain any cannabis item available 22 for lawful consumption pursuant to the "New Jersey Cannabis 23 Regulatory, Enforcement Assistance, and Marketplace 24 Modernization Act," P.L., c. (C.) (passed both Houses of 25 the Legislature as Second Reprint of Assembly Bill No. 21), the 26 person shall be subject to a civil penalty of \$50. The civil penalty 27 provided for in this subjection shall be collected pursuant to the "Penalty Enforcement Law of 1999," P.L.1999, c.274 (C.2A:58-10 28 29 et seq.), in a summary proceeding before the municipal court having 30 jurisdiction. A civil penalty recovered under the provisions of this 31 subsection shall be recovered by and in the name of the State by the 32 local municipality. The penalty shall be paid into the treasury of the municipality in which the violation occurred for the general use 33 34 of the municipality.]¹

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¹16. Section 76 of P.L. , c. (C.) (passed both Houses of the Legislature on December 17, 2020 as Second Reprint of Assembly Bill No. 21) is amended to read as follows:

76. R.S.40:48-1 is amended to read as follows:

(cf: P.L.2021, c., s.67)

41 40:48-1. Ordinances; general purpose. The governing body of 42 every municipality may make, amend, repeal and enforce 43 ordinances to:

Finances and property. 1. Manage, regulate and control the finances and property, real and personal, of the municipality;

Contracts and contractor's bonds. 2. Prescribe the form and manner of execution and approval of all contracts to be executed by the municipality and of all bonds to be given to it;

Officers and employees; duties, terms and salaries. 3. Prescribe and define, except as otherwise provided by law, the duties and terms of office or employment, of all officers and employees; and to provide for the employment and compensation of such officials and employees, in addition to those provided for by statute, as may be deemed necessary for the efficient conduct of the affairs of the municipality;

Fees. 4. Fix the fees of any officer or employee of the municipality for any service rendered in connection with his office or position, for which no specific fee or compensation is provided. In the case of salaried officers or employees, such fee shall be paid into the municipal treasury;

Salaries instead of fees; disposition of fees. 5. Provide that any officer or employee receiving compensation for his services, in whole or in part by fees, whether paid by the municipality or otherwise, shall be paid a salary to be fixed in the ordinance, and thereafter all fees received by such officer or employee shall be paid into the municipal treasury;

Maintain order. 6. Prevent vice, drunkenness and immorality; to preserve the public peace and order; to prevent and quell riots, disturbances and disorderly assemblages; **[**to prohibit the consumption of alcoholic beverages or cannabis items by underage persons on private property pursuant to section 1 of P.L.2000, c.33 (C.40:48-1.2); **]**

Punish beggars; prevention of loitering. 7. Restrain and punish drunkards, vagrants, mendicants and street beggars; to prevent loitering, lounging or sleeping in the streets, parks or public places;

Auctions and noises. 8. Regulate the ringing of bells and the crying of goods and other commodities for sale at auction or otherwise, and to prevent disturbing noises;

Swimming; bathing costume; prohibition of public nudity. 9. Regulate or prohibit swimming or bathing in the waters of, in, or bounding the municipality, and to regulate or prohibit persons from appearing upon the public streets, parks and places clad in bathing costumes or robes, or costumes of a similar character; regulate or prohibit persons from appearing in a state of nudity upon all lands within its borders which are under the jurisdiction of the State including, without limitation, all lands owned by, controlled by, managed by or leased by the State;

Prohibit annoyance of persons or animals. 10. Regulate or prohibit any practice tending to frighten animals, or to annoy or injure persons in the public streets;

Animals; pounds; establishment and regulation. 11. Establish and regulate one or more pounds, and to prohibit or regulate the running at large of horses, cattle, dogs, swine, goats and other animals, and to authorize their impounding and sale for the penalty incurred, and the costs of impounding, keeping and sale; to regulate or prohibit the keeping of cattle, goats or swine in any part of the

1 municipality; to authorize the destruction of dogs running at large 2 therein;

Hucksters. 12. Prescribe and regulate the place of vending or exposing for sale articles of merchandise from vehicles;

