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STATE OF NEW JERSEY 219th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED DECEMBER 16, 2020

Sponsored by: Assemblyman WAYNE P. DEANGELO District 14 (Mercer and Middlesex) Assemblyman HERB CONAWAY, JR. District 7 (Burlington) Assemblyman ANDREW ZWICKER District 16 (Hunterdon, Mercer, Middlesex and Somerset) Senator BOB SMITH District 17 (Middlesex and Somerset) Senator CHRISTOPHER ''KIP'' BATEMAN District 16 (Hunterdon, Mercer, Middlesex and Somerset)

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SYNOPSIS

Establishes minimum energy and water efficiency standards for certain products sold, offered for sale, or leased in the State.

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

As amended by the Senate on December 2, 2021.

(Sponsorship Updated As Of: 12/20/2021)

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AN ACT establishing minimum energy and water efficiency
 standards for certain products sold, offered for sale, or leased, in
 the State and supplementing Title ¹[48] <u>52</u>¹ of the Revised
 Statutes.

5 6

BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

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1. The Legislation finds and declares that:

(a) Energy efficiency standards for certain products sold or
installed in the ²[state] <u>State</u>² assure consumers and businesses that
such products meet minimum efficiency performance levels,
thereby reducing energy and water waste and saving consumers and
businesses money on their utility bills;

(b) Energy efficiency standards save energy and therefore
reduce climate-changing emissions and other environmental
impacts associated with the production, distribution, and use of
electricity, natural gas, and other fuels;

(c) Energy efficiency standards save water, mitigate the effects
of short- and long-term droughts, and help to conserve fresh water
supplies;

(d) Energy efficiency standards produce savings resulting from
more efficient products that benefit all consumers but are especially
important to low-income families which spend a disproportionate
share of their income on utilities. Such standards also help the State
and local economy since savings can be instead spent on local
goods and services; and

(e) Energy and water savings help reduce or delay the need for
expensive investments in new power plants, transmission lines,
distribution system upgrades, new and expanded gas pipelines, and
water and sewer infrastructure improvements.

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²[2. As used in this act:

34 "Air purifier" means an electric, cord-connected, portable
35 appliance with the primary function of removing particulate matter
36 from the air and which can be moved from room to room.

37 "Cold temperature fluorescent lamp" means a fluorescent bulb or38 lamp that is not a compact fluorescent lamp and which:

39 (a) is designed to start at -20°F when used with a ballast
40 conforming to the requirements of the American National Standard
41 ANSI C78.81 and ANSI C78.901; and

42 (b) is designated as a cold temperature lamp both in markings on
43 the lamp and in marketing materials, including catalogs, sales
44 literature, and promotional material.

EXPLANATION – Matter enclosed in **bold-faced brackets** [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter underlined <u>thus</u> is new matter.

Matter enclosed in superscript numerals has been adopted as follows: ¹Assembly ATU committee amendments adopted February 24, 2021. ²Senate SBA committee amendments adopted November 8, 2021. ³Senate floor amendments adopted December 2, 2021.

