[Passed Both Houses]

SENATE, No. 2148

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

INTRODUCED MAY 22, 1997

By Senator EWING, Assemblymen Kavanaugh and Augustine

1 AN ACT concerning employer and employee contributions to the State 2 retirement systems and revising various parts of the statutory law.

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BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

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16 17 1. N.J.S.18A:66-18 is amended to read as follows:

18A:66-18. The contingent reserve fund shall be the fund in which shall be credited contributions made by the State and other employers.

- a. Upon the basis of the tables recommended by the actuary which the board of trustees adopts and regular interest, the actuary of the board shall compute annually, beginning as of March 31, 1992, the amount of contribution which shall be the normal cost as computed under the projected unit credit method attributable to service rendered under the retirement system for the year beginning on July 1 immediately succeeding the date of the computation. This shall be known as the "normal contribution."
- 18 b. Upon the basis of the tables recommended by the actuary which 19 the board of trustees adopts and regular interest, the actuary of the board shall [compute the] annually determine if there is an amount of 20 21 the accrued liability of the retirement system [as of March 31, 1992] 22 , computed under the projected unit credit method, [excluding] 23 including the liability for pension adjustment benefits for active employees funded pursuant to section 2 of P.L.1987, c.385 24 (C.18A:66-18.1), which is not already covered by the assets of the 25 26 retirement system, valued in accordance with the asset valuation 27 method established in this section. [Using] This shall be known as the "unfunded accrued liability." If there was no unfunded accrued 28 29 liability for the valuation period immediately preceding the current 30 valuation period, the actuary, using the total amount of this unfunded 31 accrued liability, [the actuary] shall compute the initial amount of

EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and intended to be omitted in the law.

1 contribution which, if the contribution is increased at a specific rate 2 and paid annually for a specific period of time, will amortize this 3 liability. The State Treasurer shall determine, upon the advice of the 4 Director of the Division of Pensions and Benefits, the board of trustees and the actuary, the rate of increase for the contribution and the time 5 6 period for full funding of this liability, which shall not exceed [40] 30 7 years [on initial application of this section as amended by this act, 8 P.L.1994, c.62]. This shall be known as the "accrued liability 9 contribution." [Any increase or decrease in the unfunded accrued 10 liability as a result of actuarial losses or gains for the 10 valuation 11 years following valuation year 1992 shall serve to increase or decrease, respectively, the unfunded accrued liability contribution.] Thereafter, 12 any increase or decrease in the unfunded accrued liability as a result of 13 14 actuarial losses or gains for subsequent valuation years shall serve to 15 increase or decrease, respectively, the amortization period for the 16 unfunded accrued liability, unless an increase in the amortization 17 period will cause it to exceed 30 years. If an increase in the 18 amortization period as a result of actuarial losses for a valuation year 19 would exceed 30 years, the accrued liability contribution shall be 20 computed for the valuation year in the same manner provided for the 21 computation of the initial accrued liability contribution under this 22 section. The State may pay all or any portion of its unfunded accrued 23 <u>liability</u> under the retirement system from any source of funds legally 24 available for the purpose, including, without limitation, the proceeds 25 of bonds authorized by law for this purpose.

The value of the assets to be used in the computation of the 26 27 contributions provided for under this section for valuation periods 28 shall be the value of the assets for the preceding valuation period 29 increased by the regular interest rate, plus the net cash flow for the 30 valuation period (the difference between the benefits and expenses 31 paid by the system and the contributions to the system) increased by 32 one half of the regular interest rate, plus 20% of the difference 33 between this expected value and the full market value of the assets as 34 of the end of the valuation period. This shall be known as the 35 "valuation assets." Notwithstanding the first sentence of this paragraph, the valuation assets for the valuation period ending March 36 37 31, 1996 shall be the full market value of the assets as of that date and 38 shall include the proceeds from the bonds issued pursuant to the 39 Pension Bond Financing Act of 1997, P.L. , c. (now pending before 40 the Legislature as), paid to the system by the New Jersey 41 Economic Development Authority to fund the unfunded accrued 42 <u>liability of the system.</u>

- 43 <u>"Excess valuation assets" for a valuation period means:</u>
- 44 (1) the valuation assets; less
- 45 (2) the actuarial accrued liability for basic benefits and pension 46 adjustment benefits, excluding the unfunded accrued liability for early

- 1 retirement incentive benefits pursuant to P.L.1991, c.231 and
- 2 P.L.1993, c.163 for employers other than the State; less
- 3 (3) the contributory group insurance premium fund created by 4 N.J.S.18A:66-77; less
- 5 (4) the post-retirement medical premium fund created pursuant to
- 6 <u>section 2 of P.L.1987, c.385 (C.18A:66-18.1), as amended by section</u>
- 7 <u>3 of P.L.1994, c.62; less</u>
- 8 (5) the present value of the projected total normal cost for pension
- 9 adjustment benefits in excess of the projected total phased-in normal
- 10 cost for pension adjustment benefits as originally authorized by section
- 11 <u>2 of P.L.1987, c.385 (C.18A:66-18.1) over the full phase-in period,</u>
- 12 <u>determined in the manner prescribed for the determination and</u>
- 13 amortization of the unfunded accrued liability of the system, if the sum
- 14 of the foregoing items is greater than zero.
- 15 If there are excess valuation assets for the valuation period ending
- 16 March 31, 1996, the normal contributions for the valuation periods
- 17 ending March 31, 1996 and March 31, 1997 which have not yet been
- 18 paid to the retirement system shall be reduced to the extent possible
- 19 by the excess valuation assets, provided that the General Fund
- 20 <u>balances that would have been paid to the retirement system except for</u>
- 21 <u>this provision shall first be allocated as State aid to public schools to</u>
- 22 the extent that additional sums are required to comply with the May
- 23 14, 1997 decision of the New Jersey Supreme Court in Abbott v.
- 24 Burke, and provided further that the normal contribution for the
- 25 <u>valuation period ending March 31, 1996 shall not be less than</u>
- 26 \$54,000,000. If there are excess valuation assets for a valuation
- 27 period ending after March 31, 1996, the State Treasurer may reduce
- 28 the normal contribution payable for the next valuation period as
- 29 follows:
- 30 (1) for valuation periods ending March 31, 1997 through March
- 31 31, 2001, to the extent possible by up to 100% of the excess valuation
- 32 assets;
- 33 (2) for the valuation period ending March 31, 2002, to the extent
- 34 possible by up to 84% of the excess valuation assets:
- 35 (3) for the valuation period ending March 31, 2003, to the extent
- 36 possible by up to 68% of the excess valuation assets; and
- 37 (4) for valuation periods ending on or after March 31, 2004, to the
- 38 extent possible by up to 50% of the excess valuation assets.
- For calendar years 1998 and 1999, the rate of contribution of
- 40 members of the retirement system under N.J.S.18A:66-29 shall be
- 41 reduced by ½ of 1% from excess valuation assets. Thereafter, the rate
- 42 of contribution of members of the retirement system under that section
- 43 <u>for a calendar year shall be reduced equally with normal contributions</u>
- 44 to the extent possible, but not by more than ½ of 1%, from excess
- 45 <u>valuation assets if the State Treasurer determines that excess valuation</u>
- 46 <u>assets shall be used to reduce normal contributions by the State for the</u>