Building regulations; wooden structures. 13. Regulate and control the construction, erection, alteration and repair of buildings and structures of every kind within the municipality; and to prohibit, within certain limits, the construction, erection or alteration of buildings or structures of wood or other combustible material;

Inflammable materials; inspect docks and buildings. 14. Regulate the use, storage, sale and disposal of inflammable or combustible materials, and to provide for the protection of life and property from fire, explosions and other dangers; to provide for inspections of buildings, docks, wharves, warehouses and other places, and of goods and materials contained therein, to secure the proper enforcement of such ordinance;

Dangerous structures; removal or destruction; procedure. 15. Provide for the removal or destruction of any building, wall or structure which is or may become dangerous to life or health, or might tend to extend a conflagration; and to assess the cost thereof as a municipal lien against the premises;

Chimneys and boilers. 16. Regulate the construction and setting up of chimneys, furnaces, stoves, boilers, ovens and other contrivances in which fire is used;

Explosives. 17. Regulate, in conformity with the statutes of this State, the manufacture, storage, sale, keeping or conveying of gunpowder, nitroglycerine, dynamite and other explosives;

Firearms and fireworks. 18. Regulate and prohibit the sale and use of guns, pistols, firearms, and fireworks of all descriptions;

Soft coal. 19. Regulate the use of soft coal in locomotives, factories, power houses and other places;

Theaters, schools, churches and public places. 20. Regulate the use of theaters, cinema houses, public halls, schools, churches, and other places where numbers of people assemble, and the exits therefrom, so that escape therefrom may be easily and safely made in case of fire or panic; and to regulate any machinery, scenery, lights, wires and other apparatus, equipment or appliances used in all places of public amusement;

Excavations. 21. Regulate excavations below the established grade or curb line of any street, not greater than eight feet, which the owner of any land may make, in the erection of any building upon his own property; and to provide for the giving of notice, in writing, of such intended excavation to any adjoining owner or owners, and that they will be required to protect and care for their several foundation walls that may be endangered by such excavation; and to provide that in case of the neglect or refusal, for 10 days, of such adjoining owner or owners to take proper action to

secure and protect the foundations of any adjacent building or other structure, that the party or parties giving such notice, or their agents, contractors or employees, may enter into and upon such adjoining property and do all necessary work to make such foundations secure, and may recover the cost of such work and labor in so protecting such adjacent property; and to make such further and other provisions in relation to the proper conduct and performance of said work as the governing body or board of the municipality may deem necessary and proper;

Sample medicines. 22. Regulate and prohibit the distribution, depositing or leaving on the public streets or highways, public places or private property, or at any private place or places within any such municipality, any medicine, medicinal preparation or preparations represented to cure ailments or diseases of the body or mind, or any samples thereof, or any advertisements or circulars relating thereto, but no ordinance shall prohibit a delivery of any such article to any person above the age of 12 years willing to receive the same;

Boating. 23. Regulate the use of motor and other boats upon waters within or bounding the municipality;

Fire escapes. 24. Provide for the erection of fire escapes on buildings in the municipality, and to provide rules and regulations concerning the construction and maintenance of the same, and for the prevention of any obstruction thereof or thereon;

Care of injured employees. 25. Provide for the payment of compensation and for medical attendance to any officer or employee of the municipality injured in the performance of his duty;

Bulkheads and other structures. 26. Fix and determine the lines of bulkheads or other works or structures to be erected, constructed or maintained by the owners of lands facing upon any navigable water in front of their lands, and in front of or along any highway or public lands of said municipality, and to designate the materials to be used, and the type, height and dimensions thereof;

Lifeguard. 27. Establish, maintain, regulate and control a lifeguard upon any beach within or bordering on the municipality;

Appropriation for life-saving apparatus. 28. Appropriate moneys to safeguard people from drowning within its borders, by location of apparatus or conduct of educational work in harmony with the plans of the United States volunteer life-saving corps in this State;