1 "Commercial dishwasher" means a machine designed to clean 2 and sanitize plates, pots, pans, glasses, cups, bowls, utensils, and 3 trays by applying sprays of detergent solution and a sanitizing rinse. "Commercial fryer" means an appliance in which oil is placed to 4 5 such a depth that the cooking food is supported by displacement of the cooking fluid rather than by the bottom of the vessel, and in 6 7 which heat is delivered to the cooking fluid by means of an 8 immersed electric element or by heat transfer from gas burners. 9 "Commercial hot-food holding cabinet" means a heated, fully 10 enclosed compartment with one or more solid or transparent doors 11 designed to maintain the temperature of cooked food. 12 "Commercial hot-food holding cabinet" shall not include heated 13 glass merchandizing cabinets, drawer warmers, or cook-and-hold 14 appliances. 15 "Commercial oven" means a chamber designed for heating, roasting, or baking food by conduction, convection, radiation, or 16 17 electromagnetic energy. "Commercial steam cooker," means a device also known as a 18 19 "compartment steamer," with one or more food-steaming 20 compartments in which the energy in the steam is transferred to the food by direct contact. 21 22 "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of Community 23 Affairs. 24 "Computer" means a computer as defined in California Code of 25 Regulations, Title 20, Section 1602(v). 26 "Computer monitor" means a computer monitor as defined in 27 California Code of Regulations, Title 20, Section 1602(v). 28 "Dual-flush effective flush volume" means the average flush 29 volume of two reduced flushes and one full flush. 30 "Dual-flush tank-type toilet" means a toilet that allows the user to flush the toilet with either a reduced or a full volume of water. 31 "Electric vehicle service equipment" means the same as the term 32 is defined in section 2 of P.L.2019, c.362 (C.48:25-2). 33 "Faucet" means a private lavatory faucet, residential kitchen 34 35 faucet, metering faucet, public lavatory faucet, or replacement aerator for a private lavatory, public lavatory or residential kitchen 36 37 faucet. "General service lamp" means a light bulb, including a general 38 39 service incandescent lamp, compact fluorescent lamp, general 40 service light-emitting diode lamp, organic light-emitting diode 41 lamp, and any other lamps or bulbs that are used to satisfy lighting applications traditionally served by general service incandescent 42 43 lamps. "State-regulated general service lamp" means any of the 44 45 following medium-based incandescent light bulbs: 46 (1) Shatter-resistant lamps.

47 (2) 3-way lamps.

(3) Reflector lamps that are: 1 (a) ER30, BR30, BR40, or ER40 lamps rated at 50 Watts or 2 3 less: 4 (b) BR30, BR40, or ER40 lamps rated at 65 watts; or 5 (c) R20 lamps rated at 45 watts or less. 6 (4) B, BA, CA, F and G shape lamps as defined in ANSI 7 C79.1:2002 with a lumen output of greater than or equal to 200 and rated at 40 watts or less. 8 9 (5) A and C shape lamps as defined in ANSI C79.1:2002 with 10 lumen output greater than or equal to 200 and less than 310. 11 "Hand-held showerhead" means a showerhead that can be held or fixed in place for the purpose of spraying water onto a bather and 12 13 that is connected to a flexible hose. 14 "High color rendering index fluorescent lamp" means a fluorescent lamp with a color rendering index of 87 or greater that 15 is not a compact fluorescent lamp. 16 17 "Impact-resistant fluorescent lamp" means a fluorescent lamp or 18 bulb that is not a compact fluorescent lamp and which: 19 (a) has a coating or equivalent technology that is compliant with 20 ANSI 51 and is designed to contain the glass if the glass envelope 21 of the lamp is broken; and (b) is designated and marketed as being impact-resistant, 22 23 shatter-resistant, shatter-proof, or shatter-protected; 24 "Industrial air purifier" means an indoor air cleaning device 25 manufactured, advertised, marketed, labeled, and used solely for industrial use that are marketed solely through industrial supply 26 27 outlets or businesses and prominently labeled as "Solely for 28 industrial use. Potential health hazard: emits ozone;" 29 "Lamp efficacy" or "luminous efficacy" means the measure of how well a light source produces visible light, and which is the ratio 30 31 of luminous flux to power, measured in lumens per watt. 32 "Metering faucet" means a fitting that, when turned on, will 33 gradually shut itself off over a period of several seconds. 34 "On demand water cooler" means the water cooler heats water as 35 it is requested, which typically takes a few minutes to deliver water. "Portable electric spa" means a factory-built electric spa or hot 36 37 tub which may include any combination of integral controls, water 38 heating, or water circulating equipment. 39 "Pressure regulator" means a device that maintains constant 40 operating pressure immediately downstream from the device, given 41 higher pressure upstream. 42 "Public lavatory faucet" means a fitting designed to be installed 43 in nonresidential lavatories that are exposed to walk-in traffic. 44 "Replacement aerator" means an aerator sold as a replacement, 45 separate from the faucet to which it is intended to be attached. 46 "Residential ventilating fan" means a ceiling, wall-mounted, or 47 remotely mounted in-line fan designed to be used in a lavatory or

