SENATE, No. 537

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

219th LEGISLATURE

PRE-FILED FOR INTRODUCTION IN THE 2020 SESSION

Sponsored by: Senator RICHARD J. CODEY District 27 (Essex and Morris)

Co-Sponsored by: Senator Pou

SYNOPSIS

Establishes certain minimum and maximum temperatures in emergency shelters, rooming and boarding houses, and certain nursing homes and residential health care facilities.

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

Introduced Pending Technical Review by Legislative Counsel.



AN ACT concerning temperature standards in emergency shelters, rooming and boarding houses, nursing homes, and residential health care facilities, supplementing P.L.1984, c.114 (C.26:2H-14.1 et seq.) and P.L.1985, c.48 (C.55:13C-1 et seq.), and amending various parts of the statutory law.

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BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

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- 1. Section 3 of P.L.1984, c.114 (C.26:2H-14.3) is amended to read as follows:
- 3. The Commissioner of Health shall, pursuant to the provisions of the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.), adopt rules and regulations necessary to effectuate the purposes of this act. The regulations shall require that:
- a. Each health care facility included within the provisions of this act and which is not equipped with air conditioning on the effective date of P.L.1989, c.173 (C.26:2H-14.4 et al.), shall provide for and operate adequate ventilation in all areas used by patients or residents, including, but not limited to, the use of ceiling fans, wall fans or portable fans, where appropriate, so that the temperature in these areas does not exceed [82] 81 degrees Fahrenheit, but the health care facility shall not directly assess patients or residents for the purchase or installation of the fans or other ventilating equipment.
- (1) The regulations shall also provide that within two years after the effective date of P.L.1989, c.173 (C.26:2H-14.4 et al.), every nursing home included within the provisions of this act, and every residential health care facility as specified in this paragraph, shall be equipped with air conditioning, except that the commissioner may grant a nursing home or residential health care facility a waiver from the air conditioning requirement to give the nursing home or residential health care facility one additional year to comply with the air conditioning requirement, for which waiver the nursing home or residential health care facility shall apply on a form and in a manner prescribed by the commissioner, if the nursing home or residential health care facility can demonstrate to the satisfaction of the commissioner that the failure to grant such a waiver would pose a serious financial hardship to the nursing home or residential health care facility. The air conditioning shall be operated so that the temperature in all areas used by patients or residents does not exceed [82] 81 degrees Fahrenheit. The air conditioning requirement established in this subsection shall apply to a residential health care facility only: (1) upon enactment into law of legislation that increases the rate of reimbursement provided by the State under the

EXPLANATION – Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

- 1 Supplemental Security Income program, P.L.1973, c.256 (C.44:7-
- 2 85 et seq.), which rate is certified by the Commissioner of Health to
- 3 be sufficient to enable the facility to meet the costs of complying with
- 4 the requirement; and (2) if the facility qualifies for funds for energy
- 5 efficiency rehabilitation through the "Petroleum Overcharge
- 6 Reimbursement Fund," established pursuant to P.L.1987, c.231
- 7 (C.52:18A-209 et seq.), which funds can be applied towards
- 8 equipping the facility with air conditioning. A nursing home or
- 9 residential health care facility shall not directly assess patients or
- 10 residents for the purchase or installation of the air conditioning
- 11 equipment.

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- (2) The regulations shall also provide that within two years after the effective date of P.L.2015, c.125 (C.55:13B-5.1 et al.), every dementia care home shall be equipped with air conditioning, except that the commissioner may grant a dementia care home a waiver from the air conditioning requirement to give the dementia care home one additional year to comply with the air conditioning requirement, for which waiver the dementia care home shall apply on a form and in a manner prescribed by the commissioner, if the dementia care home can demonstrate to the satisfaction of the commissioner that the failure to grant such a waiver would pose a serious financial hardship to that facility. The air conditioning shall be operated so that the temperature in all areas used by residents does not exceed [82] 81 degrees Fahrenheit. A dementia care home shall not directly assess residents for the purchase or installation of the air conditioning equipment; and
- b. Patients or residents are identified by predisposition, due to illness, medication or otherwise, to heat-related illness and that during a heat emergency, their body temperature, dehydration status and other symptoms of heat-related illness are monitored frequently and regularly, any anomalies are promptly reported to the attending physician, and any necessary therapeutic or palliative measures are instituted, including the provision of liquids, where required.
- c. A nursing home, or a residential health care facility owned by a licensed health care facility and licensed by the Department of Health pursuant to P.L.1971, c.136 (C.26:2H-1 et seq.), shall not exceed the temperature limit established pursuant to this section, unless permitted by applicable regulation of the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services.
- 40 (cf: P.L.2015, c.125, s.5)

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- 42 Section 2 of P.L.1989, c.173 (C.26:2H-14.4) is amended to read 43 as follows:
- 2. <u>a.</u> A nursing home or residential health care facility included within the provisions of P.L.1984, c.114 (C.26:2H-14.1 et seq.) which is constructed or expanded after the effective date of P.L.1989, c.173 (C.26:2H-14.4 et al.), or a dementia care home included within
- 48 the provisions of P.L.1984, c.114 (C.26:2H-14.1 et seq.) which is