- 1 <u>fiscal year beginning immediately prior to the calendar year, and excess</u>
- 2 <u>valuation assets above the amount necessary to fund the reduction for</u>
- 3 that calendar year in the member contribution rate plus an equal
- 4 reduction in the normal contribution shall be available for the further
- 5 reduction of normal contributions, subject to the limitations prescribed
- 6 by this subsection.
- 7 c. (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1992, c.125.)
- d. The retirement system shall certify annually the aggregate amount payable to the contingent reserve fund in the ensuing year, which amount shall be equal to the sum of the amounts described in this section, and which shall be paid into the contingent reserve fund in the manner provided by section 18A:66-33.
- e. Except as provided in sections 18A:66-26 and 18A:66-53, the death benefits payable under the provisions of this article upon the death of an active or retired member shall be paid from the contingent
- 16 reserve fund.
- f. The disbursements for benefits not covered by reserves in the system on account of veterans shall be met by direct contribution of the State.
- 20 (cf: P.L.1994, c.62, s.2)

- 22 2. Section 2 of P.L.1987, c.385 (C.18A:66-18.1) is amended to 23 read as follows:
- read as follows:
 2. Pension adjustment benefits for members and beneficiaries of the
- Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund as provided by the "Pension Adjustment Act," P.L.1958, c.143 (C.43:3B-1 et seq.) shall be paid by
- the retirement system and shall be funded as employer obligations by
- 28 the same method provided by law for the funding of employer
- 29 obligations for the basic retirement benefits provided by the retirement
- 30 system. [Normal and accrued liability contributions for pension
- 31 adjustment benefits for active employees shall be determined for the
- 32 1992 valuation year and shall be phased in so that the level of
- 33 recognition of the full normal and accrued liability contributions shall
- 34 be 20% for valuation year 1992 and 23.33% for valuation year 1993,
- and shall be increased by 2.33% for each valuation year thereafter until
- 36 the full normal and accrued liability contributions are fully
- 37 recognized.]
- Health care benefits for qualified retirees and their dependents as provided by section 3 of P.L.1987, c.384 (C.52:14-17.32f) shall be
- 40 funded and paid by the retirement system through a separate fund or
- 41 trust of the retirement system in accordance with the requirements of
- 42 the federal Internal Revenue Code. Beginning with the actuarial
- valuation period ending March 31, 1994, the actuary of the retirement
- system shall annually compute a contribution to fund these health care
- 45 benefits which shall be the amount necessary to pay the anticipated
- 46 premiums or periodic charges for the benefits for the following

valuation period and to provide that the balance in the fund as of the end of the following valuation period shall be increased by 1/2 of 1% of the salary of the active members for the valuation period. If the assets in the fund are insufficient to pay the premiums or periodic charges for the benefits, they shall be paid directly by the State.

6 (cf: P.L.1994, c.62, s.3)

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- 8 3. Section 33 of P.L.1973, c.140 (C.43:6A-33) is amended to read 9 as follows:
 - 33. a. Upon the basis of the tables recommended by the actuary which the commission adopts and regular interest, the actuary shall compute annually, beginning as of June 30, 1992, the amount of the contribution which shall be the normal cost as computed under the projected unit credit method attributable to service rendered under the retirement system for the year beginning on July 1 immediately succeeding the date of the computation. This shall be known as the "normal contribution."
- 18 b. Upon the basis of the tables recommended by the actuary which 19 the commission adopts and regular interest, the actuary shall [compute 20 the] annually determine if there is an amount of the accrued liability of the retirement system [as of June 30, 1992], computed under the 21 22 projected unit credit method, which is not already covered by the 23 assets of the retirement system, valued in accordance with the asset 24 valuation method established in this section. [Using] This shall be known as the "unfunded accrued liability." If there was no unfunded 25 26 accrued liability for the valuation period immediately preceding the 27 current valuation period, the actuary, using the total amount of this 28 unfunded accrued liability, [the actuary] shall compute the initial 29 amount of contribution which, if the contribution is increased at a 30 specific rate and paid annually for a specific period of time, will amortize this liability. The State Treasurer shall determine, upon the 31 32 advice of the Director of the Division of Pensions and Benefits, the 33 commission and the actuary, the rate of increase for the contribution 34 and the time period for full funding of this liability, which shall not 35 exceed [40] 30 years [on initial application of this section as amended 36 by this act, P.L.1994, c.62]. This shall be known as the "accrued 37 liability contribution." [Any increase or decrease in the unfunded 38 accrued liability as a result of actuarial losses or gains for the 10 39 valuation years following valuation year 1992 shall serve to increase 40 or decrease, respectively, the unfunded accrued liability contribution.] 41 Thereafter, any increase or decrease in the unfunded accrued liability 42 as a result of actuarial losses or gains for subsequent valuation years 43 shall serve to increase or decrease, respectively, the amortization 44 period for the unfunded accrued liability, unless an increase in the 45 amortization period will cause it to exceed 30 years. If an increase in 46 the amortization period as a result of actuarial losses for a valuation

1 year would exceed 30 years, the accrued liability contribution shall be

- 2 computed for the valuation year in the same manner provided for the
- 3 computation of the initial accrued liability contribution under this
- 4 section. The State may pay all or any portion of its unfunded accrued
- liability under the retirement system from any source of funds legally 5
- available for the purpose, including, without limitation, the proceeds 6
- 7 of bonds authorized by law for this purpose.