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1 utility room, whose purpose is to move air from inside the building 2 to the outdoors. 3 "Showerhead" means a device through which water is discharged for a shower bath and includes a hand-held showerhead but does not 4 5 include a safety shower showerhead. 6 "Spray sprinkler body" means the exterior case or shell of a 7 sprinkler incorporating a means of connection to the piping system 8 designed to convey water to a nozzle or orifice. 9 "Trough-type urinal" means a urinal designed for simultaneous 10 use by two or more persons. 11 "Urinal" means a plumbing fixture that receives only liquid body 12 waste and conveys the waste through a trap into a drainage system. "Water cooler" means a freestanding device that consumes 13 14 energy to cool or heat potable water.]² 15 16 ²2. As used in this act: "Air purifier" means an electric, cord-connected, portable 17 appliance with the primary function of removing particulate matter 18 19 from the air and which can be moved from room to room. 20 "Cold temperature fluorescent lamp" means a fluorescent bulb or 21 lamp that is not a compact fluorescent lamp and which: 22 (a) is designed to start at -20°F when used with a ballast 23 conforming to the requirements of the American National Standard 24 ANSI C78.81 and ANSI C78.901; and 25 (b) is designated as a cold temperature lamp both in markings on 26 the lamp and in marketing materials, including catalogs, sales literature, and promotional material. 27 "Commercial dishwasher" means a machine designed to clean and 28 29 sanitize plates, pots, pans, glasses, cups, bowls, utensils, and trays by 30 applying sprays of detergent solution and a sanitizing rinse. 31 "Commercial fryer" means an appliance in which oil is placed to 32 such a depth that the cooking food is supported by displacement of the 33 cooking fluid rather than by the bottom of the vessel, and in which 34 heat is delivered to the cooking fluid by means of an immersed electric 35 element or by heat transfer from gas burners. "Commercial hot-food holding cabinet" means a heated, fully 36 37 enclosed compartment with one or more solid or transparent doors designed to maintain the temperature of cooked food. 38 39 "Commercial hot-food holding cabinet" shall not include heated 40 glass merchandizing cabinets, drawer warmers, or cook-and-hold 41 appliances. "Commercial oven" means a chamber designed for heating, 42 43 roasting, or baking food by conduction, convection, radiation, or 44 electromagnetic energy. 45 "Commercial steam cooker," means a device also known as a "compartment steamer," with one or more food-steaming 46

