[Second Reprint] SENATE, No. 3233

STATE OF NEW JERSEY 219th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED DECEMBER 7, 2020

Sponsored by: Senator JOSEPH P. CRYAN District 20 (Union)

SYNOPSIS

Requires certain electronic medical programs to include demographic data entry feature; requires laboratories to record certain patients' demographic information; requires certain hospitals and laboratories to implement cultural competency training program.

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

As amended by the Senate on June 21, 2021.



1 AN ACT concerning clinical laboratories, certain hospitals, and certain electronic medical records $\frac{1}{2}$ and supplementing Title 2 ¹[45] <u>26</u>¹ of the Revised Statutes ¹and P.L.1975, c.166 (C.45:9-3 $42.26 \text{ et seq.})^1$. 4 5 6 **BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State 7 of New Jersey: 8 9 ¹[1. As used in this act, "clinical laboratory" means a 10 laboratory licensed by the Department of Health, pursuant to the "New Jersey Clinical Laboratory Improvement Act," P.L.1975, 11 c.166 (C.45:9-42.26 et seq.).]¹ 12 13 14 ¹<u>1. a. Each general acute care hospital that collects data</u> concerning patient race, ethnicity, sexual orientation, or gender 15 16 identity for any reason shall implement an evidence-based cultural competency training program for all ²[employees who are healthcare 17 professionals, independent contractors, consultants, and other]² staff 18 members²employed by or working under the supervision of the 19 general acute hospital² who have direct contact with patients and are 20 responsible for collecting race and ethnicity, sexual orientation, and 21 gender identity information from patients. ²The Department of Health 22 shall identify an evidence-based cultural competency training tool to 23 be utilized by cultural competency training programs implemented by 24 general acute hospitals pursuant to this section. The use of the 25 department's approved training tool by a general acute hospital shall 26 27 not preclude the hospital from utilizing additional or customized training tools in addition to the department's approved training tool.² 28 b. ²[The] Each² cultural competency training program 29 ²implemented pursuant to subsection a. of this section² shall include 30 training on the following topics: 31 (1) common terminology for race and ethnicity, sexual orientation, 32 33 and gender identity data; 34 (2) information on the relationship between patient health and collecting race and ethnicity, sexual orientation, and gender identity 35 36 data; (3) information on how race and ethnicity, sexual orientation, and 37 38 gender identity data will be used; 39 (4) information on how to navigate discomfort in patients and staff 40 when asking patients for their race and ethnicity, sexual orientation, 41 and gender identity information; and (5) information on how to create an inclusive and affirming 42 environment for all patients. 43

EXPLANATION – Matter enclosed in **bold-faced brackets** [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter underlined <u>thus</u> is new matter. Matter enclosed in superscript numerals has been adopted as follows: ¹Senate SHH committee amendments adopted December 7, 2020. ²Senate floor amendments adopted June 21, 2021.

1 <u>c. Each</u> ²[healthcare professional, independent contractor, 2 consultant, and other]² staff member who is employed by ²[a] or working under the supervision of the² general acute care hospital, has 3 direct contact with patients, and is responsible for collecting race and 4 5 ethnicity, sexual orientation, and gender identity information from 6 patients, shall: 7 (1) complete the cultural competency training program 8 ²[<u>developed pursuant to subsection b.]</u> implemented pursuant to subsection a.² of this section at such times and intervals as the hospital 9 shall require; and 10 (2) complete a cultural competency refresher course at least once 11 12 biennially if completion of the course is deemed necessary by the hospital.¹ 13 14 15 2. a. (1) A clinical laboratory shall electronically record the 16 race, ethnicity, sexual orientation, and gender identity of each 17 patient who presents with a non-electronic order for testing at a 18 clinical laboratory patient service center. If a clinical laboratory 19 processes a specimen without the presence of a patient, the clinical 20 laboratory shall not be responsible for recording and reporting the 21 patient's gender identity, sexual orientation, and racial and ethnic 22 information. 23 (2) Race and ethnicity selections shall include, but shall not be 24 limited to: African American, Alaska Native, American Indian, 25 Asian, Black, Hispanic, Latino, more than one race, Native 26 Hawaiian, Other Pacific Islander, White, and does not wish to 27 disclose. 28 (3) Sexual orientation selections shall include, but shall not be 29 limited to: bisexual, do not know, heterosexual, homosexual, gay, 30 lesbian, something else, straight, and does not wish to disclose. 31 (4) Gender identity selections shall include, but shall not be 32 limited to: male, female, transgender-female, transgender-male, 33 non-binary, other, and does not wish to disclose. 34 b. Any health care related data that is required under State law 35 to be reported by a clinical laboratory to a local or State governmental entity shall include any corresponding gender 36 identity, sexual orientation, and racial and ethnic data recorded 37 pursuant to this section, and shall be incorporated into the 38 39 corresponding disease surveillance reporting system of the local or 40 State governmental entity. analysis 41 c. A non-electronic specimen collection and 42 requisition form distributed by a clinical laboratory shall contain a 43 section for the manual entry of the patient's racial, ethnic, sexual 44 orientation, and gender identity information on the form. 45 d. Race and ethnicity, sexual orientation, and gender identity 46 information that is required to be recorded or reported pursuant to 47 this section shall be recorded or reported using a program that is

compatible with the State's disease surveillance reporting system
¹[or equivalent to] using such data fields as may be available or
necessary in the version of¹ Health Level Seven International
recording and reporting standards ¹or equivalent standards adopted
by the laboratory¹.