8 The value of the assets to be used in the computation of the 9 contributions provided for under this section for valuation periods 10 shall be the value of the assets for the preceding valuation period

- 11 increased by the regular interest rate, plus the net cash flow for the
- 12 valuation period (the difference between the benefits and expenses
- 13 paid by the system and the contributions to the system) increased by
- 14 one half of the regular interest rate, plus 20% of the difference
- 15 between this expected value and the full market value of the assets as
- of the end of the valuation period. This shall be known as the 16
- 17 "valuation assets." Notwithstanding the first sentence of this
- 18 paragraph, the valuation assets for the valuation period ending June
- 30, 1996 shall be the full market value of the assets as of that date and 19
- 20 shall include the proceeds from the bonds issued pursuant to the
- 21 Pension Bond Financing Act of 1997, P.L., c. (now pending before
- 22 the Legislature as), paid to the system by the New Jersey
- 23 Economic Development Authority to fund the unfunded accrued
- 24 liability of the system.
- 25 "Excess valuation assets" means the valuation assets for a valuation
- 26 period less the actuarial accrued liability for the valuation period, if the
- 27 sum is greater than zero. If there are excess valuation assets for the 28 valuation period ending June 30, 1996, the normal contributions for
- 29 the valuation periods ending June 30, 1996 and June 30, 1997 which
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- have not yet been paid to the retirement system shall be reduced to the 31 extent possible by the excess valuation assets, provided that the
- 32 General Fund balances that would have been paid to the retirement
- 33 system except for this provision shall first be allocated as State aid to
- 34 public schools to the extent that additional sums are required to
- 35 comply with the May 14, 1997 decision of the New Jersey Supreme
- Court in Abbott v. Burke. If there are excess valuation assets for a 36
- 37 valuation period ending after June 30, 1996, the State Treasurer may
- 38 reduce the normal contribution payable for the next valuation period
- 39 as follows:
- 40 (1) for valuation periods ending June 30, 1997 through June 30,
- 41 2001, to the extent possible by up to 100% of the excess valuation
- 42 assets;
- 43 (2) for the valuation period ending June 30, 2002, to the extent
- 44 possible by up to 84% of the excess valuation assets;
- 45 (3) for the valuation period ending June 30, 2003, to the extent
- 46 possible by up to 68% of the excess valuation assets; and

- 1 (4) for valuation periods ending on or after June 30, 2004, to the 2 extent possible by up to 50% of the excess valuation assets.
- 3 c. The actuary shall certify annually the aggregate amount payable 4 to the contingent reserve fund in the ensuing year, which amount shall be equal to the sum of the amounts described in this section. The 5
- State shall pay into the contingent reserve fund during the ensuing year 6
- 7 the amount so determined.
- 8 The cash death benefits, payable as the result of contribution by the 9 State under the provisions of this act upon the death of a member in 10 active service and after retirement, shall be paid from the contingent 11 reserve fund.
- 12 d. (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1992, c.125.)
- 13 (cf: P.L.1994, c.62, s.5)

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- 15 4. Section 7 of P.L.1941, c.220 (C.43:7-13) is amended to read as 16 follows:
- 17 7. For the purpose of paying the pensions, a fund shall be created 18 as follows:
- 19 (a) There shall be deducted from every payment of salary to a 20 prison officer benefited by this act, 6% of the amount thereof.
 - (b) That the State shall pay into said fund yearly an amount equal to 6% of the total salaries paid to the said prison officers who shall benefit by this act, which amount shall be submitted to the Legislature yearly by the pension commission. The Legislature shall make an appropriation sufficient to provide for such obligation of the State;
- 26 (c) There shall be added to such fund all fines imposed upon any such prison officer, all money donated to the fund, all moneys deducted from the salary of such prison officers because of absence 29 or loss of time due to suspension, and 1/2 of all rewards paid for any purpose to such prison officer;
 - (d) If there shall not be sufficient money in the fund so created, the Legislature shall include in any appropriation bill a sum sufficient to meet the requirements of the fund for the time being;
- 34 (e) All pensions granted under this article shall be exempt from any 35 State or municipal tax, levy and sale, garnishment or attachment, or any other process whatsoever, and shall be unassignable. 36
- The State may pay all or any portion of its unfunded accrued 37 38 <u>liability</u> under the retirement system from any source of funds legally 39 available for the purpose, including, without limitation, the proceeds 40 of bonds authorized by law for this purpose.
- 41 (cf: P.L.1969, c.56, s.5).

- 43 5. Section 24 of P.L.1954, c.84 (C.43:15A-24) is amended to read 44 as follows:
- 45 24. The contingent reserve fund shall be the fund in which shall be 46 credited contributions made by the State and other employers.

1 a. Upon the basis of the tables recommended by the actuary which 2 the board adopts and regular interest, the actuary shall compute 3 annually, beginning as of March 31, 1992, the amount of contribution 4 which shall be the normal cost as computed under the projected unit credit method attributable to service rendered under the retirement 5 system for the year beginning on July 1 immediately succeeding the 6 7 date of the computation. This shall be known as the "normal 8 contribution."

9 b. [Upon] With respect to employers other than the State, upon 10 the basis of the tables recommended by the actuary which the board 11 adopts and regular interest, the actuary shall compute the amount of 12 the accrued liability of the retirement system as of March 31, 1992 13 under the projected unit credit method, excluding the liability for 14 pension adjustment benefits for active employees funded pursuant to 15 section 2 of P.L.1990, c.6 (C.43:15A-24.1), which is not already covered by the assets of the retirement system, valued in accordance 16 17 with the asset valuation method established in this section. Using the total amount of this unfunded accrued liability, the actuary shall 18 19 compute the initial amount of contribution which, if the contribution 20 is increased at a specific rate and paid annually for a specific period of 21 time, will amortize this liability. The State Treasurer shall determine, 22 upon the advice of the Director of the Division of Pensions and 23 Benefits, the board of trustees and the actuary, the rate of increase for 24 the contribution and the time period for full funding of this liability, 25 which shall not exceed 40 years on initial application of this section as 26 amended by this act, P.L.1994, c.62. This shall be known as the 27 "accrued liability contribution." Any increase or decrease in the 28 unfunded accrued liability as a result of actuarial losses or gains for the 29 10 valuation years following valuation year 1992 shall serve to 30 increase or decrease, respectively, the unfunded accrued liability 31 contribution. Thereafter, any increase or decrease in the unfunded 32 accrued liability as a result of actuarial losses or gains for subsequent 33 valuation years shall serve to increase or decrease, respectively, the 34 amortization period for the unfunded accrued liability, unless an 35 increase in the amortization period will cause it to exceed 30 years. 36 If an increase in the amortization period as a result of actuarial losses 37 for a valuation year would exceed 30 years, the accrued liability 38 contribution shall be computed for the valuation year in the same 39 manner provided for the computation of the initial accrued liability 40 contribution under this section.