- constructed or expanded after the effective date of P.L.2015, c.125 1
- 2 (C.55:13B-5.1 et al.), shall be equipped with air conditioning and
- 3 heating in all areas used by patients or residents, and the air
- 4 conditioning and heating shall be operated so that the temperature in
- 5 these areas does not exceed [82] 81 degrees Fahrenheit or fall under
- 6 65 degrees Fahrenheit. All areas used by patients or residents shall
- 7 be maintained within a temperature range from 65 to 81 degrees
- 8 Fahrenheit, except in rooms:
- 9 (1) designated for activities requiring physical exertion; or
- 10 (2) where residents can individually control the temperature in 11 their own living units, independent from other areas.
 - b. A nursing home, or a residential health care facility owned by
- 13 a licensed health care facility and licensed by the Department of
- Health pursuant to P.L.1971, c.136 (C.26:2H-1 et seq.), may maintain 14
- a temperature in an area used by patients or residents that does not 15
- 16 fall within the range provided pursuant to subsection a. of this
- 17 section, provided that the temperature is within a range permitted
- 18 pursuant to applicable regulation of the Centers for Medicare and
- 19 Medicaid Services.
- 20 (cf: P.L.2015, c.125, s.6)

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- 22 3. (New section) The Commissioner of Health may grant a
- 23 waiver to a nursing home or residential health care facility in the case 24
- of any unusual event which results from natural or unnatural causes 25 beyond the control of the facility, including, but not limited_to, the
- 26 declaration of a state of emergency or disaster by the State or by the
- 27 federal government, which results in the inability of the facility to
- 28 maintain the temperature guidelines detailed in section 3 of P.L.1984,
- 29 c.114 (C.26:2H-14.3), or section 2 of P.L.1989, c.173 (C.26:2H-30 14.4).

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- 32 4. Section 6 of P.L.1979, c.496 (C.55:13B-6) is amended to read
- 33 as follows:
- 34 6. The commissioner shall establish standards to ensure that
- 35 every rooming and boarding house in this State is constructed and 36 operated in such a manner as will protect the health, safety and
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- welfare of its residents and at the same time preserve and promote a
- 38 homelike atmosphere appropriate to such facilities, including, but not 39 limited to, standards to provide for the following:
- 40 Safety from fire;
- 41 b. Safety from structural, mechanical, plumbing and electrical
- 42 deficiencies;
- 43 Adequate light and ventilation;
- 44 Physical security;
- 45 e. Protection from harassment, fraud and eviction without due 46 cause:
- 47 f. Clean and reasonably comfortable surroundings;

- Adequate personal and financial services rendered in 1 2 boarding houses;
 - h. Disclosure of owner identification information;
- 4 Maintenance of orderly and sufficient financial and 5 occupancy records;
- 6 Referral of residents, by the operator, to social service and 7 health agencies for needed services;
 - k. Assurance that no constitutional, civil or legal right will be denied solely by reason of residence in a rooming or boarding house;
- Reasonable access for employees of public and private agencies, and reasonable access for other citizens upon receiving the 12 consent of the resident to be visited by them;
- 13 m. Opportunity for each resident to live with as much 14 independence, autonomy and interaction with the surrounding 15 community as he is capable of; [and]
- 16 n. Assurance that the needs of residents with special needs, 17 including, but not limited to, persons with Alzheimer's disease and 18 related disorders or other forms of dementia, will be met in 19 accordance with standards adopted by regulation of the commissioner, which shall be promulgated no later than 90 days after 20 21 the effective date of this act, which shall include, at a minimum, the 22 following:
 - (1) staffing levels;

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- (2) staff qualifications and training;
- (3) special dietary needs of residents;
- 26 (4) special supervision requirements relating to the individual 27 needs of residents;
 - (5) building safety requirements appropriate to the needs of residents;
 - (6) special health monitoring of residents by qualified, licensed health care professionals, including a requirement that a medical assessment be performed on a resident with special needs as described in this subsection, as determined necessary by the commissioner, prior to admission and on a quarterly basis thereafter to ensure that the facility is appropriate to the needs of the resident;
 - (7) criteria for discharging residents which shall be set forth in the admission agreement which shall be provided to the resident or the resident's representative prior to or upon admission. commissioner may revoke the license of any provider who violates the criteria for discharging residents; and
- 42 o. An approved heating and cooling system capable of 43 maintaining the temperature of the facility within the required range. 44 In all areas used by residents, the operator shall maintain the rooming 45 and boarding house at a temperature within the range of 65 through
- 46 81 degrees Fahrenheit, except in rooms:

(1) designated for activities requiring physical exertion; or
(2) where residents can individually control the temperature in
their own living units, independent from other areas.
(cf: P.L.2015, c.125, s.13)

5. (New section) The operator of an emergency shelter for the homeless shall maintain all areas used by persons admitted to such shelter at a temperature no higher than 81 degrees Fahrenheit, and no lower than 65 degrees Fahrenheit.

6. This act shall take effect on the first day of the sixth month next following enactment.

STATEMENT

This bill requires that the temperature within emergency shelters, rooming and boarding houses, nursing homes, and residential health care facilities be maintained within a range of 65 through 81 degrees Fahrenheit. This standard would not apply to nursing facilities, or to residential health care facilities that are owned by a licensed health care facility and licensed by the Department of Health, that are in compliance with the federal regulatory requirements for nursing homes participating in the Medicare and Medicaid programs, which currently requires certain facilities to maintain a temperature range of 71 to 81 degrees Fahrenheit.

The temperature requirements in this bill would apply to areas of the facilities that are used by the residents or patients. The temperature requirements would not apply to rooms designated for activities requiring physical exertion, or rooms where residents can individually control the temperature in their own living units, independent from other areas.

In the case of nursing homes and residential health care facilities, current law permits the Commissioner of Health to waive certain air conditioning requirements if compliance with the requirements would cause serious financial hardship, or if the nursing home or residential health care facility has not been constructed or expanded since August 17, 1989. This bill does not remove these existing waivers of the temperature control requirements. The bill permits the commissioner to additionally grant a waiver to nursing homes or residential health care facilities in the case of an unusual event resulting from causes outside the control of the facility, including a government-declared state of emergency or disaster, which results in the facility being unable to maintain the temperature requirements provided in the bill.