1	compartments in which the energy in the steam is transferred to the
2	food by direct contact.
3	"Commissioner" means the Commissioner of ³ [Community
4	Affairs] Environmental Protection ³ .
5	"Computer" means a computer as defined in California Code of
6	Regulations, Title 20, Section 1602(v).
7	"Computer monitor" means a computer monitor as defined in
8	California Code of Regulations, Title 20, Section 1602(v).
9	³ "Department" means the Department of Environmental
10	Protection. ³
11	"Dual-flush effective flush volume" means the average flush
12	volume of two reduced flushes and one full flush.
13	"Dual-flush tank-type toilet" means a toilet that allows the user to
14	flush the toilet with either a reduced or a full volume of water.
15	"Electric vehicle service equipment" means the same as the term is
16	defined in section 2 of P.L.2019, c.362 (C.48:25-2).
17	"Faucet" means a private lavatory faucet, residential kitchen
18	faucet, metering faucet, public lavatory faucet, or replacement aerator
19	for a private lavatory, public lavatory or residential kitchen faucet.
20	"General service lamp" means a light bulb, including a general
21	service incandescent lamp, compact fluorescent lamp, general service
22	light-emitting diode lamp, organic light-emitting diode lamp, and any
23	other lamps or bulbs that are used to satisfy lighting applications
24	traditionally served by general service incandescent lamps.
25	"Hand-held showerhead" means a showerhead that can be held or
26	fixed in place for the purpose of spraying water onto a bather and that
27	is connected to a flexible hose.
28	"High color rendering index fluorescent lamp" means a fluorescent
29	lamp with a color rendering index of 87 or greater that is not a
30	compact fluorescent lamp.
31	"Impact-resistant fluorescent lamp" means a fluorescent lamp or
32	bulb that is not a compact fluorescent lamp and which:
33	(a) has a coating or equivalent technology that is compliant with
34	ANSI 51 and is designed to contain the glass if the glass envelope of
35	the lamp is broken; and
36	(b) is designated and marketed as being impact-resistant, shatter-
37	resistant, shatter-proof, or shatter-protected.
38	"Industrial air purifier" means an indoor air cleaning device
39	manufactured, advertised, marketed, labeled, and used solely for
40	industrial use that are marketed solely through industrial supply outlets
41	or businesses and prominently labeled as "Solely for industrial use.
42	Potential health hazard: emits ozone."
43	"Lamp efficacy" or "luminous efficacy" means the measure of
44	how well a light source produces visible light, and which is the ratio of
45	luminous flux to power, measured in lumens per watt.

1	"Metering faucet" means a fitting that, when turned on, will
2	gradually shut itself off over a period of several seconds.
3	"On demand water cooler" means the water cooler heats water as it
4	is requested, which typically takes a few minutes to deliver water.
5	³ "Person" means an individual, corporation, company, association,
6	society, firm, partnership, or joint stock company. ³
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8	<u>"Portable electric spa" means a factory-built electric spa or hot tub</u> which may include any combination of integral controls, water
8 9	heating, or water circulating equipment.
10	"Pressure regulator" means a device that maintains constant
11	operating pressure immediately downstream from the device, given
12	higher pressure upstream.
13	"Public lavatory faucet" means a fitting designed to be installed in
14	nonresidential lavatories that are exposed to walk-in traffic.
15	"Replacement aerator" means an aerator sold as a replacement,
16	separate from the faucet to which it is intended to be attached.
17	"Residential ventilating fan" means a ceiling, wall-mounted, or
18	remotely mounted in-line fan designed to be used in a lavatory or
19	utility room, whose purpose is to move air from inside the building to
20	the outdoors.
21	"Showerhead" means a device through which water is discharged
22	for a shower bath and includes a hand-held showerhead but does not
23	include a safety shower showerhead.
24	"Spray sprinkler body" means the exterior case or shell of a
25	sprinkler incorporating a means of connection to the piping system
26	designed to convey water to a nozzle or orifice.
27	"State-regulated general service lamp" means any of the following
28	medium-based incandescent light bulbs:
29	(1) Shatter-resistant lamps;
30	<u>(2) 3-way lamps:</u>
31	(3) Reflector lamps that are:
32	(a) ER30, BR30, BR40, or ER40 lamps rated at 50 Watts or less;
33	(b) BR30, BR40, or ER40 lamps rated at 65 watts; or
34	(c) R20 lamps rated at 45 watts or less;
35	(4) B, BA, CA, F and G shape lamps as defined in ANSI
36	C79.1:2002 with a lumen output of greater than or equal to 200 and
37	rated at 40 watts or less.
38	(5) A and C shape lamps as defined in ANSI C79.1:2002 with
39	lumen output greater than or equal to 200 and less than 310.
40	"Trough-type urinal" means a urinal designed for simultaneous use
41	by two or more persons.
42	"Urinal" means a plumbing fixture that receives only liquid body
43	waste and conveys the waste through a trap into a drainage system.
44	"Water cooler" means a freestanding device that consumes energy
45	to cool or heat potable water. ²