¹[e. A clinical laboratory that fails to comply with the
provisions of this section shall be liable to a penalty in accordance
with the provisions of sections 13 and 14 of P.L.1971, c.136
(C.26:2H-13 and C.26:2H-14).]¹

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11 3. Any electronic medical records or laboratory information 12 management systems used in this State, on or after the effective 13 date of this act, shall be configured in a manner that prevents an 14 authorized user from saving or storing a patient's demographic 15 information into the electronic medical records or laboratory 16 information management systems unless a patient's gender identity, 17 sexual orientation, and racial and ethnic information is recorded. 18 The gender identity, sexual orientation, and racial and ethnic 19 information of a patient shall be included in laboratory orders generated by electronic medical record systems. ¹A vendor of 20 21 electronic medical records or laboratory information management 22 systems that fails to comply with the provisions of this section shall 23 be liable to a civil penalty of up to \$1,000 for each day during 24 which the vendor's system is out of compliance. A civil penalty 25 assessed pursuant to this section shall be collected by and in the 26 name of the Department of Health in summary proceedings before a 27 court of competent jurisdiction pursuant to the provisions of the 28 "Penalty Enforcement Law of 1999," P.L.1999, c.174 (C.2A:58-<u>10 et seq.).¹</u> 29

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4. Nothing in this act shall be construed to compel a patient to
disclose the patient's race, ethnicity, sexual orientation, or gender
identity to a clinical laboratory, health care provider, or any other
entity.

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5. a. ¹[As used in this section: "Hospital" means an acute care general hospital licensed pursuant to P.L.1971, c.136 (C.26:2H-1 et seq.)

b.]¹ Each clinical laboratory ¹[and hospital]¹ shall implement an 39 evidence-based cultural competency training program for all 40 ²[employees who are healthcare professionals, independent 41 contractors, consultants, and other]² staff members ²<u>employed by or</u> 42 working under the supervision of the clinical laboratory² who ¹have 43 direct contact with patients and¹ are responsible for collecting race and 44 45 ethnicity, sexual orientation, and gender identity information from patients. ²The Department of Health shall identify an evidence-based 46

1 cultural competency training tool to be utilized by cultural competency 2 training programs implemented by clinical laboratories pursuant to this 3 section. The use of the department's approved training tool by a clinical laboratory shall not preclude the clinical laboratory from 4 utilizing additional or customized training tools in addition to the 5 department's approved training tool.² 6 ¹[c.] b.¹ ²[The] Each² cultural competency training program 7 ²implemented pursuant to subsection a. of this section² shall include 8 9 training on the following topics: 10 (1) common terminology for race and ethnicity, sexual orientation, 11 and gender identity data; (2) information on the relationship between patient health and 12 13 collecting race and ethnicity, sexual orientation, and gender identity 14 data; 15 (3) information on how race and ethnicity, sexual orientation, and 16 gender identity data will be used; 17 (4) information on how to navigate discomfort in patients and staff 18 when asking patients for their race and ethnicity, sexual orientation, 19 and gender identity information; and (5) information on how to create an inclusive and affirming 20 21 environment for all patients. ¹[d.] <u>c.</u>¹ Each ²[healthcare professional, independent contractor, 22 consultant, and other]² staff member who is employed by ²[a] or 23 working under the supervision of the² clinical laboratory ¹[or 24 hospital], has direct contact with patients,¹ and is responsible for 25 collecting race and ethnicity, sexual orientation, and gender identity 26 information from patients $\frac{1,1}{2}$ shall: 27 (1) complete the cultural competency training program 28 29 ²[developed pursuant to subsection ¹[c.] <u>b.</u>¹] <u>implemented pursuant</u> to subsection a.² of this section at such times and intervals as the 30 clinical laboratory ¹[or hospital]¹ shall require; and 31 32 (2) complete a cultural competency refresher course at least once 33 biennially if completion of the course is deemed necessary by the clinical laboratory ¹[or hospital]¹. 34 35 6. The Commissioner of Health shall adopt rules and 36 regulations, in accordance with the "Administrative Procedure Act," 37 38 P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.), as are necessary to effectuate 39 the provisions of this act. 40 7. This act shall take effect 120 days after the date of 41 enactment except that ¹[section] <u>sections 1 and ¹ 5 ¹of this act</u>¹ 42 shall take effect ¹[immediately] 60 days after the date of 43 enactment¹. 44