With respect to the State, upon the basis of the tables recommended by the actuary which the commission adopts and regular interest, the actuary shall annually determine if there is an amount of the accrued liability of the retirement system, computed under the projected unit credit method, which is not already covered by the assets of the retirement system, valued in accordance with the asset valuation

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method established in this section. This shall be known as the 1 2 "unfunded accrued liability." If there was no unfunded accrued 3 <u>liability</u> for the valuation period immediately preceding the current 4 valuation period, the actuary, using the total amount of this unfunded 5 accrued liability, shall compute the initial amount of contribution which, if the contribution is increased at a specific rate and paid 6 7 annually for a specific period of time, will amortize this liability. The 8 State Treasurer shall determine, upon the advice of the Director of the 9 Division of Pensions and Benefits, the commission and the actuary, the 10 rate of increase for the contribution and the time period for full 11 funding of this liability, which shall not exceed 30 years. This shall be known as the "accrued liability contribution." Thereafter, any increase 12 13 or decrease in the unfunded accrued liability as a result of actuarial 14 losses or gains for subsequent valuation years shall serve to increase 15 or decrease, respectively, the amortization period for the unfunded 16 accrued liability, unless an increase in the amortization period will 17 cause it to exceed 30 years. If an increase in the amortization period 18 as a result of actuarial losses for a valuation year would exceed 30 19 years, the accrued liability contribution shall be computed for the 20 valuation year in the same manner provided for the computation of the 21 initial accrued liability contribution under this section. The State may 22 pay all or any portion of its unfunded accrued liability under the 23 retirement system from any source of funds legally available for the purpose. including, without limitation, the proceeds of bonds 24 25 authorized by law for this purpose.

26 The value of the assets to be used in the computation of the 27 contributions provided for under this section for valuation periods 28 shall be the value of the assets for the preceding valuation period 29 increased by the regular interest rate, plus the net cash flow for the 30 valuation period (the difference between the benefits and expenses 31 paid by the system and the contributions to the system) increased by 32 one half of the regular interest rate, plus 20% of the difference 33 between this expected value and the full market value of the assets as 34 of the end of the valuation period. This shall be known as the "valuation assets." Notwithstanding the first sentence of this 35 paragraph, the valuation assets for the valuation period ending March 36 37 31, 1996 shall be the full market value of the assets as of that date and 38 , with respect to the valuation assets allocated to the State, shall 39 include the proceeds from the bonds issued pursuant to the Pension 40 Bond Financing Act of 1997, P.L., c. (now pending before the 41 <u>Legislature as</u>), paid to the system by the New Jersey Economic 42 Development Authority to fund the unfunded accrued liability of the 43 system.

"Excess valuation assets" for a valuation period means, with respect
 to the valuation assets allocated to the State:

(1) the valuation assets allocated to the State; less

- 1 (2) the actuarial accrued liability of the State for basic benefits and 2 pension adjustment benefits under the retirement system; less
- 3 (3) the contributory group insurance premium fund, created by 4 section 4 of P.L.1954, c.214 (C.43:15A-91), as amended by section 4 5 of P.L.1960, c.79; less
- 6 (4) the post retirement medical premium fund, created pursuant to 7 section 2 of P.L.1990, c.6 (C.43:15A-24.1), as amended by section 8 8 of P.L.1994, c.62; less
- 9 (5) the present value of the projected total normal cost for pension 10 adjustment benefits in excess of the projected total phased-in normal 11 cost for pension adjustment benefits for the State authorized by section 2 of P.L.1990, c.6 (C.43:15A-24.1) over the full phase-in 12 13 period, determined in the manner prescribed for the determination and 14 amortization of the unfunded accrued liability of the system, if the sum 15 of the foregoing items is greater than zero.
- "Excess valuation assets" for a valuation period means, with respect 16 17 to the valuation assets allocated to other employers:

- (1) the valuation assets allocated to the other employers; less
- 19 (2) the actuarial accrued liability of the other employers for basic 20 benefits and pension adjustment benefits under the retirement system, 21 excluding the unfunded accrued liability for early retirement incentive 22 benefits pursuant to P.L.1991, c.229, P.L.1991, c.230, P.L.1993, 23 c.138, and P.L.1993, c.181, for employers other than the State; less
- 24 (3) the contributory group insurance premium fund, created by 25 section 4 of P.L.1954, c.214 (C.43:15A-91), as amended by section 4 26 of P.L.1960, c.79; less
- 27 (4) the present value of the projected total normal cost for pension 28 adjustment benefits in excess of the projected total phased-in normal 29 cost for pension adjustment benefits for the other employers 30 authorized by section 2 of P.L.1990, c.6 (C.43:15A-24.1) over the full phase-in period, determined in the manner prescribed for the 31 32 determination and amortization of the unfunded accrued liability of the 33 system, if the sum of the foregoing items is greater than zero.
- 34 If there are excess valuation assets allocated to the State or to the 35 other employers for the valuation period ending March 31, 1996, the 36 normal contributions payable by the State or by the other employers 37 for the valuation periods ending March 31, 1996 and March 31, 1997 38 which have not yet been paid to the retirement system shall be reduced 39 to the extent possible by the excess valuation assets allocated to the 40 State or to the other employers, respectively, provided that with 41 respect to the excess valuation assets allocated to the State, the 42 General Fund balances that would have been paid to the retirement 43 system except for this provision shall first be allocated as State aid to 44 public schools to the extent that additional sums are required to comply with the May 14, 1997 decision of the New Jersey Supreme
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- Court in Abbott v. Burke. If there are excess valuation assets 46

- 1 allocated to the State or to the other employers for a valuation period
- 2 ending after March 31, 1996, the State Treasurer may reduce the
- 3 normal contribution payable by the State or by the other employers for
- 4 the next valuation period as follows:
- (1) for valuation periods ending March 31, 1997 through March 5
- 31, 2001, to the extent possible by up to 100% of the excess valuation 6
- 7 assets allocated to the State or to the other employers, respectively;
- 8 (2) for the valuation period ending March 31, 2002, to the extent
- 9 possible by up to 84% of the excess valuation assets allocated to the
- 10 State or to the other employers, respectively;
- 11 (3) for the valuation period ending March 31, 2003, to the extent
- 12 possible by up to 68% of the excess valuation assets allocated to the
- 13 State or to the other employers, respectively; and
- 14 (4) for valuation periods ending on or after March 31, 2004, to the
- 15 extent possible by up to 50% of the excess valuation assets allocated
- to the State or to the other employers, respectively. 16
- 17 For calendar years 1998 and 1999, the rate of contribution of
- 18 members of the retirement system under section 25 of P.L.1954, c.84
- 19 (C.43:15A-25) shall be reduced by ½ of 1% from excess valuation
- 20 assets. Thereafter, the rate of contribution of members of the
- 21 retirement system under that section for a calendar year shall be
- 22 reduced equally with normal contributions to the extent possible, but
- 23 not by more than ½ of 1%, from excess valuation assets if the State
- 24 Treasurer determines that excess valuation assets shall be used to
- 25 reduce normal contributions by the State and local employers for the
- 26 fiscal year beginning immediately prior to the calendar year, or for the
- 27 calendar year for local employers whose fiscal year is the calendar
- 28 year, and excess valuation assets above the amount necessary to fund
- 29 the reduction for that calendar year in the member contribution rate 30
- 31 the further reduction of normal contributions, subject to the limitations

plus an equal reduction in the normal contribution shall be available for

- 32 prescribed by this subsection.
- 33 c. The retirement system shall certify annually the aggregate
- 34 amount payable to the contingent reserve fund in the ensuing year,
- 35 which amount shall be equal to the sum of the amounts described in
- this section. The State shall pay into the contingent reserve fund 36
- 37 during the ensuing year the amount so determined. The death benefits,
- 38 payable as a result of contribution by the State under the provisions of
- 39 this chapter upon the death of an active or retired member, shall be
- 40 paid from the contingent reserve fund.
- 41 d. The disbursements for benefits not covered by reserves in the
- 42 system on account of veterans shall be met by direct contributions of
- 43 the State and other employers.
- 44 (cf: P.L.1994, c.62, s.7)