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²[2.] <u>3.</u>² a. ³[No] <u>Beginning one year after the date of enactment</u> 1 of this act, no³ person shall sell, offer for sale, or lease a new air 2 purifier, cold temperature fluorescent lamp, commercial dishwasher, 3 4 commercial fryer, commercial hot-food holding cabinet, commercial 5 oven, commercial steam cooker, computer, computer monitor, electrical vehicle service equipment, high color rendering index 6 7 impact-resistant fluorescent fluorescent lamp, lamp, faucet, 8 showerhead, toilet, urinal, portable electric spa, residential ventilating 9 fan, state-regulated general service lamp; spray sprinkler body, urinal, or water cooler in the State unless the new product ³<u>includes a mark</u>, 10 label, or tag required pursuant to subsection c. of section 7 of this act, 11 denoting that the product³ meets or exceeds the efficiency standards 12 ³[adopted in rules and regulations pursuant to] <u>established in</u>³ section 13 $2[3] \underline{4}^2$ of this act. 14 b. ³[No later than] <u>Beginning</u>³ one year after the date of 15 enactment of this act, no product ³[subject to the requirements of] 16 identified in³ subsection a. ³[or b.]³ of this section may be installed 17 for compensation in the State unless the ³[efficiency of the]³ new 18 product ³includes a mark, label, or tag required pursuant to subsection 19 c. of section 7 of this act, denoting that the product³ meets or exceeds 20 the efficiency standards ³ [adopted in rules and regulations pursuant 21 to <u>established in</u>³ section 2 [3] 4^{2} of this act. 22 ³c. Beginning one year after the date of enactment of this act, upon 23 final inspection of the installation of any appliance or product subject 24 25 to the State Uniform Construction Code, the appropriate subcode 26 official shall ensure that any product identified in subsection a. of this 27 section contains a mark, label, or tag denoting that the product meets 28 or exceeds the efficiency standards established in section 4 of this act. 29 d. No person shall affix a mark, label, or tag to a product denoting 30 compliance with this act unless the product meets or exceeds the efficiency standards established in section 4 of this act.³ 31 32 33 ²[3.] <u>4.²</u> ³[a. No later than one year after the date of enactment of 34 this act, the commissioner, pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure 35 Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.), shall adopt rules and 36 37 regulations to establish energy efficiency standards to implement the 38 provisions of this act. b. The rules and regulations shall provide for the minimum 39 efficiency standards for the following products]³ Except as provided 40 41 in section 5 of this act, products identified in subsection a. of section 3 42 of this act shall, at a minimum, meet the following efficiency 43 standards: 3 [(1)] <u>a.</u>³ Air purifiers, except industrial air purifiers, shall meet 44 45 the following requirements as measured in accordance with the

ENERGY STAR Program Requirements Product Specification for
 Room Air Cleaners, Version 2.0:

3 ${}^{3}[(a)] (1)^{3}$ Clean air delivery rate for smoke shall be 30 or greater;

³[(b)] (2)³ For models with a clean air delivery rate for smoke less
than 100, clean air delivery rate per Watt for smoke shall be greater
than or equal to 1.7;

³[(c)] (3)³ For models with a clean air delivery rate for smoke
greater than or equal to 100 and less than 150, clean air delivery rate
per Watt for smoke shall be greater than or equal to 1.9;

10 3 [(d)] (4)³ For models with a clean air delivery rate for smoke 11 greater than or equal to 150, clean air delivery rate per Watt for smoke 12 shall be greater than or equal to 2.0;

13 3 [(e)] (5)³ For ozone-emitting models, measured ozone shall be 14 less than or equal to 50 parts per billion (ppb);

15 3 [(f)] (6)³ For models with a Wi-Fi network connection enabled 16 by default when shipped, partial on mode power shall not exceed 2 17 watts; and

18 ${}^{3}[(g)] (7)^{3}$ For models without a Wi-Fi network connection 19 enabled by default when shipped, partial on mode power shall not 20 exceed 1 watt.

