SENATE, No. 2380 **STATE OF NEW JERSEY** 219th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED MAY 4, 2020

Sponsored by: Senator STEPHEN M. SWEENEY District 3 (Cumberland, Gloucester and Salem) Senator NICHOLAS P. SCUTARI District 22 (Middlesex, Somerset and Union) Senator ROBERT W. SINGER District 30 (Monmouth and Ocean) Senator LINDA R. GREENSTEIN District 14 (Mercer and Middlesex)

SYNOPSIS

Concerns employment benefits and coronavirus disease 2019 infections contracted by essential employees.

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

As introduced.



(Sponsorship Updated As Of: 5/11/2020)

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AN ACT concerning essential employees contracting coronavirus disease 2019 and supplementing Title 34 of the Revised Statutes.

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BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

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7 1. a. (1) For the purposes of benefits provided under R.S.34:15-8 1 et seq., ordinary and accidental disability retirement, and any other 9 benefits provided by law to individuals suffering injury or illness 10 through the course of their employment, and notwithstanding any 11 other law to the contrary, to the extent an individual is eligible for 12 those benefits by virtue of the individual's employment, there is a 13 rebuttable presumption that the contraction of coronavirus disease 14 2019, or COVID-19, by an essential employee, including but not 15 limited to, a health care worker or a public safety worker, is work-16 related. The presumption shall only apply to an essential employee 17 who performs functions pertaining to those roles and involving 18 interactions with the public during the public health emergency 19 declared by Executive Order 103 of 2020, as extended by subsequent 20 executive orders.

(2) This prima facie presumption may be rebutted by a
preponderance of the evidence showing that the worker was not
exposed to the disease.

24 b. The amount of time an essential employee is incapacitated or 25 unable to perform their duties as a result of contracting coronavirus 26 disease 2019, or COVID-19, or exposure to the disease or infection 27 and the required time of hospitalization, time of quarantine or time 28 of self-quarantine shall be considered as on duty time, and an 29 essential employee shall not be required to use paid leave or any other 30 contractual time-off to cover the period of incapacitation or inability 31 to perform regular duty work. This time of incapacitation or inability to perform their duties shall be considered as "emergency hazard 32 33 health duty."

34 c. As used in this act:

35 "Essential employee" means that:

36 (1) the employee is considered essential in support of
37 gubernatorial or federally declared statewide emergency response
38 and recovery operations; or

39 (2) the employee is an employee in the public or private sector
40 with duties and responsibilities, the performance of which is essential
41 to the public's health, safety, and welfare.

42 "Health care facility" means any non-federal institution, building 43 or agency, or portion thereof whether public or private for profit or 44 nonprofit that is used, operated or designed to provide health 45 services, medical or dental treatment or nursing, rehabilitative, or 46 preventive care to any person. Health care facility includes, but is 47 not limited to: an ambulatory surgical facility, home health agency, 48 hospice, hospital, infirmary, intermediate care facility, dialysis

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1 center, long-term care facility, medical assistance facility, mental 2 health center, paid and volunteer emergency medical services, 3 outpatient facility, public health center, rehabilitation facility, 4 residential treatment facility, skilled nursing facility, and adult day 5 care center. Health care facility also includes, but is not limited to, the following related property when used for or in connection with 6 7 the foregoing: a laboratory, research facility, pharmacy, laundry 8 facility, health personnel training and lodging facility, patient, guest 9 and health personnel food service facility, and the portion of an office 10 or office building used by persons engaged in health care professions 11 or services. 12 "Health care worker" means an individual who is employed by a health care facility. 13 14 "Public safety worker" includes a member, employee, or officer of 15 a paid, partially-paid, or volunteer fire or police department, force,

16 company or district, including the State Police, a Community 17 Emergency Response Team approved by the New Jersey Office of 18 Emergency Management, or a correctional facility, or a basic or 19 advanced medical technician of a first aid or rescue squad, or any 20 other nurse, basic or advanced medical technician responding to a 21 catastrophic incident and directly involved and in contact with the 22 public during such an incident, either as a volunteer, member of a 23 Community Emergency Response Team or employed or directed by 24 a health care facility.

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26 2. This act is intended to affirm certain rights of essential
27 employees under the circumstances specified in this act, and shall not
28 be construed as reducing, limiting or curtailing any rights of any
29 worker or employee to benefits provided by law.

31 3. This act shall take effect immediately and shall be retroactive32 to March 9, 2020.

STATEMENT

This bill creates a presumption that coronavirus disease 2019 infections contracted by essential employees, including but not limited to, health care workers and public safety workers, are workrelated for the purpose of employment benefits provided for workrelated injuries and illnesses, including but not limited to, workers' compensation benefits.

Additionally, this bill provides that an essential employee's absence from work due to the employee contracting or being exposed to coronavirus disease 2019 will be considered on duty time, and an employer is prohibited from charging the employee any paid leave for the absence.

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The bill defines "essential employee" as (1) an employee who is essential in support of gubernatorial or federally declared statewide emergency response and recovery operations; or (2) an employee in the public or private sector with duties and responsibilities, the performance of which is essential to the public's health, safety, and welfare. The bill will be retroactive to March 9, 2020, the date of Governor

7 The bill will be retroactive to March 9, 2020, the date of Governor8 Murphy's declaration of state of emergency with respect to the

9 coronavirus disease 2019 pandemic.