1 6. Section 2 of P.L.1990, c.6 (C.43:15A-24.1) is amended to read 2 as follows:

3 2. Pension adjustment benefits for members and beneficiaries of the 4 Public Employees' Retirement System provided by the "Pension Adjustment Act," P.L.1958, c.143 (C.43:3B-1 et seq.) shall be paid by 5 6 the retirement system and shall be funded as employer obligations by 7 the same method provided by law for the funding of employer 8 obligations for the basic retirement benefits provided by the retirement 9 Normal and accrued liability contributions for pension 10 adjustment benefits for active employees of employers other than the 11 State shall be determined for the 1992 valuation year and shall be 12 phased in so that the level of recognition of the full normal and 13 accrued liability contributions for the State and other employers shall 14 be 20% for valuation year 1992 and 24% for valuation year 1993, and 15 shall be increased by 2.24% for each valuation year thereafter until the full normal and accrued liability contributions are fully recognized. 16

Health care benefits for retired State employees and their dependents for which the State is required to pay the premiums or periodic charges under the "New Jersey State Health Benefits Program Act," P.L.1961, c.49 (C.52:14-17.25 et seq.), shall be funded and paid by the retirement system through a separate fund or trust of the retirement system in accordance with the requirements of the federal Internal Revenue Code. Beginning with the actuarial valuation period ending March 31, 1994, the actuary of the retirement system shall annually compute a contribution to fund these health care benefits which shall be the amount necessary to pay the anticipated premiums or periodic charges for the benefits for the following valuation period and to provide that the balance in the fund as of the end of the following valuation period shall be increased by 1/2 of 1% of the salary of the active members for the valuation period. If the assets in the fund are insufficient to pay the premiums or periodic charges for the benefits, they shall be paid directly by the State.

33 (cf: P.L.1994, c.62, s.8)

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7. R.S.43:16-5 is amended to read as follows:

43:16-5. For the purpose of paying the pensions provided by this chapter, all pension funds heretofore created and in existence pursuant to the provisions of an act entitled "An act providing for the retirement of policemen and firemen of the police and fire departments in municipalities of this State, including all police officers having supervision of regulation of traffic upon county roads, and providing a pension for such retired policemen and firemen and members of the police and fire departments, and the widows, children and sole dependent parents of deceased members of said departments," approved April 15, 1920 (P.L.1920, c.160), and chapter 16 of Title 43 of the Revised Statutes, shall, from and after July 1, 1953, be

- consolidated, and, as so consolidated, shall be transferred to and placed under the Consolidated Police and Firemen's Pension Fund created by the provisions of this chapter. All rights and privileges created and extended to members of a municipal police department or of a paid or part-paid fire department or of a county police department, including members of the paid or part-paid fire department of any fire district located in any township which has adopted said act or said chapter of the Revised Statutes are hereby expressly preserved, continued and transferred from said pension funds to said consolidated fund. Nothing herein contained shall be deemed to affect or impair the right of any beneficiary of any of the funds so created, but all rights of such beneficiaries which have accrued or may accrue in or against any such pension fund shall be deemed to have accrued or to accrue against the funds so consolidated. consolidated fund shall be maintained as follows:
 - (a) There shall be deducted from every payment of salary to each member, as defined in the supplement to this chapter enacted by laws of 1944, c.253, s.12, as amended and supplemented, and paid into said consolidated fund 7% of the amount thereof.

- (b) All employers, as defined in the supplement to this chapter enacted by laws of 1944, c.253, s.21, as amended and supplemented, shall contribute to the said consolidated fund in the following manner and amounts:
- (1) An amount equal to 6% of the total of salaries annually paid to the members of the consolidated fund under said employer's jurisdiction, which shall be known as the employer's normal contribution, and which shall be paid into said fund no later than April 1 of the State's fiscal year in which payment is due.
- (2) An additional amount annually for a period of 30 years, commencing July 1, 1953, equal to 66 2/3% of the share of the particular employer of the annual amortization payment determined by the actuary to be required to bring the fund to a state of actuarial solvency at the end of the said 30-year period. In determining an employer's share of said annual amortization payment, the actuary shall determine separately, and give due credit to the value of the assets transferred by such employer to said consolidated fund. The amount of each of such annual payments shall be certified by the fund to the treasurer of each employer prior to the first day of the year in which such payment is required to be made, and said amount shall be appropriated in said employer's budget for that year. Said annual payment, which shall be known as the employer's accrued liability contribution, shall be made in two equal portions; the first on the first day of each year, and the second on July 1 of each year.
- 44 (3) An additional amount to be paid each year following the 45 termination of the 30-year period provided for in subsection (b)(2) of 46 this section, sufficient to meet the requirements of the fund.

1 (4) A fee, payable no later than April 1 of the State's fiscal year in 2 which payment of the employer's normal contribution is due and 3 consisting of such proportion of the administrative expense of the 4 consolidated fund as the number of active and retired members under the jurisdiction of such employer, or their beneficiaries, then bears to 5 the total number of active and retired members under the jurisdiction 6 of such employer, or their beneficiaries, then bears to the total number 7 8 of active and retired members and beneficiaries in the consolidated 9 fund.