³[(2)] <u>b</u>.³ A commercial dishwasher shall meet the product
 specifications of the "Energy Star Program Requirements for
 Commercial dishwashers Version 2.0" developed by the United States
 Environmental Protection Agency ²[.];²

³[(3)] <u>c.</u>³ A commercial fryer shall meet the product
specifications of the "Energy Star Program Requirements for
Commercial Fryers Version 2.0" developed by the United States
Environmental Protection Agency;

³[(4)] <u>d.</u>³ A commercial hot-food holding cabinet shall meet the
product specifications of the "Energy Star Program Requirements for
Commercial Hot Food Holding Cabinets Version 2.0" developed by
the United States Environmental Protection Agency;

³[(5)] <u>e.</u>³ A commercial oven shall meet the product
specifications of the "Energy Star Program Requirements for
Commercial Oven Version 2.2" developed by the United States
Environmental Protection Agency;

³[(6)] <u>f.</u>³ A commercial steam cooker shall meet the product
specifications of the "Energy Star Program Requirements for
Commercial Steam Cookers, Version 1.2" developed by the United
States Environmental Protection Agency;

41 ³[(7)] g.³ A computer or computer monitor shall meet the
42 requirements of the California Code of Regulations, Title 20, Section
43 1605.3(v) and compliance with those requirements shall be measured
44 in accordance with test methods prescribed in the California Code of
45 Regulations, Title 20, Section 1604(v);

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³[(8)] <u>h.</u>³ Electric vehicle service equipment shall meet the
product specifications of the "Energy Star Program Requirements
Product Specification for Electric Vehicle Supply Equipment, Version
1.0" developed by the United States Environmental Protection
Agency;

³[(9)] <u>i</u>.³ A faucet, except for a metering faucet, shall meet the
standards in this ³[paragraph] <u>subsection</u>³ when tested in accordance
with Appendix S to Subpart B of Part 430 of Title 10, Code of Federal
Regulations and compliance with those requirements shall be in
accordance with the "Uniform Test Method for Measuring the Water
Consumption of Faucets and Showerheads" ³[;] :³

³[(a)] (1)³ A lavatory faucet or a replacement aerator for a
lavatory faucet shall not exceed a maximum flow rate of 1.5 gallons
per minute at 60 pounds per square inch;

15 3 [(b)] (2)³ A residential kitchen faucet or replacement aerator for 16 a residential kitchen faucet shall not exceed a maximum flow rate of 17 1.8 gallons per minute at 60 pounds per square inch, with an optional 18 temporary flow rate of 2.2 gallons per minute, provided the faucet or 19 replacement aerator defaults to a maximum flow rate of 1.8 gallons per 20 minute at 60 pounds per square inch after each use; and

21 3 [(c)] (3)³ A public lavatory faucet or a replacement aerator for a 22 public lavatory faucet shall not exceed a maximum flow rate of 0.5 23 gallons per minute at 60 pounds per square inch 2 [;].²

³[(10)] j.³ A state-regulated general service lamp shall meet a
lamp efficacy of 45 lumens per watt, when tested in accordance with
the applicable federal test procedures for general service lamps,
prescribed in Section 430.23(gg) of Title 10, Code of Federal
Regulations;

 3 [(11)] <u>k</u>.³ A High color rendering index, cold temperature, or 29 30 impact-resistant fluorescent lamp shall meet the minimum efficacy 31 requirements contained in Section 430.32(n)(4) of Title 10, Code of 32 Federal Regulations, as measured in accordance with the "Uniform 33 Test Method for Measuring Average Lamp Efficacy (LE), Color 34 Rendering Index (CRI), and Correlated Color Temperature (CCT) of 35 Electric Lamps" in Appendix R to Subpart B of Part 430 of Title 10, Code of Federal Regulations; 36

³[(12)] <u>1</u>.³ A portable electric spa shall meet the requirements of
the "American National Standard for Portable Electric Spa Energy
Efficiency 14-2019";