Fences. 29. Regulate the size, height and dimensions of any fences between the lands of adjoining owners, whether built or erected as division or partition fences between such lands, and whether the same exist or be erected entirely or only partly upon the lands of any such adjoining owners, or along or immediately adjacent to any division or partition line of such lands. To provide, in such ordinance, the manner of securing, fastening or shoring such

1 fences, and for surveying the land when required by statute, and to 2 prohibit in any such ordinance the use at a height of under 10 feet 3 from the ground, of any device, such as wire or cable, that would be 4 dangerous to pedestrians, equestrians, bicyclists, or drivers of off-5 the-road vehicles, unless that device is clearly visible to pedestrians, 6 equestrians, bicyclists or drivers of off-the-road vehicles. In the 7 case of fences thereafter erected contrary to the provisions thereof, 8 the governing body may provide for a penalty for the violation of 9 such ordinance, and in the case of such fence or fences erected or 10 existing at the time of the passage of any such ordinance, may 11 provide therein for the removal, change or alteration thereof, so as 12 to make such fence or fences comply with the provisions of any

Advertise municipality. 30. Appropriate funds for advertising the advantages of the municipality;

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such ordinance;

16 Government Energy Aggregation Programs. 31. 17 programs and procedures pursuant to which the municipality may 18 act as a government aggregator pursuant to sections 40 through 43 19 of P.L.1999, c.23 (C.48:3-89 through C.48:3-92), section 45 of 20 P.L.1999, c.23 (C.48:3-94), and sections 1, 2 and 6 of P.L.2003, 21 c.24 (C.48:3-93.1 through C.48:3-93.3). Notwithstanding the 22 provisions of any other law, rule or regulation to the contrary, a 23 municipality acting as a government aggregator pursuant to 24 P.L.1999, c.23 (C.48:3-49 et al.) shall not be deemed to be a public 25 utility pursuant to R.S.40:62-24 or R.S.48:1-1 et seq. or be deemed 26 to be operating any form of public utility service pursuant to 27 R.S.40:62-1 et seq., to the extent such municipality is solely 28 engaged in the provision of such aggregation service and not 29 otherwise owning or operating any plant or facility for the 30 production or distribution of gas, electricity, steam or other product 31 as provided in R.S.40:62-12;

Joint municipal action on consent for the provision of cable television service. 32. Establish programs and procedures pursuant to which a municipality may act together with one or more municipalities in granting municipal consent for the provision of cable television service pursuant to the provisions of the "Cable Television Act," P.L.1972, c.186 (C.48:5A-1 et seq.) as amended and supplemented. Notwithstanding the provisions of any other law, rule or regulation to the contrary, two or more municipalities acting jointly pursuant to the provisions of P.L.1972, c.186 (C.48:5A-1 et seq.) shall not be deemed a public utility pursuant to R.S.48:1-1 et seq., to the extent those municipalities are solely engaged in granting municipal consent jointly and are not otherwise owning or operating any facility for the provision of cable television service as provided in P.L.1972, c.186 (C.48:5A-1 et seq.);

47 Private cable television service aggregation programs. 33. 48 Establish programs and procedures pursuant to which a

1 municipality may employ the services of a private aggregator for 2 the purpose of facilitating the joint action of two or more 3 municipalities in granting municipal consent for the provision of 4 cable television service provided that any such municipality shall 5 adhere to the provisions of the "Cable Television Act," P.L.1972, 6 c.186 (C.48:5A-1 et seq.) as amended and supplemented, and to the 7 provisions of the "Local Public Contracts Law," P.L.1971, c.198 8 amended (C.40A:11-1 et seq.) as and supplemented. 9 Notwithstanding the provisions of any other law, rule or regulation 10 to the contrary, a municipality that employs the services of a private 11 aggregator pursuant to the provisions of P.L.1972, c.186 (C.48:5A-12 1 et seq.) shall not be deemed a public utility pursuant to R.S.48:1-1 et seq., to the extent that the municipality is solely engaged in 13 14 employing the services of a private aggregator for the purpose of 15 facilitating the joint action of two or more municipalities in 16 granting municipal consent and is not otherwise owning or 17 operating any facility for the provision of cable television service as 18 provided in P.L.1972, c.186 (C.48:5A-1 et seq.); 19 Protective Custody. 34. Provide protective custody to persons 20