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- (c) The State of New Jersey shall contribute annually, throughout a period of 20 years, commencing July 1, 1972, such amount as may be necessary to make up the balance of the accrued liability of the consolidated fund. The amount of such annual contributions by the State shall be certified to the State Treasurer by the actuary at the time required for other State departmental budgetary certifications. All funds necessary to meet the State's share of said annual payments shall be included in the annual State budget and appropriated by the Legislature.
- (d) If payment of the full amount of the employer's obligation is not made within 30 days of the due date established by the act, interest at the rate of 10% per annum shall commence to run against unpaid balance thereof on the first day after such thirtieth day.
- If payment in full, representing the monthly transmittal and report of salary deductions, is not made within 15 days of the due date established by the pension fund, interest at the rate of 10% per annum shall commence to run against the total transmittal of salary deductions for the period on the first day after such fifteenth day.
- (e) The accrued liability contribution of any employer shall be payable by the employer for the entire period of the financing of such liability and shall continue to be due and owing to the fund even when there are no longer any beneficiaries entitled to benefits.
 - (f) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1992, c.125.)
- (g) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1992, c.125.)
- (h) Upon the basis of tables recommended by the actuary which the commission adopts after consultation with the Director of the Division of Pensions and Benefits, the actuary shall compute the amount of unfunded liability of the fund as of June 30, 1990 which is not already covered by the assets of the fund, valued in accordance with the asset valuation method established in this section, and prospective employer normal contributions and employee contributions. Using the total amount of this unfunded liability, the actuary shall compute the amount of the flat annual payment which, if paid in each succeeding fiscal year, commencing with July 1, 1991, for a period of nine years, will provide for this liability. This payment shall be increased or decreased in succeeding fiscal years to amortize any actuarial loss or 46 gain over the remaining time in this nine-year period. Any unfunded

1 liability remaining after this nine-year period shall be funded by direct

- 2 State appropriations. The actuary shall annually certify over the
- 3 nine-year period the amount payable to the fund in the ensuing year,
- 4 and the State shall pay into the fund during the ensuing year the
- 5 amount so certified. The State may pay all or any portion of its
- 6 <u>unfunded accrued liability under the retirement system from any source</u>
- 7 of funds legally available for the purpose, including, without limitation,
 - the proceeds of bonds authorized by law for this purpose.
- 9 [The value of the assets for the valuation period ending June 30, 10 1990 shall be the full market value of the assets as of that date. The 11 value of the assets for the valuation period ending June 30, 1991 shall be the value of the assets for the preceding valuation period increased 12 13 by 8 3/4%, plus the net cash flow for the valuation period (the 14 difference between the benefits paid by the system and the 15 contributions to the system) increased by 4 3/8%, plus 20% of the difference between this expected value and the full market value of the 16 assets as of June 30, 1991.] The value of the assets for the valuation 17 periods ending on or after June 30, 1992 shall be the value of the 18 19 assets for the preceding valuation period increased by the regular 20 interest rate, plus the net cash flow for the valuation period (the difference between the benefits paid by the system and the 21 contributions to the system) increased by one half of the regular 22 23 interest rate, plus 20% of the difference between this expected value
 - The tables of actuarial assumptions previously adopted by the commission for the valuation periods ending June 30, 1990 and June 30, 1991 shall be applicable to the revaluations of the retirement system under P.L.1992, c.125 (C.43:4B-1 et al.).

and the full market value of the assets as of the end of the valuation

30 (cf: P.L.1992, c.125, s.10)

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period.

- 32 8. Section 15 of P.L.1944, c.255 (C.43:16A-15) is amended to 33 read as follows:
 - 15. (1) The contributions required for the support of the retirement system shall be made by members and their employers.
- 36 (2) The uniform percentage contribution rate for members shall be8.5% of compensation.
 - (3) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1989, c.204).
- 39 (4) Upon the basis of the tables recommended by the actuary which the board adopts and regular interest, the actuary shall compute 40 annually, beginning as of June 30, 1991, the amount of contribution 41 42 which shall be the normal cost as computed under the projected unit 43 credit method attributable to service rendered under the retirement 44 system for the year beginning on July 1 immediately succeeding the 45 date of the computation. This shall be known as the "normal contribution." 46

(5) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1989, c.204).

- (6) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1994, c.62.)
- (7) Each employer shall cause to be deducted from the salary of each member the percentage of earnable compensation prescribed in subsection (2) of this section. To facilitate the making of deductions, the retirement system may modify the amount of deduction required of any member by an amount not to exceed 1/10 of 1% of the compensation upon which the deduction is based.
- (8) The deductions provided for herein shall be made notwithstanding that the minimum salary provided for by law for any member shall be reduced thereby. Every member shall be deemed to consent and agree to the deductions made and provided for herein, and payment of salary or compensation less said deduction shall be a full and complete discharge and acquittance of all claims and demands whatsoever for the service rendered by such person during the period covered by such payment, except as to the benefits provided under this act. The chief fiscal officer of each employer shall certify to the retirement system in such manner as the retirement system may prescribe, the amounts deducted; and when deducted shall be paid into said annuity savings fund, and shall be credited to the individual account of the member from whose salary said deduction was made.
- (9) [Upon] With respect to employers other than the State, upon the basis of the tables recommended by the actuary which the board adopts and regular interest, the actuary shall compute the amount of the accrued liability as of June 30, 1991 under the projected unit credit method, which is not already covered by the assets of the retirement system, valued in accordance with the asset valuation method established in this section. Using the total amount of this unfunded accrued liability, the actuary shall compute the initial amount of contribution which, if the contribution is increased at a specific rate and paid annually for a specific period of time, will amortize this liability. The State Treasurer shall determine, upon the advice of the Director of the Division of Pensions and Benefits, the board of trustees and the actuary, the rate of increase for the contribution and the time period for full funding of this liability, which shall not exceed 40 years on initial application of this section as amended by this act, P.L.1994, c.62. This shall be known as the "accrued liability contribution." Any increase or decrease in the unfunded accrued liability as a result of actuarial losses or gains for the 10 valuation years following valuation year 1991 shall serve to increase or decrease, respectively, the unfunded accrued liability contribution. Thereafter, any increase or decrease in the unfunded accrued liability as a result of actuarial losses or gains for subsequent valuation years shall serve to increase or decrease, respectively, the amortization period for the unfunded accrued liability, unless an increase in the amortization period will cause it to exceed 30 years. If an increase in the amortization period

as a result of actuarial losses for a valuation year would exceed 30 years, the accrued liability contribution shall be computed for the valuation year in the same manner provided for the computation of the initial accrued liability contribution under this section.