40 **³**[(13)] <u>m</u>.³ An in-line residential ventilating fan shall have a fan 41 motor efficacy of no less than 2.8 cubic feet per minute per watt. All 42 other residential ventilating fans shall have a fan motor efficacy of no 43 less than 1.4 cubic feet per minute per watt for airflows less than 90 44 cubic feet per minute and no less than 2.8 cubic feet per minute per

1 watt for other airflows when tested in accordance with Home Ventilation Institute Publication 916 "HVI Airflow Test Procedure" ²,² 2 $[14] \underline{n}^3$ A showerhead shall not exceed a maximum flow rate 3 of 2.0 gallons per minute at 80 pounds per square inch when tested in 4 5 accordance with Appendix S to Subpart B of Part 430 of Title 10, Code of Federal Regulations and compliance with those requirements 6 shall be the "Uniform Test Method for Measuring the Water 7 8 Consumption of Faucets and Showerheads ²[;"] <u>"</u>,²

9 3 [(15)] <u>o</u>.³ A spray sprinkler body that is not specifically 10 excluded from the scope of the United States Environmental 11 Protection Agency's WaterSense program "Specification for Spray 12 Sprinkler Bodies, Version 1.0," shall include an integral pressure 13 regulator and shall meet the water efficiency and performance criteria 14 and other requirements of the "Specification for Spray Sprinkler 15 Bodies, Version 1.0" 2 [.] :²

 3 [(16)] <u>p</u>. 3 A urinal or toilet, other than those designed and 16 marketed exclusively for use at prisons or mental health facilities, shall 17 meet the standards in ³[subparagraphs (a)] <u>paragraphs (1)</u>³ through 18 3 [(d)] (4) of this subsection 3 when tested in accordance with 19 Appendix T to Subpart B of Part 430 of Title 10, Code of Federal 20 21 Regulations "Uniform Test Method for Measuring the Water 22 Consumption of Water Closets and Urinals." A toilet shall be required to pass the waste extraction test for toilets in the American Society of 23 Mechanical Engineers standard A112.19.2, Section 7.9 ³[;]:³ 24

25 3 [(a)] (1)³ A wall-mounted urinal, except for a trough-type urinal, 26 shall have a maximum flush volume of 0.5 gallons per flush;

³[(b)] (2)³ A floor-mounted urinal, except for a trough-type urinal,
shall have a maximum flush volume of 0.5 gallons per flush;

29 3 [(c)] (3) 3 A toilet, except for a dual-flush tank-type toilet, shall 30 have a maximum flush volume of 1.28 gallons per flush; 2 and 2

31 3 [(d)] (4)³ A dual-flush tank-type toilet shall have a maximum 32 dual-flush effective flush volume of 1.28 gallons per flush.

³[(17)] <u>q</u>.³ A water cooler shall meet the product specifications of
the "Energy Star Program Requirements Product Specification for
Water Coolers, Version 2.0" developed by the United States
Environmental Protection Agency

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²[4.] $5.^{2}$ The provisions of this act shall not apply to:

39 (1) new products manufactured in the State and sold outside the40 State;

41 (2) new products manufactured outside the State and sold ³<u>outside</u>
42 <u>the State or</u>³ at wholesale inside the State for final retail sale and
43 installation outside the State;

44 (3) products installed in mobile manufactured homes at the time of45 construction; or

1 (4) products designed expressly for installation and use in 2 recreational vehicles.

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²[5.] <u>6.</u>² ³[a. The commissioner may require an updated test 4 method pursuant to rules and regulations adopted pursuant to the 5 6 "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.) 7 when a new test procedure becomes available for a product regulated 8 pursuant to this act.

9 b. The commissioner shall identify each product regulated pursuant to section 2 [3] 4^{2} of this act and shall allow the use of 10 11 existing marks, labels, or tags, to denote compliance with the 12 efficiency requirements of this act, pursuant to rules and regulations 13 adopted pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, 14 c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.).] Nothing in this act shall be construed to 15 impose liability on any news media that accepts or publishes advertising for any product that may fall within the scope of this act.³ 16 17

²[6.] <u>7.</u>² a. A manufacturer of a product regulated pursuant to 18 section 2 [3] $\underline{4}^{2}$ of this act shall annually test samples of its products 19 20 ³[in accordance with the test procedures adopted pursuant to this act] 21 in order to ensure compliance with the efficiency standards established 22 therein³.

