

ASSEMBLY, No. 530

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

Introduced Pending Technical Review by Legislative Counsel

PRE-FILED FOR INTRODUCTION IN THE 1996 SESSION

By Assemblywoman CRECCO and Assemblyman ROCCO

1 AN ACT concerning the school curriculum and supplementing chapter  
2 35 of Title 18A of the New Jersey Statutes.

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4 **BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State  
5 of New Jersey:

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7 1. This act shall be known as the "AIDS Prevention Act of 1994."

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9 2. Any sex education that is given as part of any planned course,  
10 curriculum or other instructional program and that is intended to  
11 impart information or promote discussion or understanding in regard  
12 to human sexual behavior, sexual feelings and sexual values, human  
13 sexuality and reproduction, pregnancy avoidance or termination, HIV  
14 infection or sexually transmitted diseases, regardless of whether such  
15 instruction is described as, or incorporated into a description of "sex  
16 education," "family life education," "family health education," "health  
17 education," "family living," "health," "self esteem," or any other  
18 course, curriculum program or goal of education, and any materials,  
19 including but not limited to handouts, speakers, notes or audiovisuals  
20 presented on school property concerning methods for the prevention  
21 of acquired immune deficiency syndrome (HIV/AIDS), other sexually  
22 transmitted diseases and of avoiding pregnancy, shall clearly state that  
23 abstinence from sexual activity is the only completely reliable means  
24 of eliminating the sexual transmission of HIV/AIDS and other sexually  
25 transmitted diseases and of avoiding pregnancy.

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27 3. The board of education shall include in its family life and  
28 HIV/AIDS curriculum instruction on reasons, skills and strategies for  
29 remaining or becoming abstinent from sexual activity. Any instruction  
30 concerning the use of contraceptives or prophylactics such as condoms  
31 shall also include information on their failure rates for preventing  
32 pregnancy, HIV and other sexually transmitted diseases in actual use  
33 among adolescent populations and shall clearly explain the difference  
34 between risk reduction through the use of such devices and risk  
35 elimination through abstinence.