5 With respect to the State, upon the basis of the tables recommended 6 by the actuary which the board adopts and regular interest, the actuary 7 shall annually determine if there is an amount of the accrued liability, 8 computed under the projected unit credit method, which is not already 9 covered by the assets of the retirement system, valued in accordance 10 with the asset valuation method established in this section. This shall 11 be known as the "unfunded accrued liability." If there was no unfunded accrued liability for the valuation period immediately 12 13 preceding the current valuation period, the actuary, using the total 14 amount of this unfunded accrued liability, shall compute the initial 15 amount of contribution which, if the contribution is increased at a 16 specific rate and paid annually for a specific period of time, will 17 amortize this liability. The State Treasurer shall determine, upon the 18 advice of the Director of the Division of Pensions and Benefits, the 19 board of trustees and the actuary, the rate of increase for the 20 contribution and the time period for full funding of this liability, which 21 shall not exceed 30 years. This shall be known as the "accrued liability 22 contribution." Thereafter, any increase or decrease in the unfunded 23 accrued liability as a result of actuarial losses or gains for subsequent 24 valuation years shall serve to increase or decrease, respectively, the 25 amortization period for the unfunded accrued liability, unless an 26 increase in the amortization period will cause it to exceed 30 years. 27 If an increase in the amortization period as a result of actuarial losses 28 for a valuation year would exceed 30 years, the accrued liability 29 contribution shall be computed for the valuation year in the same 30 manner provided for the computation of the initial accrued liability contribution under this section. The State may pay all or any portion 31 32 of its unfunded accrued liability under the retirement system from any 33 source of funds legally available for the purpose, including, without 34 limitation, the proceeds of bonds authorized by law for this purpose.

shall be the value of the assets for the preceding valuation period increased by the regular interest rate, plus the net cash flow for the valuation period (the difference between the benefits and expenses paid by the system and the contributions to the system) increased by one half of the regular interest rate, plus 20% of the difference between this expected value and the full market value of the assets as of the end of the valuation period. This shall be known as the "valuation assets." Notwithstanding the first sentence of this paragraph, the valuation assets for the valuation period ending June

The value of the assets to be used in the computation of the contributions provided for under this section for valuation periods

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46 30, 1995 shall be the full market value of the assets as of that date

- 1 and, with respect to the valuation assets allocated to the State, shall
- 2 include the proceeds from the bonds issued pursuant to the Pension
- 3 Bond Financing Act of 1997, P.L., c. (now pending before the
- 4 <u>Legislature as</u>), paid to the system by the New Jersey Economic
- 5 <u>Development Authority to fund the unfunded accrued liability of the</u>
- 6 system.
- 7 "Excess valuation assets" means, with respect to the valuation
- 8 <u>assets allocated to the State, the valuation assets allocated to the State</u>
- 9 for a valuation period less the actuarial accrued liability of the State
- 10 for the valuation period, if the sum is greater than zero. "Excess
- 11 <u>valuation assets" means, with respect to the valuation assets allocated</u>
- 12 to other employers, the valuation assets allocated to the other
- employers for a valuation period less the actuarial accrued liability of the other employers for the valuation period, excluding the unfunded
- accrued liability for early retirement incentive benefits pursuant to
- 16 P.L.1993, c.99 for the other employers, if the sum is greater than zero.
- 17 If the state of the other employers, if the state is greater than zero.
- 17 <u>If there are excess valuation assets allocated to the State or to the</u>
- other employers for the valuation period ending June 30, 1995, the normal contributions payable by the State or by the other employers
- 20 for the valuation periods ending June 30, 1995, and June 30, 1996
- 21 which have not yet been paid to the retirement system shall be reduced
- 22 to the extent possible by the excess valuation assets allocated to the
- 23 State or to the other employers, respectively, provided that with
- 24 respect to the excess valuation assets allocated to the State, the
- 25 General Fund balances that would have been paid to the retirement
- 26 <u>system except for this provision shall first be allocated as State aid to</u>
- 27 public schools to the extent that additional sums are required to
- 28 comply with the May 14, 1997 decision of the New Jersey Supreme
- 29 Court in Abbott v. Burke. If there are excess valuation assets
- 30 allocated to the State or to the other employers for a valuation period
- 31 ending after June 30, 1995, the State Treasurer may reduce the normal
- 32 contribution payable by the State or by other employers for the next
- 33 <u>valuation period as follows:</u>
- 34 (1) for valuation periods ending June 30, 1996 through June 30,
- 35 2000, to the extent possible by up to 100% of the excess valuation
- 36 <u>assets allocated to the State or to the other employers, respectively;</u>
- 37 (2) for the valuation period ending June 30, 2001, to the extent
- 38 possible by up to 84% of the excess valuation assets allocated to the
- 39 State or to the other employers, respectively;
- 40 (3) for the valuation period ending June 30, 2002, to the extent
- 41 possible by up to 68% of the excess valuation assets allocated to the
- 42 State or to the other employers, respectively; and
- 43 (4) for valuation periods ending on or after June 30, 2003, to the
- 44 extent possible by up to 50% of the excess valuation assets allocated
- 45 to the State or to the other employers, respectively.
- The normal and accrued liability contributions shall be certified

annually by the retirement system and shall be included in the budget of the employer and levied and collected in the same manner as any other taxes are levied and collected for the payment of the salaries of members.

(10) The treasurer or corresponding officer of the employer shall pay to the State Treasurer no later than April 1 of the State's fiscal year in which payment is due the amount so certified as payable by the employer, and shall pay monthly to the State Treasurer the amount of the deductions from the salary of the members in the employ of the employer, and the State Treasurer shall credit such amount to the appropriate fund or funds, of the retirement system.

If payment of the full amount of the employer's obligation is not made within 30 days of the due date established by this act, interest at the rate of 10% per annum shall commence to run against the unpaid balance thereof on the first day after such 30th day.

If payment in full, representing the monthly transmittal and report of salary deductions, is not made within 15 days of the due date established by the retirement system, interest at the rate of 10% per annum shall commence to run against the total transmittal of salary deductions for the period on the first day after such 15th day.

- (11) The expenses of administration of the retirement system shall be paid by the State of New Jersey. Each employer shall reimburse the State for a proportionate share of the amount paid by the State for administrative expense. This proportion shall be computed as the number of members under the jurisdiction of such employer bears to the total number of members in the system. The pro rata share of the cost of administrative expense shall be included with the certification by the retirement system of the employer's contribution to the system.
- (12) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary, the retirement system shall not be liable for the payment of any pension or other benefits on account of the employees or beneficiaries of any employer participating in the retirement system, for which reserves have not been previously created from funds, contributed by such employer or its employees for such benefits.
- (13) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1992, c.125.)
- (14) Commencing with valuation year 1991, with payment to be made in Fiscal Year 1994, the Legislature shall annually appropriate and the State Treasurer shall pay into the pension accumulation fund of the retirement system an amount equal to 1.1% of the compensation of the members of the system for the valuation year to fund the benefits provided by section 16 of P.L.1964, c.241 (C.43:16A-11.1), as amended by P.L.1979, c.109.
- 43 (cf: P.L.1994, c.62, s.11)

9. Section 34 of P.L.1965, c.89 (C.53:5A-34) is amended to read as follows:

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34. The Contingent Reserve Fund shall be the fund in which shall be credited contributions made by the State.

a. Upon the basis of the tables recommended by the actuary which the board adopts and regular interest, the actuary shall compute annually, beginning as of June 30, 1992, the amount of the contribution which shall be the normal cost as computed under the projected unit credit method attributable to service rendered under the retirement system for the year beginning on July 1 immediately succeeding the date of the computation. This shall be known as the "normal contribution."