Protective Custody. 34. Provide protective custody to persons arrested for operating a motor vehicle under the influence of alcoholic beverages, cannabis items as defined in section 3 of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill), any chemical substance, or any controlled dangerous substance in violation of R.S.39:4-50 as provided in section 1 of P.L.2003, c.164 (C.40:48-1.3);

Private Outdoor Video Surveillance Camera Registry. 35. Establish a private outdoor video surveillance camera registry and allow voluntary registration of private outdoor video surveillance cameras as provided in P.L.2015, c.142 (C.40:48-1.6 et al.).

30 (cf: P.L.2021, c. , s.76)

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¹17. (New section) a. (1) The Police Training Commission in the Department of Law and Public Safety shall adopt a training course regarding law enforcement interactions with persons under the lawful age to purchase alcoholic beverages or cannabis items based upon the legalization of a personal use cannabis marketplace pursuant to the "New Jersey Cannabis Regulatory, Enforcement Assistance, and Marketplace Modernization Act," P.L.,) (passed both Houses of the Legislature on December c. (C. 17, 2020 as Second Reprint of Assembly Bill No. 21), the decriminalization of marijuana and hashish pursuant to P.L. , c.) (passed both Houses of the Legislature on December 17, 2020 as Third Reprint of Assembly Committee Substitute for Assembly Bill Nos. 1897 and 4269), and the enforcement of violations of applicable statutes associated with the underage possession or consumption of alcoholic beverages, marijuana, hashish, or cannabis items pursuant to those enactments and the companion enactment, P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the

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1 Legislature as this bill), and which includes the recognition of and 2 methods to address and avoid racial disparities and implicit bias, 3 and means for interacting with vulnerable juvenile populations. 4 The training course shall be administered by the employing agency 5 as part of the in-service training provided to each local police 6 officer in each law enforcement unit operating in this State. 7 (2) Prior to being appointed to permanent status as a local police 8 officer in a law enforcement unit, an individual shall be required to 9 complete the training course adopted under paragraph (1) of this 10 subsection. Every local police officer appointed prior to the effective date of this section shall, within 18 months of that 11 12 effective date, satisfactorily complete a training course on law 13 enforcement interactions as described in paragraph (1) of this 14 subsection. (3) The Police Training Commission shall adopt rules and 15 regulations, pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act," 16 17 P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.), to effectuate the purposes of 18 this subsection. 19 b. Within 45 days of the effective date of P.L., c. (C.) 20 (pending before the Legislature as this bill), the Attorney General 21 shall prepare a notice explaining the provisions of the enactments 22 set forth in paragraph (1) of subsection a. of this section pertaining 23 to persons under the lawful age to purchase alcoholic beverages or 24 cannabis items and the violations of applicable statutes associated 25 with the underage possession or consumption of alcoholic 26 beverages, marijuana, hashish, or cannabis items, and transmit the 27 notice to the chief or director of every municipal police department, 28 every municipal prosecutor, every county prosecutor, and the 29 Superintendent of the New Jersey State Police. The notice shall be 30 disseminated to every law enforcement officer and shall be re-31 enforced at roll calls and academy service training and continuing 32 education programs so as to ensure that all officers and prosecutors 33 are educated of their responsibilities under the relevant 34 enactments.1 ¹18. The following are repealed: 36

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Section 1 of P.L.2000, c.33 (C.40:48-1.2); 37

38 Section 2 of P.L.2009, c.133 (C.40:48-1.2a); and

Section 77 of P.L.2021, c. (C.40:48-1.2b). 39

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¹[5.] 19. This act shall take effect immediately ¹[, but shall not become operable until P.L. , c. (C.) (passed both Houses on December 17, 2020 as Second Reprint of Assembly Bill No. 21) takes effect $]^1$.

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- Concerns certain regulated substances, with particular emphasis 1
- 2 on underage possession or consumption of various forms of
- cannabis, including legal consequences for such activities set forth
- in legislation passed by both Houses of Legislature. 4