SENATE, No. 1438 STATE OF NEW JERSEY 220th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED FEBRUARY 10, 2022

Sponsored by: Senator TROY SINGLETON District 7 (Burlington)

SYNOPSIS

Allows unions to file wage claim suits on behalf of workers regardless of their union affiliation.

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

As introduced.



1 AN ACT concerning certain standards for wage claims and 2 amending P.L.2019, c.510. 3 4 **BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State 5 of New Jersey: 6 7 1. Section 1 of P.L.2019, c.510 (C.34:11-67.1) is amended to 8 read as follows: 9 1. a. (1) For any contract entered into on or after January 1, 10 2020 for construction, reconstruction, demolition, alteration, 11 maintenance, including painting and decorating, or repair in the 12 State other than work on an owner-occupied residence, including, but not limited to, any such work performed under a contract 13 14 entered into on or after January 1, 2020 under which workers are 15 required by any State law to be paid the prevailing wage rates set 16 pursuant to the "New Jersey Prevailing Wage Act," P.L.1963, c.150 17 (C.34:11-56.25 et seq.), the contractor entering into a contract shall 18 assume, and be responsible for, any debt owed to a worker, or third 19 party on the worker's behalf, incurred by a subcontractor at any tier 20 acting under, by, or for the contractor for the worker's performance 21 of labor under the contract, unless the worker's performance of 22 labor under the contract is pursuant to a collective bargaining 23 agreement to which the employing contractor or subcontractor is 24 signatory, wherein there are lawful remedies by which unpaid 25 wages may be collected]. (2) The contractor's responsibility under the provisions of this 26 27 section shall extend to unpaid wages plus any interest owed, and shall extend to penalties or liquidated damages. 28 29 (3) A contractor or any other person shall not evade, or commit 30 any act that negates, the requirements of this section. This section 31 does not prohibit a contractor or subcontractor at any tier from 32 establishing by contract or enforcing any otherwise lawful remedies 33 against a subcontractor it hires for responsibility created by the 34 nonpayment of wages by that subcontractor or by a subcontractor at 35 any tier working under that subcontractor. 36 b. (1) The Commissioner of Labor and Workforce Development 37 may enforce against a contractor the responsibility for unpaid wages 38 created by this section by any action that the commissioner is 39 authorized to undertake regarding responsibility for unpaid wages 40 under the provisions of chapter 11 of Title 34 of the Revised 41 Statutes[, unless the worker's performance of labor under the 42 contract is pursuant to a collective bargaining agreement to which 43 the employing contractor or subcontractor is signatory, wherein 44 there are lawful remedies by which unpaid wages may be 45 collected].

Matter underlined <u>thus</u> is new matter.

EXPLANATION – Matter enclosed in **bold-faced brackets** [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

3

1 cooperation (2) A joint labor-management committee 2 established pursuant to the federal Labor Management Cooperation 3 Act of 1978 (29 U.S.C. s.175a) which includes a union representing 4 any of the workers employed in a project, or a union, whether or not 5 the union represents workers employed in the project, subject to the 6 provisions of this section may bring an action in any court of 7 competent jurisdiction against a contractor or subcontractor at any 8 tier for unpaid wages owed to a worker by the contractor or 9 subcontractor for the performance of any work subject to the 10 provisions of this section, including unpaid wages owed by the 11 contractor, pursuant to subsection a. of this section. The committee 12 or union shall notify the Department of Labor and Workforce 13 Development when the committee or union brings the action. The 14 court shall award a prevailing plaintiff in such an action its 15 reasonable attorney's fees and costs, including expert witness fees. 16 Prior to commencement of an action against a contractor to enforce 17 the responsibility created by subsection a. of this section, the 18 committee or union shall provide the contractor and subcontractor 19 that employed the worker with at least 30 days' notice by first-class 20 mail. The notice need only describe the general nature of the claim 21 and shall not limit the responsibility of the contractor or preclude 22 subsequent amendments of an action to encompass additional 23 workers employed by the subcontractor **[**, unless the worker's 24 performance of labor under the contract is pursuant to a collective 25 bargaining agreement to which the employing contractor or 26 subcontractor is signatory, wherein there are lawful remedies by 27 which unpaid wages may be collected].

(3) No party other than the parties indicated in this subsection b.
may bring an action against a contractor to enforce the
responsibility created by subsection a. of this section.

c. (1) Upon request by a contractor, project manager, or
contractor to a subcontractor, the subcontractor shall provide
payroll records of its employees who are providing labor on work
subject to the provisions of this section, which payroll records shall
include all wages. The payroll records shall not be modified except
to prevent disclosure of an individual's full social security number,
but shall provide the last four digits of the social security number.

38 (2) Upon request of a contractor to a project manager, 39 contractor, or subcontractor, the subcontractor and any lower tier 40 subcontractors under contract to the subcontractor shall provide the 41 contractor information that includes the project name, name and 42 address of the subcontractor, contractor with whom the 43 subcontractor is under contract, anticipated start date, duration, and 44 estimated journeyworker and apprentice hours, and contact 45 information for its subcontractors on the project.

46 (3) A subcontractor's failure to comply with this section shall
47 not relieve a contractor from any of the obligations contained in this
48 section.

1 (4) Any subcontractor who fails to provide records or 2 information requested pursuant to this subsection within 14 days of 3 when the request was made shall be subject to a civil penalty in an 4 amount not to exceed \$7,500 for each day the employer fails to 5 provide the requested records or information, collectible by the commissioner in a summary proceeding pursuant to the "Penalty 6 7 Enforcement Law of 1999," P.L.1999, c.274 (C.2A:58-10 et seq.). The commissioner shall have the authority to waive this penalty. 8

9 d. Unless otherwise provided by law, property of the contractor 10 may be attached, after trial, for the payment of any judgment 11 received pursuant to this section.

e. An action brought pursuant to this section shall be filedwithin two years from the date of the occurrence of the incidentalleged in the action.

f. This section shall not apply to work performed by an
employee of the State, a special district, a city, a county, a city and
county, or any political subdivision of the State.

18 g. For purposes of this section, "contractor" means a contractor 19 that has a direct contractual relationship with an owner and 20 "subcontractor" means a contractor that does not have a direct 21 contractual relationship with an owner, including a contractor that 22 has a contractual relationship with a contractor or with another 23 subcontractor.

24 h. Nothing in this section shall alter the obligation under any 25 other provision of State law of a contractor to pay in a timely 26 manner a contractor, or of a contractor to pay in a timely manner a 27 subcontractor, or any penalties for failing to do so, except that the contractor may withhold as "disputed" all sums owed if a 28 29 subcontractor does not provide in a timely manner the information 30 requested under paragraphs (1) and (2) of subsection c. of this 31 section, until that information is provided.

32 (cf: P.L.2019, c.150)

33 34

2. This act shall take effect immediately after enactment.

35 36

37

38

STATEMENT

39 This bill provides that unions may file wage claim suits on behalf 40 of their own workers and workers unaffiliated with a union, against 41 a contractor or subcontractor at any tier, for unpaid wages. The 42 current law provides that only the Commissioner of Labor and 43 Workforce Development and a joint labor-management cooperation 44 committee may file suit on behalf of a worker owed unpaid wages. 45 This bill establishes that unions are eligible to file suit against 46 contractors or subcontractors at any tier for unpaid wages. The

S1438 SINGLETON

unions may file wage claims suits on behalf of workers already 1

represented by a union or on behalf of workers not affiliated by any 2

union, in any project. 3