11 b. Upon the basis of the tables recommended by the actuary which the board adopts and regular interest, the actuary shall [compute the] 12 13 annually determine if there is an amount of the accrued liability of the 14 retirement system [as of June 30, 1992], computed under the projected 15 unit credit method, which is not already covered by the assets of the retirement system, valued in accordance with the asset valuation 16 17 method established in this section. [Using] This shall be known as the "unfunded accrued liability." If there was no unfunded accrued 18 19 liability for the valuation period immediately preceding the current 20 valuation period, the actuary, using the total amount of this unfunded 21 accrued liability, [the actuary] shall compute the initial amount of 22 contribution which, if the contribution is increased at a specific rate 23 and paid annually for a specific period of time, will amortize this 24 liability. The State Treasurer shall determine, upon the advice of the 25 Director of the Division of Pensions and Benefits, the board of trustees 26 and the actuary, the rate of increase for the contribution and the time 27 period for full funding of this liability, which shall not exceed [40] 30 28 years [on initial application of this section as amended by this act, 29 P.L.1994, c.62]. This shall be known as the "accrued liability 30 contribution." [Any increase or decrease in the unfunded accrued 31 liability as a result of actuarial losses or gains for the 10 valuation years following valuation year 1992 shall serve to increase or decrease, 32 33 respectively, the unfunded accrued liability contribution.] Thereafter, 34 any increase or decrease in the unfunded accrued liability as a result of 35 actuarial losses or gains for subsequent valuation years shall serve to increase or decrease, respectively, the amortization period for the 36 37 unfunded accrued liability, unless an increase in the amortization 38 period will cause it to exceed 30 years. If an increase in the 39 amortization period as a result of actuarial losses for a valuation year 40 would exceed 30 years, the accrued liability contribution shall be 41 computed for the valuation year in the same manner provided for the 42 computation of the initial accrued liability contribution under this 43 section. The State may pay all or any portion of its unfunded accrued 44 <u>liability</u> under the retirement system from any source of funds legally 45 available for the purpose, including, without limitation, the proceeds 46 of bonds authorized by law for this purpose.

1 The value of the assets to be used in the computation of the 2 contributions provided for under this section for valuation periods 3 shall be the value of the assets for the preceding valuation period 4 increased by the regular interest rate, plus the net cash flow for the valuation period (the difference between the benefits and expenses 5 paid by the system and the contributions to the system) increased by 6 one half of the regular interest rate, plus 20% of the difference 7 8 between this expected value and the full market value of the assets as 9 of the end of the valuation period. This shall be known as the 10 "valuation assets." Notwithstanding the first sentence of this 11 paragraph, the valuation assets for the valuation period ending June 12 30, 1996 shall be the full market value of the assets as of that date and 13 shall include the proceeds from the bonds issued pursuant to the 14 Pension Bond Financing Act of 1997, P.L., c. (now pending 15 before the Legislature as), paid to the system by the New Jersey Economic Development Authority to fund the unfunded accrued 16 17 <u>liability of the system.</u> 18 "Excess valuation assets" means the valuation assets for a valuation

19 period less the actuarial accrued liability for the valuation period, if the 20 sum is greater than zero. If there are excess valuation assets for the 21 valuation period ending June 30, 1996, the normal contributions for 22 the valuation periods ending June 30, 1996 and June 30, 1997 which 23 have not yet been paid to the retirement system shall be reduced to the 24 extent possible by the excess valuation assets, provided that the 25 General Fund balances that would have been paid to the retirement 26 system except for this provision shall first be allocated as State aid to 27 public schools to the extent that additional sums are required to 28 comply with the May 14, 1997 decision of the New Jersey Supreme 29 Court in Abbott v. Burke. If there are excess valuation assets for a 30 valuation period ending after June 30, 1996, the State Treasurer may 31 reduce the normal contribution payable for the next valuation period 32 as follows:

- 33 (1) for valuation periods ending June 30, 1997 through June 30, 34 2001, to the extent possible by up to 100% of the excess valuation assets;
- (2) for the valuation period ending June 30, 2002, to the extent
 possible by up to 84% of the excess valuation assets;
- 38 (3) for the valuation period ending June 30, 2003, to the extent 39 possible by up to 68% of the excess valuation assets; and
- 40 (4) for valuation periods ending on or after June 30, 2004, to the extent possible by up to 50% of the excess valuation assets.
- c. The actuary shall certify annually the aggregate amount payable to the Contingent Reserve Fund in the ensuing year, which amount shall be equal to the sum of the amounts described in this section. The State shall pay into the Contingent Reserve Fund during the ensuing year the amount so certified. In the event the amount certified to be

paid by the State includes amounts due for services rendered by members to specific instrumentalities or authorities the total amounts so certified shall be paid to the retirement system by the State; provided, however, the full cost attributable to such services rendered to such instrumentalities and authorities shall be computed separately by the actuary and the State shall be reimbursed for such amounts by such instrumentalities or authorities.

The cash death benefits, payable as the result of contribution by the State under the provisions of this act upon the death of a member in active service and after retirement shall be paid from the Contingent Reserve Fund.

12 (cf: P.L.1994, c.62, s.13)

10. This act shall take effect immediately.

STATEMENT

This bill changes the value of the assets of the retirement systems to "full-market" value of assets, for the State and participating local governments, as of the valuation reports applicable to FY1998. This one-time accounting change from the current "market-related" value of assets (20 percent of full-market) to "full-market" immediately recognizes recent capital gains instead of recognizing those gains over five years, resulting in an increased value of the accumulated assets. For valuation reports applicable to FY 1999 and thereafter, the actuarial value of assets will revert to "market-related" value of assets.

The bill authorizes the State Treasurer to reduce the "normal contributions" of State and local employers to the systems, to the extent possible, from up to 100 percent of excess assets through FY2002, and on a declining maximum percentage of excess thereafter. In addition, the bill permits the State to pay its unfunded accrued liabilities under the various pension systems from any source of funds, including the proceeds of pension obligation bonds (POBs) to be issued by the New Jersey Economic Development Authority (EDA).

The bill provides that in the case of any General Fund savings resulting from any excess assets allocated to the State in the various retirement systems for the valuation period ending in March or June 1996 (or June 1995 with respect to the Police and Firemen's Retirement System), the General Fund balances that would have been paid to the retirement systems for normal contributions shall first be allocated as State aid to public schools to the extent that additional sums are required to comply with the May 14, 1997 decision of the New Jersey Supreme Court in Abbott v. Burke.

The bill also provides for a reduction from excess assets, during calendar years 1998 and 1999, of the contributions by employees of

1	the State and local employers representing 1/2 of 1% of the salaries of
2	employees, and for a similar reduction in contributions thereafter
3	under certain circumstances.
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7	Pavisas funding provisions applicable to State retirement systems