23 b. A manufacturer of a product regulated pursuant to section ²[3] 24 4^2 of this act shall annually certify to the commissioner that the 25 product is in compliance with the provisions of this act.

c. A manufacturer of a product regulated pursuant to section ²[3] 26 27 4^2 of this act shall identify that each product offered for sale in the State is in compliance with the provisions of this act by means of a 28 29 mark, label, or tag on the product and packaging at the time of sale. 30 ³An existing mark, label, or tag may be used to satisfy this requirement, provided that it clearly expresses that the product meets 31 32 the applicable efficiency standard. A manufacturer shall include 33 information about the mark, label, or tag used to comply with the 34 provisions of this subsection in its annual certification to the commissioner required by subsection b. of this section.³ 35

36 d. With prior notice, the commissioner may periodically inspect 37 distributors or retailers of new products regulated pursuant to this act 38 in order to determine compliance with the provisions of this act.

39 e. The commissioner shall investigate complaints received 40 concerning violations of this act ³ [and shall report the results of such investigations to the Attorney General]³. A manufacturer, distributor, 41 42 retailer, or person who violates the provisions of this act, shall be 43 issued a warning by the commissioner for a first violation and shall be subject to a civil penalty of up to ${}^{3}[\$100] \underline{\$1,000}{}^{3}$ for each subsequent 44 45 offense. Third and subsequent violations shall be subject to a civil

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penalty of not more than ³[\$500] <u>\$5,000</u>³ for each offense. Each 1 2 violation shall constitute a separate offense, and each day that such violation continues shall constitute a separate offense. 3 ³The department may institute an action or proceeding in the Superior Court 4 5 for injunctive and other relief for any violation of this act or of any rule or regulation adopted pursuant thereto, and the court may proceed 6 7 in the action in a summary manner. Such relief may include 8 prohibiting the person from selling or offering for sale the noncompliant product in the State.³ 9

f. ³[If] <u>In addition the penalties provided in subsection e. of this</u> 10 section, if³ a product regulated pursuant to this act is found not to be in 11 compliance with the minimum efficiency standards established under 12 13 this act, the commissioner shall issue a violation to the manufacturer of 14 such product which shall subject the manufacturer to a civil penalty equal to ³twice³ the cost of product purchase and testing. The 15 commissioner shall make information available to ³[the Attorney 16 General and]³ the public on products found not to be in compliance 17 with the standards. 18

g. A civil penalty imposed pursuant to this section shall be
collected in a summary manner under the "Penalty Enforcement Law
of 1999," P.L.1999, c.274 (C.2A:58-10 et seq.). All monies ³[shall be
deposited into the Societal Benefits Charge account] collected by the
department may be retained by the department for the costs of
administering and enforcing the provisions of this act.³

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²[7.] 8.² No later than 3 years after the date of enactment of 26 this act, the ³department, in consultation with the Board of Public 27 <u>Utilities and the</u>³ Department of Community Affairs ³,³ shall 28 conduct a study to evaluate whether to add additional products to 29 30 those regulated pursuant to this act, and whether to adopt more 31 stringent energy standards or water conservation standards. The 32 commissioner shall submit a written report thereon to the Governor 33 and, pursuant to section 2 of P.L.1991, c.164 (C.52:14-19.1), to the 34 Legislature with recommendations for legislative action. 35

- ³9. The department may adopt rules and regulations, pursuant to
 the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et
 seq.), as necessary to implement the provisions of this act.³
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40 2 [8.] 3 [9. 2] 10. 3 This act shall take effect 3 [on January 1, 2022] 41 <u>immediately</u> 3 .